Epitome of the Telegraphic convened today, Justices Wolverton Considered by the National News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the New and the Old World In a Condensed and Comprehensive Form Over 5,000 textile workers have been locked out at Loebau, Germany, and in

its vicinity. Michael Simmonds, a railroad brakeman, aged 28, shot and tried to kill his sweetheart, Miss Jenny Long, aged 19, at Baltimore, and then committed

John Miller Murphy, died at Olympia, mands. A general demurrer to the writ Wash. Her death was caused by an was filed by the defendant, and the overdose of laudanum, taken to allay neuralgia pains.

Engineer E. Bennett Mitchell was killed and Fireman John H. Cawley the court ordered the writ quashed, and seriously injured by the explosion of a locomotive on the Northern Central railway at Georgetown, Pa.

Secretary Wilson has secured an order from the postoffice department to attach the government frank to packages of sugar-beet seed to be sent throughout the country for analysis.

The latest news from Guatemala received here states that a price of \$100 .-000 has been placed on the heads of Prosper Morales and his aide, Manuel Fuentes. It is asserted that an order to this effect has been promulgated by

As a result of the breaking of a cable, three colored men who were being car- stood, the supreme court has agreed to ried up in an elevator shaft of the Northwest Land tunnel, at Chicago, fell 95 feet to the bottom of the excavation. One of them was killed instantly, and the other two sustained fatal injuries.

Word comes from Kaslo, B. C., that three men who were out on the lake about 500 vards were drowned by the boat capsizing. A stiff breeze was blowing, and, as the boat reached the beginning of the swift undertow opposite Kaslo, the men tried to change positions, and the boat was overturned.

In a recent interview, Lieutenant Peary, who has just returned to Boston from the Arctic on the whaling bark Hope, said: "The 100-ton meteorite in the hold of the Hope fell from the skies hundreds of years ago, and has long been the source of iron supplies for the Esquimaux. I discovered it in May, 1894, and since that time have been trying to secure it and bring it to

the wildest sensation. Count Badeni the Southern Pacific Company, with a simple to the states and territories in sent his seconds to Dr. Wolff, who acpermission to fight the duel, and at the same time tendering his resignation. In reply he received not only permission to fight, but also the imperial approval. Count Badeni then made his will, after which he spent the evening at the Jockey Club and a pleasure resort. His wife and family knew nothing about the affair until the duel was morning at Biloxi. over. It is thought that, as the premier has set example, with the emperor's approval, there will be a serious epidemic

Commander Booth-Tucker has arrived in Denver to complete the ar. ter of securing sailors for them has rerangements for establishing a Salvation Army colony in the Arkansas valley.

In Joseph Hayward's saw mill, near Macon, Mo., a large boiler exploded and killed three workmen, Charles Heator, Walter Fergurson and Albert

The United States steamship San Francisco, the flagship of the European squadron, has arrived at Tangier, Morocco, in order to investigate and obtain redress, if necessary, for the re- Nearly all the British ships in port are ported flogging of American citizens at under contract to certain shipping mas-Mogador, and also to enforce the prom- ters. These latter have agreed to supised settlement of former claims of the United States against Morocco.

China, which condemns a parecide to At the present time the rate in Portdeath by the slicing process, whether he be the perpetrator of a wilful crime month and \$60 advance, consequently or the victim of an accident, is terribly sailors in this port will not ship at the illustrated by a case now vexing the lower rate. At the present time the people of Shanghai. A boy of 11 was ships Bothwell, St. Mirren, Dalgonar, swinging some article about his head in Glencaird, Kensington, Largiemore, play, when it happened to strike his Leicester Castle and Matterhorn, and mother, who died from the effects of the barks Cloncaird, Forfarkshire and the blow. He was condemned to be Iverlochy are lying in the stream -sliced to death, and, though efforts have awaiting crews. Some of them are at been made to save him from this fear- an expense of \$250 a day, and at that ful end, so far they have not been suc- rate will soon eat up the etxra wages

the steamer Ika, with a drew of 10, and carrying 50 Australian passengers, spike on the Trail-Robson branch of was entering the port at Fihme, on the Columiba & Western railroad was the river Flumara, while the bora was driven this morning in the presence of blowing hard, when she collided with the English steamer Tira, which was freight train will bring coke from Robthe river Flumara, while the bora was driven this morning in the presence of leaving. The bows of the lka were son, and a regular passenger service stove in and she sank in two minutes. will be inaugurated as soon as the Can-Boats hastily put off and saved the adian Pacific railroad affords proper captain and seven others, but most of connections at Robson for Nelson. The the passengers perished. The casualty road is 21 miles long, and runs up the took place in full view of thousands Columbia river from Trail to Robson, who crowded the pier in the greatest connecting there with the Canadian Pa-

excitement and alarm,

Arthur Jordan, a Scotch explorer, who claims to be familiar with the country between Spokane and the Klondike, will leave Spokane with six men, made into the fighting which took place October 10, for the Yukon country, on the Turko-Persian frontier, in prospect on Stewart river. Mr. frontier with the full knowledge of the of the party. They will go via Ash- nine villages and massacred 300 Muscroft, taking the Hudson bay trail there sulmans and Chrisitans, including to Lake Teslin, down the lake to the women and children. The Persian Hootalinqua river, down that stream to government is demanding full satisfacthe Yukon, thence to Stewart river. | tion from the Turks for the outrages.

