

**THE EUGENE CITY GUARD.**

SATURDAY, SEPT. 9, 1876.  
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.

**DEMOCRATIC TICKET.**

- For President,  
**SAMUEL J. TILDEN,**  
Of New York.
- For Vice President,  
**THOS. A. HENDRICKS,**  
Of Indiana.
- For Congress;  
**L. F. LANE,**  
Of Douglas County.
- For Presidential Electors:  
**HENRY KLIPPEL,** of Jackson.  
**E. A. CRONIN,** of Multnomah.  
**W. B. LASWELL,** of Grant.

**Medical Blunders.**

If any party or people possessing the controlling power in a country has ever made as many blunders in state-manipulation as has the Radical party in the United States, we have either overlooked the fact or history has failed to record it. That party came into existence denouncing the Union and floating a flag with stars only for the free States; it hailed the flag of the Union as a "flaunting lie." It came into power shouting for the "Union and the old flag." It denounced the "invasion of a State as among the gravest of crimes," to excuse itself for the ignoble defeat and end of John Brown; but the next year it sang the praises of John Brown, as a martyr, because he had invaded a State. It solemnly declared that no State could secede from the Union—then stultified itself in the reconstruction acts by restoring to the Union States that it had declared could not withdraw therefrom. It "reconstructed" the Union by depriving the white people of citizenship and investing the negroes with power to control political questions, hoping by that means to secure permanent control of the States lately in rebellion; and to be secure in this, the army was set to work making and undoing States just as Congress dictated; but in due time the effects of a former blunder came up to plague its inventors, to wit: while the negroes were in slavery the founders and the fathers of Radicalism were horrified because three-fifths of the negroes were counted in making the apportionment for Congressional representation; the idea of a white man voting "three times for every five negroes he possessed," as they said, was unjust and unfair; so, to remedy that evil, they freed the negroes and counted all of them; hence a stronger delegation in Congress from the former slave States, and now that entire strength is against the party that created it, or enforced it by two-fifths of the negroes. So by a series of blunders in freeing the negroes, in reconstructing the South, in using the army, by partial and partisan legislation and by upholding usurpers, tyrants and thieves in opposing the South, the Radical party has united and strengthened South in Congress to-day against it than it had twenty years ago, when its crusade against the Southern people began. In its zeal to punish the rebels and copperheads it overjumped the bounds of prudence and reason; and in its efforts to humiliate the rebels it has almost, if not altogether, erected a gallows upon which it will hang itself. Years ago its members were warned of the fact that the yokes made for Southern necks would rest with one end on the North—but the idea was scoffed and ridiculed. Another blunder was the greenback act. Congress made greenbacks a legal tender for all debts public and private, except "tax, etc., etc." The Democratic party, rank and file, declared that paper could not be a "constitutional currency" for so doing they were denounced as "traitors," "rebel sympathizers," and "copperheads," aiding in destroying the "government credit." Then the Supreme Court declared that paper was not a constitutional currency. Then Grant and a Radical Congress "packed"—that is the exact word—the Supreme Court to declare greenbacks lawful money, because Congress has power to coin, etc. But now, alas, the greenbacks are tormenting their inventors; and if greenbacks or any other paper money is constitutional money, why should we seek redemption of specie payments? Can Radical newspapers answer? We have all along argued that paper is not and cannot be lawful money, hence we hope for a resumption of specie payments; but if we believed that the U.S. Supreme Court, as packed by Grant & Co., was correct in its decision, then a metallic currency would have no charms for us. So the present money middle is the result of two more blunders, first the act, approved by the party, and the packed court's decision for the party. And the end is not yet, for another blunder was the Chinese treaty. About the time of the war the Radical party adopted the "coolie-law," and declared all men equal, without qualification or limitation, except rebels, copperheads and Democrats who were so unfortunate as to be white. While in this benevolent mood Burlingame arranged a treaty with China, putting the

