Happenings Both at Home and Abroad.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

interesting Collection of Items From Many Places Culled From the Press teports of the Current Week.

prising 3,000 troops, is about ready to leave San Francisco. The transports Peru and Puebla have

troops for the islands.

The San Francisco Examiner says the Bennington has gone North to consort Alaska treasure ships.

Uncle Sam has bought an Australian liner, the steamer Culgoa. She is now being transformed into a cruiser. An island known as the Marcus of Weeks, between Honolulu and the Phil-

ippines, flies the United States flag and has been offered to this country as a coaling station. President McKinley has given expression to a strong hope for an early peace. Responding to congratulations

on the success of the Santiago cam-paign, he said: "I hope for an early peace now." Both nations are reaping benefits from the Anglo-American friendliness. The non-concurrence of Great Britain

in the proposal for European intervention between America and Spain, it is claimed, thwarted the designs of the powers. Premier Sagasta is quoted as saying "Spain wants perce, but it must be an

honorable peace, as Spain deserves. The army is anxious to resist to the last, but the government cannot consent to such useless sacrifice. Had we our fleet, the situation would have been very different."

A decree has been published suspending throughout Spain the rights of individuals as guaranteed by the constitution. The government wishes to have department to hurry forward the regufull power to suppress evidences of lar immunes for service at Santiago discord or rebellion which might ap- and vicinity in order that there may be pear. The publication of the decree is the minimum of danger of further inaccepted as proof that peace negotia- fection of the troops from fever. tions are actually in progress.

A special dispatch from Madrid quotes Premier Sagasta as saying in an inter- mines are to resume operations at once. view that he thought the Americans would "get the reinforcements they required, which would enable them to take Santiago." The premier is said ed by order of the Spanish officers. to have added: "Though the American the harbor, yet we will pursue the war. that the roster of prisoners has been There are in Cuba 100,000 men neady handed in by General Toral, and that

broken out since the arrival of the Pa- number the strength of his own army. A London correspondent of a French

of the Philippines. While at Honolulu an American flag was presented to the cruiser Charleston by the Queen Dowager Kapiolani of Hawaii, in token of friendship for the

News of the defeat of the imperial troops near Woo Chow is confirmed in Hong Kong. The loss of the imperial

forces is probably more than 1,500 A beautiful American flag has been sent by the steamer Alameda to the Hawaiian chamber of commerce to be unfurled at the ceremonies of raising the

flag in that city. It was the gift of the chamber of commerce of San Francisco. By the explosion of a boiler in the Niagara starch works the building was wrecked and six persons were killed and 26 injured. Two others are missing, who are supposed to have perished. Of the persons in the building, only two escaped. Most of the injured were persons outside the works. Scarcely a house within 1,000 feet of the works

escaped being hit with bricks, twisted

iron or heavy timbers. A dispatch to the London Daily News from Gibraltar tells a long story of a pseudo wealthy Mexican who was lionized for six weeks at Madrid and Cadiz, dined with Admiral Camara, inspected the fleet and defenses, and in every way won the confidence of the officials, only to disappear the moment a warrant was issued for his arrest. He afterward confessed to the correspondent that he was a captain in the Second Texas Rangers, and was acting as the confidential agent of the United

The first and most daring train robbery in years on the Truckee division bark from Newport News within the of the Central Pacific occurred two next fortnight. miles east of Humboldt. Two masked robbers held up the East-bound express train. The engineer and fireman were taken off the engine and compelled to go to the express car, the robbers climbing over the tender and covering them with revolvers and a Winchester rifle. The robbers blew open the express car door with dynamite and also blew the safe open. The car was completely demolished. The amount secured is not known. No one was hurt in the explosion.

Minor News Items

Spain is arming a third fleet and expects to have it at sea in five weeks. President McKinley will take no vacation until the war crisis is passed. The harbor patrol vessels, Governor Russell, East Boston, Arab and Apache, will join the blockading squadron off

Methodist missionaries are to be sent into the different Spanish possessions which will soon pass to American con-

Swift & Co. have been awarded contract to furnish about 100,000 pounds of meat daily to the army.

Refugees from Cienfuegos, Cuba, who arrived in Jamaica, say it is a mistake to suppose the Spanish soldiers don't want to fight.

