Firing on Horseback.

The last Friday of the Wimbledon meeting is always one of the most popular days for visitors, as it is fullest of practical lessons for the volunteers. apart from the mere mastery of accurate shooting. The Loyd, Lindsay and the Mappin prizes were instituted with the object of testing what calvary and infantry volunteers could no under conditions similar in many respects to those that would have to be encountered on active service. In the one, Yeoman mounted riflemen, or volunteer light horse, have to ride a distance of threequarters of a mile, taking two flights of hurdles in the course, dismounting at has to be performed, only the distance to be covered is only a quarter of a mile, and the time allowed is five minutes. At the Loyd-Lindsay course yesterday afternoon a considerable number of spectaand on foot, had gathered, and they evidently watched the proceedings with this team, first, because of the rifles they much the same kind of interest that used, which the council very properly would be taken by country folk in their | held to be in accordance with the conditeams engaged. after 3 o'clock, and for two hours and a result from Major Thompson.-London half the spectators were delighted by a Daily News, July 26th. display of good riding, soldierly bearing and skillful markmanship under difficult circumstances. The Aryshire section was the first to start, and they did the course in eight seconds less than the prescribed time, but in their shooting there was evidence of hurry. The misses were frequent and the good hits very few. Then came the Dorset section, distinguished by the silver hussar braiding of their jackets, and sitting their horses as hunting men from the Blackmoor Vale should do. It was not the same section that had previously attained fame at Wimbledon, and there was a want of smartness about the movements of the men, which proclaimed slight acquaintance with the requirements of such a and 22 seconds, and in the forty rounds fired by the four men at 500 and 600 yards, they only scored 15 points altogether. From this five points had to be deducted from each half minute occupied over the time laid down. As the Dorsett section had exceeded the allowance by nearly a minute and a half, their net number of marks stood at exactly nothing. Then came the Leicestershire D section, which like the Ayrshire, fired far too hastily. They made the best time of all, and came home in admirable order in 9 minutes, 37 seconds, but they only scored 18 marks between them. The Leicestershire G troop took more time, but scored only two points more, and of this number ten had to be deducted. Then came another section of the Ayrshire regiment, which not only moved very leisurely, but also shot badly. The Leicestershire A section made both good time and good shooting, and came back from the firing points in almost perfect order, showing that they could not only ride like true followers of the Quorn and Cottesmore. but that they had acquired something of the discipline of regular troopers. The Oxfordshire C section followed. They were slow in getting their aim, and did not seem to be making good practice at the target, but they came home well in line, and but for the misplaced enthusiasm of one of their number, who forgot that a cavalry soldier should never have a whip-hand, or at all events should never use it as such, their work would have been very well done. The Royal Bucks, mounted on good weight carriers, behaved in much more soldierly fashion. They rode well and shot with precision. They only took 9 minutes and 40 seconds to do the course, and got on the very respectable number of 61 points before they left the targets. The Oxfordshire D troop looked very soldierly and moved well. After scoring a fair number of hits at the 500 yards range, they remounted very smartly, and getting back to the 600 yards firing point quickly and in good order, got on the target at the first shot. Firing at regular intervals with deliberation, but without delay, they scored hit after hit. Presently, however, the wind shifted, and seemed to puzzle them somewhat, as it blew the smoke straight up the range, obscuring the target and necessitating a hazardous delay. Directly the bugle sounded to cease fire, however, they mounted with alacrity and came back in good order, riding well; and, although one of the horses hit the last flight of hurdles rather hard, their line was never broken until the post had been reached. The Warwickshire second section went down the course in dashing style, sitting their horses in true soldierly manner. Their shooting at the first range was rapid, and appeared somewhat wild. At 600 yards they were equally quick in getting to work, but scarcely more successful in settling to their aim. Then they tried what slower shooting would do, and got in several hits, but at the sacrifice of much time, which they endeavored to make up afterward, with the result that they came back a little raggedly, one or two of them using their hands and heels a little more vigorously than a cavalry martinet would be likely to approve of The Warwickshire first section was ad-

