Though fate my sweetest hope may blight To crown with bliss a rival knight, One joy I have can never flee, She tossed to me a kiss!

Should fortune guide my lance aright That I may win her in the fight, Ob, I will guard her tenderly And she will never be to me Less fair than when in beauty bright She tossed to me a kiss!

RINGS FOR BRIDES.

The Style Most Preferred Nowadays ... A Case of Economy.

[New York Jeweler.] "Are wedding rings expensive? Well, no; they vary in price, but the dearest of them would break a comparatively poor man. This is the cheapest we have, fourteen carats and not very thick, and it only costs \$4. This again is the most expensive I have in stock, weighs tolerably heavy, you see; is of the finest gold used for manufacturing purposes, twenty-two carats, and costs \$15. Seems almost too heavy to wear, doesn't it? But a ring that would gall and weigh down a woman's finger wouldn't be unsuitable to some marriages after all. Yes, I sell quite a few of the cheaper ones. You would natur-

according to how they feel, too. "Some men aren't overburdened with sentiment. Why, a man bought a ring in September last, haggled over the price, and chose one at \$7. Day before last Sunday he came in and wanted the size altered straight away. He was dressed in mourning and looked like a well-to-do clerk. He ex-November, and he was going to be married again Christmas day, and as the ring was 'hardly worn' he thought it

was no use buying another! "Rings are broader and heavier than they were thirty years ago, but as a rule the purchaser's choice is guided pretty much according to how the lady feels about it. They say that in England the thin, old-fashioned ring is coming in again, but in New York, as I say, the ladies mostly prefer a broad and heavy one, and before marriage anyhow a man generally is guided by his future wife's inclinations, and everything is done according to how she feels about it."

Her Sweet Revenge. [Detroit Free Press.]

As the car stopped at the Opera house crossing, several men got in. A lady was seated at the front end. She had on a light wrap, bonnet which covered and only a bit of lace at her neck. The car windows were iced over, and every breath spun out half way across the

"Hanged if I aint frozen," said one of the men in a big beaver overcoat and fur-lined overshoes.

"Never felt the cold so in my life,"

added another whose clothing must have weighed thirty pounds. "Bet you ten to one I've frozen my ears," said a third as he lifted off his the ordinary lumber dimensions. seal-skin cap and removed a heavy

muffler from his neck. There were two other men, each having a heavy overcoat, muffler, overshoes and warm gloves, and yet they stamped their feet and blew on their fingers,

and declared that they were freezing. The lady sat there as calm and serene and as warm as toast. She saw the men glaring at her, and wondering why on earth the marrow in her bones didn't turn to icicles, but she was not disturbed. As the last one settled back with a shiver and a groan, she pleasantly asked:

"Will one of you gentlemen please open the door? It is hot enough in here to fry fish."

A Tramp's Philosophy.

Tramp life, as actually enjoyed by a man who was once a business man in New York, was described to a Rocky Mountain News reporter. The tramp's father, a New York state farmer, sent the boy to New York city, where he went into business. Some years later the y ung man married his partner's wife's sister. The partner absconded with the firm's means; the tramp that is fell in with an actress, and ran away with her; then his wife and children died and his father was bankrupt, and the son went to Chicago, but could not get employment. He pushed on to Leadville and got a job, but lost it, and then tramped to Denver, and there resolved to do no more work, work being in his view, slavery. He said: "I don't ask for money; I've got clothes, and I get my board; nobody gets much more. My philosophy is: 'Don't worry; don't fret.' What have I got to be low-spirited about? I get the air that's free, and the water that's free, and eating-well, I live. I usually carry about \$20 in my pocket. You can't vag a man with \$20 as a visible means of support. I don't trouble anybody; I don't drink, and never steal anything. The police never trouble me, and I usually find some place to sleep."

The Carse of Poverty.

[W. H. H. Murray.] Oh, cursed poverty! I know thee to be of Satan, for I myself have eaten at thy scanty table, and slept in thy cold bed. And never yet have I seen thee bring one smile to human lips, or dry one tear as it fell from a human eye. But I have seen thee sharpen the tongue for biting speech and harden the tender heart. Ay, I've seen thee make even the presence of love a burden, and cause the mother to wish that the babe nursing her scant breast had never been born.

Never Did. [Exchange.]

A writer, probably of the sealskin sacque gender and unmarried, asks: "Did you ever watch dear little baby waking in the morning?" We never did. The dear little angel always awoke so confounded early that we were not ready to open our eyes.

