

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1877.

BUSINESS.—Matters of a personal character charged for at regular advertising rates, to be paid invariably in advance.

THE SENATORIAL INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

This tribunal has been in session for several days, and thus far rumors, inferences and suspicions, such as are always had in a heated contest, are all that have been elicited. If this is the kind of garbage Senator Morton feeds his malignity upon, no doubt his radical friends will supply him until even a stomach so depraved will be excited to loathing. If their operations to this date are an indication of their future course, then investigation only need stop when time forbids further prosecution, material will not be wanting. Envy, jealousy, hate, will never exhaust the inventive powers of those, who, corrupt themselves, are ever prone to attribute their own impure schemes to their opponents. We had hoped that the dignity fitting the station of its members would characterize their proceedings, and that they would, at least, show a respect if not adhere strictly to the rules and methods which ages of experience have shown most conducive to the investigation of truth. But it seems, conscious of the baseless character of the charges they are called upon to investigate, the majority seem intent to give color to the necessity of the commission, which they can only do by gathering the wild rumors and baseless suspicions of thwarted malice. If Senator Grover obtained his election by fraud or other disgraceful means, none will be more gratified by his exposure and punishment than we. But that the people should be burdened with the cost of proceedings to gather only the exhalations and foul vapors emitted by the heated discussion, petty intrigues and vague suspicions, always the accompaniments of political and personal contests, seems most inexcusable. These men are not responsible perhaps for being sent here, but the majority are responsible for the manner in which they perform their duties.

Thus far their principal object seems only to be to smirch the character of Senator Grover, and through him the Democracy of Oregon, by parading before the people the sneering rumors, given currency at the time, to secure discussion and defeat to the party.

Did J. M. Johns and the gang of Hippiel's retainers who were summoned to Washington last spring, under the pretext that they were important witnesses in the electoral middle, and who knew nothing and were not examined at all, cost more than they were worth? They probably deserved a little pleasure trip for the dirty work done in the interest of Radicalism, but that party ought to have paid the expenses and not stolen it from the Treasury.—GUARD.

That was the result of Democratic villainy which developed the eight thousand dollars, corruption fund and the Gable dispatch business. "Democratic institutions" are always expensive, don't you see.—Statesman.

Did Johns, Ben Simpson, or any of the other hangers on of the Radical party who were summoned to Washington, and not examined, "developed" a "corruption fund" of eight thousand dollars, or any other amount? The fact is, that after calling these "swift witnesses" to Washington it was discovered that there was a more formidable obstacle in the way of the successful consummation of their contemplated villainy, than District Attorney Gibbs, or they could just as well have proved eighty thousand as eight thousand, but as it was they proved nothing.

"THE PEACE POLICY."—Rev. Dr. Lindley of the Presbyterian church lectured last evening on the above subject, a large and intelligent audience being in attendance. He sustained the policy adopted by the government and smoothed over as much as possible the causes of the present outbreak in Idaho territory. He claimed it was an act of desperation on the part of the non-treaty tribes, who had been forced to its commission, by being robbed of their homes by the avaricious whites.—Standard.

Rev. Dr. Lindley and his co-pence policy mongers, in their justification of savage butcheries, are always ready and anxious to falsify facts, and convey erroneous impressions to those who know nothing about Indians and frontier life. Their harangues are mischievous and wicked, and they are directly responsible for the murders committed by the Indians in the recent outbreak.

When in his reply to Ben Butler's insinuation of the corrupt use of money by the Louisiana Commission, Wayne MacVeigh observed that "it is only a military commandant of New Orleans in time of war who can safely appropriate any considerable quantity of the property of others to his own use," he struck a terrible blow, and stumbled on a great historic fact.

LETTER FROM KLOD-HOPPER.

ED. GUARD:—It was my misfortune to be born before the era of railroads, telegraphs, sewing machines and agents generally.

I learned to write with a quill pen and to plow with a wooden mold-board "instrument," when flat-lock fire arms, honest men and home-made goods were common; therefore I may be excused for not being able to see the necessities of our times as agents see them.

