

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

EUGENE CITY, OREGON. SATURDAY, OCT. 20, 1877.

BUSINESS.—Matters of a personal character charged for at regular advertising rates, to be paid invariably in advance.

CONGRESS.

The extra session of Congress commenced last Monday with a more full attendance than has been anticipated. The Senators were in their seats at 12 o'clock, when the oath of office was administered to the three new Senators, Stanley Matthews of Ohio, Cameron of Pennsylvania, and Armstrong of Missouri.

In the House 287 members answered to their names. The Clerk decided that the election of a Speaker was the first business in order, and a motion to proceed with the election was carried. Clymer nominated Randall, and Hall nominated Garfield, and by a vote of 149 to 132 Randall was elected. Geo. M. Adams of Kentucky was elected Clerk; John G. Thompson of Ohio Sergeant-at-Arms; John W. Polk of Missouri Door-keeper; James M. Stewart of Virginia Postmaster, and Rev. Dr. Poisel Chaplain. During the organization of the House there was a great deal of interest manifested by citizens, and the galleries were densely crowded.

If Congress would confine itself to the business for which it was ostensibly called together, the session would not be prolonged more than two or three weeks, but the question of contested seats is, from present indications, no nearer a solution than it was at the last session. Kellogg, the carpet bag pretender from Louisiana, is again before the Senate impudently clamoring for a seat which every intelligent man in the country knows he is not entitled to. Notwithstanding the evidence in his case has been before a committee since last March, his friends and backers claim that it is requiring too much of the committee to ask them to make a final report by the first of November, and it is evidently the determination of the extreme wing of the Republican party to either seat Kellogg or prevent the Democratic Senator from taking his seat this session. Ever since the settlement of the question of State government in Louisiana, nearly all the Republican papers in the country have admitted, either directly or by implication, that with the installation of the present State government Kellogg's pretensions to the legality of his election fell to the ground. But it will serve as a pretext to keep the legally elected Senator from his seat this session, if the implicables are strong enough to accomplish their object.

There have already been quite a number of bills introduced, and if there are as many in proportion introduced for the next two weeks, there will be enough of work laid out to consume the time of an entire session, at the rate business is generally dispatched in that body. The Democratic and moderate wing of the Republicans—the men who really desire the speedy dispatch of the business for which they were called together—may possibly be strong enough to overrule those who are disposed to tactlessness. If so, the business for which they met will be soon over and the session will be of short duration; if not, it may possibly continue well on towards the meeting of the regular session.

SENATOR MORTON.—The Baltimore Gazette draws the following severe but truthful sketch of Morton's political career:

He has been a Democrat and a Whig; a pro-slavery man and a free soiler. He has contended for States' rights, and he has foregone to trampling them under his foot. He was an Andy Johnson man, and then he was an anti-Hayes man, and then he was most energetic in serving Hayes. He has been a hard money man, an inflationist, a silver man; opposed in one session the right of the Vice President to count the Electoral votes, and in the next claimed that he only had the right to count them; he opposed the Electoral Commission Bill, voted against it, and then served as a member of it; he has shown consummate ability in defending untenable positions, and a strange lack of insight into what the people wanted. Constantly changing his opinions to increase his popularity, he has by a strange fatality frequently chosen the losing side; and his ablest utterances have been used often to refute his latter views. With limbs that for years have refused to bear his weight, and a brain that nothing could shake, he has been through all his vicissitudes constant to nothing but inconsistency. And he is now hovering between death and life, too weak to recover and too strong to die, so that the physicians that attend him are kept alternating between hope and fear, and sending out such inconsistent reports that the outside world is as uncertain now as to the condition of his health as it has always been as to the nature of his opinions.

In Salem, October 11th, 1877, GEORGE E. MITCHELL, wife of Miles M. Miller, Esq., and eldest daughter of Hon. J. H. and Virginia L. Moore, aged 25 years.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