mirably mounted, and the men kept their dressing well as they topped the hurdles in good hunting style. They got through their twenty rounds at 500 yards quickly, and nearly every shot seemed to tell. At the next range, however, they wasfed much time, and reaped little benefit from over-deliberation; but they were very quick in remounting, and though they came back at racing speed they kept their dressing well to the end. The delay at 600 yards, however, handicapped them fifteen points. The Worcestershire men when they got the command, "Gallop march," went away as if each were struggling for the lead, and they jumped the first flight of hurdles almost in Indian style. At firing they did not make so much progress either in time or points, and the limits of the minutes had been passed long before the last round was fired. As they were coming home the inevitable dog crossed the course, two of the horses shying, swerved and carromed against the others. For a moment it looked as if all must come to grief, but fortunately they kept their seats and cleared the hurdles without any mishap. All three sections had fired

Telegraph.

with Wesley-Richards carbines, but the ast to start, the Royal First Devon Yeomanry, carried their short Sniders slung across their backs, according to the fashion of the Indian irregulars. Smart and soldierly in their scarlet uniforms, with royal blue facings, they proved worthy of the reputation that was won along ago by their countrymen of the Devon mounted rifles. They cleared the hurdles well, but, unaccustomed to the course, they went too fast, and one horse, having broken a rein, carried his rider far beyond the first firing point before he could be pulled up. At 500 yards they got on the target once, and steadily kept there without a single miss. At 600 yards they did not do so well, but still they finished with a more brilliant score two points, and, firing, each man five than has been made by any of the other rounds, and the whole has to be done in competitors-a score that could bear a ten minutes. In the other similar work reduction of fifteen points for excess of time and yet win. Admirably they rode back as they had started, erect in the saddle and soldierly in bearing, amid loud cheers from the spectators, who had hailed the ring of every hit on the target tors, on horseback, in carriages or drags with an encouraging shout of "Bravo, Protests were lodged against Devon!" used, which the council very properly local steeple-chases. For this competitions, and secondly, on the ground that tion thirteen sections had entered, and three men had dismounted to fire at one rarely indeed has the contest for the time, instead of only two. Both objecprize been closer or so distinguished by tions were overruled, and the Devon higher proficiency on the part of the men were officially declared the winners, It commenced soon when the sections assembled to learn the

Russian Prisoners.

In communicating the following particulars respecting the abominable treatment to which the Russian Nihilist prisoners are subject, I wish to impress upon your readers that, bent upon avoiding all exaggeration or coloring of facts, I have confined the narrative to such statements as I have been able to derive from unbiased and trustworthy persons-eye-witnesses themselves of the horrors revealed to me. Though my hand quivers with indignation as I pen competition. Their time was 11 minutes | this dispatch, not one charge against the Russion authorities shall be intensified by any emphasis of my own. The appalling evidence of Russian barbarity, of which I have obtained possession, is sufficiently eloquent in itself. It cries to Heaven for vengeance; but ere that comes let the rulers of civilized Europe meditate this chapter of human misery and woe, and let them bid Russia stay the course of her revolting deeds. During the second fortnight of last month a person whose testimony is above suspicion visited a ship at anchor at Odessa, fitted out for the transportation of Nihilist convicts to the Island of Saghalien. He describes it as a man-of-war of about 4,000 tons, freshly painted white. On going below deck, he found that on either side of a narrow passage ironbarred cages had been constructed which, he says, were exactly similar to those used for wild animals. These cages were of different sizes, and contained from four to twenty convicts each. The rule observed was that such among them as showed any disposition to be unruly were confined i cages so as to be more easily watched. The gentleman who visited the ship estimates the number of these wretched people at 750, most of whom had come by rail from the interior, heavily chained together by small groups. They were to keep their chains during the journey, and my informant says the sinister noise they produced was distinctly audible long ere he reached the ship. Unable to control his feelings, he observed to the officer in command that his closelypacked cargo, chained together in a place where there was absolutely no ventilation, would never survive the passage of the Suez Canal, the Red Sea and the Indian Ocean, to which the Russian officer cynically replied: "Well, so much the better for all parties if they do not." He accompanied this astounding remark by a significant glance, which his interlocutor took to imply, "Don't you understand, that is precisely what we expect?" The same ship was visited at another place on her outward voyage, and on competent authority it was ascertained that not one-third of the unfortunate prisoners on board could possibly reach their destination alive. But my information is not confined to this one instance. The Nijni Novrogod, formerly known as the Saxonia of the Hamburg and New York line of steamers, but since purchased for the Russian volunteer fleet, arrived at Port Said under Russian colors and manned by Russian sailors, at the end of last month. She had 590 convicts on board, for the most part Nihilists condemned to be transported to the Island of Saghalien. The Suez Canal Company raised the question as to whether this ship, which was known to have sailed under merchant colors on her last journey from Marseilles to Odessa, and which belongs neither to Russian Government nor to the Russian transport service, but which was freighted for the volunteer fleet, should be considered as a ship of war. The discussion resulted in the Nijni Novrogod being treated as a ship of war, under protest of the Russian Consul. Now, the question just raised caused a stoppage of three days, during which the convicts on board were literally left to roast in the heat, which at this time of the year is terrible. Their torture was prolonged for twenty-two mortal hours, because the Russian authorities hoped to deceive the Suez Canal Company. But this is not all. The same vessel is to perform the same voyage with a similar cargo four times in the course of the present year; and, be it observed, other ships are engaged in the same traffic. All the ghastly tales that were told during the late war are surpassed by the cold-blooded cruelty of the Russian authorities towards the Nihilist convicts. What precedes refers only to those who are sentenced to transportation; but the fate of the Nihilist prisoners at home is no less horrible, and the exclamation of the Russian Captain that if his wards died from the effects of the atrocious treatment to which they were subject, it would be so much the better for all parties, might be appropriately repeated by the director of every jail in the Russian Empire. - Vienna Dispatch to London FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial. MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 1, 1879.