The Japanese government has taken up 2,000 out of the remaining 30,000 shares of the Formosan railway, and has persuaded Formosans to take up the remainder. Locomotives and cars are expected from America. The work will be proceeded with immediately.

The government survey boats have about commpleted the work of establishing a series of lines of true magnetic bearings along the coast and in 8 hours, was held by the steamship the principal harbors between Puget Mackinaw, a sister vessel. sound and San Diego, for the purpose of affording means for masters of vessels to adjust the compasses of their opening in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 lakes, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the rails—the place left beginning in England at present is \$185 ies, 1,000 rivers and 10, covered by the ra

Payment of State Warrants Will Soon

Salem, Sept. 30.-The supreme court and Bean being present. The petition for rehearing in the case

of E. D. Shattuck, appellant, vs. Harrison R. Kincaid, secretary of state, respondent, was denied. This is the mandamus suit brought by the appellant to compel the respondent, as secretary of state, to audit his claim and issue a warrant on the state treasurer in payment thereof, for salary as circuit judge of the fourth judicial dis-

This suit was commenced in Judge

Hewitt's court, department No. 2, circuit court of Marion county. Upon the filing of a complaint the court issued an alternative writ of mandamus, addressed to the defendant and resondeput, as asked, to show cause for Rose the 19-yeabr-old daughter of not complying with the plaintiff's decourt ordered a pro forma judgment, sustaining the demurrer. The plaintiff refused to amend or further plead, and gave judgment for the defendant, dismissing the proceeding. From this judgment appeal was taken to the supreme court. A lengthy opinion was rendered, in which it was held that the demurrer should have been overruled and the case remanded. A petition for rehearing was filed by the secretary of state's attorneys without his advice. One petition, prepared by N. B. Knight, was published before being filed with

> Secretary Kincaid said today that he further, and it being satisfactory to both parties to the suit, it is under- ple, issue a peremptory writ, and the secretary of state will begin issuing warrants right away.

court. The petitions were both

Average Keeps Up.

New Orleans, Sept. 30 .- The yellow fever situation here continues exasperatingly the same. A daily average of kept up. But, while there is no sign of an epidemical visitation, the slow progress of the disease puts obstacles daily today was not unlike that of many other days, in that it showed a death through sheer neglect of the patient. half died through neglect or lack of half free and half slave. Individual sulted. The police force and the con-The duel between Count Badeni, the secure a modification of the quarantine come to the parting of the ways; either tinued hostilities until morning. Austrian premier, and Dr. Wolff, the regulations. Dr. Oliphant's trip up the government must open these lands nationalist leader, has caused the road tomorrow, at the invitation of for settlement, or turn them over in fee

cepted the challenge. The premier existing quarantine, will settle it them for settlement. sent a telegram to the emperor, asking whether trade is to stagnate for several to be resumed at once. Today two deaths were reported.

to date. A number of patients were discharged today.

T. E. Gill, proprietor of the Biloxi

Scarcity of Sailors

San Francisco, Sept. 30.-Over 30 vessels have finished loading wheat in San Francisco this month, and the matsolved itself into a serious problem.

"What's the good of a charter to a vessel when a captain cannot produce sailors to man her?" was a remark made by a disgusted British skipper yesterday. "Many a good ship is loaded and ready to sail, but is compelled Yost. The mill was blown to frag- to swing at her anchor because the master cannot procure men at the rulpretty soon, and the sailors' wages will advance, contract or no contract." The situation is about as follows

ply men all the year around whenever required, and at no time are wages to The inexorable discrimnating law of exceed \$20 per month and \$40 advance.

By Rail From Trail.

Trail, B. C., Sept. 30 .- The last cific branch to Nelson.

Turkish Raiders in Persia.

Teheran, Sept. 30. - The inquiry Browne's son, Guy, will be a member Turkish military authorities, sacked

> A New Coastwise Record. San Francisco, Sept. 30.-The record for fast return passages between this port and Tacoma was broken today by the steamer Washtenaw, Captain Gosscup. She came down the coast in 76 hours, making the round trip in 7 days 41/2 hours, which includes the

The average cost of criminal prose-

Irrigation Congress.

