

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1880.

Democratic Ticket.



FOR PRESIDENT:

GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK,
Of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
Of Indiana.

For Presidential Electors,

J. K. WEATHERFORD, of Linn,
T. G. OWEN, of Coos,
J. G. FULTON, of Wasco.

GARFIELD'S OATH.

(Poland Report, page 5.)

"I never owned, received or agreed to receive any stock of the Credit Mobilier, or of the Union Pacific Railroad, nor any dividends or profits arising from either of them."

THE POLAND COMMITTEE REPORT.

(Poland Report, page 5.)

"The facts in regard to Mr. Garfield, as found by the committee, are identical with the case of Mr. Wm. D. Kelley to the point of receipt of the check for \$329. He agreed with Mr. Ames to take ten shares of Credit Mobilier stock, but did not pay for the same. Mr. Ames received the 80 per cent. dividends in bonds, and sold them for 97 per cent., and also received the 60 per cent. cash dividends which together paid the price of the stock and interest and left a balance of \$329. This sum was paid over to Mr. Garfield by a check on the Sergeant-at-Arms, and Mr. Garfield then understood this sum was the balance of dividends after paying for the stock."

The "Laudaulet."

Geo. H. Williams, otherwise known as Laudaulet Williams, will speak here to-day in behalf of Credit Mobilier De Golyer Chinese Garfield. In defending Garfield Laudaulet will be repaying Garfield for similar services. When Williams was attorney general in 1872, he purchased a laudaulet at a cost of \$1,600 which the Government paid, for the benefit of his handsome and stylish lady. Subsequently \$1,100 was paid by the government for harness and repairs. When the matter became a subject of investigation, Garfield defended the aristocratic Williams, saying that the attorney-general was not expected "to walk to the Supreme Court on foot, or to ride in a car, or go wherever he goes as other citizens." Garfield believed that Cabinet officers were an official aristocracy and not to be treated as "other people." In addition so the \$8,000 salary a year Williams must have a fine carriage, fast horses and gilded harness to be paid out of the public treasury. The pretence that the carriage was for the attorney-general in attending court was false. The \$1,600 laudaulet, which attorney-general Williams had the disbursing clerk of his department pay out of the contingent fund, was for the private use of himself and wife. Even the liveried driver was borne upon the pay-roll of the Department of Justice. All this Garfield defended as the record shows. A fellow stealing makes them wondrous kind.

Shortly after this Williams was driven from office. Even Grant corrupt as he was could not retain him. Later he was nominated by Grant for Supreme Judge, but so patent was the proof of his corruption, that a Republican Senate would not confirm him, although Grant tried to force them by sending his name back, for the second time, after he had once been rejected.

Expelled from office in disgrace for his questionable practices, humiliated by his own party, he still has the assurance to appear before the people of this state, expecting it is said to be rewarded by a seat in the United States Senate for his efforts in behalf of the corrupt Republican candidate. We can only hope this disgrace is not in store for our proud young state.

THE Radicals are now anxious to accept the result in Maine as a Greenback victory. The Republican party must be extremely feeble indeed to allow themselves to be defeated by the collapsed rag baby idea. We shall not forget however that it is a Republican defeat no matter to whom the victory may belong.

Gov. GRUBS in his harangue the other evening promised his auditors an aggressive speech; yet the Governor occupied a considerable part of his time in trying to clear the records of his candidates, and another part in setting forth his own claims to greatness.

Hancock Writes Again.

It will be remembered that shortly after Hancock's nomination the Radical press almost unanimously accused Hancock of writing a letter to Gen. Sherman announcing his intention of supporting Tilden by force of arms, should he be declared President. Their clamor at last forced the publication of the letter, which has proven the strongest campaign document of the Democrats. The New York Tribune, which was the loudest in its abuse, and called the strongest for its publicity, even refused to admit it to its columns.

