

THE EUGENE CITY GUARD. SATURDAY, OCT. 21, 1876. EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President. SAMUEL J. TILDEN, Of New York. For Vice President, THOS. A. HENDRICKS, Of Indiana. For Congress: L. F. LANE, Of Douglas County. For Presidential Electors: HENRY KLIPPEL, of Jackson. E. A. CRONIN, of Multnomah. W. B. LASWELL, of Grant.

Public Speaking.

Hon. Henry Klippel and Gen. W. H. Odell, Democratic and Republican candidates for Presidential Elector, will discuss the political issues at the following places and on the designated dates: Jacksonville, Monday, October 23d. Kirbyville, Wednesday, October 25th. Canyonville, Friday, October 27th. Roseburg, Saturday, October 28th. Oakland, Tuesday, October 31st. Cottage Grove, Wednesday, Nov. 1st. Eugene City, Thursday, " 2d.

A Condensed History.

On January 4th, the conference of the Grand Council of the United States of the American Alliance, met at Philadelphia, and nominated for President, Rutherford B. Hayes of Ohio, and for Vice President, William A. Wheeler, of New York.

On July 5th, Governor Hayes received a Committee of the Order at the Continental Hotel, thanked them for the nomination, and accepted it.

On July 9th, in Columbus, Ohio, a sub committee of which William T. Black, of Pennsylvania, was chairman, waited upon Governor Hayes, and presented him with the full Constitution of the Order and the Oath, and informed of his election as an honorary member. The committee also handed him the resolution of nomination. Hayes accepted the honorary membership and the nomination.

On July 10th, Alfred E. Lee, Secretary to Governor Hayes, wrote to L. S. Tyler, Box 2071, New York, promising material aid.

On September 13th, A. E. Lee, Secretary, wrote to Colonel D. Markbreit:

"It is not true that General Hayes has given any assurance of sympathy with or endorsement of declarations against the naturalization of foreigners, or the privileges of foreign born citizens.

"The story that Governor Hayes ever endorsed such sentiments by letter, or otherwise is utterly false."

The Constitution of the Order provides "that the object for which this order is organized is an amendment of the Naturalization Laws, limiting the suffrage to persons born in this country, or of American parents. The election of American born persons only to official positions in this country."

The Oath of the Order is: "I solemnly swear that I will not vote for any person or persons, for any official position who are not American born citizens."

Governor Hayes was in possession of the Constitution and the Oath. He accepted the nomination with full knowledge of their provisions.

Lee, his secretary, absolutely denied that Hayes had ever indorsed such principles, by letter or otherwise.

Rutherford B. Hayes, and Lee, his secretary, have deliberately lied to the American people, and stand convicted of attempting to obtain the highest office in the world by a sneak-fraud.

Democratic Appointments.

Mr. Williams called attention to the fact that a Democratic House during the last congress discharged employees who had done gallant service in the Union army, and supplied their places with ex-Confederate soldiers. He characterized this proceeding as an outrage on the American people, and an insult to every man who had worn the federal blue.—Journal.

It was not then, necessarily an insult to the speaker, who did not become a follower of the "federal blue" until 1869 or 1870. But however that may be, this is an exhibition of Radical dishonesty. Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, Chairman of the House Committee on Ways and Means, in answering this charge against the Democracy during the last hours of the session spoke as follows:

Another small piece of hypocrisy is much practiced here by those who are continually bewailing the removal of Union soldiers. Every man on the disabled soldiers' roll who has not died or voluntarily given up his place is still here in the employ of the

House. Those who were here during the former Congresses and are not here now, were elective officers and their appointees, and all Republican politicians. Some have been replaced with other Union soldiers and some with soldiers against whom they fought. If men who bore arms against the Government are allowed, as they have been by the gentleman from Maine (Mr. Hale) and his party, to enter this hall as members, it is difficult to see what greater injury can befall the country if a few of the men who did no more are allowed to open the doors.

In January, 1874, there were on pay rolls of the former Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives 153 appointees. Of these, from the best information to be had from a reliable Union soldier of the old appointment, and now a new appointee, there were only 18 Union soldiers of the 153 appointments.

The Democratic Doorkeeper of the last House made 123 appointments, of which 35 were men who had been in the Union service, including ten disabled soldiers retained from the former roll. Ten others had served in the Confederate army; 11 were negroes, and the remainder were non-combatants.

