

**EUGENE CITY GUARD**

**LATEST NEWS SUMMARY.**

**BY TELEGRAPH TO DATE.**

Senator Davis and wife and a few friends visit this coast this month.  
Chicago on the 3d inst. elected a Democratic mayor by 10,000 majority.  
Gray, the San Francisco defaulter, was arrested at Guaymas, Mexico, recently.  
The National Theater at Berlin was destroyed by fire April 4th, and is a total loss.  
There is no truth in the stories of great prevalence of smallpox at St. Louis.  
The Princess Louise will leave Bermuda the 10th, and will arrive about the 17th, at Ottawa.  
The race for the great Northamptonshire stakes April 3d, was won by J. Hanbury's Glen Luce.  
President Arthur, Secretary Chandler and a few friends left Washington on the 5th inst. for Florida.  
A boiler explosion in Griffin's mill, Moss Point, Miss., on the 3d, killed nine men and ten wounded.  
Nathan S. Morse, business manager of the New York Daily News, fatally shot himself on the 4th inst.  
The municipal elections of the states of Ohio and Indiana held on the 2d inst. went largely Democratic.  
A double powder mill was blown up at Hazardville, Conn., on the 3d inst., but no one was killed or injured.  
A cable message announces the discovery of Strassburg's comet, by Dr. E. Hartwig, of Darmstadt conservatory.  
Capt. Thomas Blithe, of San Francisco, and a pioneer, dropped dead of heart disease in that city on the 4th inst.  
The strike between the bricklayers and employers of Chicago is ended, the latter agreeing to pay the advance of fifty cents.  
A train of nine coaches of people left Denver recently for the Pacific coast, most of whom intend settling in the Northwest.  
Two farmers, named Miller and Carpenter, at Sherman, Texas, exchanged shots at each other recently, and Miller is likely to die.  
The explosion of the gas works connected with the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, on the 3d inst., resulted in injuring 25 persons, some seriously.  
Henry White was shot three times by a man named Steed at Farmington, Utah, April 5th. White was dangerously wounded, and taken to St. Mark's hospital, Salt Lake.  
The conference of anti-monopolists at Indianapolis decided to issue a call for a mass convention in that city June 16th. The object is to start an anti-monopoly movement in Indiana. The conference meeting was well attended.  
A Madrid dispatch of April 3d says: The marriage of Prince Louis Ferdinand of Bavaria to the Infanta Olympe Della Paz was celebrated in the chapel of the royal palace to-day with the usual state ceremony. The king and queen of Spain were sponsors.  
A San Francisco dispatch says: On the last trip of the new ship City of Brooklyn from Seattle to this port, one of the seamen fell from the mainmast gallant yard into the ocean and was never afterwards seen. The distance from the yard to the water was 140 feet.  
At the opening of the Reichstag at Berlin the president stated that a large number of donations had been received for the relief of flood sufferers along the Rhine, mostly coming from America. The house adopted a resolution expressing in the name of the nation the most heartfelt thanks.  
In a prize fight, at Dubois, Pa., recently, between Mike McLaughlin and Martin Linky, six rounds were fought. In the last round both clinched and fell, Linky breaking his neck in the fall, which resulted in instant death. McLaughlin gave himself up to the authorities. The participants in the fight were not over 18 years of age.  
A Washington dispatch of April 3d says: Frederick De Frouville, formerly a member of the signal service, to-night shot and killed his wife, and then killed himself, at his wife's house in Washington. De Frouville and his wife separated about eight months since, the woman refusing to live with him on account of his intemperate habits.  
A St. Petersburg dispatch of April 3d says: The revolutionary party in Russia has issued a proclamation announcing that their preparations are complete for the coronation of the Czar, and they have every hope of success in fully carrying out their long devised plans. The proclamation contains warning to all persons that they will, if they value their personal safety, keep at a distance from the Czar during the ceremony. The coronation pronouncement concludes with the words: "We will strike once more for freedom."  