This rallying cry destroyed they began to cast around for other devices by which to frighten voters from the support of Hancock. At last they supposed they had struck a paying ledge, should it be properly worked, in the Southern Claims and Rebel war debt mine. But alas! they are again doomed to chew the bitter cud of disappointment, for Hancock has written another letter admirably defining his position on those questions. The New York Times an ultra Republican journal says: "The assurance which he gives does credit to his honesty and independence, and is one which every intelligent citizen, whatever his politics will rejoice to receive." The following is the letter:

Governor's Island, N. Y. Sept. 23.
To Theodore Cook, Esq.—DEAR SIR.—Your letter of 20th is received. I regret that you are disturbed about that bug bear "southern war claims." People cannot be misled by it to suppose that "rebel claims" or claims in the interest of persons who were in the rebellion can in any way or in any degree be countenanced. The imputation of disloyalty such as used to be made against Democrats even when they were in arms defending the country, so far as it touches me, I denounce. The government can never pay a debt or grant a pension or reward of any sort for waging war against its own existence; nor could I be induced to approve or encourage payments of such debt, pension or reward. Nobody expects or wants such unnatural action. To propose it would insult the intelligence and honor of our people. When rebellion was crushed so was the heresy of secession forever. It is a thing of the dead past. We move forward not backward. If I were president I would veto all legislation which might come before me providing for consideration or payment of claims of any kind for losses or damages by persons who were in rebellion, whether pardoned or not. In relation to union war claims the government's obligations to its defenders come first. They are lasting and sacred. The public laws of civilized nations do not in general recognize claims for injuries to property resulting from operations of the war. Nevertheless our government has treated with great indulgence claims for the losses and damages suffered by union men from the military operations of the war of the union; but as hostilities were closed more than fifteen years ago, claims of that nature, now mostly in the hands of brokers or persons other than the original sufferers, are becoming stale and, in my judgment, might fairly be considered as barred by lapse of time; and if hereafter entertained at all, should be subjected to the strictest scrutiny. Yours very truly,
W. S. HANCOCK

A Compliment to Hancock.

From the Dubuque Telegraph, Greenback.

The leading republican papers, such as the New York Tribune, Cincinnati Commercial and Chicago Inter-Ocean have virtually ceased their attacks upon Hancock and are now directing their batteries against William H. English. Hancock should feel highly complimented at this confession on the part of his opponents that his record and character are invulnerable, and that the only way in which he can possibly be damaged is by an injury to his associate on the ticket.

Quite Possible.

The New York Herald declares it quite possible that Hancock may be elected; "yet," it adds with feigned surprise, "We hear of no Republican selling out his bonds at a sacrifice or winding up his affairs in view of the coming ruin. The great American voter is going about in all parts of the Union with his tongue in his cheek laughing at the dolorous prophecies of ruin. Even the colored man and brother is no longer scared."

It is possible, the Cleveland Plaindealer admits, that General Hancock may have used some emphatic language upon certain occasions. He is an emphatic sort of a man. General Garfield will do his swearing after the returns begin to come in on the night after election. Out of consideration to the other Republican statesman who object to swearing, he will retire to some unfrequented spot.

The Truth Precisely.

Garfield's nomination means the endorsement and approval in the most positive and offensive manner possible of the Presidential fraud of 1876-7. He had more to do with it than any other man, and was the only man who occupied toward it a double relation. After the election Garfield went to New Orleans by request of Gen. Grant, without authority of law, as a partisan. He went there to assist his party in making up a case, and after his return to Washington, of all his associates he was the only man who took his seat upon the Electoral Commission. By every sentiment of fair play he should have been excluded from the jury box. By his own statement of what he did in New Orleans, Garfield had the charge of the returns from West Feliciana Parish. In one of the inner rooms of Packard's Custom House he did his work, examined the affidavits, and when they were not sufficiently full, he prepared or had prepared additional interrogatories to bring them within the rules adopted by the Returning Board, and the result was that West Feliciana with its Democratic majority was thrown out. In Washington, Garfield's vote was that Congress could not go behind the returns thus made. As agent for his party he helped to make returns by manipulating the evidence; and as jurymen for the nation he held such evidence as conclusive and binding.

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

Vote On the Chinese Bill.

A correspondent wishes to be informed of the vote in the House on the Bill to restrict Chinese immigration. The bill passed the House January 28, 1879, by a vote of 155 yeas to 72 nays. Of those who voted in the affirmative, 105 were Democrats and 45 were Republicans. Of the 72 who voted in the negative, 55 were Republicans and 17 were Democrats. The Democrats were largely in favor of the Bill, while the majority of the Republicans were opposed to it. General Garfield was hostile to the Bill, and voted to sustain Hayes' veto of it. The vote is given in Volume VIII, Part 1, Second Session, Forty-fifth Congress, pages 800 and 801.

