

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE DISSEMINATION OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES, AND TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING BY THE SWEAT OF OUR BROW.

WHOLE NO. 750.

EUGENE CITY, OR, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1882.

\$2.50 per year IN ADVANCE

The Eugene City Guard.

L. L. CAMPBELL. J. R. CAMPBELL.

CAMPBELL BROS.,

Publishers and Proprietors.

OFFICE—On the East side of Willamette Street between Seventh and Eighth Streets.

OUR ONLY

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements inserted as follows:

One square, 10 lines or less, one insertion \$3;

each subsequent insertion \$1. Cash required in advance.

Transient notices in local column, 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Advertising bills will be rendered quarterly. All job work must be paid for on delivery.

POSTOFFICE.

Office Hours—From 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays

Mail arrives from the south and leaves going north

at 10 a. m. Arrives from the north and leaves going

south at 2:30 p. m. For St. Louis, Franklin and Long

Island, Camp Creek and Brownsville at 1 p. m.

Letters will be ready for delivery half an hour after

arrival of trains. Letters should be left at the office

an hour before mails depart. A. S. PATTERSON P. M.

SOCIETIES.

EUGENE LODGE No. 11, A. F. and A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month.

SPENCER BUTTE LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening.

WIMAWHELA ENCAMPMENT No. 6, Meets on the 13th and 14th Wednesdays in each month.

EUGENE LODGE, No. 15, A. O. U. W.—Meets at Masonic Hall the second and fourth Fridays in each month. J. M. SLOAN, M. W.

DR. JOHN NICKLIN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

(Formerly of Yamhill County.)

RESIDENCE—Up stairs, over Chas. Horn's gunsmith shop.

DR. JOSEPH P. GILL,

CAN BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE or residence when not professionally engaged.

Office at the

POSTOFFICE DRUG STORE.

Residence on Eighth street, opposite Presbyterian Church.

JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT.

J. S. LUCKEY,

DEALER IN

Clocks, Watches, Chains, Jewelry, Etc.

Repairing Promptly Executed.

All Work Warranted.

J. S. LUCKEY.

Ellsworth & Co.'s brick Willamette street.

A. LYNCH. JAS. PAGE.

LYNCH & PAGE,

In Dorris' Brick Building.

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Provisions,

Will keep on hand a general assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, Cured Meats,

Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Notions,

Candles, Soaps, Green and Dried Fruits,

Wood and Willow Ware, Crockery, Etc.

Business will be conducted on a

CASE BASIS.

Which means that

Low Prices are Established

Goods delivered without charge to Buyer

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE WANTED

For which we will pay the highest market price.

LYNCH & PAGE.

B. F. DORRIS,

DEALER IN

Stoves,

Ranges,

Pumps,

Pipes,

Metals,

Tinware.

AND

House Furnishing Goods Generally

Wells Driven Promptly

AND

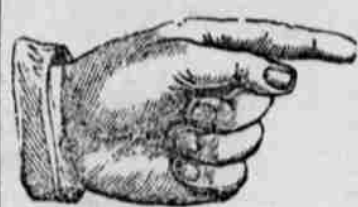
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Willamette Street.

Eugene City, Oregon.

66c per week in your own town. Terms and 50 cents

per copy. Address H. HALL & Co., Portland, Me.



Bargains

REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

F. B. DUNN,

Gives notice that he offers his stock of Goods at reduced prices for

CASH.

Call and Examine his Stock.

New Departure!!

TWO PRICES!

CASH AND CREDIT.

PATRONIZE THE MEN WHO HELP TO BUILD YOUR BRIDGES, ROADS AND SCHOOL HOUSES, whose interests are your interests! Are permanently located and spend their profits at home. Take notice that—

A. V. PETERS,

Will sell goods for CASH at greatly reduced prices, as low as any other CASH STORE.

Best Prints 16 and 18 yards..... \$1.00

Best Brown and Bleached Muslins, 7, 8, 9, and 10 cts.

Clarks and Brooks spool cotton 75 cts per Doz.

