THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE DISSEMINATION OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES, AND TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING BY THE SWEAT OF OUR BROW

WHOLE NO. 494. EUGENE CITY, OR., SATURDAY, APRIL 21, 1877. $2.50 per year IN ADVANCE.

The Eugene City Guard.

GEO. J. BUYS, Pro'p.

OUR ONLY

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements inserted as follows:

One square, 10 lines or less, one insertion $3; each subsequent insertion $1. Cash required in advance

Time advertisers will be charged at the following rates:

One square three months	$6 00
" " six months	8 00
" " one year	12 00

Transient notices in local column, 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Advertising bills will be rendered quarterly.

All job work must be PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

POSTOFFICE.

Office Hours—From 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays from 2:30 to 3:30 p. m.

Mail arrives from the south and leaves going north 10 a. m. Arrives from the north and leaves going south at 2:33 p. m. For Siuslaw, Franklin and Long Tom, close at 6 A.M. on Wednesday. For Crawfordsville, Camp Creek and Brownsville at 1 P.M.

Letters will be ready for delivery half an hour after arrival of trains. Letters should be left at the office one hour before mails depart.

A. S. PATTERSON, P. M.

SOCIETIES.

EUGENE LODGE No 11, A. F. and A. M. Meets first and third Wednesdays in each month.

SPENCER BUTTE LODGE No. 9 I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday evening.

WIMAWHALA ENCAMPMENT No. 6, meets on the 2d and 4th Wednesdays in each month.

LON. CLEAVER,

DENTIST.

ROOMS OVER MRS. JACKSON'S Millinery Store,

WILLAMETTE STREET.

DENTAL.

DR. F. WELSH has opened Dental Rooms permanently in the Underwood Brick Eugene City, and respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. Refers by permission to J. R. Cardwell, Portland.

G. A. MILLER,

DENTAL ROOMS in DUNN'S BUILDING, EUGENE CITY.

Professes DENTISTRY AND ORAL SURGERY

A. W. PATTERSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office on Ninth Street, opposite the St. Charles Hotel, and at Residence,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

DRS. NICKLIN & SHIELDS,

HAVING ASSOCIATED IN THE practice of Medicine, offer their professional services to the citizens of Eugene City and the surrounding country. Special attention given to all OBSTETRICAL CASES and UTERINE DISEASES entrusted to their care. Bills due when the service is rendered.

Offices on Ninth street and at the residence of Dr. Nicklin on Willamette street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. se2

DR. JOSEPH P. GILL

CAN BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE or residence when not professionally engaged.

Office at the

POST OFFICE DRUG STORE.

Residence on Eighth street, opposite Presbyterian Church.

Chas. M. Horn,

PRACTICAL GUNSMITH.

DEALER IN GUNS, RIFLES, and materials. Repairing done in the neatest style and Warranted. Sewing Machines, Safes, Locks, etc., repaired.

Guns loaned and ammunition furnished.

Shop on Ninth street, opposite Star Bakery.

WM. B. LAKE. Purchasing Agent, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

JEWELRY ESTABLISMENT.

J. S. LUCKEY,

DEALER IN

Clocks, Watches, Chains, Jewelry, etc.

Repairing Promptly Executed.

All Work Warranted.

J. S. LUCKEY,

POST OFFICE BUILDING,

Willamette & Eighth Sts., Eugene City.

Book and Stationery Store.

POST OFFICE BUILDING, EUGENE City. I have on hand and am constantly receiving an assortment of the Best School and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Portfolios, Cards, Wallets, Blanks, Portmonnaes, etc., etc. A. S. PATTERSON.

CALLISON & OSBURN

ARE OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC SUGARS, TEAL, COFFEE, CANNED GOODS, TOBACCO & CIGARS, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BREAD CAKES AND PIES,

And in fact everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store or Bakery, at BED-ROCK PRICES for cash or ready pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

OPPOSITION

IS THE

LIFE OF TRADE!

SLOAN BROTHERS

WILL DO WORK CHEAPER than any other shop in town.

HORSES SHOD FOR $1 50,

With new material, all round. Resetting old shoes 5 Cents.

All warranted to give satisfaction.

Shop on Eighth st., opposite Humphrey's Stable.