FELLOW CITIZENS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: The adjournment of the last Congress without making appropriations for the support of the army for the present fiscal year, has rendered necessary a suspension of payments to the officers and men of sums due them for services rendered after the 30th day of June last. The army exists by virtue of statutes which prescribe its numbers, regulate its organization and employment, and which fix the pay of officers and men, and declare their right to receive the same at stated periods. The statutes, however, do not authorize the payment of the troops in the absence of specific appropriations. Therefore the constitution has wisely provided that no money shall be drawn from the treasury until the necessary appropriations are made; and it has also been declared by statute that no department of the government shall expend in one fiscal year any sum in excess of the appropriation made by Congress for that fiscal year. We have therefore an army in service authorized by law and entitled to be paid, but no funds available for that purpose. It may also be said, as an additional incentive to prompt action by Congress, that since the commencement of the fiscal year the army, though without pay, has been constantly and actively employed in arduous and dangerous service; in the performance of which officers and men have discharged their duty with fidelity and courage, and without complaint. These circumstances, in my judgment, constitute an extraordinary occasion, requiring Congress to be convened in advance of the time prescribed by law for your meeting in regular session. The importance of speedy action upon this subject on the part of Congress is so manifest that I venture to suggest the propriety of making the necessary appropriations for the support of the army for the current year at its present maximum numerical strength of 25,000 men, leaving for future consideration all questions relating to an increase or decrease of the number of enlisted men. In the event of the reduction of the army by subsequent legislation during the fiscal year the excess of the appropriation could not be expended. In the event of its enlargement the additional sum required for the payment of the extra force could be provided in due time. It would be unjust to the troops now in the service and whose pay is already largely in arrears, that payment to them should be further postponed until after Congress shall have considered all questions likely to arise in the effort to fix the proper limit to the strength. The estimate of the appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1877, were transmitted to Congress by the former Secretary of the Treasury at the opening of its session in December last. These estimates, modified by the present Secretary so as to conform to the present requirements, are now renewed, amounting to \$32,436,764 08, having been transmitted to both Houses of Congress, are submitted for your consideration. There is also required by the same act \$2,000,000 for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30th last, now due to the army for the current fiscal year, estimates for such other deficiencies in the different branches of the public service as require immediate action, and cannot without inconvenience be postponed until the regular session. An appropriation of the requisite funds is respectfully recommended. The Secretary of the Treasury will communicate to Congress, in connection with the estimates for the appropriation for the support of the army for the current fiscal year, estimates for such other deficiencies in the different branches of the public service as require immediate action, and cannot without inconvenience be postponed until the regular session.

THE FAIR EXHIBITION. I take this opportunity to invite your attention to the propriety of adopting at your present session the necessary legislation to enable the people of the United States to participate in the advantages of the international exhibition of the agricultural industry and fine arts which is to be held at Paris in 1878, and in which the government has been invited by the government of France to take part. This invitation was communicated to the government in May, 1876, by the Minister of France at this Capital, and a copy thereof was submitted to the proper committees of Congress at its last session, but no action was taken on the subject. The Department of State has received many letters from various parts of the country, expressing a desire to participate in the exhibition, and numerous applications of a similar nature have also been made at the United States Legation at Paris. The Department of State has also received official advice of the strong desire on the part of the French Government that the United States should participate in this enterprise, and space has hitherto been reserved in the exhibition building for the use of exhibitors from the United States, to the exclusion of other parties who have been applicants therefor. In order that our industries may be properly represented at the exhibition an appropriation will be needed for the payment of salaries and expenses of commissioners; for the transportation of goods and other purposes in connection with the object in view, and as May next year is the time fixed for opening the exhibition, if our citizens are to have the advantages of this international competition for the trade of other nations, the necessity of immediate action is apparent. To enable the United States to co-operate in the international exhibition which was held at Vienna in 1873, Congress then passed a joint resolution making an appropriation of \$200,000, and authorizing the president to appoint a certain number of practical artisans and scientific men who should attend the exhibition, and report their proceedings and observations to him. Provision was also made for the appointment of a number of honorary commissioners. I have felt that prompt action by Congress in accepting the invitation of the government of France is of so much interest to the people of this country and so suitable to the cordial relations between the government of the two countries that the subject might properly be presented for attention at your present session.

THE PRISON QUESTION. The government of Sweden and Norway has addressed an official invitation to this government to take part in the international prison congress to be held next year. The problem which the congress proposes to study, (how to diminish crime), is one in which all civilized nations have an interest in common, and the congress of Stockholm seems likely to prove the most important convention ever held for the study of this grave question. Under authority of a joint resolution of Congress, approved February 16, 1875, a commission was appointed by my predecessor to represent the United States on that occasion, and the prison congress having been, at the earnest desire of the Swedish government, postponed to 1878, his commission was renewed by me. An appropriation of eight thousand dollars was made in the dry civil service act of 1875 to meet the expense of the commissioners. I recommend the reappropriation of that sum for the same purpose, the former appropriation having been covered into the treasury and no longer available for the purpose without further action of Congress. The subject is brought to your attention at this time in view of the circumstances which render it highly desirable that the commissioner should proceed to the discharge of his important duties immediately.