The Arizona Star of April 4th publishes the following: Sonora Indian news: Wednesday, Thursday and Friday week, 60 Apaches were raiding Mexican ranches in the vicinity of San Ani Grande, 75 miles north of Ortiz, and 150 miles south of the Arizona line, where the water shed draining into the Yaqui river. Special messengers were sent for troops, and to warn settlers. The Apaches were last observed near Guadalupe ranch, and were going in a north-east direction. Upon receiving the news General Topete moved with a body of troops to Carbo station, above Hermosillo, and at once started from that point to intercept the hostiles. Messengers report that 30 persons were killed near Casito, and several houses burned, women and children fleeing to the railroad for protection. The hostiles are reported to scatter and raid during the day, and concentrate again at night. The Mexican officers conclude that these Apaches have been forced out of the Sierra Madre mountains and are making a detour in the region mentioned, in order to get in the rear of the pursuing troops and again reach the Sierra Madre. There are two companies of United States cavalry at Nogales, and four companies at Tres Alamos, down the San Pedro from Benson.

The first through train on the Rio Grande brought 200 Mormon converts to Salt Lake City.  
Ingraham and Green, murderers of Cash Millet, were hanged by a mob of 35 masked men April 4th, at Hastings, Neb.  
Peter Cooper, the venerable philanthropist, died at his home in New York city on the morning of April 3d, aged 92.  
Charles DeLesseps arrived in New York April 5th. His visit to this country is in the interest of the Panama canal.  
The East river bridge, connecting New York City with Brooklyn, is nearly completed for the passage of carriages and pedestrians.  
Tarrytown, N. Y., celebrated the centennial anniversary of Washington Irving, the pioneer of American literature, on the 4th inst.  
Gen. Grant gave a dinner to ex-President Diaz in New York on the 4th inst. It was a grand affair and attended by many prominent men.  
Germany and Spain have come to a final agreement in regard to the conclusion of the treaty of commerce, and each has made concessions.  
Verona Baldwin, on trial in San Francisco on the charge of shooting Lucky Baldwin some time ago, was acquitted by the jury on the 5th inst.  
In the Rhode Island state election recently for governor, Bourne, (Republican) was elected by a plurality of 2865 votes over Sprague (Democratic candidate).  
Two colored children, aged five and six, were burned to death in a cabin at Shelbyville, Ind., on the 5th inst. Their mother had locked them in while she was away.  
A St. Petersburg dispatch of April 5th says: The local chief of police and all others who contributed to the comfort of the crews of the Jeannette and Rodgers have been decorated by the Czar.  
A Rome dispatch of April 5th says: The powder depot at Passo Correz, for the use of engineers conducting operations there, exploded to-day. Forty persons were killed, and many injured, some fatally.  
A Tombstone dispatch of April 5th says: A letter from G. G. Kennedy, of Sonora, reports a fight between a party of three Americans and Apaches eighteen miles from Ures. George Watson, Chas. Forman and Ed Green composed the party. The fight lasted some hours, during which Watson and one Indian were killed. The whole party would have been taken but for the opportune arrival of Mexican troops.  
The tenth annual meeting of the Wyoming Stock Growers' association held at Cheyenne recently report that last year 220,000 beef cattle were inspected, an increase of 52,000 over the previous year. Also that about one thousand head were killed by the Union Pacific road. The report further shows that herds of breeding cattle are selling 25 per cent higher than last year, and that \$30,000,000 of Scotch and English capital was invested during the year in Wyoming and Texas.  
Recent advices from Colombo, the capital city of the island of Ceylon, report that vicious riots occurred lately between the Buddhists and Papists. The Catholics seriously objected to a religious procession of Buddhists, in which was carried a crucifix surmounted by a monkey. The latter combination, which the Papists held to be an insult to the Catholic religion, brought about a violent contest in the streets, which was only stopped by vigorous efforts of the troops, who dispersed the rioters and restored peace without bloodshed.  
The commissioner of internal revenue at Washington issued new circular instructions with regard to collection of what are known as "specials," that is, taxes imposed upon manufacturers of and dealers in malt and distilled liquors and tobacco. The circular provides that where special taxes shall have become due and not paid by the 1st of May next, such special taxes shall be assessed and collected as other taxes are collected, but receipting therefor in a form of warrant instead of issuing the special stamp as heretofore provided for in circular No. 251.  
A Panama dispatch of March 27th says: Severe and continuous rioting is taking place along the line of the canal works, originating in race hatred between the Jamaicans and the Carthagians. Some twenty of the former have been massacred and the government finds itself unable to restore order, arms being independently purchased. As no work is going on, and as there is about 6000 men drinking, a really serious trouble is anticipated on the isthmus, which is being rapidly overrun by the drogs of all nations. DeLesseps leaves the isthmus to-day for New York. He insists that the canal will be in fine shape by 1888.  