A GATHERING OF ENTHUSIASTS

Delegates From Thirteen States in Attendance-Address of Chairman E. they will be sent to jail. R. Moses-Its Sixth Meeting.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 30 .- Aside from the disappointment over a slightly smaller attendance from outside states than was expected, the conditions for the opening of the sixth national irrigation congress were most auspicious. Delegates from 13 states were present this morning. Irrigation topics were discussed with animation by wellknown authorities.

E. R. Moses, chairman of the national executive committee, said in part: "The people of the United States anst know of their country in order to judge intelligently of the wants and needs of any part of it, and they must have love of country so strong in their hearts that they forget self, section, birthplace and state in their great desire to build up America, the the free and the home of the brave.' When this is done there will be no at every opportunity, and in every pread-eagle speech no constant repetiion of a 'solid South,' a 'grasping East,' a 'frigid North,' and a 'wild and woolly West.' The time has come when this nation must ever be alert in has no disposition to delay the matter making due and ample preparation for the comfort and happiness of her peo-

"The people living in this section are happy, while many of the 2,000,000 or more idle and homeless people in the crowded cities of the East are looking for the time when these Western lands are made available for settlement. Philanthropists and humanitarians see the great opportunity for solving one of the most vital and serious questions of 18 to 20 new cases and 2 deaths has the times—the settling of the worthy unemployed and homeless upon these lands-while politicians and statesmen realize the fact, if they do not carry it in the way of the merchant public, who into practice, that the safety and perare anxious to again resume trade with petuity of this government lies in hav-

"The time has come to the minds of

"The settlement of the West means weeks longer or whetner it is partially only that the products of the soil go East for the products of the factory. Settlement of the surplus population There have been a total of 177 cases in the West relieves the East of a financial burden, which gives only temporary relief. The opening of the West will not only give homes to the present Manufacturing Company, died this homeless, but to future thousands, in- Clement Platok, with others, came to stead of forcing them abroad, like Eng-land. France and Germany do their tember 10, 1897, at the hands of Sheriff

"If any bill is passed for the reclamthe West. The last irrigation congress commission bill. It was introduced in the house of representatives near the on the part of this congress could become a law.

ustry that has worked night and day to perfect pumps and machines to draw water from the bowels of the earth at such a minimum cost as to make it masted schooner Goorwin Stoddard that they can ditch, drain and employ one of the crew, a Norweigan, fell from the water at proper times and receive the spanker masthead to the deck and their results.

"Irrigationists are satisfied that conheads of such streams in such a man land, consisting of Captain Crockett low water and other times to be used one hour and 40 minutes later. None in irrigation, navigation and manufac- of the rescued men saved any of their turing industries; and in this way the effects. claimed by these waters and opened for says: "I learn from a reliable source settlement. The nation would soon that the Vienna cabinet would immefind it a paying investment if congress ters, as well as for the use of agricul-

ture and horticulture. "Following in the wake of irrigation and closley allied to it is colonization. The people of the West do not want these lands made tillable unless they can teem with life and are settled with J. J. Browne is at the head of the syn- August last, shows that the raiders the best brain and brawn of the old and dicate which is outfitting the party to were Turkish Kurds, who crossed the the young, the rich and the poor, who garnd jury on a charge of violating the desire homes in this sunset land of

> The jubilee visit of the colonial preniers has led to the discovery that the representative of numerous Canadian Prince of Wales pronounces premier as in French, premi-ay.

Epworth League Anniversary. Canton, Ill., Sept. 30 .- The Epworth League anniversary is being held in connection with the Methodist Episcopal conference here. Miss Libbie Hamsher, of Monmouth, state superintendent of junior league work, reported that there were now 6,000 chapters. with a total membership of 350,000. Illinois has 600 chapters, the largest number of any state.

tinent, 100 peninsulas, 500 promontor-

Bloody Battle Between Polish Miner

Girardville, Pa., Sept. 29.-At least possibly two score others were more or less seriously wounded in the bloody riot here late last night and early this morning. The battle was the outcome of a quarrel over the Hazelton troubles. Thirty-six men are known to have been wounded, and about 50 more are being secreted by their friends, who fear that

Twelve of the ringleaders were brought before Justice Elias Kissinger and 10 before Justice H. B. Johnso All were charged with assault with intent to kill, housebreaking and rioting, and were held in heavy bail for court Many warrants have been issued, but have not been served as yet.