As the several acts of Congress providing for detailed reports from different departments of the government require their submission at the beginning of the regular annual session, I defer until that time any further reference to subjects of public interest. R. B. HAYES.

Louisiana's Industrial Condition.

The industrial condition of Louisiana has been touched upon in various ways, for it is just now a significant and interesting subject of observation. But we must look to her great staple, the sugar crop, for an index of her real progress. In 1850 there were consumed in the United States, and mostly produced in Louisiana, 108,000 tons of domestic sugar. In 1862 the maximum production of 290,000 tons was reached. In 1863 the crop dwindled down to 50,000 tons, then to 30,000 and in 1865 to only 5,000 tons. Since then it has been slowly reviving, but at first very slowly, owing to obstacles which every intelligent man only too well understands. Now, however, there are better returns to chronicle, and a brighter outlook rises before us. The Louisiana crop of the past season, according to a report just issued in New Orleans, amounts to 169,331 hogheads, or about 95,337 tons. It is confidently expected that the crop of 1877-78 will amount to from fifteen to twenty thousand tons more, due as much to large operations as to a superior yield. The opportunities offered to enterprising young men in Louisiana at the present time can hardly be surpassed anywhere, remarks the Boston Post. There is no danger of overstocking the sugar market of the United States for many years yet, and land in this State can be bought cheap, while at the same time it will yield almost immediate and rich returns. Mills are now being erected in common and on the most approved plans, while the old-fashioned sugar-houses and presses are going out of existence.

THE PITTSBURG DAMAGES.—The authorities of the county of Allegheny (Pa.) have been making a careful estimate of the damages inflicted by the railroad rioters at Pittsburgh, and their final awards are said to be about as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Railroad Company, \$1,500,000; Freight destroyed, 1,000,000; Elevator, 150,000; Keystone Hotel Company, 100,000; Pullman Car Company, 80,000; Private Individuals, 100,000; Total, \$2,930,000.

If a Louisiana planter were to take a pistol and drive a gang of his hands to the polls and make them vote, it would be an outrage calling for universal condemnation. If Secretary Sherman requires the Treasury clerks to go to the polls on pain of dismissal or the loss of his distinguished favor, he commits a crime of the same grade and is even more deserving of condemnation.

Brother Hayes finds in the South the kind of party that scits him. It is the Democratic party. He has only lately become aware of its many good qualities; but is now convinced that it is just such as it should be. It is exactly the party that is needed to take charge of the country and of Brother Hayes, remarks the St. Louis Times.

NEW PAPER.—The first number of the Observer, a new daily published at Albany by Cartwright & Steele, came to hand this week. It is a new little sheet and presents a very neat appearance in its makeup. We hope the proprietors will make it a financial success.

Capt. Spurgin arrived in San Francisco last week with Buffalo Blauket, a Nez Percé Indian captured in Montana. This Indian was one of the principal instigators of the murders committed in Idaho. He will be brought to Portland for trial.

TRIALS.—The trials of W. H. N. Styles, in Judge Deady's court, is set for Nov. 21st, and that of W. B. Higby for the 23d of the same month.

IN THE WHOLE HISTORY OF MEDICINE, no preparation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AVER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long-continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in the throat and lung disorders of children, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, Physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and Clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible. For sale by all dealers.

The Fact of the Business is that Sulphur Baths have become unnecessary since the introduction of GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, because that article answers the same purpose, viz: the removal of eruptions, rheumatism and gout. Sold by all Druggists, Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

600,000 Successful Treatments!

New Invention! New Cures! As approved by the celebrated Specialist, DR. FLATTERY, Of London Private Hospital Fame, Late from New York City & Australia. PRACTICAL PHYSICIAN FOR CHRONIC & SPECIAL DISEASES, Has permanently located in Portland TO CURE THE SICK.

The Lame Walk! The Blind See! The Deaf Hear! ACUTE PAIN INSTANTLY BELIEVED! No Surgical Operations Performed! NO MEDICINES GIVEN! (Except his Nerve and Blood Remedies, and other Approved Treatment, without Mercury.) OFFICE Over O'Connor's Store, corner of Washington and Front streets. Office Hours—From 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

DR. FLATTERY'S PRACTICE is mostly the cure of Chronic Diseases and cases given up by the best Physicians and Professors as incurable, and although over 27 years a graduate of a Medical College, his method of treatment is peculiar to himself, as he belongs to no Medical Schools, Creeds, Cliques, Clans, Scholastic Dogmas or Straight Jacket Impracticable Medical Theories; but he belongs exclusively to the Medical Profession.