A Washington dispatch says that 85,-000 horses and mules, with forage, will be immediately forwarded to Cuba for the army of invasion. The animals, with necessary forage, will constitute three or four hundred shiploads was six feet tall, but is 15 pounds lighter than the average white of the on the largest transports with the utsame height. most crowding.

LATER NEWS. The New York World has a dispatch The New York World has a dispatch from Manila which says the German admiral has apologized to Admiral

The Vanguard Sails for

He Is on the Yale With Four Batteries of Artillery-Landing Place Not Announced-An Overwhelming Force Will Be Sent to the Island.

Washington, July 20.-After three have surrendered to officers from the batteries of artillery and some troops, The transport steamer Pennsylavnia, to be fo'lowed quickly by an army of

ally no naval convoy. The navy de-partment has declared that it is unnectogether, but the transports will be al- cannot discriminate. lowed to find their own way to their destination.

General Miles leads the way. He had been promised by the president tories in Cuba and reinforcements comthat he should go to Porto Rico and the ing to the Philippine islands, and pro promise was redeemed when the Yale headed today from Siboney for Porto Rico. 800 miles distant.

General Brooke will be senior officer in General Miles' command, and upon him will fall the responsibility for the the islands. execution of the details of his superior's

can flag at once over Porto Rican soil. of the Philippine islands.



Important Conference Held.

Manila, via Hong Kong, July 20 .-

ond place, the expedition will not start culty, but if the Spaniards continue stubborn, the result would be that the insurgents would be compelled to bomble slaughter unparalleled in history, because in the excitement of battle they

visitors advised him to disregard the official fictions regarding Spanish vicposed a reconciliation between the insurgents and the Spaniards in the Philippine islands under a republican flag, and a joint endeavor to persuade the Americans to abandon hostilities in Finally, the representatives of the

powers to recognize the independence



ON TO HAVANA.

Shafter May March Across the Island

Washington, July 20.-It has been

insurgents proposed an appeal to the titled to rest; second, it is deemed to be very bad practice to allow the soldiers who have been exposed to yellow The point chosen for his landing is kept secret, as the general will land be-There is also another reason, a purely military one. Ten thousand Spanish troops are at Holguin, Manzanillo and Santiago, and might not lose an opportunity to recover the ground lost at Santiago if the place were left insufficienttire army is to be on guard on the high hills in the rear of the town until the men have stamped out the yellow fever. Then they will take a turn at the Spaniards, if they can be found and it may be that Shafter's march will end at Ha vana. He will work as far from his base as possible after his army is thoroughly refreshed, hunting the enemy wherever they are liable to be found.

Washington, July 20 .- A state pa per that will be historic, marking an Porto Rico, so that the transports which of the nature of the country, which Santiago de Cuba, and is the first docusail from the former city can scarcely suited his skirmishers. It is further ment of the kind ever prepared by a The insurgents are now bringing ar- to General Shafter, in command of th comprises the Second Wisconsin, Third which is tedious and troublesome work. is not only an authorization and in They are also obtaining detailed reports struction to General Shafter for th of the condition of affairs from inside government of the captured territory but also a proclamation to the peopl Admiral Dewey is establishing a of the territory of the intentions of the more strict blockade, lest it be invali- government of the United States re-



Commodore Schley's flying squadron has been merged into the fleet under Admiral Sampson.

Progress of Chinese Rebellion. service in Porto Rico within a very Captain Chichester, of the British N. Curzon, replying today in the house short time. The entire body of troops cruiser Immortalite, as to what he of commons to questions on the at Tampa will be taken, numbering would do if the Germans interfered Chinese situation, said the Britih conabout 13,000 men, and including a lot with the bombardment of Manila. sul at Canton reported that 6,000 badly agliantry in the battle of Fair Oaks, of heavy and light artillery under com- Captain Chichester replied that only armed rebels had encountered a detach-Admiral Dewey and himself knew that. ment of imperial troops on July 7, at Perrieux were today sentenced to one thorities in the Balearic islands have bellion, he added, was not yet supyear's imprisonment and to pay 8,000 extinguished the coast lights there pressed, and reliable information on the subject could not be obtained.

