

# THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE DISSEMINATION OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES, AND TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING BY THE SWEAT OF OUR BROW.

WHOLE NO. 552.

EUGENE CITY, OR., SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1878.

\$2.50 per year IN ADVANCE.

## The Eugene City Guard.

F. H. ALEXANDER, W. H. ALEXANDER.

### ALEXANDER BROS.,

OFFICE—In Underwood's Brick Building, over Express Office.

#### RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements inserted as follows: One square, 10 lines or less, one insertion \$3, each subsequent insertion \$1. Cash required in advance. Time advertisers will be charged at the following rates: One square three months..... \$6 00 " " six months..... 12 00 " " one year..... 24 00 Transient notices in local columns, 20 cents per line for each insertion. Advertising bills will be rendered quarterly. All job work must be paid for on delivery.

#### POSTOFFICE.

Office Hours—From 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays from 9 to 11 a. m. Mail arrives from the north and leaves going north 10 a. m. Arrives from the north and leaves going south at 2:30 p. m. For Siuslaw, Franklin and Long T. m. close at 6 a. m. on Wednesdays. For Crawfordville, Camp Creek and Brownsville at 1 p. m. Letters will be ready for delivery half an hour after a trial of trains. Letters should be left at the office one hour before mail departure.

#### SOCIETIES.

EUGENE LODGE No. 11, A. F. and A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month. SEYMOUR LODGE No. 9, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening. WISAWHALL ENCAMPMENT No. 6, G. Meets on the 21 and 28th Wednesdays in each month.

#### LON CLEAVER,

### DENTIST,

Eugene City, Oregon. (Late of the firm of Smith & Cleaver, Albany.) ROOMS OVER GRANGE STORE, first door to the right, up stairs. Formerly office of G. W. Fitch. Produce taken in exchange. my3f

#### Millinery and Dress Making.

### Mrs. S. A. McCain

Wishes to call the attention of everyone to her new stock of Spring Goods, such as HATS, BONNETS, Etc., Etc. Dresses of every style made to order on short notice. Give her a call before purchasing elsewhere. apr13at

#### CENTRAL MARKET

### BOYD & RENSNAW, Proprietors.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, BEEF, VEAL, PORK AND MUTTON. Dried Meats of all kinds. Lard, Tallow, etc. Will sell Best in chunks from 3 to 5 cents.

### J. C. Bolon,

### DENTIST.

SUCCESSOR TO WEJSH & BOLON. OFFICE—In Underwood's brick building, over the express office.

### A. W. PATTERSON,

### PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office on Ninth Street, opposite the St. Charles Hotel, and at Residence, EUGENE CITY OREGON.

### Dr J. C. Shields

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Eugene City and surrounding country. Special attention given to all OBSTETRICAL CASES and UTERINE DISEASES entrusted to his care. Office at the St. Charles Hotel.

### DR. JOSEPH P. GILL

CAN BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE or residence on Eighth street, opposite Presbyterian Church.

### WM. B. LAKE,

### Purchasing Agent,

### SAN FRANCISCO,

### LAKE, CAL.

### JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT.

### J. S. LUCKEY,

DEALER IN Clocks, Watches, Chains, Jewelry, etc. Repairing Promptly Executed. All Work Warranted. J. S. LUCKEY, Ellsworth & Co.'s brick, Willamette Street.

### DR. JOHN HERRBOLD,

### SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED TO ROSEBURG, Oregon, where he respectfully offers his services to the citizens of that place and vicinity in all the branches of his profession. If you wish to buy your goods cheap, you must go to the store of

### LURCH BROS.,

### COTTAGE GROVE.

They keep one of the largest stocks of

### General Merchandise

Outside of Portland, and they sell goods cheaper than it can be bought anywhere in the Willamette valley. The firm of Lurch Bros. consists of Aaron Lurch and Ben Lurch.

### DRESS GOODS—NEW STYLES

and low prices. Just received by S. H. FRIENDLY.

### THE BEST SHOES EVER BROUGHT TO

this market, at the lowest prices. T. G. HENDRICKS.

## EUGENE CITY BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### ALEXANDER, J. B.—Justice of the Peace

South Eugene Precinct; office at Court House.

### ABRAMS, W. H. & BRO.—Plumbing mill,

saw, door, blind and moulding manufactory, Eighth street, east of mill race. Everything in our line furnished on short notice and reasonable terms.