BAN FRANCISCO, Sept. I. Nxw Yoax, Sept. 1.—Silver bullion, 11. U. S. Bonds—5s, 24; 4s, 14; 4 4; 4; 4. Closed—4s 2; 44; 4; 4; 5s, 23; 43; 44; ex coupon. LONDON, Sept. 1.—Consols—27 11-16; 5s, 5); 4);

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET.

San Francisco, Sept. 1. Wheat—Easier: shipping, \$1 65@1 67\\(2): milling Flour—Oregon and Walls Walls firm.
Oats—Fair to good, \$1 25@1 35; choice to extra choice, \$1 40@1 45.
Potatoes—Unchanged. Wool-Unchanged. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 1.—Wheat—Spot, quiet.

Beerbohm English Wheat Report. London Sept. 1. Floating cargoes, quiet but steady; demand for

Floating cargoes, quiet but steady; demand for continent continues.

Cargoes on passage and for prompt shipment, very little inquiry.

Good cargoes off coast—No. 1 spring wheat, medium Chleago or Milwaukee, 480 lbs. sea damage for sellers' account, less usual 2½ per commission, 42x 6d; red winter, 46s; California, 300 lbs. 47s.

Good shipping California wheat on passage, per 500 lbs. Queensown for orders, just shipped or to be promptly shipped, 47s; nearly due, 47s 6d.

Fair average Chicago or Milwaukee for shipment present month and following one, per 480 lbs American terms, 44s.

present mount and nonwing one, per 450 ha American terms, 41s.

Weather in England shows signs of improving. Lavarnoot. Sept. 1—Wheat—epot. firmly held. No. 1 standard, per cental. 98 9d; No. 2 standard, per ctl. 98 4d; red winter, per ctl. 98, white Michigan, 98 5d; red American spring, No. 3 to No. 2, shipping, per ctl, 88@88 9d.

Gold and Stock Company's Report.

San Francisco, Aug. 20, Wheat-Quiet and steady, but not so strong as

late.

Berley—Choice new brewing in good demand at 85 cents.

Corn—Quiet and unchanged.

Flour—Steady, with little doing.

Grain Bags—Quotable at 8366834c.

Rice—China mixed, \$4 75.

Coffee—Duil.

Exerc—Oregon closed out at 35c choice will bring.

Eggs-Oregon closed out at 30c; choice will bring Hops-California, sales of choice new at 20c; old

Hops—California, sales of choice new at 20c; old at 123cc.