rest-eating Celestials upon an equal footing with negroes, carpet-baggers, scallwags, camp-followers, Radical Congressmen and other thieves, who pretend to represent the intelligence and honesty of the United States. Next came swarms of Chinese to our shores, and the Democracy condemned the treaty; and the Oregon Democracy had anticipated it in their constitution. But now the tide has turned and even Senators Mitchell and Sargent are loud and windy in asking for a modification of that treaty so as to retard or prevent further Chinese immigration. But a few years ago Bret Hartie wrote his "Heavenly Chinese" to ridicule the opponents of "cheap labor," yet we expect in a short time to see the Oregonian and its ilk accusing the Democracy of favoring Chinese immigration. But enough for the present. The Radical party is a party of blunders, and when one of its blunders becomes detestable it is traced to a democratic origin and condemned; but while it serves to divert attention and can be used to advantage its opponents are abused by Radical orators and papers. Defending blunders must be a sorry task; but after November defense will be useless.

**The Purpose of the Administration.**

There can no longer be any doubt as to the purpose of the Grant administration in regard to the coming Presidential election. The order of the Secretary of War to General Sherman, dated August 15th, supplemented by the letter of Attorney General Taft to United States marshals, clearly indicates that nothing will be hesitated at which holds out a hope of continuing the Republican party in power. The order of Secretary Cameron recites a resolution passed by the House of Representatives, as follows: Therefore be it resolved, by the House of Representatives, that all attempts by force, fraud, terror, intimidation, or otherwise, to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage in any State, should meet with certain, condign and effectual punishment; and that in any case that has heretofore occurred or may occur hereafter, in which violence or murder has been or shall be committed by one race or class upon the other, the prompt prosecution and punishment of the criminal or criminals in any court having jurisdiction is imperatively demanded, whether the crime be one punishable by fine or imprisonment, or one demanding the penalty of death.

**And then says:**

The President directs that in accordance with the spirit of the above, you are to hold all the available force under your command, not now engaged in subduing the savages on the western frontier, in readiness to be used upon the call or requisition of the proper legal authorities for protecting all citizens without distinction of race, color or political opinion, in the exercise of the right to vote as guaranteed by the Fifteenth Amendment, and to assist in the enforcement of "certain, condign, and effectual punishment" upon all persons who shall "attempt by force, fraud, terror, intimidation, or otherwise to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage," as provided by the law of the United States, and have such force so distributed and stationed as to be able to render prompt assistance in the enforcement of the law.

This resolution was introduced in the House on the 10th of August by Mr. Scott Lord, of New York, a Democrat, for the evident purpose of placing his party on record against the alleged outrages in the South, and but two members voted against it. It gave Grant the opportunity which he would otherwise have been compelled to create to issue his military order, and he had foresight enough to reserve his order until the adjournment of Congress. The House also placed another instrument in the hands of the Administration when it consented to an increase of the army. The troops before the Sioux were insufficient to keep them in check, and to draw from the South would be to allow a free and untrammelled election. Had the House refused to agree to this increase, 2,500 troops must have been ordered to the plains and terrorism would have ceased.

The letter of the Attorney General calls attention to the recent alleged disturbances in the South, which of course means the affair at Hamburg, and in this connection we may say that that affair that it is now pretty well understood to have been an electioneering effort. Judge T. J. Mackay, a prominent and influential Republican of South Carolina, at a Hayes and Wheeler ratification meeting at Rock Hill in the State, on the 2d ult., in reply to a speaker who proceeded him and bitterly denounced Gen. M. C. Butler said: I cannot concur with the speaker who has addressed you, in denouncing General M. C. Butler as the author, or in any degree the promoter of that great crime. I have considered all the evidence thus far disclosed upon the subject; I have conferred with Republicans of both races who were in or near Hamburg at the time of the massacre, and while they all believe that General Butler was one of the guilty parties to that deed of blood, such belief or conclusion on their part is not supported by any testimony which would not be instantly consumed to ashes under the rays of judicial truth.