### BENTLEY, J. W.—Private boarding house,

southwest corner of Eleventh and Pearl sts.

### BAUSCH, P.—Boot and shoe maker,

Willamette street, second door south of A. V. Peters & Co.

### BAKER, R. F.—Wines, liquors, cigars and

billiards—Willamette street one door north of St. Charles Hotel.

### BOLON, J. C.—Surgical and Mechanical Den-

tist, Underwood's brick, over Express Office.

### BOYD & RENSNAW—Meat Market—beef,

mutton, pork, veal and lamb—Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### COLEMAN, FRANK—Wines, liquors, cigars

and billiards, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### CLEAVER, J. W.—General variety store and

agricultural implements, southeast corner of Willamette and Seventh streets.

### CHAPMAN, E. F.—Gunsmith—repairing

promptly done and work warranted, Eighth street, between Willamette and Olive.

### CHRISMAN, SCOTT—Truck, hack and ex-

pressman. All orders promptly attended to. Office at express office.

### CRAIN BROS.—Dealer in Jewelry, Watch-

es, Clocks and Musical Instruments—Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

### CALLISON, R. G.—Dealer in groceries, pro-

visions, country produce, canned goods, books, stationery, etc., southwest corner Willamette and 9th Sts.

### DORRIS, B. F.—Dealer in Stoves and Tin

ware—Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

### DURANT, WM.—Meat Market—beef, pork,

veal and mutton constantly on hand—Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

### ESPEY, W. W.—Carriage maker and black-

smith, Eighth street, between Willamette and Olive.

### ELLSWORTH & CO.—Druggists and dealers

in paints, oils, etc.—Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### FRIENDLY, S. H.—Dealer in dry goods,

clothing and general merchandise—Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### GUARD OFFICE—Newspaper, book and job

printing office, corner Willamette and Eighth streets, up stairs.

### GRANGE STORE—Dealers in general mer-

chandise and produce, corner Eighth and Willamette streets.

### GILL, J. P.—Physician, Surgeon and Drug-

gist, Postoffice, Willamette street, between Seventh and Eighth.

### HENDRICKS, T. G.—Dealer in general mer-

chandise—northwest corner Willamette and Ninth streets.

### HYMAN, D.—Variety Store and dealer in

furs and skins, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### HODES, C.—Lager beer, liquors, cigars and

a fine pigeon-hole table, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### HENKLE, E. T.—Barber and Fashionable

Hair-Dresser—west side Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

### HARRINGTON, FRANK—Barber, Hair-dress-

er and ba h rooms, east side Willamette st., second door north of St. Charles Hotel.

### HORN, CHAS. M.—Gunsmith. Rifles and

shot-guns, breech and muzzle loaders, for sale. Repairing done in the nearest style and warranted. Shop on 9th street.

### JAMES, B. H.—Stoves, and manufacturer of

Tin and Sheet-iron ware, Willamette street, between Eighth and Ninth.

## PROFESSOR POWELL'S PRONUNCIAMENTO.

From the Mercury.

Professor Powell has become a luminary. He has burst upon the world in a very sudden and effulgent manner with a statement of his views upon school books and school matters in general. To say that he sheds light upon the subject is to put it altogether too mildly. He exudes light from every pore. He perspires light, so to speak. It is but justice to the Professor to say further that his assumption of a luminous character, though it startles us by its suddenness, does not surprise us. It was a thing that was likely to happen at any time. There are but three requisites for the production of a steady artificial light: first, an oleaginous substance; second, a fibrous core, called a wick; and third, ignition. Now we have no hesitancy in saying that the Professor is an oleaginous substance. Hence all he has ever needed was a wick and something to ignite him in order to become a cheap and mild luminary. His nomination as State Superintendent furnished the necessary fibrous core; certain inquisitive letters set him going and behold! *Fit luc!*

We regret to say, however, that the Professor seems to be a somewhat nebulous luminary. His opinions on school matters, as expressed in his letter to the *Oregonian* of the 16th inst., are rather hazy and indistinct. For instance, he says that the Pacific Coast Readers are not his "first choice," but he does not tell us what particular choice they are, nor what Readers are his first choice. He fails to enlighten us also as to what he is going to do about it, in case he should be elected. If he will take the trouble to read the law he will find that the books are selected by the County Superintendents and that the State Superintendent has nothing whatever to do with the matter except to issue the circulars. The Professor's opinion of the looks now in use is not likely, therefore, to be of much importance to anybody in any event.