I never made a plow, but I have used several kinds, beginning with the Carey and including the "Moline," Peoria, Rounder, a half dozen patterns of home-made articles, and ending with the "Garden City Clipper." It may be worth while to say that the Moline plow I used twenty-seven years ago was not a "John Deere" sheet iron humbug as known in Oregon, but the best plow probably ever made by man; the "Peoria plow" did magnificent work twenty years ago, but it may have been counterfeited out of use or degenerated for all I know. Modern "improvements" in plows have nearly made them useless as well as worthless. With this introduction, permit me to answer Mr. Cleaver, agent for the "Garden City Clipper" in Eugene City, who seems to be angry because I expose the faults of his wares, a liberty which I have always enjoyed and generally exercised, and I am sure he cannot find more objections to my statements than I do to his "Clippers."

He says I wrote in regard to "Garden City Clipper plows." I did not, as reference to my communication will prove at once—they are not plows, at least No. 19 is not—they have some appearance of plows, but they are no improvement upon the "instrument" invented by Tubal Cain and used by "Kings and the awful fathers of mankind," when the Chaldeans lay upon the ground and arranged the constellations in the heavens. The plows, so called, imported when Cortez subjugated Mexico, were probably not as elegantly finished as the "Clipper," but were no doubt equal to it in honest service; for he it known my hands have never held a plow of so little utility as a Garden City Clipper.

But agents are truthful (?) people, very honest (?) and their business is to sell for a percentage of the sales; for instance, they sell a seven dollar plow for twenty dollars, and a twenty dollar sewing machine for \$5 to \$6 dollars, and only get thirty per cent. for selling them, or five dollars for selling a plow and twenty-five for selling a machine, and so in proportion for every article sold by agents. An honest Moline plow used to sell for a dollar an inch in Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, but here a twelve inch G. C. C. sells for nineteen dollars, a dollar and nearly sixty cents an inch, and then they are not plows; the agents may be indignant because it is their business to cheat—but as I have been cheated, I hope to save others from a similar experience whether agents like it or not; in fact I am writing for the benefit of the public and not to please agents, cheats and swindlers, who live at ease while the poor farmers pay the piper.

But to gratify the agent in your city and the public, I will be specific and explain the "deficiencies" (?) of the "instrument" in question. The defects of the G. C. C. Clipper are, first—the plow when plowed more than four inches deep, I had mine remodeled and an extra twist of about three inches given it; it turns the soil now and scours as well as when it didn't plow. Second, the share is ground or cut away by a huge scissor near the point that makes the share difficult to sharpen and keep level on the bottom. Third, the front of the share is fastened by a single, small round bolt to the bar or land-side, which is easily bent, and that permits the point to settle or sink down and the share to leave the mold-board, opening a seam to gather trash and make the "instrument" run too deep; and altogether, the whole affair draws through the "illico" like a wedge, pushing the ground aside without turning it.

Every farmer can judge for himself, but the above specifications apply to every one of the 19 Clippers I have seen at work, and there are three within hearing of where I write. Now as to having my Clipper warranted "not to cut in the eye" or otherwise, that is all a mistake, as I had no liberty to return the Clipper, the agent from whom I purchased did nothing of the kind, and when I told him afterward, if he would present me a wagon load of his "Garden City Clippers," I would not hand them home to plow with, he failed to explain what chances I had to have my money refunded. Your city agent is a stranger to me, yet I know him by his deeds and wares, consequently my name can be of no earthly use to him since he can know my statement just as well without it. The GUARD heralded my former appearance in its columns as a disgraced granger, but I am not a granger, a good tennier, a Murphy, a Methodist preacher, a humbug, an ex-covet or a member of the Legislature, so being one of a hopeless minority, I have no expectation of creating a revolution or even a riot by exposing a humbug, which, while I use it, compels me to be a poor KLOD-HOPPER.

CLOSE.—The Statesman of July 4th, comes within 12,600 of telling the truth. But this is about as near as that paper ever comes to facts. Nesmith in his testimony before the Grover investigating committee said, substantially, that Mosher, of Wasco, offered to sell out to him for \$1,400, which, by the way, is entitled to a very wide margin for doubt, Gen. Nesmith's reputation for veracity to the contrary notwithstanding. But the Statesman, true to the natural instincts and acquired habits of its editor, writes "\$14,000" when Nesmith, with his superabundance of cheek, could only raise it to \$1,400. If Mosher does not give Nesmith & Co., a chance to prove that \$1,400, we mistake his pluck and honesty. But upon second thought, Mosher had better hold still. Johns is available as a witness.