His practice is based upon the most strict principles of science; and there is nothing miraculous or supernatural about it; it is in harmony only with all Nature's laws. Many eminent Physicians of the various practices not only acknowledge his superior method in certain cases, but receive his treatment for themselves and families.

By this treatment it requires but a short time for inveterate cases of almost any curable chronic disease; and few diseases require a second treatment, except in Paralysis of Long Standing, Suppurating Tumors, and Curvatures of the Spine, etc., and these cases are cured. The following are the Diseases which yield most readily to his peculiar treatment, to-wit: Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Hysteria, Convulsions, Headache, Nervous Irritation of the Brain, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Spleen, Irritation of the Stomach; Chronic Diarrhoea, Kidney Diseases, Diabetes, Gravel, Amenorrhoea, Chlorosis Ulceration and Displacement of the Womb, all kinds of Sexual Weakness, General Debility, Nervous Depression, Weak Spine, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Consumption, Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Diseases of the Heart Palpitation, Eruptive Diseases, Difficult Breathing, with Pain in the Lungs, Coughs, Weak and Sore Eyes of every description, Granular Eye, Specks or Opacities of the Cornea, Anasarca or Nervous Blindness, Deafness, Noise in the Head, Discharges from the Ears, Tumors, Piles, Swelled Neck (or Goitre), Syphilitic Rheumatism, Ulcers, Epilepsy or Falling Fits, etc., etc.

The following are some of the Diseases in which his certain Blood remedies are sufficient in connection with his treatment in order to effect a speedy and Radical cure, viz: Scrofula, Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Lungs, Skin Diseases, Cancer, Syphilitic Diseases, all Blood Diseases, etc., etc. With WORMS—He guarantees to remove Tape Worm, in every instance, in from two to four hours, and the head when the head is not removed the worm will grow again. No money required until the worm is removed. NASAL CATARRH positively cured by one treatment.

DROPSY cured without Tapping. GRAVEL (or Stone in the Bladder), dissolved and removed by two applications of a perfectly harmless vegetable liquid.

CHARLES moderate and according to circumstances. No charges for a second treatment. CURED AT HOME.—Write a full statement of the case and treatment will be sent.

Address, DR. J. FLATTERY, Portland, Oregon.

War has commenced in Europe!

R. G. CALLISON IS AGAIN AT HIS OLD HIS OLD STAND On Willamette Street and having bought the interest of W. T. O'Brien in the firm of Callison & O'Brien, is prepared to furnish all who may give him a call with the best quality of every thing usually kept in a first class grocery and provision store, such as SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEE, CANNED GOODS, TOBACCO & CIGARS, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, at reasonable rates for CASH or PRODUCE. Give me a call and see what I can do for you. Thankful for past patronage I invite you to call again.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. R. G. CALLISON.

ADVERTISING!

\$1,000 WORTH FOR \$7.50. The cheapest and best way to reach readers outside of the large cities is by using one or more of our six lists of over 1000 newspapers, divided to cover different sections of the country. Weekly circulation over 600,000. Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogue containing names of papers, and other information in reference to our business, send for a copy to BEALS & FOSTER, 41 Park Row (Times Building), New York.

FARM FOR SALE.

A WELL IMPROVED FARM OF three hundred and sixty acres, 100 acres under cultivation; all under fence and the improvements in good order, which we will sell at a bargain, and on the most reasonable terms. Situated five miles south of town, and has a good outgrage for stock. Apply at this office.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and infirmitations of youth, nervous weakness, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed letter to the Rev. JOSEPH T. ISMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York.

THE WEST SHORE

Now in its third successful year, and with the largest circulation of any paper in the Pacific Northwest, the West Shore is executed by leading artists. Ample space is given for the publication of notices, and all communications are promptly attended to. Subscribers are furnished, without extra charge, with the most reliable and up-to-date news of the Pacific Coast. A special department is devoted to the news of the Pacific Northwest, which will be found especially valuable by intending immigrants. Send \$2 for a year's subscription, or \$1.50 for a year's subscription in advance. L. SAMUEL, Publisher, West Shore, Portland, Ore.

A FREE CURE.