Sawing the Wood... How the Vailing

Is Dones.-The Lumber Used. (Chicago Herald.) The reporter climbed up five flights of stairs in one of the largest blocks in the manufacturing district of the city where the largest cigar box factory is located. A part of the large floor was occupied by the strips of wood cut into the requisite thickness, one dimension for the bottom, sides and cover and another for the ends. The strips of wood are run through the rip-saw, sawed in long strips, and cut into the required lengths by a second machine. The ends are then planed as smooth as the sides, and the pieces are ready to be made into boxes. Lids and sides have to pass through printing presses, of the same pattern as used in ordinary job-rooms, but much heavier, to have the brand, trademark, etc., printed upon them with indelible ink. Then the pieces go to the nailer, who uses a machine for his work. The nailing machines are some-

what similar in appearance to typesetting machines, and require but little experience to be quite dexterously handled. The nails are fed into a hopper on the top, passing through small | merit in your play-there really is, sir, brass pines into little tubes at the proper distances for the parts to be nailed together. By the pressure of cut it down so as to make it play. I'll the foot on the foot-board of the ma- give it to my man. You see it's awfully chine the operator forces the nails out of the tubes into the wood, and accomally think that as a man only buys one, plishes with the aid of the machine six or at most two such articles in the times as much work as the most expecourse of his life, he would not mind enced workman could do with hand spending a few dollars on it. But that's and hammer; besides, the work is of necessity done far more accurately. The first operation is the nailing together of an end and head piece, which are placed in large piles, and then two of these pieces are nailed together, forming the sides of the box. Boys nail on the bottoms and girls tack on the cover temporarily, while other girls paste on the cloth hinges. The half-completed plained that his first wife had died in boxes are then piled up until they are perfectly dry. An experienced nailer averages about 850 boxes per day, receiving 25 cents for 100 boxes, while the boys and girls are paid by the week, earning from \$4 to \$10 per week. After the boxes are dry they are brought under a rapidly revolving planer which removes all overhanging wood-work, while whirling sand wheels smooth off the edges. A large force of girls is employed in putting on the finishing touches, which means to paste on the edgings, inside labels, lining and flaps. For this work the girls are paid 80 cents a hundred, and they earn from

\$5 to \$9 per week. The lumber used in the manufacture of cigar-boxes is, with few exceptions, either bass-wood or red cedar. Basswood grows in almost unlimited quantities in Michigan, Minnesota and the northern part of Wisconsin. It is shipped to this city in rough boards which are re-cut, planed and stained only four inches of her head, kid gloves, by a peculiar process, so that it closely resembles cedar wood, from which it is different in color and lacking in that sharp, pungent odor which is deemed of particular value for the packing of cigars. Basswood boxes are used for known nowhere else, so that opposition the ordinary quality of cigars. The red has not been successful. They give cedar grows in Mexico, Cuba and Central America, and forms an important article in the exports of these countries. Cedar costs in Chicago in the neighborhood of \$40 a thousand lineal feet of

Actors and Riches.

[Philadelphia Press.] Your great fellow-citizen, Forrest, died rich, and, by the way, the Forrest home, which he so thoughtfully provided and generously endowed, would be a good subject for inside treatment, ladies of New York city, in times of if it was possible to photograph it faith- bead crazes, showing preference for fully. The great Booth died poor; about the same article in color, style, Charlotte Cushman left a fortune; and make. The most costly and best Sothern died poor, and Edwin Adams glass beads are made in Paris. It is the list of rich among them is very short. Mr. Jefferson has some money, not much: Edwin Booth was rich, became a bankrupt, and is now making money fast; Lester Wallack Growing Power of the Australian is not reputed wealthy; "Solon Shingle" Owens had much money and has some now; none of the Thornes have kent a dollar: Salvini's fortune is very small; John T. Raymond spends money faster than he gets it; Robson glad to understand the one supplements the other so admirably that the ing else; the younger leading men and women of the stage are receiving good three who are laying anything by. The of fact is that among the deaths might very well be put the names of economy and prudence.

As Important as Some Others.

[New York Sun.] A new society was discovered by a Williamsburg policeman yesterday. On one of the dumps at the Wallabout basin he noticed an excavation. As he slipped down into it his curiosity was excited by hearing voices. Reaching the bottom he found a door in the embankment, and opening it be found a cave in which were three men seated about a stove, smoking and chatting. He thought they were tramps, and, on saluting them as such, he was informed that they were the foremen of a gang of pickers-a class of men who search the dumps for such articles as may be carried there with the city ref-

use. "We're here to catch the first cart," they said, "and keep strange pickers away. This is our week on. There's our society. Every dump has its sopick anything off a dump without belonging to the society that watches it."

