

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE DISSEMINATION OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES, AND TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING BY THE SWEAT OF OUR BROW.

WHOLE NO. 757.

EUGENE CITY, OR. SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1882.

\$2.50 per year IN ADVANCE

The Eugene City Guard.
L. CAMPBELL. J. R. CAMPBELL.
CAMPBELL BROS.,
Publishers and Proprietors.
OFFICE—On the East side of Willamette Street between Seventh and Eighth Streets.

OUR ONLY
RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Advertisements inserted as follows:
One square, 13 lines or less, one insertion \$3; each subsequent insertion \$1. Cash required in advance.
Times advertisers will be charged at the following rates:
One square three months..... \$6 00
" " six months..... 8 00
" " one year..... 12 00
Transient notices in local column, 20 cents per line for each insertion.
Advertising bills will be rendered quarterly. All job work must be PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

POSTOFFICE.
Mails—From 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays 11 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Mail arrives from the south and leaves going north 10 a. m. Arrives from the north and leaves going south at 2:30 p. m. For Astoria, Franklin and Longview, leave at 4 a. m. on Wednesdays. For Coquille, Camp Creek and Brownsville at 1 p. m.
Letters will be ready for delivery half an hour after arrival of trains. Letters should be left at the office an hour before mails depart.
A. S. PATTERSON P. M.

SOCIETIES.
FRANCIS LODGE No. 11, A. F. and A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month.
SPEENR BUTLER LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening.
WIMAWHILA ENCAMPMENT No. 6, meets on the third Wednesday in each month.
EUGENE LODGE, No. 15, A. O. U. W.—Meets at Masonic Hall the second and fourth Fridays in each month. J. M. SLOAN, M. W.
KILPATRICK POST, No. 40, G. A. R.—Meets at Masonic Hall, the first and third Fridays in each month. By order.

J. C. Whiteaker, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

GEO. M. MILLER,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, and
Real Estate Agent.
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
Office—Over W. F. & Co.'s Express office.

A. I. HICKLIN, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
Office in Underwood's brick, over the Express office.

DR. JOHN NICKLIN,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
(Formerly of Yamhill County.)
RESIDENCE—Two doors south of M. E. church.

DR. JOSEPH P. GILL,
CAN BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE or residence when not professionally engaged.
Office at the
POST OFFICE DRUG STORE.
Residence on Eighth street, opposite Presbyterian Church.

D. T. Pritchard,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.
REPAIRING OF WATCHES AND CLOCKS executed with punctuality and at a reasonable cost.
Will. mette St., Eugene City, Oregon.

JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT.
J. S. LUCKEY,
DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches, Chains, Jewelry, Etc.
Repairing Promptly Executed.
All Work Warranted.
J. S. LUCKEY.
Ellsworth & Co.'s brick, Willamette street.

LYNCH & PAGE,
In Dorris' Brick Building.
DEALERS IN
Groceries and Provisions.
Will keep on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Provisions, Cured Meats, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Green and Dried Fruits, Wool and Willow Ware, Crockery, Etc.
Business will be conducted on a
CASE BASIS,
Which means that
Low Prices are Established
Goods delivered without charge to Buyers
ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE WANTED
For which we will pay the highest market price.
LYNCH & PAGE.
\$700 WEEK, \$1250 per month, bona fide made costly
\$4 month free. Address: Turner & Co., Augusta, Me.

NEW GOODS!

---At---
F. B. DUNN'S,

MARKING DOWN OF OLD GOODS

A large assortment of Ladies and Childrens Hosiery at 12 1-2 cts.
Good Dress Goods at 12 1/2c
Best Corset in town for 50c
An immense stock of New and Seasonable Goods.
Fine Cashmere in every shade.
New and Nobby styles in CLOTHING.
Trimming Silks and Satins in all shades.
Moire antique Silks
Velvets in Colors.
The finest stock of French KID SHOES ever brought to this place.
BOOTS and SHOES in all grades.
GROCERIES of all descriptions.

Liberal Discount for CASH.

New Departure!!

TWO PRICES! CASH AND CREDIT.

PATRONIZE THE MEN WHO HELP TO BUILD YOUR BRIDGES, ROADS AND SCHOOL HOUSES, whose interests are your interests! Are permanently located and spend their profits at home. Take notice that

A. V. PETERS,
Will sell goods for CASH at greatly reduced prices, as low as any other CASH STORE.
Best Prints 16 and 18 yards.....\$1 00
Best Brown and Bleached Muslins, 7, 8, 9, and 10 cts.
Clarks and Brooks spool cotton 75 cts per Doz.
Plain and Milled Flannels, 25, 35, 45 and 50 cts.
Water Proof, cents
Fine White Shirts, 75 cts and \$1.
Fine Cheviot Shirts, 50, 75 cts and \$1.
New Assortment Dress Goods (No Trash) 15, 20 and 25 cts.
Men's Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, 10 cts
Men's Overshirts, 75 cts and \$1.
Men's Overalls, 50, 65, 75 cts and \$1.
Embroideries and Edgings at Fabulous Low Prices.
And all Other Goods at Proportionate Rates.
Also the Celebrated
WHITE SEWING MACHINE!
None better for strength, size, and durability. At greatly reduced rates.
To my all Customers, who have stood by me so long, I will continue to sell on same terms as heretofore on time, but if at any time they wish to make CASH purchases, I will give all as, as others, the full credit on my reduction.
A. V. PETERS