Plain and Milled Flannels, 25, 35, 45 and 50 cts.

Water Proof, cents

Fine White Shirts, 75 cts and \$1.

Fine Cheviot Shirts, \$9, 75 cts and \$1.

New Assortment Dress Goods (No Trash) 15, 20 and 25 cts.

Mens' Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, 50 ct

Mens' Overshirts, 75 cts and \$1.

Mens' Overalls, 50, 65, 75 cts and \$1.

Embroideries and Edgings at Fabulous Low Prices.

And all Other Goods at Proportionate Rates. Also the Celebrated

WHITE SEWING MACHINE!

None better for strength, size, and durability. At greatly reduced rates.

To my old Customers, who have stood by me so long, I will continue to sell on same terms as heretofore on time, but if at any time they wish to make CASH purchases, I will give all an, as others, the full credit on my reduction.

A. V. PETERS

CRAIN BROS.

DEALERS

IN

Clocks,

Watches and

Jewelry.

Musical instruments, Toys, Notions, etc

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired and warranted. Northwest corner of Willamette and Eighth streets.

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc. for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the Scientific American. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, \$3.20 a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & Co., Patent Solicitors, Pub'rs. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

NEW

MEAT MARKET

On the west side of Willamette Street, between Eighth and Ninth.

Having just opened a new and neat Meat Market, we are prepared to furnish the best

Beef, Veal, Mutton, Pork, etc..

To our customers, at the lowest market rates

The custom of the public is respectfully solicited

Meats delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

MCCORNACK & RENSHAW.

Children

CRY

FOR

Pitcher's

Castoria.

Mothers like and Physicians recommend it.

IT IS NOT NARCOTIC.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS;

the World's great Pain-Relieving remedies. They heal, soothe and cure Burns, Wounds, Weak Back and Rheumatism upon Man, and Sprains, Galls and Lameness upon Beasts. Cheap, quick and reliable.

SPURTS of disgusting Mucus, Smiles, Crackling Pains in the Head, Fetid Breath, Deafness, and any Catarrhal Complaint, can be exterminated by Wede Meyer's Catarrh Cure, a Constitutional Antidote, by Absorption. The most Important Discovery since Vaccination.

New Postal Regulations.

The postmasters have just received an order making material changes in the classification of matter sent through the mails.

Mailable matter of the first class shall embrace all matter written or partially in writing, except as herein provided—Act March 3, 1879, Section 8, 20 Statute, p. 358.

The exceptions are as follows:

1. Corrected proof-sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same—Section 17, p. 359.

2. Date and name of the addressed and the sender of circulars, and the correction of mere typographical errors therein.—Section 27, p. 360.

3. Bills, receipts and orders for subscriptions enclosed in second-class publications, provided such bills, receipts and orders shall be in such form as to convey no other information than the name, location and subscription price of the publication or publications to which they refer.—Section 53, p. 361.

4. The name and address of the person to whom second-class matter may be sent, and index figure of a subscription book, and word or figures, or both, indicating the date on which the subscription in such matter will end.—Section 22, p. 360.

5. Upon matter of the third-class, or upon the wrapper enclosing the same, the sender may write his own name or address, with the word "from" above and preceding the same, and in either case may make simple marks, intended to designate a word or passage of the text to which it is desired to call attention.

6. There may be placed upon the cover or blank leaves of any book, or of any printed matter of the third-class, a simple manuscript dedication or inscription which is confined to a simple address or consignment of such book or printed matter, as a mark of respect, and must not contain anything that partakes of the nature of a personal correspondence.

7. Upon the matter of the fourth-class the sender may write his own name and address preceded by the word "from," and also the number and name of article enclosed. He may also write upon or attach to any such articles, by tag or label, a mark or number, name or letter, for purpose of identification.

Mormons.