The Silent Man Speaks.

New York Sun.

Gen Grant has written a letter announcing his purpose to engage actively in the campaign. The Republicans must not be beaten now, he says, and four years hence there will be only two parties in the country.

What two parties?

Why, undoubtedly, as he believes and hopes, the imperial and the anti-imperial party.

At the head of the imperial party Gen. Grant expects to be himself. If General Hancock is elected now, he knows very well the imperial party would never again have any show.

We trust the silent man's speech in his own behalf will be in vain.

Butler and Conkling.

New York Truth, (Ind.) Aug 21.

A few days since Gen. Benjamin F. Butler and Senator Roscoe Conkling held a long conference together. There has been considerable curiosity to know what this conference meant, and what would result from it.

Possibly Gen. Butler's conduct since is a pretty fair evidence of what it meant. He has taken the stump for Hancock.

Garfield came to this city and stopped at the same hotel as Conkling the latter did not even give him a call. When the Republican conference took place, Senator Conkling being in the city, he treated it with utter contempt, and refused to meet Mr. John Sherman.

In November.

From the N. Y. Sun.

Wipe out the Electoral Fraud of 1876!

Wipe out imperialism.

Wipe out the bribe taker and the perjurer of the Credit Mobilier.

Wipe out De Golyerism. Wipe out bribes in the form of fees to members of Congress who hold the purse strings of the nation.

Wipe out forever the attempt to convert the honest and free republic of our fathers into a government of brute force and fraud

Wipe out JAMES ABRAM GARFIELD, the disgraced, tainted, and shameful candidate of the Republican party!

Wipe out the party that is guilty of such Frauds, and that outrages common sense with such a candidate!

Lumber! Lumber!

J. B. Rhinehart has been appointed agent of the Springfield Mill Co. He can offer better figures for Lumber now than ever before. All kinds of building lumber delivered on short notice and at very low figures. Don't fail to see Rhinehart before ordering elsewhere. We propose to sell lumber, and don't forget it.

Insurance.

Underwood Bros. are representing four of the most popular and reliable Insurance Companies on this Coast to-wit—Connecticut of Hartford; New Zealand, of Auckland; Commercial Union, of London; Hamburg & Bremen of Hamburg; representing a capital of over \$29,000,000 gold coin. "Don't wait till the horse is stolen before you lock the stable door."

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boesche, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the patient in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Beware of medicines of similar names, lately introduced Boesche's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Sample bottle, 10 cents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dissolution Notice.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT THE FIRM of Hanna & Beattie has this day been dissolved, and Mr. Beattie's interest in the book accounts has been transferred to Mr. Hanna, and he alone is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. All persons indebted to them will come forward at once and settle their accounts.

This 14th day of Sept. A. D. 1880.

HANNA,

D. BEATTIE.

Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned administrator of the estate of John McDonald, deceased, has filed his account, for final settlement, and that the first Monday in November, 1880 is set for final hearing.

M. C. McDONALD,

Administrator.

Dog Licenses.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the dog tax is now due, and parties owing dogs must pay the same to the Recorder within ten days from the date of this notice, or the marshal will confiscate and dispose of them according to the provisions of the law.

H. C. HUMPHREY, Recorder.

COATS FOR SALE

The undersigned have a lot of 500 first-class Angora Goats for sale in lots and on terms to suit purchasers. For further particulars inquire of JACOB GILLESPIE, or J. M. NELSON, Eugene City, Or.

Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT by virtue of an order of the County Court of Lane County, Oregon, made at the September term, 1880, thereof, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in said county, on the 26th day of October, 1880, the following real estate, to-wit: Lot 1 and 2, in Sec. 28, Town. 17, S. R. 2 W., in Lane county, Oregon, to satisfy the claim against the estate of Daniel Harkins deceased.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day.

GEO. M. MILLER, Administrator.

B. F. DORRIS,

DEALER IN

Stoves.

Ranges,

Pumps,

Pipes,

Metals,

Tinware.

AND

House Furnishing Goods Generally

Wells Driven Promptly

AND

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Willamette Street,

Eugene City, Oregon.

OPPOSITION

IS THE

LIFE OF TRADE

SLOAN BROTHERS

WILL DO WORK CHEAPER than any other shop in town.

HORSES SHOD FOR \$2 CASH.