The Naturalists' Agency

Minerals, Shells, Birds, &c.

THE NATURALISTS' AGENCY HAS been established at 3725 Lancaster Avenue, Philadelphia, for the purpose of giving collectors of objects of **Natural History** an opportunity of buying, selling or exchanging their duplicates or collections. Please state where you saw this advertisement.

Specimens sent to any part of the world by mail. A monthly bulletin of 8 pages sent free.

My MINERALOGICAL CATALOGUE and table of species, by which most minerals may be identified, illustrated by over $500 worth of Engravings, is now ready for distribution. It is an excellent check list containing in the price list every species and all the more common varieties arranged alphabetically and preceded by the species number. The species number indicates the place of any mineral in the table of species, after it will be found the species name, composition, streak or lustre, cleavage or fracture, hardness, sp. gr. fusability and crystallization. Free to all customers. To others on receipt of ten cents for postage, &c.

The large increase of my business has compelled me to rent the store No. 3727, and use it entirely for Birds, Mammals, Shells, Plants, Books, Fossils, Mound Builders' Relics and all objects of Natural History except Minerals. I have secured the services of one of the best taxidermists in the country, a gentleman who who was employed by the Smithsonian Institution in South America for three years. I have a very large stock of Western and Southern birds on hand. Also, Heads and Antlers for Museums, Dining-Rooms, Halls and Libraries.

I have now over 38 tons, and nearly $35,000 worth of Minerals on hand. I have sold over $17,000 worth since the 17th day of January, when the first box was put into my establishment. November 13th, my cash sales were over $1,500 and cash receipts over $1,200.

I have the best specimens ever seen of Amazon Stone, Ruby Silver, Samarskite, Amethyst-Brookite, Columbate of Yttria, Zonochlorite, Chilenite, Chalcedony, Rutile in Quartz, Hydrotitanite, Itacolumite, Nigrin, Green Wavellite colored by Vanadium, Peganite, Smoky Quartz, Rock Crystal, Perofskite, Schrolomite, Aegerite, Feldspar, (pink, red, gray, brywn and green), Embolite, Melanite, Ozarkite, and Chlorastrolite.

Collections of Minerals

For Students, Amateurs, Professors, Physicians and other Professional Men.

These collections illustrate all the principal species and all grand subdivisions in Dana ann other works on Mineralogy; Every Crystalline system; all the principal Ores and every known element. The collections are labelled with a printed label that can only be removed by soaking. The labels give Dana's species, number, the name, locality, and in most cases the composition of the mineral.

All collections accompanied by my Illustrated Catalogue and table of species.

100 Crystals and Fragments for Study	$1
100 Specimens, Student's Size, Larger	5
100 Specimens, larger, Amateur's size 2½+1½ inches	10

Collections of Gems, Ores, Earthy minerals, Minerals used in any Arts or Agriculture, on hand or put up to Order.

We sell Minerals by weight, for the Chemist and blowpipe use, at very low prices, as Samarskite 25c. per lb., Brookite Pure Crystal 25c. per lb., Rutile pure 25c. per lb., Wavellite 25c. per lb., Blende 10c. per lb., Lepidolite 20c. per lb.

I desire especially to call attention to my remarkably fine specimens of AMAZON STONE, of which I have or have had nine-tenths of all the specimens ever found. I have made six trips to the locality, and think I may safely say no more will be found. Good crystals from 15 cents to $1 each.

I have just purchased the best of the Ruby Silver exhibited at the Centennial by the Chilian government. These are the only specimens weighing less than three lbs. that ever brought anything like $1,000 each.

My TITANIUM MINERALS are the finest ever known. Besides the Hydrated Tetanic Acid, Hydrotitanite, a mineral recently analyzed by Dr. Koenig, of Pennsylvania University, I have also remarkably well crystalized Perofskites, Brookites of enormous size, Rutiles geniculated till they form a circle, Schorlsmite, Warwickite, &c.

I have the most beautiful green WAVELLITE and Peganite ever known, colored by Vanadic acid.

I am selling AMETHYST at far lower prices than it was ever sold at before. Over $2,500 worth sold since the 10th of July.