THE LATEST WILL of the Republican press is that the action of the Democratic Congress in reducing the clerical force in the Departments is going to cause "untold suffering" to the discharged clerks and their families. Has it come to this, that the government at Washington has become an almshouse for the support of two or three thousand paupers?

The San Francisco Alta says "not a single flaw has been found yet in Governor Hayes' record." No; even the record itself has not been found. He has none.

**EUGENE CITY, Friday, Sept. 15th.**

Cottage Grove, Thursday, Sept. 14th.

**HERE COMES THE GOVERNOR! PEOPLE'S TRUE REPRESENTATIVE!!**  
**MONTGOMERY QUEEN, THE KING OF SHOWMEN!**

—WITH HIS—  
**CENTENNIAL ON WHEELS.**  
An Army of Men, Drove of Horses, A Multitude of Animals,

A Legion of Attractions, A Forest of Wild Beasts,  
Myriads of Birds and an Ocean of Reptiles.  
Aggregation of Transcendental Elegance  
AND MILES OF

**RESPLENDENT MASSES OF MAGNIFICENCE.**

Dazzling, Gorgeous Glitter;  
The Mighty Pageant of Palaces;  
The Emerald and Gold Scrolled  
Scriptural Illustrated Wild Animal  
Dens, the Heavily Carved Great  
Golden Chariot and Tableau Cars.

**Cages of Wild Beasts open to View in the Streets.**

**GRAND CARNIVAL OF BEAUTY.**

A procession that attracted 150,000 men, women and children from banks, offices, stores, workshops and dwellings as it passed through the principal streets of San Francisco. A sum of money sufficient to ransom a Prince expended in the production of this huge undertaking.



Mouffoon, the Wild Paard, a herd of Performing Bengal Tigers, four performing Hyenas, two Lions and their Cubs, a Kangaroo and its young, pair of Leopards, pair of Silver Lions, Guzerats, Lions, Jugars, Eland, Sacred Ox, Valk Vark, Birds and Monkeys, and a long array of which the particulars cannot be given.

**TWO PERFORMANCES DAILY.**

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock P. M. Circus commences at 2 and 8 o'clock P. M. One hour for the Menagerie.

**Admission, 100 Cents. Children, under nine years, 50 Cents.**

**C. C. PELL, General Agent.**

**Hayes in His Own State.**  
The people of Ohio, who certainly ought to know how well to value of their Governor, do not seem to hold at a very high standard the declaration of his "inflexible purpose, if elected, not to be a candidate for election to a second term." They remember the time when the idea was broached that he should represent his people in Congress. He then made known his "inflexible purpose" not to be a candidate, and, if elected, not to accept the office. But he was a candidate, and he was elected, and he did no harm while in the House. They signify that there are those high in position, and of well-known reputation, who can well remember the pledge given to them in 1875, that he would not be a candidate for the governorship, and they can tell us how he broke that pledge, became a candidate and successively used all the force of the party machinery to insure his election. His "inflexible purpose" his own people do not estimate as of much worth. In fact they look in vain, and have looked in vain for years to find anything approaching to inflexibility in the man. It is the want of this quality that is the disqualification of Gov. Hayes for the Presidency. It is not hinted that, of his own volition, he will originate and carry on any scheme of wickedness. He has not sufficient character to institute any plans, whether for good or evil, and herein is the danger. It is the "inflexible purpose" of the party managers that he shall be sought by a puppet in their hands, and that in everything he shall do their bidding to the letter. We have seen the result of their management of affairs under Gen. Grant. Worse, far worse, would it be if they had a chance of taking matters into their own hands, with a President incapable of forming an "inflexible purpose."

THE ESTIMATES of the departments for the year were \$203,099,025. The bills as reported by the Committee on Appropriation amounted to \$137,283,135. The bills as passed the Senate, \$158,260,498; the bills as enacted into law, \$147,719,074, as against appropriations for last year of \$177,363,327, being a reduction of \$29,644,253.