The Edmunds bill is a radical measure. Its most effective provision is a section which prohibits adherents of Mormonism and all polygamists from sitting on juries and disfranchises all bigamists, polygamists and those who unlawfully cohabit, including Mer men women who now have the right of suffrage by the law of Utah. This last measure would at once revolutionize the territorial legislature and put all local power in the hands of enemies of Mormonism. The bill further provides that every elective office in the territory shall be immediately vacated and the President shall appoint a board of five persons, who shall attend to the whole business of holding a new election, receiving and rejecting votes and placing a newly elected Legislature in condition for actual work. This legislature shall then proceed to act as it thinks proper, consistently with the organic laws to make provision for the filling of the vacant offices.

The scheme is thorough. Mr. Edmunds in pressing it has the support of the country. Congress ought to act. These dilatory measures suggest a doubt whether there is courage in Congress to do what the country requires.—Ex.

Mr. John McKaskill has entered into a contract with the O. & C. R. R. Co., says the Plaindealer, to clear its road line on the extension south of all brush, stumps and timber sixty feet in width ready for the graders, from station No. 308 to station No. 1953. The former is somewhere about the Mountain House and the latter beyond the Canyon on Cow creek. Mr. McKaskill is an old and experienced railroad contractor and builder, having been engaged in this class of business for over eighteen years. He has employed a gang of white men, all Canadians, who can be depended upon as number one workmen.

What Worried Him.

In an article on the spoils system in the current number of the North American Review, Mr. Andrew D. White, President of Cornell University, relates a few anecdotes pertinent to the subject. In the darkest hour of the civil war, the people of a thriving Northern town, called for convenience, Pepperton, were agitated far more by the question as to who should be appointed Postmaster than by the issue of some of the most important battles then being waged. Deputation after deputation rushed to Washington besieging Congressman, Senator and President, and while rivers of blood and billions of treasures were flowing away a good Presbyterian deacon resolved to go himself to the capital and see if he could not settle the great national question of the Pepperton postoffice. He was shocked at the careworn face of President Lincoln, and, in hopes of consoling him, said: "Mr. Lincoln, I am sorry to see you not looking so well as when you passed through Pepperton. You must not let the rebellion wear upon you. The lord is with us. He will not permit slavery and rebellion to conquer. He has purposes with this Republic which—" "Oh, Judge," interrupted Mr. Lincoln, "it isn't the rebellion that is killing me—it is this confounded Pepperton postoffice."

Railroad War Settled.

The Trunk line railroads between Chicago and New York have settled their hash, and concluded to run for five years upon a pooling rate of freight and passengers. The pooling agreement is between Chicago and all Eastern points. The rates for west bound freight to be 45 cents per 100 pounds. Grain is to be carried from Chicago to New York for 20 cents per hundred, which is equal to 12 cents per bushel. Villard's "benevolence," because of the want of mercy of Eastern Oregon merchants, proposes to build grain elevators along his route to relieve the farmers from these miserable merchants. He won't have to pool with any other road to keep up freights while he can, as he now does, charge 25 cents per hundred pounds for wheat 110 miles, or 15 cents per bushel. This pooling arrangement of the trunk lines did not have check to demand but 12 cents per bushel to carry wheat 1000 miles, but Villard asks 15 cents to carry a bushel 110 miles. Provisions by this trunk line pooling, flour, pork, beef, beans, etc., is to be carried from Chicago to eastern ports for 25 cents per hundred pounds, equal to \$5 per ton, or \$50 per car, while here from The Dalles, flour is charged for freight to Portland, \$5 60 per ton, equal to \$56 per car load.—Mountaineer.

Frozen to Death.

From a resident of Polk county the Salem Statesman learns the following interesting particulars concerning the death of Marion Nealy, who perished from exhaustion and cold in the hills bordering the Luckiamute river on Tuesday, Feb. 14th. The unfortunate young man was out hunting Monday with two friends, the snow being about three feet deep. They had walked around all day in search of game and were nearly exhausted, but not desiring to camp in the mountains over night they started for the valley. After they had wandered for a long time in the cold night air, with the snow above their knees young Nealy became completely tired out. One of the party had gone on ahead and the other, unable to carry Nealy, started for his friend to assist him. When they returned, to their great grief and dismay, he was frozen to death. Every effort possible was made to restore animation, but without avail, and in sorrow they brought the lifeless body to his parents.