I have just bought the famous CHILTON COLLECTION of Minerals and Shells, which have been on exhibition at Tiffany's for the past two years. The original price asked was $3,000. It contained a number of unequaled things, among them a Rutile in Quartz, for which Mr. Clinton was offered $350 gold. A twin crystal of clear calcite containing ½ pint of water, weighing over 10 lbs. The only perfect spiny-murex in the country.

My collection of plants is very fine, comprising many that are rare, from the far North and West. I have just secured the Northern and Middle States (including Va.) collections of A. H. Curtis, who will no longer deal in them.

I have several hundred volumes of rare old works on Mineralogy, Chemistry and the natural sciences. Among them are many the most interesting of the State and Government Reports.

A. E. FOOTE, M. D.,
Prof. of Chemistry and Mineralogy,
3725 Lancaster Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

MUSIC,

AND

SEWING MACHINES

THANKING the public for their past liberal patronage, we now invite them to call on us at our rooms in Underwood & Co.'s new brick, where may be found a full assortment of goods in the above line.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired in the best manner, AND WARRANTED.

Willamette St., Eugene City, Oregon.

CRAIN BROS.

FOR SALE—A STANDARD ORGAN, entirely new instrument; cost $200. A bargain offered. Apply to

GEO. J. BUYS.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Large Stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, HATS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
ETC., ETC.,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Highest market price paid for all kinds of PRODUCE, HIDES and FURS.

A. GOLDSMITH.

The Sacred Ballot.

The following extract from a sensible editorial in the Call, an independent journal, clearly and ably expresses what is the sentiment of the unpartisan and liberty loving people of this great country upon the Louisiana case:

One result of that patched-up compromise was the recent disturbed Presidential election which held the whole country in suspense during four months, and was decided at last on the principle that eight is one more than seven. The country wants no more of the kind of compromises by which nothing is determined but the question whether this or that man shall hold the disputed office. Some time or other the Administration must go to the bottom of this question and decide it on living principles. The case requires heroic treatment. The principle underlying it all is the right of a voter to have his vote counted. The practice obtains there now of throwing votes out if in the opinion of four or five State officials, known as a Returning Board, they ought to be thrown out. That practice will not work in a State claiming a republican form of government. The excuse of intimidations or undue influence is no excuse at all. It might be used to reverse the result of every election in every Southern or any Nothern State. The duty of a government is to protect its citizens from intimidation or undue influence—from the silent but powerful influence of money, as well as more barbarous influence. But there must be a finality somewhere, or the result of an election can never be determined. The polls, properly, are the finality except when a vote is shown to be fraudulent. Government may do all in its power to protect a voter from undue influences, but if in spite of the efforts of Government he votes as some influence dictates, his vote must count, other wise, an endless field for investigation is open from which materials could be gathered to reopen the issue of an election in almost every State in the Union. The fallacy has also been admitted into the political machinery of these disputed Southern States, that a legal voter may be deprived of his vote because some other legal voter was frightened away from the polls. Twenty years hence—if the Republic stands—people will wonder if such a barbarous system was ever permitted in any part of the United States. Nothing can be more repugnant to a republican form of government. The citizen's right to vote is sacred; but of what use is the right to vote, if he has not an equal right to insist that his vote shall be counted? When the prejudice and passions of this period are passed away—as we trust they soon will be—all laws contemplating such an invasion of the rights of citizens will be pronounced unconstitutional. They cannot exist in a Republic without corrupting its life.

Hayes and Know Nothingism.

The effort to vindicate Hayes, says the San Fracisco Examiner, from the stain of Know Nothingism, by instancing his appointment of Carl Schurz to a Cabinet position, will not wash. Proof that he is bigoted against those who are most proscribed and persecuted by the Know Nothing spirit, now made active by the United Order of Americans, of which Hayes is a member, could be readily found in his order of execution of the boy Sullivan, whose parents were Irish Catholics. The boy stabbed the Master of an U.O.A. Lodge in a street fight. The weapon was common jack-knife. The man died several days afterwards. The boy was tried and twice the jury disagreed. He was forced to a third trial before a packed jury of the members of the Order, convicted of murder, and sentenced to death. Governor Hayes promised Archbishop Purcell he would commute the punishment to imprisonment for life. The U. O. A.'s then appointed a delegation to wait on Hayes and demand the execution of the lad. Hayes violated his solemn promise to the Archbishop and ordered the death sentence to be executed The boy was hanged. He was not hanged for murder. He was hanged because he was of Irish Catholic parentage, and because he caused the death of a member of Hayes' anti-Irish and anti-Catholic Secret Order of Radical bigots. If further proof is wanted to show his Know Nothingism, it can be found in the record of his public life. Under his Administration "No Irish need apply"—no Catholics' at any rate. To get the German vote which Schurz could command, he promised him a place in the cabinet. Schurz has it. But already it is stated that he will not be allowed to keep it long. In a few months he will be shipped abroad on a foreign mission. Hayes has no further use for Schurz and his German followers. They have served his purpose.