A Sound Social Maxim.

[Galveston (Tex.) News.] People who persist in stealing hogs should be turned out of meeting and excluded from good society.

Rev. E. L. Magoon: It is not the number of books one reads that counts, it is their quality. A whole acre of than one or two volumes in a gripsack. | flunkeys,

HOW CIGAR BOXES ARE MADE | Shakespeare and the Modern Manager. [Croffut's Letter.]

Judge Barrett, author of "An American Wife," recently produced at Wallack's, led off with a half-hour's speech, very compact and artistic, in which he set forth that the main reason why the American drama languishes is that our people are too busy to become cultured experts in art. Moreover, he said, our managers would rather have a poor play from Paris, than a good play from New York. "I was recently asked," he said, "If I thought Shake peare could get his plays produced if ne lived today in some town up the Hudson, and should bring them to notice for the first time in this city. Oh, yes, I really think he could, I fancy his coming down bringing under his arm a roll of manuscript, say, "The Merchant of Venice," and submitting it to a manager. The manager condescendingly says: "We have rafts of plays all the while, but I will have yours read as soon as we can get to it. Good morning, sir.' Shakespeare calls several times, and in about three years he learns that it has been read. 'Mr. Shakespeare, the manager says, 'there is some some merit, I assure you. I had no idea there was at first. I think we can talky-talky. Why, it would put an audience to sleep as it is now. That sermon of what's-her-name's-Portia'sthey wouldn't stand that. Shall have to cut it. Oh, yes, I know you like it, and think it good. It's always so with authors. Then you bear down rather hard on Shylock. This will have to be toned down. A good many of our best patrons come from that race, and 'twent do to offend them. Then the idea of leaving Shylock out of the last act! Why, no respectable tragedian would take the part. No; I'll tell you what we'll do. We'll have a missionary come into the last act and convert old Shylock! See? Capital idea! Then I'll have the more declamation-the talky-talky stuffstruck out; and then, when we get through the plays at present underlined, I'll give it a trial-that is, if I can't find a German, French or English play!"

Bends and Their Manufacture. [Inter Ocean.]

The use of beads is again becoming fashionable, and there is likely to be as great a rage for that sort of ornament as there was twelve or fifteen years ago. Beads are made of a great variety of materials, glass, stone, metals, coral, bone, ivory, amber, etc., but glass is generally understood when beads are spoken of without special description. And they are a very old institution. Venice is the place of their greatest production, where their manufacture has been a staple industry for more than a thousand years. Attempts have elsewhere been made to compete with Venice in bead making, but living there is so cheap an artisan is able to subsist on 5 cents a day, and they possess secrets of glass-coloring more than two hundred different tints to single-colored beads, and when they come to combinations the possibilities are unlimited. The production is so great that in Venice a bunch of small beads of eighty strings, each string six inches long, can be bought for about 2 cents. These beads are chiefly sold to the North American Indians. It is a singular fact that fashion in civilization and barbarism meet on a level in the choice of beads, the inhabitants of the South Sea islands and the left nothing. Of all the actors living, there we get our Roman pearl, mirror beads, etc. Bead manufacture has been tried disastrously in this country. The cost here is too great.

Dominion.

[Chicago Tribune.] Mr. J. Henniker Heaton forwards from Sydney a complete account of the resources of which an Australian dominion would dispose. The seven colonies never saved a dollar until he found his now own 3,000,000 square miles of termascot in Billy Craue, but now I am ritory, or three times the surface of Europe west of the Vistula, inhabited by 2,936,000 persons of European descent two are getting rich; McKee Rankin These 3,000,000 have placed 7,128,000 has a little farm in Canada, but noth- acres under tillage, in addition, of course, to their grass land; and own 1,219,000 horses, 8,429,000 cattle, and salaries, but there are not more than 78,493,000 sheep. They have a trade £114,000,000 and a revenue \$110,000,000 a year; and al-

though their debt exceeds \$500,000,000

the state railways are valued at more than this sum. They have placed £62,-000,000 sterling in Australian banks as fixed deposits bearing interest, and exclusive therefore of current accounts; and they spend 12 per cent of their entire revenue, heavy as the taxation is, upon public education. In a very few years, probably before 1900, the dominion will be a powerful state of 5,000,000 of people, with a practically limitless territory for settlement, with a revenue of \$185,000,000, and the power of training a permanent militia force of 150,000 men, by drilling only the young men from 19 to 22. Such a state, so isolated, will dominate the South Pacific, whatever Europe, or even America, may have to say to the contrary.

English Toadyism.