The Professor is unsatisfactorily nebulous also in what he has to say about voting money out of the treasury to support sectarian schools. What has that to do with the office of State Superintendent? We had not supposed that the Professor could possibly be so wretchedly ignorant of the duties of the position for which he is a candidate as not to know that the Superintendent of Public Instruction has no more power to vote funds from the treasury for the maintenance of sectarian schools or any other kind of schools than he has to make an appropriation to build a lighthouse. It is the business of the Legislature alone "to vote funds out of the treasury" for any purpose. It does not matter, therefore, what the Superintendent thinks about it.

We presume, however, that in the expression of his opinion upon this subject and also upon the school book question, Mr. Powell simply intended to play the demagogue in a ridiculously small way and to make "capital" somehow out of the opposition to the Agricultural College and to the uniform series of text-books. The whole tenor of his card goes to show that he is just that sort of person who would express any opinion upon any subject that might be suggested if he thought he could make a vote by it; and that is just the sort of person for whom the American people have a very hearty contempt.

The manner of Mr. Powell's communication does him as little credit as its matter. No one would imagine from reading it that the author of it was even a decently educated person, much less a scholar. It is such a slovenly piece of composition that any self-respecting school boy would be ashamed of having written it. It abounds in incorrect and inelegant expressions. Take this sentence for instance: "I have received several letters wishing to know how I stand on the Pacific Coast Readers and school matters in general." What a sentence to be written by the President of a Collegiate Institute! "Letters wishing to know," forsooth! Of course the Professor meant to say that the persons who wrote the letters wished to know, and he would probably have so expressed himself if he had been able to write the English language correctly. Every person of ordinary intelligence knows that a letter cannot wish anything. And then the expression "how I stand on the Pacific Coast Readers," is simply

unmitigated slang and is wholly inexcusable in a composition from the pen of a College Professor. The failure to repeat the preposition "on" before the words "school matters" near the close of the sentence is another violation of the rules of composition and leaves the meaning obscure. For aught that appears the noun "matters," may be the object of "know" or of "on" understood, or the subject of "stand."

Take this sentence also: "If churches or private corporations wish to establish schools or found colleges, all well so long as they meet their own expenses and ask not to be fed from the State Treasury." Now grammarians tell us that the verb is the principal word in a sentence, but the Professor has changed all that. The above sentence, if it may be called a sentence, indicates that he is able to get along very comfortably without any verb. In fact there is neither a subject nor predicate to the sentence. "Ask not to be fed from the State Treasury" is another expression that no competent writer of English would use. It has an intolerable twang to a cultivated ear. The "ask not" seems to have been borrowed from some hymn. In the connection in which it is used it is about as appropriate as it would be to say "I go not to school." The latter part of the phrase, "fed from the State treasury," is a sort of underdone metaphor.

Here are half a dozen mistakes in two sentences, and if we had space for it we could pick out a number of other sentences equally faulty. These are enough, however, to show what sort of English the Professor writes. If he should be elected, which is not likely, it would be necessary to hire some competent person to write his reports for him, for it would never do to let it go abroad that the highest educational officer in the State could not express himself in correct English in a dozen consecutive sentences.

#### Clerk and Sheriff.

Some of the Democrats of Lane county have fallen into the habit of voting for the man, irrespective of political differences, more particularly in this case with the Republican Clerk and Sheriff. Under some circumstances this might be justifiable, but at the present time there can be no reasonable excuse for doing so. The Democratic candidate for Clerk, R. M. Veatch, is a thorough graduate, a good surveyor, honest, energetic and capable, and in every respect qualified to discharge the duties of the office.

Mr. J. C. Yates, our candidate for Sheriff, has been a resident of this county for twenty-five years, and is one of the best farmers in the county. He is a man of unimpeachable integrity and is a man of more than ordinary pluck and energy, and is one of the very best selections that could be made in the county. These gentlemen are both unswerving Democrats, and there is no justifiable reason why they should not get the votes of every Democrat in the county. Besides, the present incumbents have held the offices (the two best in the county) for two or three terms each, and have filled their pockets with the emoluments. Rotation in office is a Democratic doctrine as old as the party, and Democrats should act upon that doctrine and permit these gentlemen to retire to private life for a few years.

Will the voters of this State select as their chief executive, a man who was at the backbone of the attempt to defraud Oregon out of an electoral vote?—*Journal*.