In brief, the loyal 43d Congress appointed 18 federal soldiers to offices under its control, while the "ex-rebel" 44th Congress appointed 35 federal soldiers to office, Richard Williams to the contrary notwithstanding.

Saving a Million Dollars a Week.

A nice economical party the Republican party is for hard times. They increased their estimates for running the Government, \$25,425,698 over the appropriations of last year. They asked for \$203,093,025, or nearly a million dollars a day—an expenditure nearly on the scale of that of war times. The House cut them down to \$120,611,871, and would have kept them down to \$109,244,140 if it had not been for the obstinacy of a wasteful Senate. As it was, in spite of the resistance of the Senate, the Democratic House cut down the Republican estimates \$55,380,650. In other words, the Democratic House save the tax-payers of the country \$151,725 a day for a year to come; \$4,615,054 a month, for a year to come. This is the work of a Democratic party in one year in Congress. In two years of Democratic administration in New York, the taxes have been reduced one half. The Democracy is the party for hard times.

PROSCRIPTION.

Hayes and the Know-Nothings.

From the N. Y. World, Oct. 4. During the last days of August we received a letter from a citizen of Philadelphia, giving name and residence, and inclosing, together with extracts showing the objects and purposes of the "American Alliance," a proof of what the writer asserted to be a brief letter written by Governor Hayes and dated Philadelphia, July 5, 1876, expressing his sympathy with the principles of the "American Alliance," accepting an election in it as a member. This letter was addressed to its Secretary Lemuel S. Tyler. As this letter received by us was authenticated by the name and address of the writer, and as it was a notorious fact that Governor Hayes was in Philadelphia on the 5th of July, and as the writer informed us that a meeting of Chapter 931 of Pennsylvania of this order had been held at that time in Arch street, Philadelphia, we had no hesitation in publishing on the 2d of September an allusion to the story thus transmitted to us. It naturally attracted great attention, and as naturally great indignation among our foreign-born citizens throughout the country. We almost immediately received from Mr. Charles Gardner, of Cincinnati, the following letter under date of September 3:

"In your issue of yesterday you say: "Mr. Hayes assures us over his own signature that he 'deeply sympathizes' with a movement for an amendment limiting suffrage to persons born in this country or of American parents, and the choice of 'American-born citizens only to official positions.' Mr. Schurz had better announce this to his German brethren, and prevent them from being caught with chaff, as he has been."

"I don't believe Mr. Hayes ever, over his own signature, or in any other way, ever said any such thing. If you can prove it, do so, and make one vote for your trouble, for, though a Republican, I shall vote for Mr. Tilden if what you say of Mr. Hayes is true."

To this letter we replied, on the 7th of September, by publishing editorially the letter of Governor Hayes and the extract sent us from the resolutions and principles of the American Alliance, as follows:

"We think Mr. Gardner will vote for Tilden. And this is why:

"The 'American Alliance' adopted a series of resolutions which said of the nominations of Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler that they were 'heretofore endorsed by the American Alliance conference,' and that the Alliance 'earnestly advised all who are in favor of the American principles, as advocated and set forth in these resolutions, to give these nominations an active and determined support."

"These resolutions" were sent to Mr. Hayes, who returned the following reply, dated July 5, 1876, addressed to "Lemuel S. Tyler, Secretary of the American Alliance:—"

"I have just received your letter informing me of my election as a member of your admirable Alliance. Return my thanks to the Alliance, as I deeply sympathize with its principles. I remain your fellow-citizen, "R. B. Hayes."

Now, here is one expression of the 'principles' of the Alliance of which Mr. Hayes is proud to be a member, and with which he deeply 'sympathizes':

"An amendment to the naturalization laws limiting suffrage to persons born in this country or of American parents; the election of American-born citizens only to official position in this country."

"We may add to this that ten days ago a foreign-born citizen of Brooklyn wrote to Mr. Hayes, asking him if it was true that he held to such Know-Nothing views, and that Mr. Hayes has not thus far deigned to reply, or to return the stamps inclosed him for an answer.

"And now will Mr. Charles Gardner not give us that vote for Tilden?"

On the 18th of September Mr. Ottendorfer, of the Staats Zeitung, sent to this office the following letter containing two most positive denials by the Secretary of Governor Hayes that he had ever written such a letter as the one sent to us from Philadelphia for publication:

NEW YORK, September 18, 1876.