Experiments with the Telephone.

In Chicago on the 27th ult., Professor Elisha Gray lectured at McCormick Hall to a large and interested audience on the telephone, giving illustrations of the instrument's capabilities. Judges Caton and Booth, Hon. Henry Greenbaum, Colonel J. J. S. Wilson, C. H. Summers and other eminent and scientific men were on the platform. Music played in Milwaukee was transmitted over the wires and reproduced in the hall in clear and sweet tones. Many popular airs called for by the audience were promptly given, and heartily applauded. Professor Favill, in Milwaukee, played the Telephone Waltz; several differ musical notes were started simultaneous in Milwaukee, and distinctly heard by the audience. The lecture and illustrations were entertaining throughout. Professor Gray gave due credit to Professor Bell, of Boston, for his remarkable development of the speaking telegraph, which the lecturer described.

Professor A. Graham Bell lectured on the 23d at Lyceum hall, Boston, and 600 people were present to hear what was going on at Salem. Tunes played upon an organ and a cornet in Boston were distinctly heard by the Salem audience. A lively conversation passed between the two points. A party of three gentlemen from the Tabernacle choir then sang "Hold the Fort," and it was announced that the tune was heard by every person in the Salem hall.

Duluth's Downfall.

Chicago Tribune.

Speaking about real estate, panics, collapses and things, we are reminded of the once proud city of Duluth, which stood pre-eminent on a couple of sand hills near Lake Superior, and was the mistress of a land locked harbor and the affectionate Proctor Knott. How perishable and transient are the uses of this world! But six years ago Duluth might have stood against the world. Now she has fallen so low that Proctor Knott forgets to do her reverence. The bottom has fallen out of the Duluth real estate market, and it has dropped like lead from the scoop of a dredging machine. A house and residence that cost $8,500 has just been disposed of for $700, and a local newspaper says this is a fair measure of the decline in values. Absolute ruin must overtake the entire town, the local writer goes on to say, unless a compromise of the municipal indebtedness can be obtained, Chicago mourns for Duluth, as for Cincinnati and St. Louis and those other cities that were once her sisters, but are now the wards. Grace, mercy, and peace be with them all!

More About the George S. Wright.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 5.—The most sorrowful page in the story of the wreck of the *G. S. Wright*, in 1874, remains to be written. The *Colonist* has a few additional particulars of the massacre of a portion of her passengers and crew by the Indians and the destruction of the Indian village. The officers learned enough to convince them that several of the shipwrecked persons got ashore and were murdered by the natives. The story is to the purport that a number of white men came ashore in a boat; that they had with them a box in which were many papers and a large sum of money in gold and silver. They bargained with a party of Kinisgut Indians, who were bound to Victoria to take them to Port Rupert for seven dollars each. The white men were without arms, and when night came and all were asleep, the Indians murdered and threw the bodies into the sea after stripping them of everything of value. The money in the box was divided by the savages, who then came on to Victoria and spent the coin. An Indian woman says she picked up the head of a white man on the beach at Cape Caution a few months after the wreck and was told to put it down again, and say nothing about having found it. The officers found no property belonging to the *Wright*, except portions of the wreck which probably drifted ashore.

With respect to the destruction of the village, we learn that Sergeant Bloomfield landed with three others from the *Rocket*, and demanded four men who are suspected of complicity in the murders. The Indians came out and refused to give up the men. The party then secured two of the suspected savages and made for the boat. They were fired on, but got back to the ship safely. Captain Harris then gave the tribe six hours in which to surrender the men. After the lapse of six hours, he extended the time three hours longer. He then fired blank cartridges and the Indians ran away. The village was then shelled and afterwards burned, and the two men secured. No one was killed.