Decision Not Imminent. London, July 20 .- The Times de clares this morning that there is no foundation for the report that a decline

Gold-Laden Steamer St. Paul Arrives a

San Francisco, July 19.-After be ing eagerly watched for during the last 10 days, the steamer St. Paul arrived tonight from St. Michaels, bringing our Flag Now Floats There were 176 passengers on the list, and the amount of their earnings in golddust, nuggets and bank drafts is estimated by the ship's officers at \$3,-

The largest amount brought out by a AN single prospector is in the possession of T. I. Pickett, who has \$80,000, principally in golddust and nuggets. Pete Wybird admits to ownership of \$50,-000; E. J. Nash has \$30,000 and Fred Berry, of Fresno, Cal., who had previously brought out a fortune, says he has another with him now, but declines to disclose the amount."

J. Dumas, who has been prospecting on Eldorado creek, has \$45,000 to show for his labors in the frozen north, and W. E. Burn, who suffered the misfor tune of having his feet frozen and los ing both by amputation, feels compensated by the possession of \$100,000 in cash the proceeds of the sale of his five mining claims. J. Dumas spent only one month in the Klondike, but during that period realized \$20,000 from his claim, and just before his departure sold the claim for \$25,000 more so that The returning miners say that it is mander.

idle for prospectors to go to the Klondike now expecting to locate claims as all the mining land of any value has already been staked out. The only manner in which claims can be now acquired in said to be by purchase.

The general concensus of opinion is that the value of Minook creek as a before they arrived. center has been overestimated. Claims there are pronounced to be of little ed temporary military governor. value and the intending miner if he be coveries near Dawson.

Dominion creek is pronounced richest of the Klondike streams in the precious metal. Eldorado and Bonanza creeks are considered by these prospectors only second in importance to Do-

It has been learned on reliable authority that the Alaska Commercial Company received tonight about \$8,-493 000 Adding this to the amount brought down by the miners which is now placed at over \$3,000,000 the Klondike treasure carried by the St. scription, the Cafe de la Venus. Paul is not less than \$6,000,000 or \$7,000,000.

FEVER SPREADS.

Sixteen New Cases Occur Among th Troops-One Death Is Reported. Washington, July 19 .- The only dispartment during the day was as to the yellow fever condition at the front, and this was modified in an encouraging way later by General Shafter's news. It was a dispatch from Colonel Green-Cuba, saying that 16 new cases had minated Spanish arms and the legend appeared. His dispatch was as follows: 'Siboney, via Hayti, July 18.-To Sternberg, Washington: Sixteen new cases in the past 24 hours, and one death. Sanitation measures are rigid. "GREENLEAF, Chief Surgeon."

While this was regarded with some apprehension by laymen, the surgeongeneral's department considered the showing entirely satisfactory. Colonel Alden, acting surgeon-general during the absence of General Sternberg, said a report of only 16 cases was an excepsurrender accomplished there would be American heart thrill with joy. better opportunity to get the men on

stating positively that no cases of yel. from all directions around our line ish prisoners to Portsmouth, N. H. muffled, hoarse cheers of our troops. This not only relieved officials as to the to the Harvard, for it would be a severe handicap to the navy if this crack craft had to go into quarantine.

and the band played "Rally 'Round the Flag, Boys." Instantly, General McKibben called for three cheers for craft had to go into quarantine.

FREE RIDE HOME.

Colonel Hecker's Plan for Transporting the Spaniards.

Washington, July 19. - Secretary Al ger today indorsed the plan of Colonel Hecker for the transportation of the Spanish troops from Santiago back to Spain. It provides for an aggregate of ,000 Spanish officers, with first-class cabin accommodations, and 24,000 soldiers, with third-class steerage passage. The colonel says that the Spanish soldiers will be delivered on board at Santiago for Cadiz or such other ports as may be designated. It is provided that the accommodations are to be kept up to the standard required by the United States army regulation as to officers and men, in regard to the galleys, ventilation, etc. Subsistence furnished is to be equal to the United States army ration, which is set forth cabinet, in an interview today, asserted in detail as a guide to bidders as to what they must furnish.

There are 2,487 different varieties of fire escapes and ladders to be used in ca-e of emergency.