Will the voters of this State support the representatives of the party that did defraud the country out of fifteen electoral votes, and installed a fraud in the Presidential chair against the protest of half a million voters?

The Oregon Democrats have robbed the school fund of a large sum in various ways that were dark.—*Journal*.

That lie is as dilapidated as the bloody shirt. Odell has been reiterating it for the last year without producing a particle of proof, and now the editor of the *Journal* has taken up the refrain and is trying to furnish the shabby old thing up so that it will look respectable. This silly balderdash has been exploded so often that the people begin to regard those who make it with contempt.

The editor has gone to confer with the chairman and other members of the Greenback State Central Committee. He will probably be absent a week.—*Labor World*.

Wonder what two penny devilsry Edmunds and the Chairman and other members of the Greenback State Central Committee are up to now. The proceedings of that "conference" would be a fortune to an itinerant two-bit showman.

## RATIFICATION.

The Democrats and anti-Mitchell Republicans of Multnomah county have fused and nominated a joint ticket composed of men of both parties. They held an enthusiastic ratification meeting at Portland on the 18th inst., which was addressed by a number of prominent gentlemen, one of whom was Hon. J. B. Congle, who was a Republican member of the legislature that elected Mitchell. Mr. C. said he did not appear for the purpose of making a speech. He was known as a party man—had scarcely ever scratched his ticket, but had voted straight; but his party for the last two or three years had been run in the interest of two or three men; tickets were set up, and the people did not have any voice in selecting them. He was in the legislature of 1872 and voted for J. H. Mitchell; if God would forgive him for that, he would never be guilty of so mean an act again; he was a free man and would act as a freeman. He had been a Democrat before the war; he had gone off with Union men, but the corruption of the party was driving him back; yet he was not running as a Democrat, but for the sole and only purpose of defeating John H. Mitchell. He had been called names, among others a blind bridle candidate. It was true he had made bridges, and he expected to make blind-bridges to put on the Republican candidates that would blind them so they would never get elected. He believed one-half of the Republicans of Multnomah county would vote the Independent ticket. He described the doings of the Republican convention saying the tickets was set up and it was known beforehand what would be done. Mitchell had done nothing of good for Oregon and ought to be beaten. The people all over the state are determined to break up this infamous corrupt ring of which Mitchell is the head, and any candidate who will not define his position upon this question is fooling away his time in making the canvass.

#### How is This?

The Republican candidate for Governor, C. C. Beekman, is supposed to be a wealthy man, and we believe he is, but as the most of his wealth is invested in San Francisco, it does not appear in the assessment rolls. The amount for which he was assessed last year is as follows:

350 acres of land valued at.....	\$ 4,500
Value of City lots.....	900
Value of improvements.....	1,800
Money, notes and accounts.....	14,630
Household furniture.....	600
One horse.....	75
One head of Cattle.....	15
Gross value of property.....	\$22,530
Amount of indebtedness and property exempt.....	7,194
Total value taxable property.....	\$15,336

Now this assessment appears all right enough on its face, and is a matter which is nobody's business, perhaps, if it were not for another little item which does not show in this statement. Mr. Beekman draws from the State Treasury yearly the sum of \$1,400 as interest on Modoc war bonds. These bonds bear seven per cent. interest, and consequently he must have invested in these bonds the sum of \$20,000. Of course this amount cannot be included in the sum charged above as "money, notes and accounts," as that item is only placed at \$14,630, and it is hardly possible to get \$20,000 out of a less sum. We can't quite see how these bonds on which he regularly draws interest are exempt from taxation, but perhaps they are a sort of "floating" bonds and float over the line into California about the time the Assessor is around. We also have it on good authority that Mr. Beekman owns \$15,000 worth of Douglas County Wagon Road bonds, or what is known as the "Black Mud Swindle," which it is probable, also have floated around in such manner that the Assessor never knows of their existence. We also wish to inquire if the item of 350 acres of land given above is the half section up Jackson creek which Mr. Beekman made oath was more valuable for agricultural than mining purposes, and which every citizen of Jackson county knows would not support a jack rabbit six months in the year, and is not worth \$4.50 for agricultural purposes. This ground is supposed to contain valuable mines, and in order to get a patent to it "Beek" had to make oath as above, and if it has any value at all it is for mining purposes. Possibly this half section of mineral land purchased as agricultural land is not the one assessed above for \$4,500. But these matters properly rest with the assessor and "Beek's" conscience, and if they are satisfied we suppose the people should be. "Beek" is a success as a broker and money lender, and is doing such a good business in that line that the people of Oregon won't feel like asking him to abandon it for the poor pittance of a governor's salary; besides if he was obliged to stay here in Salem he wouldn't have so good opportunity for looking after his swamp lands in Lake county.—*Mercury*.