Robinson & Church,
DEALERS IN
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE
HAVE THE
Best Selected Stock in Oregon
HAVE FOR SALE (at the LOWEST Rates)
IRON, STEEL,
AXES, ANVILS,
NAILS, POPE
Cable Chain
SUTTER,
SIS 1 1/2, 2, 3,
AMMUNITION
FRICTIONAL
IMPLEMENTS
Blasting Powder,
Fishing Tackle,
Etc., Etc.
We invite an examination of our good assortment of stock will suit the times.

F. M. WILKINS
Practical Druggist & Chemist,
DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
BRUSHES,
PAINTS,
GLASS,
OILS,
LEAD,
TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.
Physician's Prescriptions Compounded.

CRAIN BROS.
DEALERS
---in---
Watches,
Musical instruments, Toys, Notions, etc.
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired and warranted. Northwest corner of Willamette and Eighth streets.
THIS PAPER may be found on the site of the late P. Lowell & Co's Store.
Advertising Bureau (18) Street No. 5, where advertising contracts may be made for it is \$25.00 PER YEAR.

The Chinese Question.
The Chinese question is still unsolved, and at the present time is fraught with greater and more impending danger than at any time since the ratification of the infamous Burlingame treaty in 1868. The Restriction Bill with the ninety days dalliance infused into it by the veto, instead of a hindrance has proven an impetus to their coming here, and at the rate they are now being brought here, before the expiration of the ninety day, there will have landed upon our coast more than thirty thousand of these servile laborers to crowd out and displace an equal number of our own race and color. And if the constitutional objections raised by the veto message of the first bill was well grounded, we may expect to see the present law when it goes into force decided unconstitutional by a Republican court thoroughly imbued with the puritanical idea of the universal fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man, else the present party in power will treat it as a dead letter and refuse to enforce its provisions, and so soon as they shall have extended the elective franchise to these people and become a factor in American politics as is clearly intended by the speeches and votes of the Republican Congressmen and Senators, and the Brother of the Sun has once firmly planted his foot on this Western coast he will with his teeming millions overrun the land and devour every green thing and we will be forced to give up our homes and roll back on our eastern neighbors before the tidal wave of these barbarians. For as was beautifully portrayed by Allen G. Thurman in his opposition to the Burlingame treaty as is known to the student of history the two civilizations cannot exist together upon equal footing in any country, the one will sooner or later be forced to give way before the other. And not until bloodshed and ruin shall mark the advancing step of these countless hordes will the Eastern puritan realize the injuries they are entailing upon us. The end is not yet.—Independent.

Official List of Titles in Law.
Following are the official Democratic majorities in Linn county
For Governor, Jos. S. Smith, 326.
For Congress, W. D. Fenton, 239.
Secretary of State, Jas. K. Weatherford, 436.
Treasurer, H. A. Raham, 456.
Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. L. Worthington, 192.
State Printer, W. F. Cornell, 268.
Supreme Judge, E. D. Shattuck, 212.
District Attorney, W. H. Holmes, 313.
Democratic Senators received an average majority of 216.
Democratic Representatives received an average majority of 256.
County Clerk, C. H. Stewart, 363.
Sheriff, Geo. Humphrey, 259.
Treasurer, Jas. H. Perry, 183.
Assessor, N. C. Dozier, 294.
School Superintendent, Peter A. Moses, 248.
Surveyor, D. V. S. Reed, 230.
Coroner, J. A. Davis, 219.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Mary F. Baker, administratrix of the estate of Lee M. Baker, deceased, has filed her account for final settlement, and the first Monday in July, 1882, has been set for final hearing of the same.
MARY F. BAKER, Administratrix.
JOSEPH J. WALTON, Att'y for estate.

Jefferson's Grave.
At last the grave of the great author of the Declaration of Independence is to be decorated with a monument presented by the people who have derived such inestimable benefits from his genius. A year after Jefferson's death Monticello was sold for \$2,500, but in the deed of transfer the title to the graveyard where lay the illustrious patriot was retained for his descendants. In 1878 Congress made an appropriation for a new monument for the first leader of Democracy. The old monument, which had been placed over Jefferson's grave by his direction, consisted of a cube of coarse stone three feet high, surmounted by an obelisk six feet high, and bearing a brief inscription. The vandalism of tourists converted this simple memorial into a shapeless mass. It has been asserted by the great grand daughter of Jefferson that when Secretary Evarts had prepared contract for the new monument, Jefferson Levy, a nephew of the late owner of Monticello, insisted that the heirs of the great patriot had no claim to his grave; that the ground belonged to the heirs of his uncle, who objected to the erection of a monument. This unseemly quarrel over the grave of one of the most honored founders of the Republic was happily cut short by the production of the deeds. The Congressional resolution of 1878 provided that the descendants of Jefferson should relinquish to the Government their title to the grave. This they refused to do. Under the recent resolution appropriating \$10,000 for the erection of a monument there is no objectionable provision and the probabilities are that ere long a modest tribute from the people will be placed over the historic bit of land, one hundred feet square, where the third President of the Republic lies surrounded by his children and grandchildren to the third generation.—Examiner.