Dr. Charles Schlessman attended the 22 wounded, nine of whom he says will Drs. William Monaghan and James Donohue attended 14 others, and how many the other physicians cared for is not known. Three others have been reported dead, but this cannot be

Several hundred Polanders board at William Cullacabbage's hotel, on Second street. Joseph Cavendish is proprietor of the hotel at the east end of own, where several hundred more Polanders make their headquarters. Bad blood has existed between them for a long time, and the recent strike onger a flaunting of the bloody shirt troubles at Hazleton embittered them still more. Last night matters came to a crisis. Cullacabbage, it is charged, and his followers, to the number of several hundred, armed with guns, revolvers, knives, axes and clubs, marched to Cavendish's hotel, where several hundred of their enemies were celebrating pay-day. The Cavendish men ascertained that their foes were marching upon them, and, arming themselves hurriedly, awaited their arrival. After a demonstrative march, the Cullacabbage contingent arrived, and ımmedi-

ately stormed the saloon. Then a bloody battle ensued. The men fought like demons, the shooting was fast and furious: axes, knives, clubs and other weapons were used with deadly effect. The battle lasted almost an hour, when the Cullacabbage men were routed, leaving their wounded men behind. Everything in the house was smashed and the floors strewn with wounded men. The walls were bespatthe surrounding country. The record ing homes for its worthy homeless citi- tered with blood and shreds of human

After the rioters had returned to their all who fully know the conditions of headquarters, the Cavendish gang armed There have been 21 cases up to date the East and the West, that this count hemselves to the teeth, and marched having a fatal termination. The facts try can no longer remain half settled to their enemies' rendezovus, where a are incontrovertible that at least one- any more than it could have remained battle, still bloodier than the first, reattention. Business is showing feeble and co-operative efforts have gone as stables of the surrounding region were signs of revival, and the railroads are far as they can go. Uncle Sam owns called to the scene, but were unable to putting forward superhuman efforts to this unsettled land, and it has now cope with the rioting horde, who con-

VERDICT NOT UNANIMOUS.

for Latimer Tragedy. Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 29.-The coro ner's jury which investigated the death of the strikers at Lattimer in the deputy coroner's office, after an hour's deliberation rendered the following ver-

dict: 'That from the circumstances of the case and the evidence offered the said James Martin and deputies, and in this, we, the jury, do all agree, and we, means of irrigation than ever before, and unjustifiable; but in this, we. John Through these annual congresses an im- of unlawful violence at the hands of tinental hotel, at Skaguay. betus has been given another line of in- persons unknown to this jury, as to make this inquest necessary.'

A Severe Experience. New York, Sept. 29.-The four-

profitable to irrigate in this way. The arrived in port today from Fernandina, ngenious mind has been set to work to Fla., and reported a severe experience onserve the storm waters that run in during the hurricane which prevailed torrents to the sea. Even the East and off the Southern coast during the past outh have been awakened to the fact week. On September 18 Nils Svenson, was instantly killed. On the 22d the schooner Katie J. Ireland was sighted ress will have to adopt the plan of flying a distress signal. She was sinkpreventing the overflow of large streams | ing and had lost all her boats. The by the storage of the waters near the Stoddard took off the crew of the Ire-

London, Sept. 29 -The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Vienna diately intervene in a conflict between Spain and the United States. The

would be unjustifiable."

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 29.-Walker V. Powell, grand chief of the Order of grand secretary and treasurer, were today held in \$600 bonds to the federal alien contract labor law, they waiving examination. They had promised a place in the headquarters office to a odges, and discharged a man to make a vacancy for him.

Miles of Timber Destroyed by Fire. Rapid City, S. D., Sept. 29 .- A destructive timber fire has been raging in the Big Horn country. C. W. Green, the Big Horn country. C. W. Green, suicide after murdering his mother by agent of the interior department, who firing four shots into her heart. It

nine men received fatal injuries and Only One Life Was Lost in the Avalanche.

SERIOUSLY

Caused Section of Glacier to Break Loose-Thrilling Race for Life.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 28. - The steamer City of Seattle arrived from Skaguay at noon, bringing the followng special to the Associated Press: Finnegan's Point, on Chilkoot trail, Sept. 22.—Sheep camp, nine miles above here, was nearly wiped off the

face of the earth yesterday morning by a section of a glacier breaking loose from the main body, which came crashing down the canyon for 21/2 miles, carrying death and destruction in its The first report that was brought down last night by men who had braved the perils of the flood and precipice to get out, was that not less seven were killed and dozens maimed and hurt, as well as thousands of dollars worth of property destroyed, but later reports, confirmed by hundreds of witnesses, have brought the certain death loss down to one man Chovnski, of San Francisco. Several were hurt somewhat but none fatally. There may be other deaths, but so far no other bodies can be found.

The loss of supplies will reach \$25,000. Many have lost their all this far on the way, and many professional packers that had been working for weeks and months, working as men never worked before, lost their earnings in the twinkling of an eye.

The warm weather and heavy rains of the past few days had formed a lake on the glacier, and the wind, blowing for 24 hours from the north, had finally broken off a section, probably half an acre in extent, w hich, with the water behind it, started on its fatal journey.