Legislature meets next Monday.

**New Paper.**—The Sunday Argus, is the name of a new paper just started in San Francisco, and from its opening article we copy: "We are born of a necessity. Whether we shall be able to fill the need, or even a portion of it, remains to be seen, but we propose to make the effort. We intend to publish a free, outspoken and thoroughly first-class Democratic newspaper. It shall be full of news, full of opinions and full of grit. But it shall be dignified and just to all, and in all respects a welcome Sunday morning guest." Typographically it is the neatest sheet on the Pacific coast, and if succeeding numbers come up to the one before us there is no doubt of the need being filled. Three dollars per year.

**OREGON.**  
Fruit is an entire failure in Honey Lake valley.  
Hops yield 1,500 pounds to the acre, in Benton county.  
A weekly stage now runs Linkville to Goose Lake.  
N. T. Kennedy has opened a new ferry on Rogue river.  
The Ashland and Phenix mills have been consolidated.  
Many Benton county wheat fields have been injured by rust.  
Wm. Lawyer's residence at Kerbyville, was destroyed by fire last week.  
Albany is now the terminal point for the Westside mails going South.  
The extension of the Agricultural College building at Corvallis is finished.  
The Enterprise informs us that Oregon City has a real case of Becherism.  
Regece Jackson, of Washington county, raised 55 bushels of oats to the acre.  
The State School for the education of the blind at Salem will open on the 11th.  
The P. P. T. Company of McMinnville will probably increase its capital stock.  
The Bonanza, Lake county, minister has sold out for \$1,000 and intends leaving.  
The Academy of the Sacred Heart at Salem, opened on the 28th with 40 scholars.  
It is now said the Douglas county small-pox patient died of exposure and neglect.  
Between 15,000 and 20,000 bushels of wheat are stored at the Cornhusk warehouse.  
Thurston Johnson, of Forest Grove, has gone to Arizona with a large band of cattle.  
Jerome Porter, of Forest Grove, threshed 1,000 bushels of grain last week from 35 acres.  
The Plummer Fruit Dryer, at Clackamas, caught fire last week and was totally destroyed.  
The valuation of property in Jackson county falls considerably below last year's estimate.  
A rich body of black sand has been found on the beach about fifty miles north of Empire City.  
Non-mineral and final proofs may now be taken before the County Clerk in Cook county.  
Five new families, one of which has ten children, have recently settled at Bonanza, Lake county.

For the benefit of the new steamboat line, Benton county has pledged to ship 86,000 bushels of grain.  
Eleven Umatilla Indians passed through Baker City, last week on their way to join Gen. Crook.  
R. Harbers, of Oakland, is said to have discovered a vein of pure anthracite coal near Willbur.  
A young man named Pringle, who had his leg thrice amputated at Salem, died from the effects last Friday.  
Gen. Lovejoy and John Nachand are each having a Plummer Fruit Dryer erected in Clackamas county.  
Twenty thousand pounds of flour and fifteen hundred pounds of family flour are wanted at Fort Klamath.  
The El Dorado ditch in Eastern Oregon, nearly eighty miles long, has at last been completed. Cost, \$500,000.  
Mr. Frazer, of Umpqua county, got 17 cents a pound for 60,000 pounds of wool, which he sent to San Francisco.  
A man named I. J. Clark, Jordan valley, Baker county, has been arrested for incest on his daughter and step-daughter.  
Dr. Keyes, alias Wilson, who has been bilking the credulous people of Hillsboro and LaSayette, has turned up at St. Paul.  
The P. P. T. Co., of McMinnville, have received word that the frame of their new boat at Casemah is ready for the machinery.