WHICH.—Mr. Campbell the Greenback candidate has withdrawn from the contest and left our friends of that party to choose between Governor Whiteaker and Rev. Hines. Mr. Hines, in his speech here, declared emphatically in favor of, and stoutly defended the infamous National Banking System, while Governor Whiteaker denounced the iniquitous thieving corporations, and pledged himself to use his influence, and elected for the repeal of the law which created them. Which will you choose? If you vote for Hines you vote directly for the continuance of National Banks, if you vote for Whiteaker you vote for their suppression.

## THE CANVASS.

So far the canvass has developed but few new facts outside of what may be gleaned from the press, but has assumed a character that is in some respects objectionable to the well posted voter of the county. So far it has been a species of crimination and recrimination of the public officers of each party.

Hon. R. B. Cochran and Judge Thompson, who are canvassing in behalf of the Democracy of this county, have called the attention of the Republican candidates to this fact, and ask them what else they would do, if elected, for Lane county besides voting for Mr. Mitchell, to which the only response we have so far heard is—"I charge and stand ready to prove that Grover subsidized a partisan press; I charge and stand ready to prove that the Baker City Academy loan was a swindle; I charge and stand ready to prove that there is a look and dam swindle perpetrated by the Democratic party that ought to crush it; and further charge and stand ready to prove that the Democratic party endeavored to thrust these looks upon the people of Oregon at the enormous price of six hundred thousand dollars, and this last charge I prove by the Republican party's campaign documents, or from a speech of J. N. Dolph's—I don't know which." Now it appears to us that all these charges have lost a great deal of their vivacity and needs no foreigner or gentleman from whose boots the dust of Missouri has not fallen to enlighten our people in regard to them.

The people of Lane county have heard these charges iterated and reiterated ever since 1870 and desire something a little less stale. The last charge this Demosthenes makes, and proves from J. N. Dolph's speech, is a Republican measure, and he has weakened on that bit of cheap thunder. And it does appear, even if those charges had any semblance of truth in them, that they would work hard on the Republican party, as Mr. Rufus Mallory, holding the office of United States District Attorney under Mr. Hayes, and the Republican candidate for Secretary of State, Mr. Earheart, were both strenuous supporters of all these measures.

Now we wonder what answer this modern Demosthenes, Mr. Fagan, would make if he and Mr. Roscoe Knox were charged with entering into an agreement with Mr. John Kelly to support J. H. Mitchell for U. S. Senator? We farther wonder if he has forgotten his pledge to Mr. Kelly when Kelly was in Eugene two weeks prior to the Republican convention.

Let the gentleman answer these questions before he proceeds farther to shame Hon. R. B. Cochran—a man who is above reproach and has labored hard for your interest for twenty-five years in the legislature of Oregon.

Judge J. M. Thompson has several very important measures which, if elected, he will press upon the legislature for their consideration; one especially recommends itself—that of making transactions in real estate more stable, and prevent, on every little technicality, men being defrauded of their homes and dragged into the U. S. District Court to defend their titles; and with such men as B. F. Dorris, R. B. Hayes and J. E. Holt—men who are linked to the fortunes of our county; who are tied down here with their families and possessions; who help bear the burden of taxation and cannot get up and leave at a moment's warning, like some of the Republican candidates, we may rest assured that the interests of our county and State will be attended to.

Our Democratic candidates have a bill to present to the legislature by which every species of property may bear a just and equitable proportion of taxation, and we should heartily support them in this measure.

The canvass between the candidates for Senators, Messrs. Cochran, Pengra and Gill, does not assume so much the aspect of crimination and recrimination, but is principally confined to the financial issues of the day. Mr. Cochran states in forcible style his objections to the resumption of thereby contracting the currency of the country, and shows the great fraud that is practiced upon the people through that institution called the national banking system. In this he is partly seconded by Dr. Gill while Mr. Pengra has some ideas peculiarly his own, being neither Democratic nor entirely Republican and in this respect we give him credit—being what he claims—an independent man. But all their futile efforts will not prevent "old" Bob from being returned to the Legislature as the sympathies of the people are with him.