Persons who were camped at Stonehouse say it looked like a volcano turned loose over 100 feet in height and 25 feet in width. When it started it made a noise as if 1,000 cannons had been fired, and the startled inmates of the tents sprang to their feet in all stages of undress and rushed outside to see what was the matter. One glance up the canyon was enough. Some rushed into their tents to gather the most valuable things they could lay their hands on, while others took to the

foothills. From Skaguay the City of Seattle brought 210 persons, 192 men and 18 women, who were unable to cross White eass and who preferred a return to civilization to risking death by exposure at Skaguay. T. P. McCauley, a form- sailed September 7. Their passage er member of the state legislature from was paid all the way to New York in sengers. He was north six weeks and

says during that time there were only a claim at Washington against the two days in which either rain or snow did not fall. Many persons who started over from Skaguay are too poor to return without sacrificing their all and have camped for the winter on the trails in many cases occupying the same tents with their horses.

From now on the rush from Alaska back to the Sound will be greater than was the rush to Alaska after the first trip of the Portland.

The City of Seattle brought the news Phil J. Boyle, Thomas T. Thomas, of a murder and suicide at Skaguay. drafted by this body of the people of Barton Fresh and Peter McKiernan, of George Buchanan foreman of the Skagthis jury, do further say that the said uay Bay Improvement Company, shot assed upon a bill—a very good one for Clement Platok, with others, was and killed Mrs. Stella Kossuth, the prostarter—known as the public land marching peacefully and unarmed on prietor of a lodging house and restaur-mmission bill. It was introduced in the public highways, and they were intercepted by said Sheriff Martin and madly jealous of her. - On the night of close of the session and awaits resur-his deputies, and mercilessly shot to the 21st he called her to his room and had lost considerable time, and when rection. It has some firm supporters death, and we do further find that the as she was running from him shot her the accident occurred Johnson was in both houses, and with proper efforts killing was unnecessary, and could have in the back of the head. She died in speeding his engine along in an effort been avoided without serious injury to 12 minutes. He turned the revolver either persons or property, and we find, on himself, and the bullet went crash-"More acres are under cultivation by finally, that the killing was wanton ing through his temple, killing him instantly. Buchanan was about 24 years and perhaps more miles of irrigating Mau and F. J. McNeal, of this jury, do of age. Mrs. Kossuth was a widow, ditches have been built in the last few not concur; and we, the jury, do fur- about 28 years of age. Her mother, rears than in all previous years. ther say that there was strong suspicion Mrs. Crawford, formerly kept the Con- embankment, carrying with it the ten-

Purser Thorndyke says there are over 1.000 men all in all on the trails, who, if they could get to the coast, would do so. There were others among the passengers who lost their outfits at Sheep Camp, and still others who had theirs destroyed by the incessant rain that had been falling. Some few sold their outfits, but those who could not find buyers left their outfits along the trails

to be ruined. Those who came down predict that a still larger contingent will come down by the steamers following them, as winter is beginning in earnest. Ice is forming on the river and on the lakes, and if those at Lakes Lindeman and Bennett do not soon start down they ner as to feed the streams at times of and seven men, and the Ireland sank will be also too late to do so this year. On the summit snow is nearly six feet deep, and at last reports snow was still falling heavily there.

With some of those at Skaguay, the state of affairs seems to find favor, for there are some of the miners who will make an attempt to get in with sleds No one has gone in of late, ly made to prevent floods, temporary makeshifts, to the storage of the waversal opinion was that such action condition that it is absurd to think of The money will be provided from the was killed the previous night by three doing so.

> The report comes from Dyea that a large number of boats were swamped while running White Horse rapids and in Miles canyon, and that four men Railroad Telegraphers, and H Phelan, were drowned. Nobody seems to know and Miss Cora Eastman, aged 18, both grand secretary and treasurer, were tonamed Reynolds stated that it was a smith shop of Joseph Smink this mornfact that four men had lost their lives. ing. May had shot his sweetheart and

> > sheep and a lamb in his pasture the and last week they arraged to go away other day with their noses so full of and be quietly married. Being opposes porcupine quills that they were unable by the parents of the girl, they evident to graze. Killed His Mother Than Himself

Manistee, Mich., Sept. 28.—Victor Anderson, of Whitedale, committed has charge of public timber, has just re-turned and reports 54 square miles in by a letter left by Anderson, in which the heaviest timber destroyed. The he says life became a burden to him, estimated loss is over \$500,000. The and with his mother he would leave fire was finally extinguished by a snow this world. Anderson was a farmer at

In every mile of railway there are seven feet and four inches that are not church tower in Norfolk, England, 80 man in the state is Manuel Oliver Levy,