The new pile-driver which has been in course of construction for some time at the Dalles car shops, is at last completed. It is placed on a truck, so that it can be taken to any part on track, and will be used in repairing bridges. It is so constructed as to work on a pivot on the flat car, and can be turned in any direction desired.

STATE NEWS.

The O. R. & N. Co's new ice house at the Dalles has been completed and 324 tons of ice stored therein.

The water is not yet high enough for the loggers to float their logs down the Luckiamute and they are waiting anxiously for more rain.

The John Rowland farm, containing 610 acres, 3 1/2 miles south of Corvallis, was sold last week to James Hughes, of Walla Walla, for \$14,600.

The treasurer of Wasco county shipped to Salem by Wells, Fargo & Co., last week, 17,715 60, the amount of taxes due the state on the last levy.

J. E. Miller, on his farm at Eddy Point, half a mile below Knappa, has discovered an Indian burial ground. It is on a side hill overgrown with vine maple. His dog bringing in a skull was the first intimation of its whereabouts.

Brower Leonard, while out hunting near Silverton a few days since, fell upon his gun, causing it to be discharged, the ball entering his abdomen. Physicians have failed to find the ball, and the wound is considered extremely dangerous.

Col. Wheeler, an eastern cattle and stock dealer, recently purchased the horse brand of Thomas Gordon, of Wasco county, for the sum of \$14,000. Mr. Wheeler still retains his interest in sheep, cattle and ranch. He has been a resident of that county since 1858.

The Oregon City Woolen Mills last year, says the San Francisco Merchant, purchased 1,000,000 pounds of wool and paid \$75,000 to operatives and \$19,000 more to machinists. This, one mill did. And yet there is not pluck enough in either California or Oregon to start a cheaper mill to spin two or three millions of the 40,000,000 pounds we shall have for export into yarn.

J. M. Nichols had his horse killed under his near Eagle Point, Jackson county, on the 13th, by Ki. Matthews. The trouble grew out of Matthew's sheep feeding on Nichols' land. John, finding the sheep on his place, drove them off and started to leave when Matthew's made his appearance and shot at him with his gun, striking Nichols' horse, which ran a short distance and fell in a dying condition. Matthews was afterward arrested by the Constable of Little Butte precinct, who turned him over to Deputy Sheriff Seybert the next day. He has been indicted by the Grand Jury for an assault with intent to kill. His bail has been fixed at \$1,500, in default of which he languishes in jail.

The State Temperance Alliance met at the M. E. church in Salem Thursday with a large attendance. The first business transacted, after addresses had been made by Rev. J. N. Dennison, Dr. I. L. Rowland, Rev. Mr. Berry Rev. Dr. Jones and Mrs. A. S. Dunnaway, was the appointment of a committee on credentials who made a long report. President Watt read his report, which was adopted. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Dr. J. W. Watts; 1st vice president, Rev. J. N. Dennison; 2d, Mrs. A. S. Dunnaway; 3d, Rev. Dr. T. Stanley; 4th, Jacob Conser; secretary, J. E. Houston; corresponding secretary, O. A. Schellbrede; sergeant at arms, Hugh Harrison. The president and four vice presidents were chosen as an executive committee.

A tramp calling himself Henry Graham was arrested in Jackson county on Tuesday, Feb. 14th, by Deputy Sheriff Prim for breaking into the cabin of Peter Keil of Sam's valley, and rifling it of several articles, including a pair boots and \$2 50 in money. He had been prowling about that neighborhood for sometime, but was arrested at J. W. Baker's place in Willow Springs precinct. The same day the Grand Jury found an indictment against him, and upon being arraigned in the Circuit Court Wednesday, he pleaded guilty and was yesterday sentenced to the penitentiary by Judge Hanna for two years. Graham is quite a young man and seems to be new in the business of housebreaking.