Hides—Market stiff.
Grain Bazs—Sales at auction at 83c@83/4c.
Receipts during the past twenty-four hours—2000 qr sks flour, 33.000 ctls wheat, 1600 ctls oats, 3000 s potatoes, 13,000 doz eggs. Charters—Br ship Loch Doon loads to Liverpool

AN ENTERPRISING HOUSE.

MESSRS. SHINDLER & CHADBOURNE'S ESTABLISHMENT.

In none of her enterprises does Portland show her supremacy over other cities on the northwest coast more than in her wholesale trade, and in no branch of business has she made mere rapid strides than in furniture. Among the firms which have kept pace with the growth of Portland, and which to day stand high in the estimation of their fel low merchants, and their customers, is the well known firm of

MESSES SHINDLER & CHADBOURNE. Mr. Shindler, the senior member, com-menced business in this city in 1857 as a member of the firm of Hurgren & Shindler, who started a furniture establishment at the corner of First and Salmon streets. They continued in business until 1873, when the great fire in August of that year reduced their factory to ashes. The same year, through the exertions of Mr. Shindler the Oregon Furniture Manufacturing Company was estab-lished, he remaining vice-president and principal manager for three and one-half years. In September, 1877, Mr. Shindler entered into partnership with Mr. F. S. Chadbourne, one of the largest furniture manufacturers and dealers in San Francisco, and began business on a grand scale at No. 166 First street, between Morrison and Yamhill. The junior member, Mr. F. S. Chadbourne, is the principal partner of F. S. Chadbourne & Co., of San Francisco, and is a most thorough merchant. Mr. Shindler's reputation for integrity, ability and energy is so well known here as to require no mention at our hands.

Mr. F. S. Chadbourne is here on a business

and pleasure trip, and Wednesday AN EXCURSION TO WILLSBURG

was planned to give the party an opportunity to see and admire the scenery along the banks of the river and to visit the factory. At 10 o'clock A. M., Messrs. G. Shindler, F. S. Chadbourne, D. N. Walter of San Francisco, and an Oregonian reporter, started up the river on the east side in a barouche, behind splendid team of bays. After arriving at Willsburg, four miles north of this city, the willsburg, four miles north of this city, the party alighted and proceeded to inspect the factory. The main building is two and a half stories high, 60x80 feet, and has an L 40x50 feet. It was purchased by the firm last February. There is an excellent water February. There is an excellent water power and the supply is ample, even at a low stage of the creek, to turn all the machinery. The factory is fitted with the very latest improved lathes, bandsaws, planers, etc. The firm en-deavors as much as possible to encourage home productions, by using Oregon lumbers. The factory, in which a large number of men are employed, is devoted especially to making ash and maple chamber suites, counting house and school furniture, chairs and tables They were finishing yesterday, the remain-der of six hundred desks for the new Park school building. One hundred feet north of the factory there is a spacious dry house and all lumber is thoroughly seasoned and dried before being made into furniture Me-srs. S & C. are making arrangements to construct a switch to connect the factory with the O & C. R. R., and to erect a telephone to connect with their First street store, Additions to their buildings and machinery are in contemplation for next season.

contemplation for next season.

After inspecting the factory, the party sharpened their appetites by a brisk walk about the grounds, and then did ample justice to a finely prepared lunch. They then drove up to Milwaukie, crossed to the west side and returned by the White House road. They stopped at the brick warehouse, northeast corner of Front and Main streets. The basement, 25x80 feet, is completely filled with ment, 25x80 feet, is completely filled with chairs and furniture, in "knock down" state, chairs and furniture, in knock down kade, ready for shipment to distant points where freights are heavy. The ground floor is also used for storing duplicate furniture and for the upholstering department. The party then

drove to their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WAREROOMS, Nos. 166 First and 167 Front streets, through which our reporter was shown by the cour-tesy of Mr. Shindler. The First atreet de-partment contains the firm's stock of carpets from the cheapest ingrain to the finest Brusseis; rugs, mats, footstoors, oilcloths, window shades and fixtures, and uphoistering mateshades and fixtures, and upnots ering material; wall papers, especially those of the latest designs; mirrors; lace curtains and lambrequins, gilt and walnut mouldings. In the Front street department is a spiendid array of bed-room sets, tables, oak and walnut cane seat chairs, fancy and easy chairs in

great variety.