TERRIBLE SUFFERING. Experiences of a Young American and

New York, Sept. 29 .- The Journal and Advertiser says: Three years ago Miss Eloise Brunett was the belle of Cienfuegos, Cuba. She was rich. Now she lies upon a cot in a 10x10 room in a small house on the outskirts of Philadelphia, her body burning with fever, her mind racked by terror of the Spaniards, her memory full of the horrors of an experience abounding in star-

vation, suffering and peril. In a similar condition, aggravated by wounds, is Dr. Andre Brunett, who served as a major in the Cuban army. The father of these refugees was an

American, who owned a large estate at Cienfuegos. He died in 1893, and his son. Dr. Brunett, went to Cuba to settle up the estate. The Spanish administration of such affairs made this a long and difficult task. In September. 1895, General Rego raised the Cuban standard in the Cienfuegos district, and the young Cuban-American was one of the first to join him. It was impossible for his sister to re-

main on the plantation, and she therefore went into the Cuban service as a nurse. For 20 months she shared the hardships of the patriots. She remained bravely in the Cuban army, caring for the sick and wounded, helping to cook the scant provisions and proving herself a heroine on many oc-

After two months of this life they both contracted malarial fever, and were so ill that they had to leave the insurgent army and seek shelter, and they found neither and were compelled to take refuge in a cave, where they after toiling for weary days to get them lived for 23 weeks, having no food but green pumpkins, sweet potatoes and water from a stagnant pool. Both suffered terribly from fever, and were often delirious. Finally the brother managed to climb the hill and attract the attention of a Spanish planter, who took them to Sierra, whence they were taken by boat to Cienfuegos.

When they landed at the wharf Miss Burnett had no shoes, and her dress, which she had worn for three months, was in shreds. They were almost unable to walk, and were dragged along by the Spanish soldiers, who struck and cursed them. The Spanish commander examined them separately to find excuse to put them to death, but failing in that, he permitted them to go to their sisters, who lived a mile away, on condition that they report in person every three or four days. This, in their condition, entailed the most in tense sueffring, but the order was pitilessly enforced.

Dr. Brunett appealed to the American consul, Owen McGarr, for aid, but it was refused. Then followed a long correspondence with the state department at Washington, and in the end the consul was ordered to help them. They received passports on August 13, and

Dr. Brunett and his sister have filed Spanish government for destruction of

STRUCK A SAND DRIFT

A Fatal Accident on the O. R. & Railway. The Dalles, Or., Sept. 29.-An accident occurred on the O. R. & N. road at 12:30 o'clock last night which resulted in the killing of the engineer, Charles Johnson, and the probable fatal

injury of the fireman, Hockman. Train No. 22, an east bound freight, pulled out of The Dalles last night on time. For some days severe winds have prevailed along the road, resulting in sand drifts on the track. Between The Dalles and John Day river No. 22

to make up his schedule. The night was dark, and when a station the engine ran into the drift. The locomotive left the track, turning on its side as it plunged down the

der and two freight cars. Neither Engineer Johnson nor Fire-man Hockman had time to jump. Both went down with the wreck. Johnson's life was crushed out in an instant, he being fairly buried beneath the engine. Hockman, the fireman, was pinned down by the locomotive, and, with both legs broken, the unfortunate man received the vent of the escaping steam. A wrecking train was sent out and Engineer Johnson's body was recovered and conveyed to his home in this city. Fireman Hockman was sent by special train to St. Vincent's hospital, Portland. Dr. Mackenzie, the company's surgeon, is with the injured man, and an effort will be made to save the poor fellow's life. Only two cars, according to railroad

authorities, left the track, in addition to the engine and tender. The wreck was cleared at noon today and the track opened for traffic Making Loans to Farmen Victoria, Australia, has inaugurated

an official loan office. Small loans up and dog trains when the lakes are to a maximum of \$5,000 are to be granted to farmers and others to enable them to improve their holdings. The loans will bear interest at 5 per cent. savings banks.

Death Rather Than Separation Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 29.—The bodies of Arthur W. May, aged 24 years, then blew out his own brains. The A Greenwood (Me.) farmer found a couple had been lovers for a long time,

Fear of Lynching Drove Him Mad. Columbus, Kan., Sept. 29.-Ed. Staffleback, one of the notorious family of murderers in jail here, has gone stark mad through fear of lynching at the hands of a mob. Staffleback is convicted of murder in the first degree fo the killing of Frank Galbraith, one of the several persons supposed to have been murdered in the den of the Staffle-

Negotiations Opened Between Washington and Madrid.