Symmes' Hole—What the Inheritor of That Valuable Property Thinks of the Howgate Plan.

(From the Louisville Courier-Journal.)

Should the Howgate plan to reach the pole be adopted as the best, and another expedition be started out in search of the North pole, it would be best to make some arrangement to have a part of the expedition test the truth of the Symmes theory, while the others are making slow approaches to the pole as proposed by Mr. Howgate. Captain Tyson of Captain Hall's expedition has written a work called "Arctic Experience," in which he says: "Though I do not believe in an open polar sea, yet I know that the wild animals that inhabit the northern region go off north, every fall, and come back in the spring, fat, with their young following them." Such is also the testimony of Dr. Kane, Captain Barry and Captain Ross, all of whom made more than one voyage to the extreme north. Into what country or climate those animals go to spend the winter and produce their young has never been discovered, but that they do go northward is proved beyond a doubt. According to the Symmes theory they pass over the verge and into the polar opening opening, where they find a warmer and more genial climate, and where they find plenty to live on, and produce their young, coming back fatter than when they left. Where these animals can travel man can surely follow; so let a part of the men follow in their wake, and if they reach "Symmzonia" (as Captain Symmes intended to call that undiscovered country), they will have accomplished more than any previous expedition. Captain Hall got about as far north as 82 deg., and found open water, and while encamped on the bank of an open sea, he wrote his last dispatch to the secretary of the navy, in which he says: "I find this a much warmer country than I expected, and it abounds with life—seal, game, geese, ducks, musk cattle, foxes, wolves, rabbits, partridges, lemings, etc., showing that he was just entering "Symmzonia" when his set time for returning to his vessel had expired, and he went back and was taken sick and died. Captain Parry, on his third voyage, got up to 82 deg. 45, and here found the sun so hot that it melted the tar out of the seams of his vessel, and even small flies came on board of his boat. What ice was in sight was to rotten to bear his weight, and, being nearly out of provisions, he had to turn back. Captain Ross experienced warm winds coming directly from the north, when he was furthest northward, and Dr. Kane's men found open water, experienced a gale for three days, blowing steadily from the north, and once it became so warm as to melt the snow and ice about them and far south of them. What does all mean? What must it mean? A warmer climate is certainly somewhere northward not yet discovered. Therefore, I say divide the expedition, when the eighty-first or eighty-second degree is reached, and let one party follow the wild animals northward, or "within the verge," and the other follow Mr. Howgate's plan.

Curative Power of Blue Glass.

Gen. A. J. Pleasanton has written a long letter to the Chicago *Tribune* on the wonders of blue glass. The glass which is used is a dark blue, the color being derived from a preparation of cobalt which is fused in the pot with the other ingredients. It is imported from France, and costs four times as much as American window glass. He gives in this letter his personal experience as to the curative powers of blue and sun-light baths. In October last he met with a very serious accident, in alighting from a wagon in Philadelphia. His physicians said there had been no fracture of the ribs or bones, but that he would suffer a long time from the effects of the fall. Liniments and plasters afforded no relief. He resolved to try blue glass. "In my bath-room," he says, "I have a window with a southern exposure, arranged with alternate panes of blue and plain transparent glass. Uncovering my back, I sat with my back to the blue and sun lights which were streaming through the window into the bath-room. As soon as these lights began to fall upon my back the pains began to diminish, and at the end of half an hour they had ceased altogether. Toward evening the pains returned, but they were much less than they had been before I had taken the blue-light bath, and during the night I was easier than I had been previously. The next day I took another bath of blue and sun lights, which effectually relieved me of every pain, and since then, now about three months, I have not had the slightest pain or sensitiveness in the parts affected—three consecutive sun and blue-light baths having completely removed every ill effect of my most serious accident."

"Dick" Thompson, the new Secretary of the Navy, wears a blue, swallow tailed coat with brass buttons and looks, says a correspondent, as though he had been forgotten by the death angel, when he gathered up the remnants of the Whig party.

There is a filly at Pendleton which weighs 1,460 pounds and will not be a four-year old till June.