To the Editor of the World: Sir—I beg leave to inform you that the publisher of the Cincinnati Volksblatt (the principal German Hayes organ of Ohio), has submitted the letter of Mr. Hayes to the Secretary of the American Alliance, published in the World some time ago to Mr. Hayes, who caused to be published the following denial in the Volksblatt:

"COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 13, 1876.

"DEAR SIR: It is not true that General Hayes was a Know-Nothing, or that he has given any assurance of sympathy with, or indorsement of, declarations against the naturalization of foreigners, or the privileges of naturalized citizens. He is opposed, as the Republican party is, to any sectarian interference, Catholic or otherwise, with political affairs.

"You can denounce as one of the rook-backs of the campaign any charges inconsistent with these facts.

"Very truly yours, "A. E. LEE, "Private Secretary."

"COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 14, 1876.

"Colonel L. Markbreit:

"No such letter was ever written. The story that Governor Hayes ever indorsed such sentiments by letter or otherwise, is utterly false.

A. E. LEE."

Mr. Lee's denial was so positive and peremptory that we considered it our duty to abstain from any further use of the Philadelphia correspondence above alluded to until we could verify by private and particular inquiries, which were at once set on foot, both by the World and by other persons interested in the defeat of the Republican party. As the first result of these inquiries, we lay before the public to-day a fac simile of a letter written by Mr. Alfred E. Lee on behalf of Governor Hayes, on the tenth day of July, only five days, it will be observed, later than the date of the note of Mr. Hayes originally sent to and published in the World, and exactly coinciding in spirit and tone with that note. It remains for Mr. Lee to explain, in the face of the fac simile, his flat and positive denials that Governor Hayes "ever indorsed such sentiments as those of the Alliance by letter or otherwise."

The following is a copy of the fac simile letter referred to:

"COLUMBUS, O., July 10, 1876.

"DEAR SIR—Gov. Hayes desires to acknowledge receipt of your valuable favor of July 7th, enclosing resolutions of the American Alliance, and to say in reply that he is deeply gratified by this expression of confidence. The importance of carrying the States of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut in the approaching canvass is fully recognized, and at the proper time references will be given you to committees for such aid and cooperation as seems to be advisable.

"Very respectfully,

"ALFRED E. LEE, Secretary."

"To L. S. Tyler, Box 2,071, New York."

Indiana Election.

The aggregate vote in Indiana on the State ticket is 433,403, of which Williams received 213,008; Harrison, 207,909; Carington, Independent, 1,226. Williams' majority over Harrison, 5,719. The largest independent vote cast was for New, candidate for State Treasurer, 15,435. The Legislature stand, House, Republicans 53; Democrats, 45; Independents, 2. Senate, Republicans, 23; Democrats, 25; Independents 2.

The Greenback State Convention met at Salem on Monday last, and placed in nomination the following named gentlemen for Presidential Electors: Hons. D. Clark, of Marion; F. Sutherland, of Douglas, and Bart. Carl, of Grant.

The Shield of American Citizenship

REFORM IS NECESSARY to correct the omissions of a Republican Congress, and the errors of our treaties and our diplomacy, which have stripped our fellow-citizens of foreign birth and kindred race recrossing the Atlantic, of the shield of American citizenship, and have exposed our brethren of the Pacific coast to the incursions of a race not sprung from the same great parent stock, and in fact, now by law denied citizenship, through naturalization, as being neither accustomed to the traditions of a progressive civilization nor exercised in liberty under equal laws.—St. Louis Platform.

Blaine Caught at It Again.

From the St. Louis Times. Jim Blaine has charged that the "Confederate Congress" placed at the head of the Committee on Commerce "a little rebel" named Hereford from West Virginia, and it turns out that Hereford was fighting in the Union army, while Blaine was sending a substitute and drawing dividends on his Spencer rifle contract.

Some 800 bales of cotton valued at \$37,000, were burned at Brooklyn on the 9th.

A post office has been established at San Juan City, W. T., with John Swaney as postmaster.

A man with a blacked face robbed the Scott river stage of \$1,250 in gold dust not far from Yreks on the 16th.

Buy your wall paper already trimmed at F. B. DUNN'S.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—The estimation in which these medicines are held by the public, steadily increases their demand. They act directly on the system, removing all obstructions, renovating the springs of life, purifying the blood, and totally eradicating liver complaints, indigestion, pain in the side and general debility. Sold everywhere. 25 cents per box or pot. 186

SHERMAN & HYDE'S COLUMN



CENTENNIAL

AWARD.