At Birmingham, England, the city police made a raid upon suspected localities in Ledam street and discovered a Fenians' nitro glycerine factory in full operation. The apparatus for preparing and mixing the explosive compound was constructed on scientific principles, and with all the cunning and craft which clearly showed its inventor to be not only a thorough scholar in chemistry and machinery, but also an adept for expedients for avoiding notoriety and preventing discovery. Among the noteworthy features of the place was a shrewdly-devised method for carrying fumes up the chimney and consuming the odors. It is learned that the premises in Ledam street were taken two months ago by a man named Whitehead, an Irish-American, who had a sign hung out in front of his place indicating that his business was that of a paper hanger. Whitehead himself was taken into custody when the police made the descent on the den, and is now in close confinement. A considerable quantity of nitro glycerine was seized by the officers at the same time. Information is now in the hands of the detectives that tends to demonstrate that this place is the central manufactory of explosives and the most important depot of all infernal contrivances in the kingdom. Whitehead, who is described as a man about 25 years of age, with a dark complexion, and with a marked American accent, has been in the habit of purchasing supplies of nitro-glycerine and acids which were necessary to run the business.

**Hot Water as a Medicine.**  
A young man who was compelled to resign his position in one of the public schools of this city because he was breaking down with consumption, and who has ever since been battling for life, although with little apparent prospect of recovery, was encountered several days ago in a Broadway restaurant.  
"I see," he said, "that you seem surprised at my improved appearance. No doubt you wonder what could have caused such a change. Well, it was a very simple remedy—nothing but hot water."  
"Hot water?"  
"That's all. You remember my telling you that I had tried all of the usual remedies. I consulted some of the leading specialists in affections of the lungs in this city, and paid them large fees. They went through the usual course of experimentation with me under all sorts of medicines. I went to the Adirondacks in the summer and to Florida in the winter; but none of these things did me any substantial good. I lost ground steadily, grew to be almost a skeleton, and had all the worst symptoms of a consumptive whose end is near at hand. At that juncture a friend told me that he had heard of cures being effected by drinking hot water.  
"I consulted a physician who had paid special attention to this hot water cure, and was using it with many patients. He said: 'There is nothing, you know, that is more difficult than to introduce a new remedy into medical practice, particularly, if it is a very simple one, and strikes at the root of erroneous views and prejudices that have long been entertained. The old school practitioners have tried for years to cure consumption, but they are as far from doing it as ever.'  
"Now, the only rational explanation of consumption is that it results from defective nutrition. It is always accompanied by mal-assimilation of food. In nearly every case the stomach is the seat of a fermentation that necessarily prevents proper digestion. The first thing to do is to remove that fermentation, and put the stomach into a condition to receive food and dispose of it properly. This is effected by taking water into the stomach, as hot as it can be borne, an hour before each meal. This leaves the stomach clean and pure, like a boiler that has been washed out. Then put into the stomach food that is in the highest degree nutritious and the least disposed to fermentation. No food answers this description better than beef. A little stale bread may be eaten with it. Drink nothing but pure water, and as little of that as meals as possible. Vegetables, pastry, sweets, tea, coffee, and alcoholic liquor should be avoided. Put tender beef alone into a clean and pure stomach three times a day, and the system will be fortified and built up until the wasting away, that is the chief feature of consumption, ceases, and recuperation sets in.  
"This reasoning impressed me. I began by taking one cup of hot water an hour before each meal, and gradually increased the dose to three cups. At first it was unpleasant to take, but now I drink it with a relish that I never experienced in drinking the choicest wine. I began to pick up immediately after the new treatment, and gained fourteen pounds within two months. I have gained ground steadily in trying the climate of New York; and I tell you, sir, I feel on a sure way to recovery."  
Here an old gentleman who had been standing near, and evidently listening to the conversation, turned to the teacher, and said:  
"This remedy of hot water drinking has attracted my attention for some time. It has been of immense service in relieving me of a terrible dyspepsia that tormented me for many years. I tried numerous able physicians, and there is probably no medicine that is prescribed for such an ailment which was not given to me; but none of them gave me any permanent benefit. But the simple remedy of drinking hot water, accompanied by a rational regulation of my diet has entirely cured me, advanced though I am in life. It was not the dieting alone that did it. I tried that before. It was the use of hot water that cured me, for that made it possible to derive some benefit from a judicious diet. I have also found this treatment of great benefit in kidney diseases, which are largely owing to mal-assimilation of food."  