In the First street department, up stairs, In the First street department, up stairs, on the north side of the room are arranged a large lot of finechamber suits, and through the center are marble top, library, fine dining and center tables. On the south side are lounges of every description, a long row of ladies walnut writing desks, and ash and walnut side boards of rich design. In the rear of the

com are several sets of farniture, upholstered in white muslin, ready for such covering as the purchaser may select. Overhead and along the walls, hang an immense number of chairs, from low priced walnut to the finest library chair. Passing through a short hall into the second story of the Front street department. department, we came upon the finer grades of furniture for parlor, drawing room and library. The center of the room is filled with damask sets, one of drab and crimson, and one of drab and delicate blue being particularly attention. one of drap and deficate due being parter-larly attractive. About the walls is an array of fine chiffonnieres, book cases, stationery and revolving secretaries, and wardrobes with plain and with mirrored doors.

Adjoining the second story on the south, in the rooms above D W. Prentice & Co., is the department devoted to every description of office desks and counting house furniture of which the firm makes specialties. In the rear of this department, is an additional up-

holstering room.

Excellence of workmanship, and perfect finish are characteristic of all the goods throughout the warercoms, and their con-venient, tasteful arrangement is truly admir-

Messrs. Shindler & Chadbourne have just furnished R. Saux's hotel at Lewiston and secured the contract for all the interior fittings of Thos. Smith's new hotel at The Dalles, now in process of erection. Being both man-ufacturers and importers their facilities are such that they can secure to purchasers every possible advantage, and all orders entrusted to their care receive the same attention as though the purchaser were there in person. Satisfaction is guaranteed in all cases.

It is a universal fact, and conceded to by their competitors that this firm have the finest warerooms and most elegant stock of goods north of San Francisco, and there only surpassed in a few instances. To our readers we would suggest a visit to this mammoth establishment, as we are firmly convinced that it will be a great saving of time and money and a second visit is sure to follow.

Helminthology.—Of late years no de partment of natural history has attracted more attention than that of the study of internal parasites in man and other animals. To the great multitude and variety of creatures thus found, associate ed by one common habit of life, have zoologists given the general name of Helminths, which are a peculiar fauna destined at some time in their lives to occupy an equally peculiar territory. That territory is the wide-spread domain of the interior of living animal bodies to which, alas, poor humanity forms no exception. It is unpleasant to think that we may at any time become a prey to these dangerous and mischievous depredators. We were lead to these reflections by a recent visit to Dr. Van Denberg's office when he had just completed the expulsion of 670 worms from Mr. Lehman, who stated that he had suffered for 12 years. They were all small, about one and a half inches in length, excepting one-a nondescript about three inches long, an attrocious rascal of forbidding appearance. Dr. Van Denberg is the reat worm exterminator of the century Read his advertisement in another column.

Portland **Business Directory** PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

CARDWELL, W. B.—S. E. cor. First and Mor rison, over Morse's Palace of Art.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. DAMS, W. H.-9 Dekum's Building, corner Washington and First.

DENTIST.

SMITH, DR. E. O .- 167 First street, SMITH, D. Portland.

TO PRINTERS. We nave 300 pounds of Brevier in excellent order, which we will sell for 35 cents per pound. W. D. PALMER, Portland.

M. B. WALLACE, SECRET DETECTIVE Promptly stended to. Cor. 4th and Salmon.

MONEY LOANED — GOODS BOUGHT— A. WOOD & CO., Principal Real Estate Agent Pertland

FOR SALE.

A Rare Chance for a Small, Good Pay-ing Investment in Portland. NEW MILLINERY STORE-GOODS. A Fixtures and Furniture, all new—excel-lent location, fine store, splendid trade secured, and future success assured. Will be sold at a discount, as owner is going East.
For information apply or address Telegram Office, Portland, Oregon.

LIME! LIME:

The undersigned having been appointed agents

"EUREKA" SAN JUAN LIME.

Would respectfully call the attention of dealers and contractors to that brand before purchasing elsewhere. We shall endeavor to keep a full supply on hand at all times and at the lowest marke WADHAMS & ELLIOTT.