Three vessels will be launched at Coos Bay this summer.

Hayes' line of policy will be to appoint old line Whigs, everything else equal.

Wheeler's Subsidy Record in Congress.

From Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper.

Subsidy bills from first to last he consistently supported. The Texas Pacific land grant of 16,000,000 acres received his vote in the close of the Forty-first Congress, when a little earnest opposition would have saved the nation from spoliation. Earlier in the same Congress he voted for the supplementary legislation asked by the Northern Pacific; and when Senator Ransey's resolutions with reference to the Northern Pacific land grant were before the House, Mr. Wheeler voted for the resolutions, and consistently voted down amendments requiring the sale of lands only to actual settlers, and a proviso exempting past grants as well as one freeing the Government from any claim that the action then should be held a gaurantee of the bonds. Another amendment giving the Government the right to regulate freights on the road was also voted down, with Mr. Wheeler's help, and the resolution was at last passed as the road wished it. The extension of the time within which the St. Croix and Bayfield Railroad was to be constructed, asked for in February, 1872, by the North Pacific road, was another scheme which received Mr. Wheeler's vote and attention for the bill, and against its amendments thereto, down to the last, which Gen. Banks obtained, and which rendered it useless to its projection.

Superstition.

A panacea, or "cure-all," is one of the myths of the age of superstition. Dr. R. V. Pierce does not recommend any one or even his whole list of standard remedies as adequate to cure every disease. For severe lingering coughs, bronchial, throat, and chronic lung diseases, he believes his Golden Medical Discovery is unsurpassed, but it will not cure you if your lungs are half wasted by consumption. The Discovery not only exercises a potent influence over pulmonary affections, by reason of its pectoral properties, but possesses also the most valuable alterative, or blood-cleansing properties, and is therefore a sovereign remedy in blood and skin affections. But while it will cure scrofulous and other ulcers or sores, blotches, pimples, and eruptions, it will not cure cancers, nor does its manufacturer claim any such merit for it as is done by proprietors of other blood-cleansing medicines, who dishonestly try to deceive the afflicted into the belief that their preparations will accomplish impossibilities. By reason of its real intrinsic merit it has a sale surpassing that of any other blood and cough medicine.

Oregon Senator.

Grover has as good a title to his seat as Hannibal Hamlin of Maine, who yesterday objected to his taking the oath. More lies have been told of Grover than would fill a Congressional *Record*, bulky and wordy as it is. Governor Grover performed his sworn duty when he declined to give a certificate to Postmaster Watts, and upon precedents North, East and West, English and American, gave it to the only candidate who could, as he believed, legally and mechanically hold it. Not one cent was used to buy an elector in Oregon, and it was so testified in Washington. The only money paid was to compensate Cronin for his time and loss of law cases in going to Washington, and for legal expenses in Oregon. The statements of an understanding between Tilden and Grover are pure fictions. The following from an interview with Colonel Pelton recently is susceptible of the clearest proof:

Mr. Pelton—The Republicans have sedulously sought to draw the inference from the "Gabble" dispatch that Gov. Grover, of Oregon, informed Mr. Tilden in advance of his decision that he would award the certificate to Cronin, and that Cronin arrangement was therefore a preconceived arrangement. Now, the fact is that Tilden never saw or knew of this telegram, and Gov. Grover states definitely that he never sent that dispatch, nor did he ever send a cipher telegraph in his life.

Reporter—Was there any understanding or arrangement with Gov. Grover?

Mr. Pelton—None whatever. Gov. Grover had been supplied with the best of legal opinion and advice on the subject of the ineligibility of Postmaster Watts. The opinions and legal authorities received from Judge Hoadley and other eminent lawyers had been telegraphed to him for his guidance, but that was all.

Reporter—Mr. Patrick appears as one of the signers of the dispatch announcing that a Republican elector must be bought up. Had he any such instructions or authority.

Mr. Pelton—None whatever. Nothing of the sort was ever hinted to him. In fact, he had no authority from us to spend any money whatever, and if any such authority had been asked for it would not have been given.—*N. Y. Express.*

Hon. H. O. Denny, Collector of Internal Revenue, has tendered his resignation; so says the Oregonian.

Forest Grove was filled with German emigrants last week who expect to settle in Washington county.