**ITEMS OF NEWS.**  
Democrats are thoroughly organized in Ohio.  
Finchbeck is making political speeches in Indiana.  
A car load of California grapes had arrived at the Centennial.  
The charges against Tilden will be judicially investigated.  
It is rumored that Assistant Secretary Cosant will be removed.  
There have been 17 yellow fever interments in two days at Savannah.  
Twelve persons died of the yellow fever at Savannah on the 31st ult.  
There are less than a thousand grown Indians at the Red Cloud Agency.  
The international display of live stock, opened at Philadelphia, on the 1st.  
Hon. Elwood Evans delivered an address on Washington Territory on the 2d.  
Field's grape brandy distillery at San Jose has been seized for violation of the revenue law.  
R. P. Bland has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the 5th district of Missouri.  
Much excitement prevailed at the Vermont election on Tuesday. Both parties are sanguine.  
The Democrats of Texas have renominated J. W. Throckmorton and R. O. Mills for Congress.  
The sentence of Jesse Pomeroy, the Boston boy murderer has been commuted to prison for life.  
Alex L. Rice was nominated for Governor by the Massachusetts Republicans at Worcester on the 5th.  
Fifteen millions cartridges, valued at \$375,000 were shipped from New Haven to Turkey on the 31st ult.

Fourteen Chinese lepers were sent back to China, from San Francisco, on the Great Republic on the 31st ultimo.

It is reported that \$50,000 will be raised by the Democratic office-holders in California for election purposes.

Nick Evans of Bastrap, La., was assassinated on the night of the 4th by a negro, while going to visit a sick neighbor.

Babcock recommends Congress to appropriate \$200,000 for the establishment of a zoological garden at Washington.

The dismissals from the office of comptroller of currency number 31; by bureau of internal revenue 53; postoffice 33.

Thirteen crooked whiskey men after having been in jail for a year without trial at Chicago, were dismissed on the 4th.

The report of the San Francisco grand jury show that when builders wished to erect frame houses within the city limits they bribed authorities for permits.

The overland route from Council Bluffs, Iowa, to Sacramento, pursuant to a resolution passed by the House on the 19th of July, will be re-surveyed and re-measured.

Seventy-five armed negroes threaten to burn the town of Monroe, Louisiana, and will not lay down their arms. A colored Sheriff is responsible for their conduct. The whites will act on the defensive.

A band of negroes fired on some white men under cover of a ditch near Bastrap, La., on the 4th, and on being charged fled leaving one of their number dead and one prisoner. The prisoner says they were induced to take up arms by a white man named Low, who last year murdered Maj. Phelps.

Simple and inexpensive as it is, Glenn's Sulfuric Acid, is a most efficient remedy for certain obnoxious diseases, or to be cured of which those afflicted with them often spend thousands of dollars to no purpose.

**SUMMONS.**  
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon for the county of Lane, Susan Reed, plaintiff, versus George W. Reed, defendant. Suit in equity to dissolve the marriage contract. In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of plaintiff against you in this suit now on file in said court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be held in Eugene City, county and State aforesaid, commencing on to-wit: Monday, the 6th day of November, 1876. The defendant will take notice that the plaintiff has judgment against the defendant dissolving the marriage contract now existing between said parties; for such reasonable sum for counsel fees as the court may deem just; for the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for such further relief as the court may deem equitable. Service of this summons is made by publication on order of Hon. J. P. Watson, Judge of said court, bearing date the 2d day of September, 1876.

J. M. THOMPSON,  
Attorney for plaintiff.

**DRS. NICKLIN & SHIELDS.**  
HAVING ASSOCIATED IN THE PRACTICE of Medicine, offer their professional services to the citizens of Eugene City and surrounding country. Special attention given to all Obstetrical cases and Uterine Diseases entrusted to their care. Bills due when the service is rendered.  
Offices on Ninth Street and at the residence of Dr. A. I. Nicklin on Willamette street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

**WAGONS—T. G. HENDRICKS IS AGENT** for the celebrated  
**LA BELLE WAGON.**