Cleaning the Barbor. Washington, July 19 .- It is expected by the navy department that but few ships of Admiral Sampson's squadron will enter the harbor at Santiago. Enough vessels will be sent in to put the harbor in condition for naval oper-

St. Thomas banks attached 6,000 tons of American coal in an action for damages growing out of the refusal of the government to pay a draft made by Consul Van Hone. Spain Strengthing Her Defenses.

London, July 15,-The Gibraltar correspondent of the Daily News says: Fifteen thousand men have recently arrived to garrison Tarifa. The Spaniards except an attack on the Straits. A thousand men are working at the earthworks, and drummers and band-

topic at Madrid, and the desire for folly is committed. We hope the Re-

men are doing sentry duty.

Over Santiago.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY

-City Sacked by the Enemy-General McKibben Has Been Appointed Temporary Military Governor.

Santiago de Cuba, July 19 .- Amid impressive ceremonies, the Spanish troops laid down their arms between the lines of the Spanish and American forces at 9 o'clock this morning.

General Shafter and the American division and brigade commanders and their staffs were escorted by a troop of cavalry and General Toral and his staff freight when the river broke up, and by 100 picked men.

Trumpeters on both sides saluted with flourishes. General Shatter returned to General Total the latter's sword after it had

been handed to the American com-Our troops, lined up at the trenches, were eye witnesses of the ceremony. General Shafter and his escort, accompanied by General Toral, rode through

the city taking formal bossession. The city had been sacked by the Spaniards the harbor for several days, probably General McKibben has been appoint-

guided by the experience of these pio- and Stripes was worth all the blood and tanamo bay. Commodore Watson's neers will confine his operations to the treasure it cost. A vast concourse of squadron is preparing to go to Spain, neighborhood of the original gold dis- 10,000 people witnessed the stirring and several vessels are preparing for ever in the minds of all the Americans auxiliary cruiser Yale, with General to imagine. The palace, a picturesque | General Miles says a sufficient force architecture, faces the Plaza de la Reina, the principal public square. Opposite rises the imposing Catholic

cathedral. On one side is a quaint, brilliantly painted building with broad verandas, the club of San Carlos; on the other a building of the same de-Across the plaza was drawn up the Ninth infantry, headed by the Sixth palace stood a picked troop of the Second cavalry with drawn sabers, under command of Captain Brett. Massed on the stone flagging between the band and line of horsemen were the brigade brick, 19c; ranch, 7@12c; dairy, 121/2

roof of the palace stood Captain Mc-Kittrick, Lieutenant Miley and Lieuthem on the flagstaff was the illu-"Viva Alfonso XIII."

All about, pressing against the veranda rails, crowding the windows and doors and lining the roofs were the people of the town (the women and noncombatants).

As the chimes of the old cathedral rang the hour of 12, the infantry and cavalry presented arms. Every American uncovered, and Captain McKittrick Wheat—Feed wheat, \$23. hoisted the Stars and Stripes. As the brilliant folds unfurled in

gentle breeze against the fleckless sky. tionally good showing as the number the cavalry band broke into the strains must be taken relatively to the large of "The Star Spangled Banner," mak- \$25; whole, \$24. number of men at the front. With the ing the American pulse leap and the At the same instant, the sound of the

high ground and keep away from in- distant booming of Captain Capron's battery, firing a salute of 21 guns, During the day a report was received drifted in. When the music ceased, low fever existed on the Harvard, which came flioating across the plaza the brought a large number of sick Span- strains of the regimental bands and the

The infantry came to "order arms" conditions at Portsmouth, but also as a moment later, after the flag was up General Shafter, which were given with great enthusiasm, the band playing Sousa's "The Stars and Stripes forever."

The ceremony over, General Shafter and his staff returned to the American gray, 36@37c per bushel. lines, leaving the city in the possession of the municipal authorities, subject to the control of General McKibben. The Thirteenth and Ninth regiments

of infantry will remain in the city to enforce order and exercise municipal authority.

The Spanish forces are to encamp outside of our lines. The work of loading the Spanish prisoners on transports preparatory to

sending them back to Spain will be commenced as soon as ships are pro-Spain Seeks Peace. Madrid, July 19 .- A member of the that the government was seeking an

conorable peace with the United States. An official dispatch from Porto Rico says 150 cases of ammunition exploded there, killing 14 persons and wounding many more. German Opinion Changing. London, July 19 .- The Berlin corre-

pendent of the Daily News, suggesting that friction between the foreign office and the admiralty led to the Irene incident, says: Nothing, 1 know positively, would be more inconvenient and disagreeable to the German cabinet than trouble with the United States. A letter from Manila is going the rounds of the press here ridiculing, as grossly exaggerated, the reports of the savagery of the insurgents.