COAST NEWS.

The Mercury says: Dr. McCauley, the physician who attended upon Alice Townsend and administered her the dose of medicine a short time previous to her death, has been arrested and lodged in jail. His examination, we are informed, will take place on Monday before Justice Johnson.

The Coos Bay News says that a fine vein of coal has been struck in the Henryville mine 160 feet below the surface, the shaft is to be sunk about 90 feet deeper, where the Superintendent expects to strike another vein, and of greater thickness. The prospects of getting a paying mine look more favorable than at any former time.

The barn of Mr. E. S. Remington, lying four miles southeast from Silverton, was burned on the afternoon of Sunday last. The origin of the fire is not certainly known, but is supposed that it was caused from fire-crackers, since two neighbor boys were seen firing crackers near the barn. The loss will fall heavy on Mr. Remington, as he will hardly have time to rebuild before his crop will be ready to put under shelter.

By the morning train, says the Mercury, four recruits for the "raccoon brigade" arrived and were taken to the Penitentiary. Jerry Dunn, sentenced from Multnomah county for five years for robbery, was in charge of George C. Sears. The others were from Wasco county and were in charge of Sheriff Crosson. Of these, Collins, for attempted murder, will do the State service for five years; Hughes, for perjury, four years, and a man whose name we did not learn, for larceny in a dwelling, three years. Sheriff W. P. Gray, of Grant county, who brought a party from his county to the Insane Asylum at East Portland, accompanied the party to this city.

Ten Mollie Maguires were hanged June 21st in various towns in Pennsylvania, for murders committed during the few years that the army has been kept in the Southern States to protect thieves and conduct elections. Oh, Pennsylvania! Pennsylvania! If the crimes committed within thy borders had been transferred to South Carolina and Louisiana, the powers of the Government would have been exerted to make political capital out of them; but as Pennsylvania was a Radical Northern State, it was left to manage its own affairs. Verily, there is more noise made over one dead negro in the South than over ninety and nine white men murdered in the North.

The telegraph brings the news of four more murders, by the Mollie Maguires, in Pennsylvania, since the execution of ten of their brethren June 21st. If these statements are true the condition of society in that State is worse than it has been in the South, where the army had to "keep the peace." But experience inclines us to believe that the Irish citizens of Pennsylvania are to be used for political purposes and to party prejudices, just as the negro has been in the South.

There will be trouble now; Gen. Howard has but about eight hundred men within reach, and it is doubtful whether that number can keep the whites from killing some of the Indians or not. One thing is certain, if the Government should offer a thousand dollars per head for dead Indians, the regular forces would starve with provisions at a cent a pound.

Mr. E. V. Smalley, of the New York Tribune, has been in Florida, and interviewed Governor Drew of that State, who is represented as saying: "Florida is getting on very well under the new order of things. Close economy is being introduced in all branches of the Government. We shall save this year \$30,000 in our Court expenses, \$25,000 in the cost of running the penitentiary, and a very large gross sum in county expenses. All classes are satisfied that the change of Administration has been productive of good." The Governor added that the people were convinced that the education of the blacks is essential to the welfare of the State, and declared that the funds for education will be applied with entire impartiality for the benefit of the two races.

TO CAN SWEET CORN.—Very many fail in their attempts to can green corn for winter use. The following is one of the best methods, which we take from the American Grocer: The corn should be picked when just ripe. After husking, the kernels are cut from the cob with a gauged knife, and the cob scraped to get all the juice. Next it is placed in tin cans without admixture (though sometimes a little sugar is added to poor corn), and sealed up air tight. Then comes the "processing," of boiling, viz: Subjecting the can and contents to the heat of boiling water from one to two hours, according to the size of the can. This can only be determined by experiment. Next day they are taken from the boiling water and a small hole punched in the top of the can to allow the escape of the gasses, after which the can is replaced in the hot bath, and allowed to remain as long or longer than the first time.

An indelible ink in use for canceling postage stamps would save the Government \$2,000,000. Now if it were possible to get some of the material with which fraud is stamped on the work of Joe Bradley's Commission!