[London Truth.] I hear from Florence that the English in that city are making fools of a little company of us, and we call it themselves anent the duke and duchess of Teck, by insisting upon carrying out ciety. You just try and see if you can all the strictest laws of court etiquette wherever the Tecklan highnesses go. They never think of leaving before acrobat. them, and there is so wondrous an | manded satisfaction for the insult. amount of kissing of hands and of prancing backward at evening parties where they are present, that the Florentines, Russiens and Americans are lost in amazement. These royal antics may afford the Princess Mary and the duke a certain amount of amusement, but if persevered in they will render a residence in Florence unendurable, book-shelves might contain less good both to them, and to all who are not

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Paris has a branch of the Gospel Army. Hunt, United States Minister to Russia, s quite ill.

The Porte has resolved to protest against the abandonment of Soudan.

Australian advices report 25,000,000 bushels of wheat ready for export. Rev. Spingson, the famous revivalist, is

slowly recovering from a long illness, Brigands captured the judge and other officials of Monastir, on the Albanian fron-

Miss Elizabeth Sargent, daughter of Minister Sargent, is studying medicine in Zurich.

Hundreds of persons, suspected of being Socialists, are being arrested at St. Peters It is announced that King Humbert and

the Queen of Italy will visit the German court in March. Cardinal McCabe writes to the Dublin

branch of the Peace Society that he has no hopes of its aims.
Six warehouses in so-called Moscow

Russia, were destroyed by fire recently. The loss is enormous. It is stated there are 1,300 infected farms

and 37,000 cattle suffering from foot and mouth disease in England. A violent earthquake occered at Bittles. Asiatic Turkey, recently. A number of

buildings were destroyed. A serious riot has broken out in Crete The Porte has sent a large force of troops to suppress the disturbance.

A battery of the first brigade of artillery at Chatham has been placed on a full war footing, for the foreign service. The French Chamber of Deputies has

passed the bill for the suppression of se-dition demonstrations in the streets. During the races at the Montreal driving

park recently a pool box containing \$1,500 was stolen, it is believed by Americans. Matthew Arnold will soon publish impressions of America, along with lectures he delivered while in the United States.

Louis Bilio, Cardinal Bishop of Sabina, died recently in the 58th year of his age. He was the confidential friend of Leo XIII. It is stated that the most extensive mea-

sures are being taken on the east coast of Africa to suppress the inquitous slave Gladstone stated in the House of Commons that England would defray all ex-penses of the British expedition to the

The Bey of Tunis has given M. Randavie authority to carry out his scheme of transforming the desert of Sahara into an in-

The original of Tom Levis, in Daudet's play, "Rois en Exile," has absconded from Paris. He is a defaulter to the amount of

£120,000. Mr. Onderdonk is alleged to be lobbying at Ottawa, Can., for a further subsidy on account of his railway contract in British Columbia.

The Academy of Medicine, Paris, with one dissenting vote, has pronounced in fa-vor of repealing the decree excluding American pork.

William Meagle, an important witness in the Pheenix Park trial, claims that his life is made misorable by continued persetions and assaults. The Spanish government recently forbid

the citizens of Madrid to hold a public meeting in commemoration of the procla-mation of the republic.

M. De Lesseps has been invited to un dertake the completion of the canal which is to make St. Petersburg a a sea port and independent of Constadt.

A duel between M. Lauguerre and M. Chaurlance, members of the Chamber of Deputies, occurred recently. The former was wounded in the knee. S. J. Cohn, a jeweler of Winnipeg, Can., has been arrested for smuggling dutiable

goods to the amount of \$10,000, which were found in his possession. Every available steamer, barge and boat on the Nile, controlled by Thomas Cook &

Co., have been engaged to convey troops, stores, etc., to Upper Egypt. There were 33,000 deaths from diphtheria in the province of Kharkof, in the southern part of European Russia, be-

tween the years 1878 and 1882. Admiral Hewitt is advancing his lines four miles outside of the Suakem zone.

His trenches are within reach of the guns of the English fleet and the forts. In an affray at Batna, Algeria, between

bodies of Spahis and Turcos, three men were killed and many wounded. French garrison troops finally restored order. Gladstone, while recently walking down Bond street, London, was assaulted by an unknown man. It is presumed that his

assailant made the attack on a wager. General Gordon's parting words to Nubar

Pasha were: "I will save the honor of Egypt." Nubar Pasha replied: "Never mind Egypt; save the women and children.

The press and people of Germany con-demu the action of Bismarck in returning to the House of Representatives of the United States the letter of condolence on Herr Lasker. The Arabs gave no quarter to the panic-

stricken and pleading troops of Baker Pasha in the massacre near Tokar, either deliberately cutting their throats or transfixing them with spears.