GRAND TRIUMPH FOR

WEBER PIANOS!

First Premium over all American and Foreign Manufacturers.

Copy of telegram received by Sherman & Hyde:

NEW YORK, Sept. 29, 1876. Received the highest award for sympathetic, pure and rich tone, combined with greatest power, as shown in the three styles—Grand, Square and Upright Pianos—which show intelligence and solidity in their construction, a patient and easy touch, which at the same time answers promptly to its requirements, together with excellence of workmanship. A. WEBER.

These famous Pianos are for sale by

SHERMAN & HYDE

Cor. Kearney and Sutter Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Judge Staffer, postmaster at Homestead Station, New Jersey, has been arrested for illicit distilling.

A great deal of fraudulent registration has been discovered in Brooklyn. Some 60,000 salmon eggs arrived at New York from California on the 17th.

Gentaur Liniments.

The Quickest, Surest and Cheapest Remedies.

Physicians recommend, and Farriers declare that no such remedies have ever before been in use. Words are cheap, but the proprietors of these articles will present trial bottles to medical men, gratis, and will guarantee more rapid and satisfactory results than have ever before been obtained.

THE CENTAUR LINIMENT, WHITE WRAPPER, will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Caked Breasts, Sore Nipples, Frost-bite, Chilblains, Swellings, Sprains, and any ordinary FLESH, BONE OR MUSCLE ALIMENT.

It will extract the poison of bites and stings, and heal burns or scalds without a scar. Lock-jaw, Palsy, Weak Back, Caked Breasts, Ear-ache, Toothache, Itch and Cutaneous Eruptions readily yield to its treatment.

Henry Black, of Ada, Hardin Co., Ohio, says: "My wife had the Rheumatism for five years—no rest, no sleep—could scarcely walk across the floor. She is now completely cured by the use of your Centaur Liniment. We all feel thankful to you, and recommend your wonderful medicine to all our friends."

James Hurl, of Zanesville, O., says: "The Centaur Liniment cured my Neuralgia."

Alfred Tush, of Newark, writes: "Send me one dozen bottles by express. The Liniment has saved my leg. I want to distribute it, &c."

The sale of this Liniment is increasing rapidly. THE CENTAUR LINIMENT, YELLOW WRAPPER, is for the tough skin, flesh and muscles of HORSES, MULES AND ANIMALS.

We have never yet seen a case of Spavin, Sweeney, Ring-bone, Wind-gall, Scratches or Poll-Evil, which this Liniment would not speedily benefit, and we never saw but a few cases which it would not cure. It will cure when anything else fails. It is folly to spend \$20 for a Farrier, when one dollar's worth of Centaur Liniment will do better. The following is a sample of the testimony produced:

JEFFERSON, Mo., Nov. 10, 1873.

Some time ago I was shipping horses to St. Louis. I got one badly crippled in the car. With great difficulty I got him to the stable, on Fourth avenue. The stable keeper gave me a bottle of your Centaur Liniment, which I used with such success that in two days the horse was as active and nearly well. I have been a veterinary surgeon for thirty years, but your Liniment heads anything I ever used.

"A. J. MCALITY, Veterinary Surgeon."

For a postage stamp we will mail a Centaur Almanac, containing hundreds of certificates, from every State in the Union. These Liniments are now sold by all dealers in the country.

Laboratory of J. B. ROSE & CO., 46 DEY ST., NEW YORK.

MOTHERS,

CASTORIA is the result of 20 years experiment, by Dr. Samuel P. Fitch, of Massachusetts. It is a vegetable preparation as effective as castor oil, but perfectly pleasant to the taste. It can be taken by the youngest infant and neither gaggs nor gripes. Dr. A. J. Green of Royston, Indiana, says of it:

"SIRS—I have tried the Castoria and can speak highly of its merits. It will, I think, do away entirely with castor oil. It is pleasant and harmless, and is wonderfully efficacious as an aperient and laxative. It is the very thing."

The Castoria destroys worms, regulates the stomach, cures Wind Colic, and permits of natural healthy sleep. It is very efficacious in croup, and for Teething Children. Honey is not so certain in its effects. It costs but 25 cents in large bottles.

J. B. ROSE & CO., 46 DEY ST., NEW YORK.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that G. B. DORRIS has been appointed administrator of the estate of Carlisle Burbridge, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased will present the same to me at my office in Eugene City within 6 months from the publication of this notice.