London, July 19.-The Statist says t thinks the world's wheat crop for 1898 will be 45,000,000 quarters larger than the crop of 1897, reaching 325,-000,000 quarters. Continuing, the

"We think America has entered

Atlantic Coast Cities Are Safe. Washington, July 20.-The naval war board today held a conference with the president, arranging the final details

NO. 19.

regarding Watson's ornise. Secretary Long said that no apprehension whatever existed over the Spanish threat that the Camara squadron woud be divided, part of the ships coming to this side to attack seaport cities. This is looked upon as a sheer bluff, and it will not have the effect of changing the navy plans or of withdrawing any ships for patrol service on the Atlantic coast. Should the Spanish threat be made good, ships more than a match for any of Camara's vessels would be available at any Atlantic port on short notice.

Disasters to Vessels in Alaskan Waters. San Francisco, July 20.-A report regarding disasters to shipping in Alaskan waters has been received from E. Anders, collector of customs at St. Michaels. He says that only two of the recently constructed river boats-the Louise and the Leah-are likely to reach Dawson this year. Besides the vessels already reported wrecked on the way to St. Michaels, the bark Rufus E. Wood lost her river steamer overboard, the old tug Governor Stoneman lost a barge with a large quantity of the 12 steamers sent out from Seattle on June 2 by Moran Brothers were counted among the missing on July 7.

Relief Ship Enters the Harbor. Playa del Este, July 19.—At 9 clock, the hour of the surrender of the troops at Santiago, and the 10,000 others in the district, the Spanish flag was lowered from Morro castle.

This afternoon, the torpedoes were taken up or exploded, after which the Red Cross steamer State of Texas entered to give assistance to the sick and wounded. The warships may not enter not until the arrangements have been completed for transporting the Spanish prisoners to Spain. Nearly all the The ceremony of hoisting the Stars American warships are now in Guanand thrilling scene that will live for- the expedition to Porto Rico. The present. A finer stage setting for a Miles, will probably leave for Porto dramatic episode it would be difficult Rico in the course of a day or two. old dwelling in the Moorish style of will be sent to the island at once to take it and hold it.

Scattle Markets. Vegetables-Potatoes-Yakimas, \$1 per 100 lbs; natives, \$8@10; California potatoes, \$1.00 per 100 pounds. Beets, per sack, \$1.00; turnips, \$1.00; carrots, \$1.00; hothouse lettuce, -c;

radishes, 12 1/4 c. Fruits—California lemons, fancy, \$4.00; choice, \$3.50; seeding oranges, cavalry band. In the street facing the \$1.50@1.75; California navels, fancy, \$3@3.25; choice, \$2.50@2.75; bananas, shipping, \$2.25@2.75 per bunch; strawberries, \$1.50 per crate. Butter-Fancy native creamery,

@15c; Iowa, fancy creamery, 19c. ion with their staffs. On the red-tiled Cheese-Native Washington, 11@ 1116; Eastern cheese, 11@11160. Meats—Choice drossed cont st prime, 7c; cows, prime, 6 %c; mut-

ton, 7%c; pork, 7@7%c; veal, 6@8c. Hams-Large, 10 %c; small, 11c; breakfast bacon, 1114. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound,

13c; dressed, 16c; spring chickens, \$2.50@3.75. Fresh Fish-Halibut, 3@4c; stee!-

heads, 7@8c; salmon trout, 9@10c; flounders and sole, 3@4c; herring, 4c. Oysters-Olympia oysters, per sack,

Oats-Choice, per ton, \$26. Corn-Whole, \$25; cracked, \$25; feed meal, \$25. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton

Flour-Patent, \$4.10, bbl; straights. \$3 85: California brands, \$5.50; buckwheat flour, \$6.50; graham, per bbl, \$4.25; whole wheat flour, \$4.50; rye flour, \$4.25.

Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$14 shorts, per ton, \$16. Feed-Chopped feed, \$17@21 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$17; cake meal, per ton, \$35.

Hay-Puget Sound mixed, \$8@10; choice Eastern Washington timothy,

Eggs-Paying 18@18%c. Portland Market.

Wheat-Walla Walla, 60@62c; Valley and Bluestem, 64c per bushel. \$3.50; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel. Oats-Choice white, 39c; choice

Barley-Feed barley, \$21; brewing, Millstuffs-Bran, \$13 per ton; middlings, \$21; shorts, \$13.

Hay-Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$10 @11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@10 per ton. Eggs-Oregon, 171/20 per dozen. Butter-Fancy creamery, 85@40c; fair to good, 82 1/20; dairy, 25@32 1/20 per roll.

Cheese-Oregon full cream, 11@12c; Young America, 121/c. Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$4.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.00; springs, \$2.00@3; geese, \$3.00@4.50; ducks, young, \$3@ 4.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@

1216c per pound. Potatoes-Oregon Burbanks, 80@85c per sack; new potatoes 60@75c. Onions—California red, \$1.25 per

sack. Hops-5@12% o per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4@6c.

Wool-Valley, 10@120 per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12c; mohair, 25c per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 31/2c; dressed mutton, 7c; spring lambs, 9c per lb.

Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$4.75; light and feeders, \$3.00@4.00; dressed, \$5.50@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, 8.50@\$3.75; cows, \$2.50@3.00; dressed beef,

5@6% o per pound. Veal—Large, 5% @6c; small, 7@8c per pound.

San Francisco Market. Wool-Spring-Nevada, 10@14c per dound; Oregon, Eastern, 10@120; Valley, 15@17c; Northern, 14@16c. Millstuffs-Middlings, \$19.50@21

econds, 20c; fancy dairy, 18c; good to choice, 15@16%c per pound. Eggs - Store, 12@14c; fancy ranch, 16@19c. Citrus Fruit-Oranges, navels, \$2.00

@2.35; Mexican limes, \$5.50; California lemons, 1.00@\$1.50; do choice,

The bureau of construction and repairs is expending \$1,250,000 a month upon repairs, fitting and refitting vessels for the war with Spain.

Cuba. The government proposes to introduce it by paying off the American soldiers at Santiago in coin. The output of smokeless powder for the navy is steadily increasing, and the MILES STARTS FROM SIBONEY ordnance bureau is receiving more than The fifth Manila expedition, com-

Dewey.

8,000 pounds daily for the big guns. The allied armies at Santiago are not on friendly terms. Shafter's refusal to left San Francisco for Honolulu with allow Garcia's troops to enter the captured city has served to widen the

breach. The schooner Three Bells and the sloop Pilgrim, captured by the gunboat Dixie, near Manzanillo, on July 6, have arrived in Key West under prize

Our money is to be the money of

The Spanish flag no longer waves over Caimanera. The town and harbor, together with 5,000 Spaniards,

Marblehead. with the First Montana regiment and about 30,000 men. 300 recruits for the First California volunteers, has sailed from San Franeisco for the Philippines.

Four Oregon volunteer officers are in trouble at the Philippines. Captains Heath, Wells and Prescott and Lieutenant Telfer are likely to be courtmartialed for having overstayed a leave

The cruiser Buffalo, our purchase

from Brazil, is to be fitted out at once

for service. Commander Hemphill will superintend the work of repair and command the vessel when she goes into From Oakland, Cal., comes a report of a terrible deed committed by a Chinese murderer. Brought to bay in a powder magazine, he blew it up and

wrecked the entire plant, killing six

General Shafter has asked the way

persons besides himself.

As one important result of the capture of Santiago, the iron and steel American companies will handle the output of the Cuban mines as was the