Sheik Monghani and Colonel Messagdaha, sent from Suakem to stir up the tribes in that vicinity, report that they only succeeded in securing a promise of neutrality from the chiefs.

The Grand Trunk Railway has entered a protest against the Canadian government | 000, loaning any more money to the Canadian | T Pacific Road, on the ground that it is used to compete against private enterprises.

Nearly \$15,000,000 worth of real estate, belonging to Propagonda, will be sold and invested in Italian bonds in trust for Propagonda, in accordance with the decision lately passed by the Italian Supreme Court.

Three thousand supporters, in Paris, of Prince Napoleon (Plon Plon) have adopted resolutions demanding revision of the constitution, and according to the people the right of direct election of the chief of

A meeting attended by about 15,000 people was held at Sheffield last week. The mayor presided. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Egyptian policy of the government as a sacrifice of national honor

Rev. W. G. Lane, of Halifax, N. S., married a soldier and his sweetheart without a license, and after a few days the bride-groom deserted his wife because the union was illegal. The clergyman has been ordered to pay a penalty of \$200. Great excitement was occasioned in

Cairo, Egypt, by the action of English and French officers seizing the Italian flag, which was unfuried at a circus by an acrobat. The Italian Consul has de-

The construction of an elevated railway from France to England is talked of. The Minister of Marine of France opposed the project, saying that such a work would be dangerous to shipping, and any way it was necessary to obtain England's consent.

Between Montalba and Corneto, Italy, King's train. The carbineer fired at the men, wounding one. He also made harmless a bottle of gunpowder, which, with a lighted fuse, was thrown aboard the train. four men fired at a carbineer guarding the

EASTERN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Congress is investigating the Danville Sleet has damaged the wheat crop in

Ohio. Perrine & Co., woolen dealers of New York, have failed for \$115,000.

Thomas Kinsella, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, died in New York last week, The variable weather in Kansas is [said to have killed a large area of wheat,

The last sale of a seat in the New York Stock Exchange was made at \$23,000. The Denver Tribune has been purchased by a New York synnicate for \$100,000.

Paul Boynton, the swimmer, is soon to marry Miss Maggy Connolly, of Chicago. A \$15,000 fire occurred in the business portion of Chicago last week. Six children were badly burned at Belle-

fontaine, Ohio, while playing near a car of burning oil. Ten persons were killed in Cincinnati by

a falling building, undermined by the late flood. It is reported that Sara Bernhardt will travel America next season playing in

English. Mrs. General Trevins, daughter of the late General Ord, died at Fortress Monroe

A terrific tornado swept over the southern part of Texas recently, doing considerable damage.

Sparta, Ga., has only 1,000 inhabitants, and yet two barrooms there pay \$7,500 each for license,

A gasoline explosion at Alliance, Ohio, demolished a block of brick buildings and killed six persons. The Northwestern road has paid into the Wisconsin State treasury \$116,000 for

emi-annual taxes. The steamer W. P. Halliday, of the New

Orleans Anchor Line, was burned at St. Louis. Loss \$100,000.

A man and woman, while sleigh riding upon the Alleghany river, were struck by an ice gorge and drowned.

A number of leading citizens are considering the project of having an operatic festival in Chicago in 1885. Major Cadfield is in Washington with

bill to promote the construction of a rail-road from Seattle to Whatcom. The police of Minneapolis rescued a lad amed John Nolan who had been strung

up in a barn by a gang of ruffians. Mr. Shaffer, secretary of the Iowa Agri-cultural Society, estimates the corn crop of that State at 171,500,000 bushels.

S. F. B. Morse, an artist and grandson of Morse the telegraph inventor, has myseriously disappeared from St. Paul. Miss Sprague, sister-in-law of Fred, Douglass, has sued him for \$3,000, claimed to be due for services as housekceper.

Hog cholera prevails so extensively in Jersey county, Illinois, that a rendering establishment has become a necessity.

Mrs. Stratton, widow of General Tom Thumb, has applied to the Mayor of New York for permission to open a museum. An arch and inner wall of the Lincoln monument at Springfield, Ill., have spread but the injury can be repaired with \$2,000

William E. Finch, postmaster of Ellen dale, D. T., has been arrested and charged with robbing the mail of registered letters. The citizens' relief committee of Charles

ton, W. Va., passed resolutions to stop soliciting aid for the flood sufferers for the present. An Illinois Central train was derailed recently, killing the conductor and brake-man and seriously injuring several pas-

Mrs. Bonanza Mackay is being sued by Meissonier, the French artist, for \$15,000 for a picture of herself, which she refuses to accept.