The teacher listened very attentively to the old gentleman's remarks.  
"I am glad to learn that your experience," he said, "agrees so fully with mine. I have become acquainted with various cases in which this simple method of treatment has effected permanent cures after all the efforts of the physicians had failed. I am convinced, simply from what I have seen, that almost any disturbance of the human system that results from disorders of the stomach, can be alleviated, and, in most instances, cured in the same way. The very simplicity of the thing may cause some to hesitate about attaching much importance to it, but, like the proper ventilation of your dwellings, it may prevent disease and affect cures where all the drugs of the pharmacopoeia will fail."

**Satisfied Curiosity.**  
It was a quiet-looking man with a frayed mustache, who got on a Cass avenue car the other night, and he had a square wooden box on his arm, with rows of holes punched in the top, which immediately attracted the attention of a corpulent passenger with cotton umbrellas, who was sitting near the door.  
"I suppose you have some wild animal in that box?" said he, tapping it with his umbrella.  
"Yes," replied the other, shrinking into a corner.  
"You have a museum somewhere, may be?"  
"No," answered the small man, looking down at his feet.  
"Well, might I ask what you have in that box?" questioned the fat man, his curiosity increasing.  
"Certainly," murmured the man with the box, looking like the chief mourner at a funeral.  
There was a dead silence for several minutes, when the corpulent man spoke somewhat impatiently:  
"Well, what is it?"  
"It is a mongoose," said the melancholy man.  
"A mongoose—what's that?" asked the

man with the umbrella, leaning over and eyeing the box curiously.  
"It is an animal that exterminates snakes," replied the small man, pulling his hat over his eyes.  
"And what do you propose to do with it?" asked the fat man, opening his eyes until they looked like watch dials.  
"I don't propose to do anything with it," answered the other nervously. "It is for a friend of mine who has the delirium tremens, and wants something to kill the snakes he sees."  
"But they aren't real snakes, you know?" exclaimed the fat man, opening his mouth until the other could see his cork soles.  
"No, that's true," said the quiet man, getting up and putting the box under his coat; but then this isn't a real mongoose, you see? And he evaporated out of the door, while the fat man stared at the thoughtfully out of the window at the flickering gas-lamps.—New York Chaff.  
**A Good Story of a Horse.**  
We recently published the story of a horse whose rider was thrown and injured. The intelligent animal took in the situation and trotted off, making such demonstrations at the house that people followed him and rescued the rider, who was unable to help himself. Mr. Hugh McLellan, of this town, informed us that the reading of the story brought to his recollection an occurrence of his youth, when living with his father in Gorham, this state. The father one evening turned the family horse into a large pasture to feed during the night. In some way (whether from an injury was never known) the horse commenced to bleed profusely from the nose. The admission to the bars which gave admission to the pasture. These he broke down and passed up to the farm-house. Here he beat upon the platform of one of the doors until the father was awakened and went out to see what the matter; he found the horse still bleeding. Calling the son (our informant), the two worked over the horse until the bleeding was arrested, though he was so much reduced as to be hardly able to stand. There was quite a pool of blood at the door, and a still larger pool was found in the morning at the bars, where the horse had evidently been detained in his efforts to escape from the pasture. And yet we are told that animals don't reason.—Brunswick (Maine) Telegraph.  
**Trying to Abolish Breach of Promise Cases.**  
A bill to abolish action for breach of promise of marriage has been issued among the parliamentary papers to-day, (February 26) "backed" by Mr. Claine, Mr. Bryce and Mr. Buchanan (Liberals) Col. Makers, (Conservative) and Mr. Helton (Home Ruler). It consists simply of the following clause. "From and after the passage of this act no person shall be entitled to maintain an action in respect of the breach of promise to marry, provided always that this shall not apply to any action commenced before the passing of this act." The bill introduced will, if it passes into law, be the shortest statute on our statute book. It contains only one clause, which provides that, without prejudice to existing actions, after the 1st of January next there shall be no action for breach of promise to marry. It must not, however, be forgotten that this would still leave a remedy for injury under the ordinary laws of contract—that is, damages will be recoverable for any actual momentary loss sustained or incurred by the plaintiff through the promise given by the defendant. The object of the bill is to abolish the principle of allowing damages to be awarded for disappointment or grief.—St. James Gazette.  