In a thriving town in Michigan, when the country was full of agents, and almost everybody was agent for something or other, an infant there being blessed by the advent of a baby-brother, was very inquisitive as to where the little stranger came from. Being informed that Dr. S— had brought it, he stood in a brown study for a moment, when, with the intelligent look of one who has solved a difficult matter, he asked: "Say, pa, is he the agent for them?"

We are reminded with a gravity truly owlish, that Hayes' title has been "solemnly" pronounced good, and therefore cannot now be called in question. That is, if black is pronounced white, provided only that it be done with sufficient solemnity, then black is white, and is to be seen as such. The sense of the people is not to be imposed upon by these sophistries. They know that fraud remains fraud to the end of the chapter.

A spinster of fifty remarked, the other day, that she could go alone at six months. "Yes," said her hateful young half-brother, "and you've been going it alone ever since, and never eueched anybody."

A very rapid, safe and easy way to make money, is to procure territory to introduce the latest useful invention that is wanted every day, by every one, everywhere, who has a family, a full sized sewing machine, with table and treadle, for only Eighteen Dollars, MANUFACTURED BY THE PERLESS MFG. CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

does the same work as a machine you would pay eighty dollars for, rapid, smooth and firm work, and make a seam so strong the cloth will tear before the stitches rip apart. Agents only need show them in operation to sell in every house they enter. Thirty dollars and upwards cleared daily by smart agents. No such machine was ever offered at any such price.

HIGHEST AWARDS AT CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION. THOMAS OF FAMILIES USING THEM.

Demand increasing every day where they become known. Ministers, judges, lawyers, editors, tailors, machinists, &c., recommend them as perfect. Rights given free to first applicants. If there is no agency in your place write for it or buy a machine for your family or a relative; there is none better or so cheap. Machines sent to all parts of the country, on receipt of price, \$18. Read advertisement beginning \$18.—SEWING MACHINE—\$18.

The London Medical and Surgical Institute.

Dr. Thornton, M.R.C.S. Eng., Physician, Surgeon, Oculist and Aurist.

May be consulted at the Astor House to-day and to-morrow, Saturday and Sunday, upon all medical and surgical cases.

B. H. JAMES,

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE,

Willamette Street, Eugene City, - - Oregon.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Stoves, Ranges, Pumps, etc.

Repairing done promptly and in the best manner.

\$18.—SEWING MACHINE—\$18.

THE MOST WONDERFUL AND THE BEST.

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AT THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION!

Diplomas, Prize Medals, etc.

A FIRST-CLASS FULL SIZED

SEWING MACHINE

WITH TABLE AND TREADLE,

ONLY EIGHTEEN DOLLARS!

The Most Simple and Compact! The Most Durable and Economical! A model of combined simplicity, strength and beauty! It is the only machine that can be run by hand or foot, and it will do all kinds of sewing, from the finest to the coarsest, with Hem, Fell, Tuck, Bias, Cord, Gather, Embroider, Loureuses, and stamped and blind-stitched, all descriptions of Cotton, Silk and Linen. Makes the strong, set stitch known, the cloth will tear before the seam will rip, seen the thread direct from the spool. The machine is beautifully finished and highly ornamental, and

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal in or use any Sewing Machine which sew with needle, and make the Elastic Stitch, or that have the new Patent Self-Feed Attachment, unless the same are purchased from this Company, or their Agents or Licensees, and stamped under our patent. Beware of worthless imitations and unscrupulous parties who have copied our circulars, advertisements, etc., and buy only the machine manufactured by us. "The wonder is how so many a Machine can be sold at so low a price."—Globe.

"We have seen the Machine and consider it first-class in every respect."—Transcript.

"We can recommend it to our readers."—Christian Index, N. Y.

"The Machine arrived safely, we are more than pleased with it; it does all you claim for it and more. We shall call the attention of readers to it."—St. Louis Christian.

A thoroughly responsible Company, prompt in all their dealings, and one that we can commend to our readers."—Age New York.

Sample Machines with Table and Treadle forwarded to any part of the World on receipt of

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.