The will of Wendell Phillips makes no bequests, his property of \$250,000 value being divided between his widow and adopted daughter. The managers of the bank of Abilene, which was attached last week, were forced at the point of revolvers to pay over \$3,000

to three depsitors. Terre Haute, Ind., is organizing a board of trade, with a membership of 500 and annual dues of \$20, to advance the business

interests of the city. John D. Harrington and Dr. Peacock have been arrested at Jersey City upon a new charge of canspiracy to defraud the American Legion of Honor.

Mrs. Marion Leavarre, of New York, has offered a part of her mausoleum, at Eastport, L. I., as a resting place for the body of Commander De Long.

The steamer Nottinghill, lost at sea by a collision with an iceberg, contained more chandise valued at \$150,000. The vessel's value was \$400,000: both insured.

George Q. Cannon, chief apostle of the Mormons, boasts that he has the scalps of all objectionable governors, and that will soon have Governor Murray's. Henry S. Church, for six years chamber-

lain of Troy, N. Y., proves to be a defaulter for \$77,000. It is thought that most of the money was lost in stock speculation. A petition asking an appriation for con-

tinuation of work on the Cascade locks has been presented in the Senate, signed by Senators Dolph, Slater and others. By the laws of Illinois, the close season

for fish commenced the 8th of February. The State fish commission requests the public to aid in enforcing the statutes. Five firemen were killed and eight others

injured by falling walls in a conflagration at Allentown, Pa., recently. Two large factories were burned, the loss being \$80,-The failures are reported of Pilkington & Co., dealers in agricultural implements

at St. Paul, with liabilities at 875,000, and R. A. Saalfield, a music publisher at New A black valise containg \$25,000 stolen from the New York Transfer Com-pany recently, while it was being taken to

osses street from the Grand Central depot. Fifty dealers, who last year handled \$200,000,000 worth of cattle, have forwarded a protest to Washington against the bill to establish a bureau of animal in-

Gilbert & Sullivan's latest work, "Prin-cess Ida," founded on Tennyson's poem, "The Princess," was produced in New York recently. It was not a pronounced

The new iron ship Clara S. Bement, 1,900 tons, the first that the Gorringe shipyard has built, goes to Philadelphia to load with railroad iron and material for Portland, Oregon. The affairs of the New York Metropoli

tan opera house show a deficit of \$238,748, for which an assessment of \$3,500 on each stockholder is proposed, greatly to their indignation. A dentist in Scranton, Pa., named W. H.

Heist, gave Mrs. James Stevenson three doses of chloroform and extracted fifteen teeth. On completing his task he found his patient a corpse. The President has directed the promo

tion of Lieutenant Rhodes, of the revenue cutter Dexter, for gallant conduct on the ecasion of the wreck of the steamship City of Columbus. Sixty-two criminal indictments

been filed in the United States Circuit Court against M. A. Dauphin, manager of

PORTLAND MARKET REPORT

BUTTER—Fancy, fresh roll, ₩ lb., 35@ 40c; inferior, grade, 20@25c; pickled, 25@

CHEESE-California, 17@19c; Oregon large, choice, 19620c, small, none, EGGS—# doz., 35@40c, FISH—Extra Pacific codfish, whole, in

c., 7½c, boneless, in bxs., 8½c # B.; domestic salmon, hf bbls., \$6.00@7.00, bbls., \$11.00, 1-b. cans, # doz., \$1.45; mackerel, No. 1, # kit, \$1.75@2.00, No. 2, \$1.50@1.75, No. 1, hf bbls., \$10.00, No. 2, \$8.50; herrings, salted, hf bbls., —, dried, 10-lb. bxs., 75c. FLOUR—Fancy extra, # bbl, \$5.00; bakers, extra, —; country, \$1.00@4.50;

FI.OU K—Fancy extra, \$\psi\$ ook, \$\psi_000\extra{0}\$, bakers' extra, \$\psi\$; country, \$\\$4.00\(\alpha \)4.50; superfine, \$\\$3.75.

FEED, Erc.—Corn meal, \$\psi\$ 100 lbs., \$\\$2.75 (@3.00; buckwheat, \$\\$5.50; oat meal, \$\\$4.00\(\alpha \)4.25; cracked wheat, \$\\$3.25\(\alpha \)3.60; bran, \$\psi\$ ton \$\\$15.\(\alpha \)17; shorts, \$\\$10\(\alpha \)20; middlings, fine, \$\\$22.50\(\alpha \)3.00; hay, baled, \$\\$18.00\(\alpha \)20.00;

fine, \$22.30(30.10); hay, baied, \$15.43(3.10); chop, \$22.50(2.25.00).