**One Picture of Life in a City.**  
This morning Captain Kerr noticed a young and pretty girl walking to and fro on the north side of the viaduct, apparently in deep thought. "I thought perhaps she was waiting for her lover," said Kerr afterwards, "and paid little attention to her. About an hour after I first noticed her," Kerr continued, "I was sweeping off the draw. There were very few people on the bridge at the time. Suddenly, as if by inspiration, I turned round and the sight that met my gaze froze the blood in my veins. There was that girl standing on the narrow projecting edge outside the railing on the north side of the draw-bridge, eighty feet above the river. She was holding on to the railing with one hand, looking down into the river below, preparing for a leap to death. I sprang forward and seized her. She struggled vigorously to free herself from my grasp. I clutched her with an almost death-like grip, and thus managed to save her."—Cleveland Leader.  
It seems that the earl of Dalhousie has asked the governors of all the states for their views on the sister-in-law business, being specially moved thereto by a letter from "an American clergyman" to the Church Review in which it was set forth that the practice of marrying deceased wives' sisters manifestly tends to create heart-burning and destroy family concord. A man cannot in this country kiss his wife's pretty sister in any comfortable sort of way, says the unknown dominion, and if he does venture upon that kind of salutation the wife will be jealous, and especially so if she is ill. One case is mentioned where a woman became so much exercised from the presence of a particularly blooming sister whom her husband liked as to cry and sob on her death-bed and make everybody uncomfortable to the very last. But the 38 letters which Dalhousie will get—from bachelors, benefactors and widowers—giving the executive observations upon family quarrels; what curiosities of literature!

**ALL SORTS.**  
A veto thrown from a distance developed into a boomerang.  
The city auditor must be a "big gun." His report is loud enough.  
A California board of supervisors appropriated a sum to give a citizen a wooden leg, and charged the amount to "permanent repairs and improvements."  
A new summer resort in Montana is on Freeze-to-Death Creek. The postoffice just established is called Broncho. The Broncho brass band will be organized in a few days.  
The New Haven Probate court has decided that a will written with a typewriter is valid, in accordance with the decisions that the statute and word-writing also included printing.  
A Chicago man calculates that the national bank system has cost the government \$5,500,000 in all, and that it has paid revenues to the amount of over \$120,000,000.  
"Don't pull me around so," said the thief to the policeman, "I have a felon upon my finger!" "And I have my finger upon a felon," remarked the policeman, with a sardonic smile.  
A hotel in Los Angeles, California, has on its printed rules the following: "No combustibles, such as paper, old clothing, bottles or oyster cans to be thrown out of these windows."  
General Sheridan's 52d birthday was pleasantly remembered by his friends in Chicago. His private office was a bower of beautiful flowers, as seen by a writer's eyes, and the Loyal Legion gave him a dinner.  
The late Colonel Gilmore met General Grant in New York, and approaching the ex-President, saluted him and exclaimed: "General, I suppose you forget me?" "No," replied General Grant, "you are one of the hornets who stung us so badly during the unpleasantness."  
At the last meeting of the Leeds and West Riding Medico-Chirurgical Society Mr. Marqueton, of Dewsbury, exhibited an incandescence lamp, designed by himself, and used by him since October last in examining the mouth and throat. The globe was about half the size of a walnut. It can be held in the mouth for two minutes without discomfort from the heat.  
Mrs. S. L. Hinton wants to know through the Courier-Journal where she can get "a reliable book on silk culture." She also wishes "a few silk worms to start with." It is in order for those prepared to meet this last demand to put in an appearance. There is a book on silk culture published at New Orleans. Crozier is the name of its author. It is in cloth, and costs fifty cents.  
Did it ever occur to you why Solomon made the remark about there being nothing new under the sun? Well the fact was that his numerous wives and wives kept hinting to him about having new bonnets, and he merely murmured that there was nothing new under the sun in hopes to make them believe that the fall styles in hats had not yet been struck on.  
Rev. Mr. Good recently attended a masked ball, and the next morning he met Mrs. Jones and her husband. "Ah, Mr. Good, you was at the bal masque," said the lady. "Yes, I was there." "In masque?" "Oh, yes, of course." "How did you go?" "As a Christian, worn down and weary," and he heaved a sigh. "Ahem," said Mr. Jones, sotto voce, "the disguise must have been very complete."  