For consumption, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, throat and lung diseases. Also a sure relief and permanent cure for general debility, dyspepsia and all nervous affections, by a simple vegetable medicine which cured a venerable missionary Physician who was long a resident of Syria and the East, and who has freely given this valuable specific to thousands of kindred sufferers with the greatest possible benefit, and now he feels it his sacred christian duty to impart to others this wonderful invigorating remedy, and will send FREE the original receipt complete, with full directions, to any person enclosing stamp for reply.

DR. CLARK A. ROBBIN, GREENLEAF BLOCK, ST. W. Y. P. O. Box 76.

ROSENBERG AND SAN JUAN LIME for sale by T. G. HENDRICKS.

THE BEST SHOES EVER BROUGHT TO this market, at the lowest prices, by T. G. HENDRICKS.

NEW STOCK OF HATS.—The best and largest ever brought to Eugene, at FRIENDLY'S.

VISITING CARDS.—Very neat at the GUARD OFFICE.

B. F. DORRIS,

DEALER IN Stoves, Ranges, Pumps, Pipes, Metals, Tinware AND

House Furnishing Goods Generally

Wells Driven Promptly AND

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Willamette Street, Eugene City, Oregon.

Oregon Steamship Company.

For San Francisco, Direct. Carrying the United States Mails and Wells, Fargo's Express.

Passage—Cabin \$7 50...Steerage \$3 00 Through Tickets, at Reduced Rates, for sale at Railroad Office.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMER CITY OF CHESTER.

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F Street for Astoria port.

Thursday, October 25, 1877. Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

SUMMONS. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE State of Oregon, for Lane county,

S. F. Chadwick, Governor and Secretary of State, and A. H. Brown, Treasurer of the State of Oregon, "Board of Commissioners for the sale of School Lands, and the Management of the Common School fund," Plaintiffs,

Suit in equity to enforce mortgage.

vs. W. G. Eaton, Charles Eaton, J. L. Eaton, James Huff, Martha Huff, John Harper, Amanda Harper and Isaac W. Miller, Defendants.

To the above named defendants, John Harper and Amanda Harper: In the name of the State of Oregon you and each of you, are hereby required to appear in the above entitled suit, brought against you by the above named Plaintiffs, in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Lane county, and answer the complaint of Plaintiffs filed therein, by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, to be begun and holden on Monday the 5th day of November, 1877, at Eugene City, county and State aforesaid.

That the defendants will make notice, that if they fail so to appear and answer said complaint of Plaintiffs, as above required, that Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein, to-wit: That Plaintiffs have judgment against the defendants, W. G. Eaton, for the sum of \$730, with the interest thereon, at ten per cent. per annum from the 1st day of July, 1873, in gold coin of the United States, less the sum of \$118, paid as interest on said sum, and for costs and disbursements of this suit.

That the usual decree may be made for the sale by the Sheriff of said Lane county, according to law, and the practice of this Court of the mortgaged premises described in said complaint, to-wit: Commencing at a stake on the south line of the donation claim of W. G. Eaton, notification 6336, T. 19 S. R. 2 W., 24.15 chains east of southeast corner of said claim, running thence east 22.82 chains, thence north 95.71 chains, thence south 40' 6", thence 59.58 chains, thence west 8.40 chains, thence south 7.68 chains, thence east 18.29 chains, thence south 21.87 chains, thence southeasterly in direct line to place of beginning, except about 60 acres deeded to F. M. Eaton, leaving 178 acres, more or less.

Also commencing at a point north 50' east, distance 10 chains from the S. W. corner of the donation claim of Caswell Hendricks, notification 6321, T. 19 S. R. 2 W., thence north 50', east 10.27 chains, thence north 88', west 24.46 chains, thence south 50', west 10.27 chains, thence south 28', east 26.40 chains to the place of beginning, containing 27 acres, more or less, in sections 20, 21, 16 and 17, bearing from the bearing corner to section corner of said sections, north 5' east. Also beginning at the southeast corner of survey 142, being the southeast corner of said donation land claim of Caswell Hendricks; running thence north 40' 6", east 10 chains, thence north 28', west 26.45 chains to corner in angle of survey 142, thence north 40', east 16.28 chains to northeast corner of survey 142, thence north 49' 52", west 3.81 chains, thence south 40', west 35.93 chains to the southeast southwest corner of said land claim, thence south 50', east 28.33 chains to the place of beginning, containing 44.36 acres. All the above described premises being in said T. 19 S. R. 2 W., Lane county, State of Oregon.