NO ULTIMATUM WAS SENT

The Present Negotiations Have for Their Object a Peaceable Solution of the Cuban Question. Madrid, Sept. 27.-The Correspon-

dencia de Espana asserts that negotia-

tions are proceeding between the United States and Spain for a friendly settlement of affairs in Cuba. El Enoca, after denouncing as "sensational" the story of an ultimatum. points out that the Cubans have not been at war with Spain without the moral and material co-operation of the

American people. There is a great deal of comment as to the origin of the ultimatum canard. It has been attributed to a foreign ambassador, but all the ambassadors deny responsibility for it. The people do

not think that war is inevitable It is asserted that the liberals will soon form a cabinet, and that on the return of the queen from San Sebastian to Madrid Captain-General Weyler will be recalled from Cuba and autonomy established in the island, thus leaving no pretext for the intervention of the United States.

Would Europe Sustain Us. Washington, Sept. 27 .- State department officials refuse to discuss the statement made in the cable disptach from Madrid, namely, that the countries of Europe, with the exception of Austria, justify the interposition of the United States in favor of a termination of the Cuban war. Still, it is recalled that while Mr. Woodford was tarrying in an apparently purposeless manner in London and Paris, instead of proceeding to his post in Spain, it leaked out that the United States ministers at various European courts had been instructed to sound the governments to which they were accredited, with a view to learning how intervention in favor of Cuba would be regarded.

Although it was generally supp at the time that this effort would not succeed, there is now good reason to accept the statement in the Madrid cable as fully warranted by the facts.

No Ultimatum Was Served. New York, Sept. 27 .- A special to the Herald from London says: In reference to the sensational telegrams from Madrid about the alleged ultimatum and inevitability of war between the United States and Spain, the Herald correspondent had a conversation with a distinguished American diplomat, who, though not personally per roll. concerned in the American-Sp nish neexact state of affairs, but who, for obvious reasons would not allow his name

to be mentioned. He said: "I cannot, of course, pledge in advance the government of the United States, but so far as the present is concerned such a step is not in contemplation. The United States has probably intimated through Mr. Woodford that the present state of affairs is most deplorable and that if we could be of any assistance in bringing this condition of things to an end we should be glad to offer our services. But you may say absolutely that no ultimatum has been

sent to Spain by the United States."

Denied by Tetuan. Madrid, Sept. 27 .- The Duke of Tetuan, the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, in the course of an interview today with the correspondent of the Associated Press, denies that the government had received an ultimatum from the United States in regard to Cuba, and said he had received a cablegram quarter of a mile east of John Day from Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister to the United States, to the same effect, and denying the existence of an

ultimatum. Election in Cuba.

Havana, Sept. 27 .- According to advices from Puerto Principe, Senor Bartomoloe Masso has been elected vicepresident of the Cuban republic, General-Gomez minister of war, and Calixto Garcia major-general, General Gomez remaining commander in-chief

Armed insurgents continue to surrender, among them Captain Ojeda and 10 men in Havana province, and the local leader, Bias Varela, in the province of Pinar del Rio, who surrendered with nine others. Three days ago the insurgents dynamited a pilot train between Punta

of the army of liberation.

Brava and Las Mangas, Pinar del Rio. The engineer, Pedro Milones, son of the well-known poet, was seriously wounded. The beef famine increases. There is no meat in Havana today, and the importation of American refrigerated

beef is urged. It was officially announced today that two insurgent officers and 21 armed insurgent cavalrymen, who belonged to the insurgent force under Trellez, surrendered vesterday to Spanish authorities at Yagurmas, province of Santa Clara. Trellez, it is added,

of his followers. Ammunition Wagon Exploded. London, Sept. 27.-A dispatch from Bucharest says that while a battery of artillery was passing through the town of Pilisti, Roumania, 65 miles northwest of Bucharest, an ammunition wagon exploded. Four men were blown to pieces and 11 injured so seriously that they have since died. Eight horses were killed.

Warshaw, Ind., Sept. 27.-Fred Hessel, a wealthy citizen, was fatally injured by an angry bull.

Whisky on the Willamette. Port Townsend, Sept. 27 .- Four \$7@8; best barley, \$10@12; alfalfa, hours were spent here this morning by customs officers in searching the steamship Willamette previous to her departure for Alaska. The search was rewarded by the discovery of 100 cases of steamer carried a full cargo of freight and 110 passengers.

Co., fell into the crusher and was above the sea. crushed to pieces.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

A low range of values for wheat has been established during the week as the result of diminished speculation, increased receipts and stocks, the market closing weak under these conditions, with still lower tendency. Clearances continue large. Export sales have been only moderate, and there seems to be a pause in the European demand. The diminished volume of speculation is probably the weakest feature in the market at present, as the trade generally have accepted as a fact that Europe wants all the surplus food products that we have to spare. The presence of a so-called "bull clique" has been largely responsible for the decreased trade and done much to check the advance. The increasing stocks would not prove sufficient to depress values, but in conjunction with the lessened export demand and absence of speculation the current