Iowa may have lost its prohibitory amendment, but its walled lakes remain. The lake is in the midst of prairie land, and is two or three feet above the earth's surface. It is inclosed by a wall of stones in some places 10 feet high, 15 feet wide at the bottom, and five feet wide at the top. The stones vary in weight from three tons to 100 pounds. There are no stones on the surface of the ground within ten miles of the lake.  
The East Orange, N. J., Gazette says Mr. Wiggins, the friend of the tempest, a few years ago kept a grocery store at the present location of the postoffice in East Orange in New Jersey. His store narrowly escaped destruction by fire on two occasions. His business was not successful. He was then looked upon as an amateur weather prophet, and his forecasts generally were about as successful as the average guess.  
A stylishly dressed young woman entered a restaurant. The waiter handed her a bill of fare, and said, "Please mark off the dishes you wish to order." Could a woman in a seakins confess that she could not read. Taking the pencil she made a few dashes, and her order read: "Dinner 50 cents," "Feb. 20, '83," "ceery." The waiter brought her beef-steak and onions and prune sauce, and she did not dare raise a word in protest.  
Advice to those about to get married in fashionable London circles: Select an occasion when the Vicar is taking a holiday, and then, if you are content that a humble curate should perform the ceremony, you will save a five-pound note at least. Why does a clergyman expect a heavy fee when a legal remuneration is about 12s 6d? That he does expect it I gather from the fact that the Vicar of a West End church, to whom the best man at a recent marriage tendered £5, wrote somewhat indignantly to say that his fee was six guineas. Of course, the above hint does not refer to those persons who require a bishop to make them man and wife.  
**Odd Wagers.**  
In a shaving match for \$200 a side in Chicago, the winner's time was 2 minutes 55 seconds.  
The winner of a corn-raising contest near Rome, Ga., raised thirty-seven bushels on a half acre.  
A Salina, Mo., woman won \$20 on a wager that she could chop a cord of wood in less time than a certain man could.  
For a sum of money two packages wrapped at Davenport, Iowa, entered into a contest. The winner wrapped 3,300 bundles in a single day, using 4000 yards of twine.  
A man in a Berlin beer house wagered four guinees that he could stand on one leg for two hours. He fell over in a fit at the end of fifteen minutes, and cut his hands and face on a beer glass.  
**TRAVELING NEWS.—**Send to John B. Garrison, 167 Third Street Portland, for catalogue of designs.

**ENLARGED PICTURES.**  
G. Davidson, the popular Portland photographer, is filling orders for enlarged pictures of all kinds, at his gallery on the corner of First and Yamhill streets. He employs a number of the best artists at this work and it will bear the closest inspection. His work is as good as any ever produced on this coast, while his prices are extremely reasonable. Mr. Davidson will receive orders by mail from any part of the northwest coast and will deliver them, all finished in the highest style of the art, within a reasonable time. A trial order from any section of the country will convince anyone that Mr. Davidson is the man to favor with orders, as fair treatment has always been his rule.  
**Howe's Original Jubilee Singers and Concert Band.**  
This great company, now playing to crowded houses throughout the Sound, turning hundreds of people away nightly, will appear at Oregon City Monday, April 9th, Salem, Tuesday, 10th, Eugene, Wednesday, 11th, Albany, Thursday, 12th, Corvallis, Friday, 13th, Independence, Saturday, 14th. The company will open at New Market theater in Portland as soon as the present dramatic company, now playing there, leave. The papers throughout California and the Sound country are loud in praise of this company, and we advise all our readers throughout the valley to go and witness their wonderful performances.  
**Niven's Yosemite Cherry Tooth Paste**  
An aromatic combination for the preservation of the teeth and gums. It is far superior to any preparation of its kind in the market. In large, handsome open pots, price fifty cents. In large, all druggists. Hodge, Davis & Co., wholesale agents, Portland, Oregon.  
**DON'T BUY BOSS BOOTS UNLESS YOU WANT THE BEST. SEE THAT OUR NAME IS ON EVERY PAIR.**  
AKIN, SELLING & CO.  
For the best photographs in Oregon, go to F. G. Abell's gallery, 167 First street, Portland. His work will bear the most searching tests, for it is made by genuine artists, who understand their business.  