FRUITS—Prunes, Hungarian, \$7 lb., 124(6); raisins (new), \$7 lb., \$2.50(6).2.75, hf bxs., \$2.75(6).3.00, qr bxs., \$3.25(6).3.5, 81 bxs., \$3.25(6).3.50; currants, Zante, \$7 lb. in bxs., 10e; citron, \$7 lb. in drums, 224c; almonds, Marseilles, \$7 lb., 18(2.20c, Lanc, 20c; walnuts, Chili, 11(6)124c, California, 19(6)136. 126a 13c

26:13c.

12@13c.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples, # bx., \$1.25@
1.75; lemons, California, \$4.00@5.00, Sicily, \$12.00@13.00; oranges, # bx., \$4.00@4.50; limes, # 100, \$1.50@12.00.

DRIED FRUITS—Bleached, 14@15c; apples, machine-cured, # lb., 15@16c, suncured, 9@10c; peaches, machine-cured, in boxes, 13@14c; German, in boxes, # lb., 10@11c; plums, sun-cured, pitless, 15@16c, machine-cured, 16@18c; pears, machine-cured, 10@11c; plums, sun-cured, 10@11c; figs, California, 25-lb., bx., 9c; Smyrna, 20@25c.

WHEAT—Good to choice, # 160 lbs., \$1.50@1.60, good valley; Walla Walla and Eastern Oregon, \$1.50@1.52\frac{1}{2}.

OATS—Choice milling, nominal; good feed, 55c; ordinary feed, 50@55c.

BARLEY—Brewing, # 100 lbs., nominal; feed, nominal.

feed, nominal. BUCKWHEAT-Nominal, \$1.50@2,00.

CORN-No demand. RYE-Nominal, ₱ 100 fbs., nominal 81.50@2.00

HIDES AND BAGS—Hides, dry, over 16 lb., \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 14c; Murrain hides, two-thirds off; hides, wet salted, over 55 lbs., \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 16 @7c one-third less for light weights, damaged, cut grubby or dry salted); pelts, shearling, 10c@\$1.00; deer skins, winter, 12@15c, Eastern Oregon, 22c, summer, E. O., 18@20c, valley, 23@30c; burlaps, 40 in., 83c, 45 in., 93c, 60 in., 15c; twine, flour, 35@40c, wheat, 35c, fleece, 12@13c; gunnles, 18c; wheat sacks, 7@73c; HONEY—In comb, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 12@2@2c; strained in 5 gal., 11c \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 1 gal. tins, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ doz, \$14.00@15.00, half-gal., \$7.50.

HOPS—\$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 15@20c; PROVISIONS—Bacon, 114@12\frac{1}{2}c; hams, country, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 13@15c, butcher, scarce; shoulders, 10@11c.

LARD—Kegs, \$\tilde{\psi}\$ lb., 12c; Eastern, palls, 12@12\frac{1}{2}c; Oregon, tins, 12@12\frac{1}{2}c; California, 10-lb. tins, none.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS. 81.50/a 2.00

PRODUCE RECEIPTS. Receipts by leading lines of transporta-tion up to date, as compared to like period of last year have been:

Ш	Wheat, ctis	2, 102, 00
Ų	Flour, bbls 317,454	277,29
I	Oats, ctls 62,063	95,28
J	Oats, ctls	10,96
ď	Barley 2.876	4,82
	Bean, ctls	34,73
Ì	Millstuff, etls	28,01
١	Wood 94 1.008.811	1,399,07
I	Hides, hs 672,374	725,62
	Flaxseed, sks. 11,019 Hops, fts. 1,534,473	81,50
	Hops, ths	630,45
	Fruit, bxs	30,27
	Hay, bls 8,879	6,59
	Lime, bbls 22,922	17,27
	Lime, bbls	2,46
	Receipts for the past seven da	ve bay
	been:	70 1141
	Valley.	Eastern
		2.89
	Wheat ctls. 3,282 Flour, bbl. 4,172	4,33
į	Piour, bbi	18,000

760 10,395 180 SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

297

7,980

12

23,735

Potatoes, sks... Hides, bs... Butter, pkgs...

RECEIPTS-Wheat, 42,200 ctls.; flour, 12,000 qr. sks.; oats, 125 ctls.; potatoes, 15 sks.; eggs, 7,500 doz. FLOUR—San Francisco extra are job-bing at \$5.50@5.75; superfine \$3.75@4.50; inferior brands, \$5.00@5.50 for extra, and

\$3.50@4.00 for superfine. WHEAT-Extra choice, ♥ ctl., \$1.775@ 80. Buyer season—300, \$1.83; 100, \$1.82; 300, \$1.821; 200, \$1.821.