of the market has been turned and un-

til conditions are changed a lower range of values is to be expected temporarily. Corn values have suffered a severe decline, due in part to local speculative conditions. The salient points of weakness in the market, however, have been the large receipts, enormous stocks and the insufficiency of the cash demand. The forward movement is now falling off. Farmers have practically ceased selling. The cash demand is also improving and a stronger market is probable next week. Crop prospects are unfavorable. Serious damage occurred since the last government report was compiled, and the next report will show a very large decrease in the estimated vield. Present values are below the average for years past and invite speculative buying. The shortage in the world's wheat crop would in itself warrant better values for corn, but in connection with the serious shortage in the potato crop, etstimated at 1,000,000,000 bushels, it is apparent that corn will be in greater export demand than ever before. We regard

certain to be followed by much higher

present weakness as but temporary, and

Portland Markets. Wheat-Walla Walla, 79c; Valley and Bluestem, 81@82c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$4.40; graham, \$3.70; superfine, \$2.50 per barrel. Oats-Choice white, 37@38c; choice

gray, 36c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$19@20; brewng, \$19@20 per ton. Millstuffs-Bran, \$14 per middlings, \$21; shorts, \$15.50.

Hay-Timothy, \$12@12.50; clover, \$10@11; California wheat, \$10 do oat, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@ 10 per ton Eggs-16@17 4c per dozen. Butter-Fancy creamery, 45@50c;

fair to good, 35@40c; dairy, 80@85c

Cheese — Oregon, 11 1/c; Your Imerica, 12 1/c; California 9@10c p Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@ 3.50 per dozen; broilers, \$2.00@2.75; geese, \$6@7; ducks, \$4@4.50 per

Potatoes. - Oregon Burbanks, 40@ 45c per sack; new potatoes, 50c per sack; sweets, \$1.40 per cental. Onions-California, new, red. \$1.25;

turkeys, live, 9@10c per

yellow, 80c per cental. Hops-13@15c per pound for nev crop; 1896 crop, 6@7c. Wool-Valley, 14@15c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; mohair, 20c per pound.

Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 21/4@21/c; dressed mutton, 5c; spring lambs, 5½ per pound. Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.50; light and feeders, \$3@4; dressed, \$5@ 5.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$2.75@8; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4@5½c per Veal-Large, 41/2 @5c; small, 51/2 @6c

per pound. Seattle Markets. Butter-Fancy native creamery, brick, 23@24c; ranch, 14@16c. Cheese-Native Washington, 10@ 11c; California, 91/2c.

Eggs-Fresh ranch, 20@21c. Poultry-Chickens, live, per pound, hens, 10c; spring chickens, \$2.50 @3; ducks, \$3.50@3.75. Wheat-Feed wheat, \$30 per ton. Oats-Choice, per ton, \$22@23.

Corn-Whole, \$24; cracked, per ton, \$23; feed meal, \$22 per ton. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton \$22: whole, \$22. Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef, steers, 6c; cows, 5 1/2c; mutton sheep, 5@516c; pork, 7c; veal, small, 6. Fresh Fish-Halibut, 5@7c; salmon, 3 1/4 @ 5c; salmon trout, 7 @ 10c; flounders

and sole, 3@4; ling cod, 4@5; rock cod, 5c; smelt, 21/2@4c. San Francisco Markets. Wool-Choice foothill, 8@12c; San Joaquin, 6 months' 7@9c; do year's staple, 7@9c; mountain, 10@11c; Ore-

gon, 11@14c per pound. Hops-10@13c per pound. Millstuffs - Middlings, \$19.50@20; California bran, \$13.50@14.50 per ton. Onions-New red, 70@80c; do new

silverskin, 85c@\$1 per cental. Potatoes-New, in boxes, 35@85c. Butter-Fancy creamery, 27@28c; do seconds, 25@26c; fancy dairy, 28@24c; good to choice, 20@22c per pound.

Eggs-Store, 18@25c; ranch, 30@ 32c; Eastern, 20@25; duck, 20c per Citrus fruit - Oranges; Valencias, \$1.50@3; Mexican limes, \$5; Cali-

fornia lemons, fancy, \$3; do common, \$1.50@2.50 per box. Fresh fruit-Apples, 50@65c per large box; apricots, 20@40c; Fontain bleau grapes, 15@25c; muscats, 20@ 35c; black, 20@30c; tokay, 20@30c; peaches, 85@50c; pears, 85c@\$1 per

box: plums, 20@40c; crab apples, 20@

Hay-Wheat, \$12@15; wheat and oat, \$11@14; oat, \$10@12; river barley, \$8@10 clover, \$8@10.

Convicts Cry for Pie.

Massachusetts convicts are getting fastidious. Not content with Boston baked beans for breakfast every day they have just sent in a petition for custard pie every Sunday.

The loftiest inhabited place in the Darwechter, a young man employed at world is the Buddhist monastery of the stone crusher of Calvin Miller & Haine, in Thibet. It is 17,000 feet