The next sensation at the Elite in Portland is the appearance of El Nino, Eddie, the "Wonder of the World" and Alice Morgan, the "Queen of Clubs." Popular prices, 25 and 50 cents.  
Garrison repairs all kinds of sewing machines  
Take Wm. Pfunder's Oregon Blood Purifier.  
**Portland Business Directory!**  
DOORS, SHAW AND BLINDS.  
F. E. BEACH & CO.—103 Front St.—Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glazes, Doors, Windows and Blinds. Send for Price List and Catalogue.  
**LEADING MUSIC HOUSE.**  
J. H. ROBBINS & SON, 2nd FLOOR.—Wholesale and retail dealers in Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music and Musical Merchandise. Piano Frames and Mouldings. Country orders will receive prompt attention.  
**BOOK BINDERS.**  
J. D. MORTIMER—Portland Book Manufacturing Co., 221 Washington Street, Portland, Ore. The reliable establishment. Topnot for good work. Blank books with posted headings made a specialty.  
**MARBLE WORKS.**  
MORGAN & VONPHE, 47 Stark.—Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, etc., furnished in Italian and American marble. Country orders filled promptly. Sent for prices and designs.  
**SURVEYORS.**  
W. B. MAYOR—Civil Engineer, Contractor and Surveyors. Office—Room No. 3, Lane Building, East Portland. All kinds of surveying and drafting done for any part of the country.  
**BAKERSIES.**  
EMPIRE BAKERY—204 Washington. Vom & Pastry. Manufacturers of Flour, Bread, Soda Biscuits, Butter, Buns, Sugar and Shoe Fry crackers. Orders from the trade solicited and promptly attended to. MILLER BROS.  
**ATTORNEYS.**  
D. P. KENNEDY—Attorney and Counselor at Law, Rooms 5 or 6, Berkman's Building, Legal notices pertaining to Patents, Patents and Inventions, before the Patent Office, or in the Courts, a specialty.  
**A NEW CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC FAVOR IS THE NEW No. 12 White Sewing Machine, on exhibition at Garrison's Sewing Machine Store, Portland. Tailors and others interested in a first-class machine are invited to call and examine.**  
**SEEDS! SEEDS!**  
WE HAVE NOW ON HAND THE  
**OREGON SEED DEPOT**  
The largest stock of seeds ever held by any firm north of San Francisco, which will be sold at reasonable figures, consisting of Grass, Vegetable, Flower Seeds, Butter, Beans, Sugar and Shoe Fry crackers. Also for Weickers, Bone Phosphates. Sent for catalogue; free to all applicants. Address: MILLER BROS., 200 Second Street, Portland.  
**Full Set of Teeth for \$10.**  
Best Set, \$15.  
**TEETH FILLED AT LOW RATES; SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.** Gas administered. Dental graduates.  
**PREIN BROS.,**  
Portland, Oregon.  
Room 24, Union Block, Stark street entrance.  
**Davis**  
**THE PHOTOGRAPHER,**  
FIRST AND TAYLOR STREETS,  
Portland, Oregon.  
**SEWING MACHINE**  
STORE 167 THIRD ST.  
REPAIRING DONE  
ON SHORT NOTICE.  
All Leading OILS, MACHINES, NEEDLES, THREADS, ATTACHMENTS, etc.  
**GARRISON'S**  
GENERAL AGENT FOR THE  
**HOUSEHOLD & WHITE**  
**DR. SPINNEY,**  
No. 11 Kearny street, S. F.  
Treats All Chronic and Special Diseases.  
**YOUNG MEN**  
WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM THE EFFECTS OF UNCLE SAM'S REGIMENT, will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity. SPINNEY'S will guarantee to furnish relief and cure of Seminal Weakness or private disease of any kind or character which he undertakes and backs up.  
**MIDDLE-AGED MEN.**  
There are many at the age of thirty to sixty who are troubled with too frequent evacuations or burning often occur, and a slight starting or burning sensation and a weakening of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits aropy sediment is found, and sometimes small particles of albumen will be found. The color will be of a thin milky appearance. There are chances to a dark and turbid appearance. These are signs which in the second stage of Seminal Weakness, Dr. S. will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases and a healthy restoration of the genital urinary system.  
Office Hours—10 to 4 and 6 to 8. Sundays from 11 to 11 A. M. Consultation free. Through examination and advice, \$5.  
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