Hon W D Fenton.
It is a high compliment to Hon. W. D. Fenton, that in his own county where the balance of the ticket was defeated by 137, he was only beaten 17 votes. His was purely a political office and he could expect to carry but a few votes on account of personal popularity. Mr. Fenton has lost nothing in this contest. On the contrary, no man in Oregon to-day stands better with his party and has more completely the respect of all, and the manly contest he made has won him a host of friends among the people. He made a most favorable impression all over the State and showed greater abilities than most people gave him credit of possessing. The party has reason to feel proud of its standard-bearer.—Standard.

Many of the leading Republican papers at the East are dolefully predicting a setback to the general prosperity that the country has enjoyed of late. At the same time they are advising the people to continue to support the party that insists on burdensome taxation, that maintains an oppressively high tariff, and that, under the leadership of such men as Robinson, is squandering the public money. There are none so blind as those who will not see.

In Philadelphia the other day a Republican convention was held in a hall the owner of which had innocently left on the walls some Sunday school mottoes, of which the following were specimens: "To swear is vulgar;" "we never lie;" "Truth is noble;" "we love each other," and others equally inappropriate to a Republican meeting.

Little Johnny Davenport announced that he had found the author of the Morley letter, and promised to give his name to the public without further delay. He hasn't given it yet, however. We don't think he will. We fear he will never find the author of the Morley letter—not in this world.—S. F. Examiner.

Some chap in one of the up counties of Ohio has returned twenty-five cents to the Government for three cartridges stolen during the war. Who but an Ohio man can show such a conscientiousness as that, asks the Cincinnati Times-Star.

A Boosted Improvement.
Under this head the Standard gives the following summary of the late financial statement of the Government, showing that the people are paying over and above the requirements of expenditures:

The financial statement of the Government made public within a few days is received with much complacency by the Republicans. A close inspection of the figures, however, will reveal that to the taxpayers it is anything but reassuring. For the nine months ending March 31, 1881, says an exchange, the total amount of taxes received into the Treasury from all sources was \$266,000,000, leaving a surplus in round numbers of \$62,000,000 above what was required by the Government. For the nine months ending March 31, 1882, the receipts were \$300,000,000 and the aggregate expenditures \$195,000,000, leaving a surplus of \$105,000,000. It is apparent that the people have been compelled to pay above what was required by the Government, \$43,000,000 more in the nine months just ended than during the same period in the preceding fiscal year. During three-fourths of the present year \$105,000,000 more than was needed have been taken from the taxpayers, and at the present rate the sum will reach \$140,000,000 by the end of the year. These are interesting revelations when taken in connection with the general expression of dissatisfaction among the working people, yet in full cognizance of them a Republican administration makes no effort to reduce taxation, but boasts of an improvement. Taxpayers will not be likely to put that construction on the facts, notwithstanding the Republican administration commands them to do so. They should be fully aware that they will never receive any benefit from the expenditure of this surplus. It is simply a bait for jobbers, and will be quietly nimbled away without any body being hooked.

New Mills at Albany.

The Albany Farmers' Warehouse Company have adopted plans and specifications for mills to be built in that city between this and the first of next September, and are now advertising for bids. The Democrat gives the following description of the plans:

It is to be fifty-nine by forty-two, parallel with the Willamette, with addition running to the river below for tail water, etc. It is to be four and a half stories high, being from ground to roof about seventy-five feet high, and from base to extreme height ninety-three feet and seven inches. The entrance will be on the side toward the railroad, and the whole will be connected with the company's large warehouse. There will be six run of burrs and ten sets of reels, giving it a capacity of at least three hundred barrels per day, the largest mill at the present day having only four run of burrs and a capacity of not over two hundred barrels per day. The water wheel will be forty-two inches in diameter, with one hundred and eight horse power. A cleaner, with a capacity of two hundred and fifty bushels per hour, will be placed in the basement, two purifiers of the best make will be used, and other machinery which should go to make up one of the most complete mills in the state.

The Whisky Bill.

A long debate was had on the whisky bill, Mr. Beck spoke against it at great length. The strongest argument against the measure is that it produces inequality in taxation. The distiller who is obliged to sell promptly pays a tax on a value of fifteen cents or twenty cents as high as, and even higher than, the distiller who can keep his whisky a long time in bond pays on a value of from three to five times as great. It is true that tobacco is taxed only when it goes on the market, but tobacco does not increase in value with age, but, beyond a narrow limit, loses. The house bill, moreover, renders possible great accumulations, and this is not advisable, when the authors of the bill claim that there has already been over-production.