That the proceeds of such sale may be applied in payment of the amount due upon said promissory note to Plaintiffs, for principal, interests and the costs and disbursements of this suit, and the expenses of making such sale; that the defendants and all persons claiming under them, or any of them, subsequent to the execution of said mortgage, to-wit: September 10th, 1873, either as purchasers, incumbrances or otherwise may be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, claim, or equity of redemption, in or to said mortgaged premises, and every part thereof, and that Plaintiffs have execution against the Defendant, W. G. Eaton, for any deficiency which may remain after applying the proceeds of such sale, properly applicable thereto, to the satisfaction of said judgment, and that Plaintiffs have such other and further relief in the premises, as to the Court may appear just and equitable.

By order of Hon. J. F. Watson, Judge of the 2d Judicial District, and of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Lane county, bearing date the 14th day of September, 1877. Service of this summons is made by publication in the Eugene City GUARD, a weekly newspaper published at Eugene City, Lane county, State of Oregon.

THOMPSON & BRAN, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. Dated September 12th, 1877.

PRINTS—NEW DESIGNS OF STANDARD brands at FRIENDLY'S.

FOR BUENA VISTA STONE WARE to T. G. HENDRICKS

A New Deal.

R. G. GRAHAM, MERCHANT TAILOR HAS JUST RECEIVED from the East a line of fine and fashionable clothes, such as has never before been brought to Eugene, consisting of

Pants Goods, in all Grades, and Fine YOCKS, CALL AND SEE MY STOCK. R. G. GRAHAM.

BAKER'S SALOON!

One Door North of the St. Charles Hotel, Willamette St., Eugene City.

Keeps always on hand a choice assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS. —ALSO A—

First-Class Billiard Table. H. F. BAKER.

S. STEINHEISER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

First-Class Family Groceries CIGARS AND TOBACCO, Notions, Crookery and Willow Ware ALSO

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS For medicinal and family uses.

And everything else usually kept in a First Class FAMILY GROCERY STORE

I beg leave to inform the citizens of Eugene and the surrounding country that I have facilities to sell cheaper than any other house this side of Portland.

Fresh supplies received weekly. Of the very best quality.

My motto is Small Profits and Quick Sales. Please call and learn my prices before purchasing elsewhere.

S. STEINHEISER, Willamette Street, Eugene City. Cash Paid for Bacon and Eggs. Goods Delivered to all Parts of the City FREE OF CHARGE.

FARM FOR SALE. The undersigned offers his farm lying immediately west of Eugene City, for sale cheap, and upon easy terms. It consists of 123 acres well improved, 80 acres in cultivation with a young orchard of 300 choice fruit trees. s22d. Sr. JOHN SKINNER.

Cash or a Funeral. We hereby notify ALL PERSONS indebted to us to call and settle by the 1st of October, or pay costs. We want no customers who cannot settle once a year. POINDEXTER & RUSH. EUGENE CITY, Sept. 8, 1877.

DUNN & STRATTON AT THE

OLD STAND OF J. B. DUNN.

HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN Business MR. HORACE F. STRATTON, we have just received a new, large and WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS, Making a specialty of

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We desire to make no grand flourish, but so say that farmers can come nearer getting ANYTHING THEY MAY WANT at our store than at any other establishment in town, and they can buy them as good terms.

We have a full line of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRYGOODS, FANCY GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES And are continually adding to our stock to meet the demands of the public.

DUNN & STRATTON. FOR THE

SPRING & SUMMER TRADE.

WE BEG to inform our friends and the public that we have just received direct from San Francisco and the Eastern markets

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRY-GOODS,

FANCY GOODS NOTIONS, CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, Clocks, Paints, Oils, Etc.,

Selected by our MR. S. ROSENBLATT, which we offer at

REDUCED PRICES. Parties will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Highest price paid for all kinds of Produce.

S. ROSENBLATT & CO.

SADDLERY.

Saddle & Harness Shop ONE DOOR NORTH OF

DUNN & STRATTON'S, Willamette Street, Eugene City, Ogn.

Can be had everything usually kept in a well regulated

HARNESS SHOP. We use the BEST of material and do our work well. Come and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

While our harness cannot be excelled, special attention is called to

OUR SADDLES. The LAKIN tree is acknowledged the best on the coast, and when signed by ourselves, give entire satisfaction; having the three requisites, beauty, durability and comfort.

PRODUCE TAKEN. LAKIN & ROONEY.