NORTON HOUSE, P. NORTON, - Proprietor.

First and Catreets, Portland, Ogn. THIS HOUSE IS NEWLY BUILT, IS A fire-proof brick, newly furnished through-out, for the accommodation of the traveling pubin general. Two blocks from the steamship d O. S. N. Co.'s docks. Second to none. Board and lodging per day, \$1 and upwards, according to room, Free coach to and from the jy23-1m souse.



PREPARES FOR BUSINESS NO THE PRACTICAL DUTIES OF LIFE A In a systematic course of instruction in Bookkeeping, Business Forms, Business Arithmetic, Penmanship and the English branches.
For full information address
DEFRANCE & WHITE, Portland, Or.

McKINSTRY'S PATENT ELASTIC, FIRE & WATER-PROOF PAINT!

For Roofing both on Tin and Shingles THE BEST PRESERVATIVE OF TIN AND

AHE BEST PRESERVATIVE OF TIX AND alongle roofs in the world. Wit stop leaks on any roof. We refer by permission to J. P. Donovan, Jules Knapp, Alisky & Hegesic Belashmutt & Oatman, and other citizens of Portland. The paint will be supplied by Hodge, Davis & Co., Portland, at \$1 50 per gallon. Each gallon will orver 2½ aquares tin and 1 square shingle roof—but one coat is necessity of the paint week packs. and I square stringle root-out-one one pack-easary. Full directions accompany each pack-age. All information with regard to the paint can be had by addressing McKINSTRY & HENDRY, Portland, Or.

BISHO'P SCOTT CRAMMAR SCHOOL.



THIS INSTITUTION REOPENS SEPT. 24, 1879, WITH J. W. HILL, B. A. AS HEAD MASTER assisted by a full corps of experienced teachers. The set ool is designed to meet the wants o those fitting for college or for business. The course of study is carefully graded, and individual attention secured to every pupil, and especial pains taken with the younger scholars. The boarder are considered members of the Head Muster's family and treated accordingly. Pupils may enter a any time and pay from date of entrance. For further information or cutalogue, address Master, J. H. HILL, B. A., or the Rector, the Rt. Rev. B. W. MOERIS, D. D., Portland.

Dr. J. P. P. Van Denbergh, Sr No 212 First St., bet. Taylor & Salmon, Portland, Oregon.

THE GREAT WORM EXTERMINATOR

inie of San Francisco Would inform the sick generally that about 46 years extensive practice of medicine and surgery in Europa and the United States, of which 29 have been in California, has, by close observation and great experiments come to the conclusion that there are more acute and chonic diseases by worms, hyadadids, animacules or othe, species of enterea. The public generally, or the profession at large, are not awar of the number of patients who are treated by eminent physicians for this, that, or such a complaint, without any selief. If the disease has been understood, a few doses of Dr. Van Denberg's Sovereign Worm Remedy would have immediately carred the complaint, and have saved many a great many tives. Dr. Van Denbergh's has collected a large variety of California roots and herbs, which, by analyzing, clew observation and extensive experiments, he can conscientiously say that he has discovered new remedies for successful cure of the following diseases.

Dyspepsia, Chronic Affections of the Liver and Wid-

can conscientionary say that he has discovered new remedies for successful cure of the following diseases.

Dyspepsia, Chronic Affections of the Liver and Ridneys, first and second stages of Consumption, White Swelling, Palsy, Spermatorrhox or Local Weakness, Norvous Debility, Epileptic Fits, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diarrhea, Incontinence of Urine, Gravel, Fluor Albus, Diabetes, Dropsy, and all those diseases which are known under the name of Veneraal, such as Syphilis, in all its forms, Gonorrhea, tilest, Strictures, False Passages, Inflammation of the Bladder and Prestrate Glands, Excertations, Postules, Piles, Pimples, Blotches and all Cotteneous Emptions of the Skin. Cancer Timors cared with or without operation. In recent Veneraci Jiseasos the Dootor effects a cure in from three to six days, or no charge.

For the cyos, ear and threat, Dr. Van Denbergh possess; new and invaluable remedies.

Dr. Van Denbergh would advise these bidies troubled with Irregularities of the Uterus to try his new remedies and get cured.