The war department has received a warships may destroy our squadron in dispatch from General Shafter, saying Advices from Honolulu state that Shafter's dispatch added that the prisseveral mild cases of measles have oners turned over to him far exceed in

case before their operation was suspend-

The Madrid public are not satisfied with the surrender of Santiago. The journal says the powers will intervene terms exacted of Toral are regarded as and the United States will be robbed being too severe. being too severe. It is calculated by government offi-

ials that Commodore Watson will reach the Canaries about August 1 and be ready to strike a blow at the Spanish coast a few days later. The United States will take immediate steps to collect cutoms revenue at Santiago as a war contribution, and a government customs office will be

opened there and be ready for business

at once. This action will be taken

pending final settlement of the quesion of the status of Cuba after the lose of the war. Riots have broken out in the Spanish province of Huelva, in Adalusia. The inhabitants marched to the municipal buildings, shouting for cheap bread. Rioters to the number of 4,000 sacked many private houses. They were finally dispersed by the artillery,

to prevent a renewal of the disturbcommerce of Porto Rico has been issued by the department of agriculture. Trade is increasing, and a comparative statement of the imports and exports of Spain's easternmost West Indian possession in the years 1886 and 1696

shows that its commerce is well worth having and its growth constant. The advance guard of the Porto Rican invading expedition, commanded by General Miles, has sailed from Siboney. Four batteries of artillery and a few seasoned troops compose it. General Brooke reported that his army was ready to proceed immediately with the occupation of the island. The entire expedition, it is thought, will em-

Word has reached San Francisco from maugh from Seattle, was overtaken in stores, was lost. Two barges towed by steamer of the Alaska Commercial Company were lost in the same storm. They cost about \$20,000. A similar fate overtook a new river boat towed by the National City. The loss in the

last case was \$50,000. Four of Garcia's men have died from over-eating, and three others who went swimming after gorging themselves

Maj.-Gen. Shafter holds a medal of honor awarded to him for distinguished Va., May 31, 1862.

The defenses of Santiago are charac-

teristically Spanish, consisting, as they

do, of lines of barb-wire fence back of

which are rifle pits and then block houses of forts. Captain Harrington, detached from command of the monitor Puritan, is in the hospital at Key West, having been

stricken with paralysis.

was improved by the engineers so that the heavy wagons and seige guns could Out of 140 colored volunteers examined at Topeka, Kan., 85 were accepted. Many were rejected because of rocco is concentrating a considerable

The road from Baiquiri to the front

Porto Rico.

days' consultation between Secretary Alger and General Brooke, during which there was frequent communication with General Miles at Siboney, the details of the Porto Rican expedition were perfected and the expedition itself gotten under way. General Miles, with four sailed today for Porto Rico on the Yale,

There are some notable differences that sailed away from Tampa under General Shafter's command to attack Santiago. First, there will be practicfrom one point, but will be divided among several ports, thus preventing the tremendous congestion that was encountered at Tampa in the effort to bard and storm the city, with inevitastart the big fleet. Lastly, there will be no effort made to get the ships away

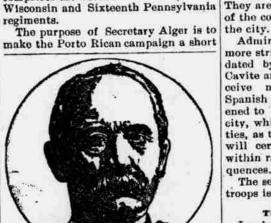
General Miles will hoist the Ameri-

GERMAN GUNBOAT IRENE.

She attempted to protect Spaniards in Manila, but desisted when Dewey sent the Raleigh and Con fore the full body of the expedition is prepare for storming the walls. A secat hand, and it is consequently not de- ond signal fixing the date for the as-

The distance from Charleston, where and energetic measures will be taken and are commanded by Brigadier-Gen-

Wisconsin and Sixteenth Pennsylvania



SURGEON-GENERAL STERNBERG. the start, and it will be swelled soon man ships had a right to enter the harto 40,000 men, and, if necessary, to 70,- bor without being searched, a claim 000 men, the equipment of the volun- Admiral Deway declined to recognize. teer forces having now progressed so It is reported that Admiral von Diedwell as to warrant the statement that richs, who is in command of the Gerthat number of men can be ready for man squadron at Manila, interviewed

Paris, July 20 .- M. Zola and M. france fine and the cost of the suit.

mand of General Rodgers.