GEO. B. DORRIS, Adm'r. October 21, 1876.

DUNN & STRATTON,

AT THE OLD STAND OF F. B. DUNN.

HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN BUSINESS MR. HORACE F. STRATTON, we have just received a new, large and WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS, Making a specialty of

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL!

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We desire to make no grand flourish, but do say that farmers can come near getting ANYTHING THEY MAY WANT at our store than at any other establishment in town, and they can buy them on as good terms.

We have a full line of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRYGOODS, FANCY GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, And are continually adding to our stock to meet the demands of the public.

DUNN & STRATTON.

CENTRAL MARKET

BECKER & BOYD, Proprietors.

BECKER & BOYD HAVE REMOVED TO the building known as the Central Market and will

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, BEEF, VEAL, PORK AND MUTTON.

Diets Meats of all kinds. Lamb, Calf, etc. Will sell Beef in chunks from 3 to 5 cents.

GROCERIES—Kept on a full of GROCERIES & PROVISIONS and invite the attention of Housekeepers to T. G. HENDRICKS.

Wheat Wanted.

We want Wheat and are prepared to pay the Highest Market Price in Cash. T. G. HENDRICKS, JOHN STEWART. Eugene City, Sept. 28, 1876.

DR. JOHN HERRBOLD, SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST,

Has removed to Roseburg, Oregon, where he respectfully offers his services to the citizens of that place and vicinity in all the branches of his profession.

Fabulous Reduction IN FURNITURE.

AS WE ARE PREPARING FOR A LARGE Manufacturing establishment we propose to sell our entire stock of FURNITURE AT RETAIL AT

WHOLESALE PRICES! This is a rare chance to buy good, substantial Furniture at nominal prices. Do not let your opportunity pass. Come all. D. CHERRY & BRO.

MRS. A. W. STOWELL, TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN, HARMONY AND THOROUGHBASE.

Enquire at residence, west end of Ninth street.

University Subscriptions.

All subscriptions to the State University are now due. The property has been accepted by and turned over to the State, and I am instructed by the proper authorities to proceed and collect all sums at once. GEORGE B. DORRIS, Attorney-at-Law.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON for the county of Lane, Susan Reed, plaintiff, versus George W. Reed, defendant. Suit in equity to dissolve the marriage contract. To George W. Reed, the above named defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiff against you in this suit now on file in said court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be held in Eugene City, county and State aforesaid, commencing on Monday, the 8th day of November, 1876. The defendant will take notice that if he fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein, as follows: That the plaintiff have judgment against the defendant dissolving the marriage contract now existing between said parties; for such reasonable sum for counsel fees as the court may deem just; for the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for such further relief as the court may deem equitable. Service of this summons is made by publication on order of Hon. J. F. Watson, Judge of said court, bearing date the 24 day of September, 1876.

J. M. THOMPSON, Attorney for plaintiff.

If there is a FLORENCE Sewing Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco,

(1) not working well, I will fix it without expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, Agent.

FLORENCE.

Late Improvements render the FLORENCE more than ever the best for Family use. 2,500 FLORENCE MACHINES were sold on the Pacific Coast in 1874, a larger number probably than was ever sold here of any other kind in a single year.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent, 19 New Montgomery Street, Grand Hotel Building, SAN FRANCISCO.

Get out pieces 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5, and please

together to form a picture.

FLORENCE.

JUST RECEIVED AT MARK STEVENS', AGENT FOR REMINGTON & SONS' Breech Loading Central Fire Military and Sporting RIFLES AND SHOT-GUNS. ALSO, PISTOLS CARTRIDGES, And all kinds of ammunition for breech loading Guns. Call and see me.

CALLISON & OSBURN

ARE OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Canned Goods, Tobacco & Cigars, Glass & Queens-ware, Wood and Willowware, BREAD, CAKES AND PIES, And in fact everything usually kept in a first class Grocery Store or Bakery at BEDROCK PRICES for cash or ready pay. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

A. RENFREW, Prop.

DR. RENFREW announces that he is again in possession of the old and well-known ST. CHARLES HOTEL, Which has been newly furnished and refitted, and is now open for the reception of guests. By this change in the ownership, fifteen rooms in the

FIRE PROOF BRICK BUILDING

making fifty rooms. It is the most commodious and best appointed hotel in the State south of Salem.

Thanking the public for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same and shall do all for the comfort of guests.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.

A. RENFREW.