BARLEY—Feed, # ctl., \$1.124@1.074; brewing No. 1, \$1.124@1.15, No. 2, \$1.05@ 1.19; bay chevalier, \$1.30@1.35;] coast do, \$1,15001.20

1.65; for common, \$1.70@1,80 for fair to good, and \$1.75@1.775 for extra choice. CORN—Choice dry yellow, \$1.55; white, choice dry, \$1.40@1.50; common, \$1.37½ @1.45; Nebraska, \$1.40@1.45.
BRAN—Quiet and unchanged at \$17.80

OATS-Black, \$1.45@1.55; white, \$1.50@

@18,00 F ton. MIDDLINGS-Steady at \$20.00@22.00 ₽

HAY—Wheat, \$14.00@15.00; wild oat, \$14.00@15.00; barley, \$11.00@14.00; stable, \$13.00@14.00; cow, \$10.00@12.00; alfalfa, \$11.00@12.50 F ton. STRAW—Quotable at 50@60c F bale. BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at \$3.25@3.50

MILLSTUFFS-Ground barley, \$24.00

MILLSTUFFS—Ground barley, \$24.00 @25.00 # ton; oil cake meal, old process, \$30.00, new process, \$25.50; rye flour, \$6.00 # bbl.; rye meal, \$5.50; buck-wheat flour, # b., \$c; pearl barley, 4@5c; graham flour, 3@c; oat meal, 5@c; Eastern ost meal, # bbl., \$9.75, net cash; cracked wheat, # fb., 4c. DRIED PEAS—Green, \$2.50; niles, \$1.50; blackeye, \$1.50@81.75 # ctl.

BEESWAX—Quotable at 27@28@c, # fb. POTATOES—New sell, according to quality, as follows: Smail, 2c; medium, 2&c, large choice, 3@c # fb. Sweets, \$2.00@2.25; Cuffey Coves, 05c@\$1.05; Jersey blues, 60@75c; Humboldts, 90c@\$1.05; Jersey blues, 75@85c; Tomales, 70@95c; early good rich, \$1.25@1.37½; early rose, 50@60c; river reds, 35@76c; peerless, \$1.12½. 35@70c; peerless, \$1.124.

SEEDS—Brown mustard, \$3,00 @ 3.50, yellow, \$3.00 Flax, \$2.50@2.75, ₩ ctl.; canary, 5@5jc; alfalfa, ¥@9c; rape, 3@3jc, hemp, 3j@4c; timothy, 7@8c, ₩ fb. for im-

BUTTER-Good to choice roll, & 1b. 324@35c; fair, 30@32c; firkin, 22@25c; west-ern, 16@20c. ONIONS Good to choice, # sk., \$1.15@

CHEESE—California, 17@19c; Eastern creamery, 18@20c; Western, 15@18c, ₩ lb. POUL/TRY—Dressed turkeys, 25@27c, live, 24@26c, ₩ lb., for hens, and 18@20c for goblers, geese \$2.25@2.75 # pair; ducks, \$11.00@14.00 # doz.; hens, \$6.50@8.00; roesters, young, \$8.50@10.00, old do, \$8.00@8.50; broilers, \$5.00@6.00, according to

size.

size.

SALMON—Oregon, 1-lb cans, \(\psi\) doz.,
f. o. b., \(\\$1.20\), \(\\$1.22\)_1.

EGGS—\(\psi\) doz., \(2\)_6\((\)27\)_1c.

APPLES—Oregon, \(\psi\) bx., \(\\$1.50\), \(\\$2.25\).

HIDES—Dry, \(\psi\) b,, usual selection, l8c; dry kip, l8c; dry calf, l8\(\psi\)21c; prime hair goatskins, \(\)62\(\)_6\(\)70c.

LARD—Eastern refined, \(\)3 to 10-lb, tins, \(\)13c. 13\(\)4c. Other provisions unchanged.

13c, 13jc. Other provisions unchanged. HONEY—Extracted, 6c, 8c, ₩ fb.; extra white comb, iec, 20c; white, 13c, 16c; dark,

WOOL—Mendocino, 12c, 15c, & b.; Humboldt, 12c, 17c; San Joaquin, 8c, 10c; coast, 8c, 11c; Red Bluff and Colusa, etc., 9c, 14c. TALLOW-Good to choice rendered, 7

@74c; refined, 9@94c # lb.