Milwaukee, July 20 .- The police department is notified that a sailboat, with four young men, all of Milwaukee, has been missing since noon yesthe boat are Richard Yokokonse, Edward and Ben Johnson and William

Tangier, July 20 .- The sultan of Mo-

sirable that the Spaniards should be sault has not yet been issued, and they enabled to collect a superior force to are tired of waiting, and are losing faith in Aguinaldo. The latter, it is alleged, finds it ex- epoch in American history, was issued the first body of troops for Miles' expe- tremely difficult to capture the town's tonight by direction of President Mc dition was to start today, is more than fortifications. His previous successes, Kinley. It provides in general terms double the distance from Santiago to is is pointed out, were easy, because for the government of the province of

join General Miles before the early part alleged that the principal points cap- president of the United States. By orof next week. These Charleston tured by the insurgents were obtained der of Secretary Alger, Adjutant-Gentroops are to be the First army corps through treachery. eral George H. Ernst. The brigade tillery around by sea from Malabon, military forces at Santiago. The paper

> dated by permitting neutrals to visit Cavite and Malabon, and send and receive mails inclosing surreptitious Spanish disptaches. He has threatened to station warships opposite the city, which might precipitate hostilities, as the Spanish officers declare they will certainly fire on any American

within range, regardless of the conse-The second installment of American

troops is expected here daily. The Irene Again Stopped. London, July 20 .- The Hong Kong correspondent of the Mail says: United States Consul Wildman in- garding them and their interests. forms me that as the German cruiser marks the formal establishment of Irene was passing Mariveles, off Ma- new political power in the island of one. An overwhelming force will be nila, the other day, the United States Cuba, and insures to the people of the Behring sea by a hurricane, and that thrown upon the island, and it is possi- gunboat McCulloch was sent after her territory over which the power extends her tow, a river steamer laden with ble that a bloodless victory will be to ask her to stop. She refused to obey, absolute security in the exercise of achieved when the Spanish become con- and a shell was sent across her bows their private rights and relations, as vinced that they have no reasonable and a small boat went out to discover well as security to their persons and chance to resist successfully. The ex- what she was doing. The German ad- poperrty. pedition is to comprise 30,000 men at miral protested, and insisted that Ger-

Coast Lights Extinguished. Algiers, July 20.—The Spanish au-

London, July 20.-A Rome dispatch says: The foreign office learns from Washington that the Colombian govclaim made by him against the repub- least three months. lie of Colombia, and they now consider the incident as closed.

until further orders.

ernment has accepted the award of is imminent in the Delagoa bay arbiterday. The names of the occupants of \$250,000 made by President Cleveland tration with an award of £2,500,000. to Cerutti, an Italian subject, in a It says the case will not be settled for at Surveying by photography is gain-

peace on any terms seems to be unani- publicans will have the firmness and mous among the masses of the people, as continuation of the war will prac-tically result in national destruction.

Statist says: upon a period of great prosperity,

Peace or war is the all-absorbing which will last for years if no great patriotism to resist the politicians and refuse to allow unwise currency legis-

bran, \$15.00@16.00 per ton. Onions-New, 35@50c per sack. Butter-Fancy creamery, 21c; do

Corvalliz CORVALLIS, BENTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898. MILLIONS IN DUST. GRANDE ISLAND AND SUBIG BAY, TAKEN BY DEWEY.

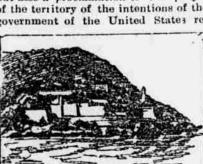
WILL NOT YIELD.

Augustin Refuses to Surrender Manila-

An important interview has just been finally decided that none of the troops between the plans for this expedition held between General Aguinaldo's that participated in the actual fighting his days at Dawson were exceedingly and those for the stately naval pageant secretary, Legarda, and a prominent before Santiago shall be employed on Profitable. native white man, and the Spanish the Porto Rico expedition. There are commander, Captain-General Augustin, several reasons for this: First, the to surrender the city. Legarda asserted men have suffered severely from hardthat 50,000 insurgents surround essary; that there is not a Spanish Manila, and are able to enter it at any warship in the West Indies that dare moment. Thus far, he added, the inthrust its bow out of port. In the sec- surgents have been restrained with diffi-

Continuing, the captain-general's

LAWS FOR SANTIAGO.



London, July 20. - The parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, George an unknown place, and had afterward retreated westward with loss. The re-

Washington, July 20.-The possi bilities of peace are as remote as ever. No move in that direction has been ing ground. Over 50,0000 square made by any foreign officials here, desforce in the vicinity of Ceuta and Mel-lila, in order to guard the frontier and preserve neutrality.

In the vicinity of Ceuta and Mel-lila, in order to guard the frontier and preserve neutrality.

In the pitiful condition of Spain.

Her pride appears to restrain her from making any direct overtures.