Dr. Van Denbergh, Infallible Worm Syrup for Chill.

Dr. Van Denbergh, Infallible Worm Syrup for Chill.

Dr. Van Denbergh would advise those holies troubled with friegotarities of the Uterus to try his new remedies and get cured.

Dr. Van Denbergh's Infallible Worm Syrup for Children. Price \$1. Warranted to expet the worms, or this money refunded.

By consulting and undergoing a simple examination, the afflected can learn if their diseases are caused by worms or not; at all events, Dr. Van Denbergh can tell them from what diseases they are suffering.

Consultations and examinations free of charge, in all cases. Dr. Van Denbergh guarantees in all cases, to expet the worms, or to charges.

A Large Teacup Full of Worms Ex-

This is to certify that Dr. Van Denbergh expelled a large teacup full of worms from me, some measuring eight to ten inches in length, and now I teel like a new man again. I reside on Twenty-second street, between K and F, Portland, Oregon.

A. LUMSDEN.

Over 2000 Worms Expelled.
One bottle of Dr. Van Denbergh's Worm Syrup expelled over 2000 worms from my son 12 years of age.
E. S. GRIFFITH, 59 Salmon strees.
FORTLAND, MAY 21, 1879.

Murder Will Ont. Murder Will Ont.

One bottle of Dr. Van Den Bergin's Worm Syrup expelled ever 2000 worms from my son Louis, and had the effect of curing him of Nervous Spasms. I reside on Eighteenth and one-half street between P and Q.

PORTLAND. OREGON, JUNE 24, 1879

A Life Saved when Death Seemed Inevitable.

A Life Saved when Benth Seemed Inevitable.

San Francisco, March 4, 1879.

This is to certify that I had been imporing for fifteen years with a complication of chronic diseases and for months confined to my bed without receiving any benefit from many eminent dectors who attended made fiven up to die by the physicians and my friends, I was taken to Dr. J. P. P. Van Deabergh, sculor, office No. 523 Sixth street, S. F., unable to stand or walk alone, after a close and carrful eminiation Dr. V. said all my silments and misery were created by a specie of worma, and to my and my friends surprise, the boetor exp lied from me over 3,000 well developed worms within two hours which gave me immediate relative that was alike to walk and did walk on the nidewalk edg it days afterwards and two weeks after the well a serve expelled I weigh nine pounds more than I discover I believe I should now be dead but for the skillrul treatment o Dr. J. P. P. Van Denbergh's seving my life is considered by myself and friends a miracle.

E. B. LOVINE.

I certify that the above facts are true and I have known Mr. E. B. LOVINE.

CHAS. C. O'DONNELL, M. D.,

Office 804 Kearny street, San Francisco.

Office 804 Kearty street, San Francisco.

A Card.

Dr. J. P. P. Van Denkeut.—Dear Sir: I doesn it my duty to make the following statement: For the last three years I have been suffering with constant gnawing pain and a quivering semanton in my atomach; also pain in my chost and heart; my foor would not digest, and I was so nervous that it was with difficulty I could follow my occupation, which has been here in Salem for the past ten years, as a practical dontiet. In fact, from from the constant pain and misery, I had wasted to a mere skeleton. I had been doctoring a great deal without any benefit, and believing there was no help for me but to linger on until death would relieve me of my suffering. Some of my friends thought I had worms, and had better see Dr. Van Denbergh. He told me at once that worms were the cause of all my troubles, so he gave me five small powders, and in about four hours about 700 worms, from one inch to one and one half inches long, came away from ne that day, and the following night some more came, and I am now happy to any I feel like another man again, and one gaining strength from day to day.

Another Slaughter.

Another Slaughter. I would state to the public that I have been afflicted for about ten years and doctoring for near-ly every complaint with many reputed good phy-sicians, without any relief, until I consulted Dr. van Den Bergh, Sr., who said worms were the cause of my complaint. By taking five of his worm powders I passed 670 worms in five hours. They are about one and a quarter inches in height. Now all my ailments and pains seem to have left me altogether. I reside at No. 127 Stark street.

Joseph Lerman. Stark street. Josep PORTLAND, On., August 2d, 1879.

Nix Hundred and Eighty-Three Worms
Expelled.

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