With new material, all round. Resetting old Shoes \$1.

es. All warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on the Corner of 8th and Olive Streets.

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM

Chas. M. Horn,

PRACTICAL GUNSMITH.

DEALER IN GUNS, RIFLES, Fishing Tackle and all articles. Repairing done in the best style and warranted. Sewing machines, Safes, Locks, etc., repaired.

Guns loaned and ammunition furnished.

Shop on Willamette st. opposite Astor House

S Rosenblatt & Co

Are closing out their well known business in Eugene City, and offer for the next 90 days

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS FOR CASH!

TO REDUCE STOCK.

CLOTHING DRY GOODS HATS BOOTS AND SHOES MUST BE SOLD.

EVERYTHING AT CLOSING OUT PRICES!

As one of the partner's will withdraw from business.

ROSENBLATT & CO, Eugene City.

All who know themselves in debt to the above firm on account or Note, will please settle by the first of December 1880.

New Departure !!

TWO PRICES!

CASH AND CREDIT.

PATRONIZE THE MEN WHO HELP TO BUILD YOUR BRIDGES, ROADS AND SCHOOL HOUSES, whose interests are your interests! Are permanently located and spend their profits at home. Take notice that

A. V. PETERS,

Will sell goods for CASH at greatly reduced prices, as low as any other CASH STORE.

Best Prints 16 and 18 yards.....\$1 00
Best Brown and Bleached Muslins, 7, 8, 9, and 10 cts.
Clarks and Brooks spool cotton 75 cts per Doz.
Plain and Milled Flannels, 25, 35, 45 and 50 cts.
Water Proof, cents.
Fine White Shirts, 75 cts and \$1.
Fine Cheviot Shirts, 50, 75 cts and \$1.
New Assortment Dress Goods (No Trash) 35, 20 and 25 cts.
Mens' Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, 50 cts.
Mens' Overshirts, 75 cts. and \$1.
Mens' Overalls, 50, 65, 75 cts and \$1.
Embroideries and Edgings at Fabulous Low Prices.

And all Other Goods at Proportionate Rates.

Also the Celebrated

WHITE SEWING MACHINE!

(None better for strength, size, and durability). At greatly reduced rates.

To my old Customers, who have stood by me so long, I will continue to sell on same terms as heretofore on time, but if at any time they wish to make CASH purchases, I will give them the full credit of my reduction.

A. V. PETERS

S. M. FRIENDLY.

HAS JUST OPENED FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO EUGENE.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING Has been largely increased and we can show as handsome a line of ready made goods in MEN'S AND BOYS' BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS As can be found in the country, and at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT is well filled with a splendid assortment of all leading styles and fashionable shades of goods. EMPRESS CLOTHS, MOHAIR, and AMERICAN DRESS GOODS, Plaid, Plain and Opera Flannels of all colors. Bleached & Unbleached Cotton Flannels. Ladies' And Gen's Underwear, SHAWLS and SCARFS. WOOL BLANKETS, ALL COLORS. Trunks and Traveling Satchels, HATS and CAPS in the leading Styles. OIL CLOTHS for floor and table use. BOOTS AND SHOES. We would call special attention to our stock Mens' and Boys' San Francisco Boots. Which we have sold for a number of years with great satisfaction. Every pair warranted. A complete stock of HARDWARE, PLOWS, AND FARMING UTENSILS. CHOICE TEAS, CANNED GOOD And all choice FAMILY GROCERIES.. astonishingly low rates. LIVERPOOL & CARMEN ISLAND SALT Highest price for all kinds of produce and

WOOL S. H. FRIENDLY.

HAVE FOR sale

at the LOWEST

Rates.

IRON, STEEL,

AXES, ANVILS,

NAILS, ROPE,

Cable Chains,

and Pocket

UTILITY.

NS, PISTOLS,

AMMUNITION

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS,

Blasting Powder,

Fishing Tackle,

Etc., Etc.

We invite an exam

ination of our goods,

confident that our

stock will suit the

times.

Robinson & Church,

DEALERS IN

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE

HAVE THE

Best Selected Stock in Oregon.

WM IRVING!

HAS ON HAND AND MANUFACTURES

HACKS AND SPRING WAGONS,



I am Prepared to Make to order Buggies and Wagons.

As My Facilities are equal to any Establishment in the State,

I can Promise My Patrons First-Glass Work in every Respect