Special terms and extra inducements to male and female agents, store keepers, &c. Quantity rights given to smart agents free. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing terms, testimonials, engagements, &c., sent free. All money sent in Post Office Money Orders, Drafts, or by Express, are perfectly secure. Safe delivery of our goods guaranteed.

All orders, communications, etc., must be addressed to the

Peerless Manufacturing Co.,

2403, Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

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A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed letter to the Rev. JOSEPH T. DEAN, Station D, Bible House, New York.

BOOTS AND SHOES—CALIFORNIA

Hand and machine made Boots and Shoes. A new lot direct from factory.

S. H. FRIENDLY

FOR GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Go to T. C. HENDRICKS,

LABELLE WAGON—I am the sole agent for this celebrated wagon.

T. C. HENDRICKS.

Willamette Transportation and Locks Company.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING RATES OF Freight on Grain and Flour have been established by this company as the maximum rates for one year from May 1st, 1877, viz:

Oregon City	to Portland	Per ton.
Butteville	"	1 75
Champoeg	"	1 75
Dayton	"	2 00
Fairfield	"	2 00
Westland	"	2 50
Lincoln	"	2 50
Salem	"	2 50
Eola	"	2 75
Independence	"	2 75
Ankeny's Landing	"	3 00
Benna Vista	"	3 00
Spring Hill	"	3 00
Albany	"	3 00
Corvallis	"	3 50
Peoria	"	3 50
Monroe	"	4 00
Harrisburg	"	4 00
Eugene City	"	5 00

Grain and Flour shipped from the points above mentioned direct to Astoria will be charged \$1 per ton additional.

The company will contract with parties who desire it to transport Grain and Flour at above rates for any specified time, not exceeding five years.

S. G. REED, Vice President W. T. & L. Co., Portland, April 28, 1877.

B. F. DORRIS.

To all who know themselves indebted to me. I have demands against

me which

MUST BE PAID,

and I cannot meet them

unless I can collect. If

you would save cost

come and settle without

delay, for

I MUST HAVE MONEY.

Jan. 6, 1877. B. F. DORRIS.

S. STEINHEISER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

First-Class Family Groceries

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Notions, Crockery and Willow Ware

ALSO

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS

For medicinal and family uses.

And everything else usually kept in a First-Class

FAMILY GROCERY STORE.

I beg leave to inform the citizens of Eugene and the surrounding country that I have facilities to sell cheaper than any other house this side of Portland.

Fresh supplies received weekly.

Of the very best qualities.

My motto is

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

Please call and learn my prices before purchasing elsewhere.

S. STEINHEISER,

Willamette Street, Eugene City.

Cash Paid for Bacon and Eggs.

Goods Delivered to all Parts of the City

FREE OF CHARGE.

U. S. Claims—Lands for Soldiers.

LAND AND RICH MINES FOR SALE OR TRADE.

I COLLECT SCRIP, INDIAN VOUCH-

ers, Bounty, New Orleans, and other prize money now due, and Postoffice claims; obtain pensions for officers, soldiers, sailors, wounded, injured or diseased and their widows and children; patents, Caveats, title to land and land warrants for soldiers in all wars before March 3d, 1855, and attend to all business at Washington. Locate timber land, college scrip and homesteads on lands near Portland, Oregon, and elsewhere. Will sell cranberry land with natural vines growing on it. Prairie, swamp and timbered lands at prices lower than usual. Rich placer gold beds and quartz ledges for sale or trade. Also, will sell or rent a furnished Hotel, or sell a steam sawmill ready for business. Apply to

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this market, at the lowest prices at

T. G. HENDRICKS.

TRY IT!—THE T. G. HENDRICKS BRAND

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T. G. HENDRICKS.

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Has taken possession of the

Lucky Livery Stable,

And will carry on a

GENERAL LIVERY BUSINESS.

Horses fed and boarded by the week or day.

HORSES AND BUGGIES FOR HIRE.

Old Furniture Repaired

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Shop on the South side of Ninth St.

ELLSWORTH & CO.,

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WILL CONTINUE THE BUSINESS IN

all its branches at the old stand, offering

increased inducements to customers, old and

new. As heretofore, the most

Careful attention given to Prescriptions.

OSBURN & CO'S

NEW DRUG STORE ON WILLAMETTE STREET, near Ninth.

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DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

OILS,

PAINTS,

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