

CURRENT EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

VERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the New and the Old World in a Condensed and Comprehensive Form.

The fund raised in Canada for the India famine sufferers has been closed. The amount contributed was \$179,161.

Ten saloons in Kansas City, Kan., were raided by the police and \$3,500 worth of liquor seized and poured into the gutter.

A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says the wheat crop in the province of Santa Fe is calculated at about 10,000 tons, scarcely more than enough to supply the province for the year.

The jewelry store of W. H. Finck, at Seattle, was burglarized and goods to the amount of \$10,000 taken.

Five orphan children have been shipped from Honolulu to San Francisco. The government officials will not permit them to land unless \$500 bonds are furnished for each of the quintet as a guarantee that they shall not become public charges.

Official information received at Manila confirms the reports previously published as to the disastrous character of the eruption of the Mayon volcano.

Several villages were completely destroyed. At Long 150 bodies were recovered and buried, and more remained in the lava.

Advices from Rio de Janeiro state that the fanatics attacked several convoys of provisions and ammunition in the interior a few days ago and a bloody battle followed.

Involved in the question of international sections of the new tariff, with regard to the 10 per cent discriminating duty on foreign goods coming to the United States from Canada or Mexico, which is now before the attorney general for decision, is another question of equal if not greater magnitude.

Two young ladies from Alameda and San Francisco have gone to Trinity county upon a prospecting tour. They are equipped with complete miners' outfits and are determined to work hard to find a paying claim.

The British, Russian and French ministers to Greece have notified their respective governments that it is impossible for Greece to pay an indemnity exceeding \$5,000,000.

The county recorder in Great Bend, Kan., has reported the release of over \$60,000 in chattel and real estate mortgages since August 1, and half of the crop has not been threshed.

Paul J. Henning, who has just arrived in San Francisco, says the American flag is flying on Clipperton Island. He has been living in the island with two other men, the successfully blocked the attempt of Captain Murray of the ship Kinkora, to hoist the British flag there three months ago.

One of the Grand Army delegates to the national encampment at Buffalo has made a proposition for united action to urge the government to raise the Ironclad Monitor, which defeated the rebel ram Merrimack, during the war.

Aaron C. Conn, a board of trade operator in Detroit, Mich., committed suicide by knocking a hatchet through around his neck and then twisting it with a lead pencil until he succeeded in strangling himself.

A COLLEGE "RUSH."

Resulted Seriously to Three Berkeley Freshmen.

Berkeley, Cal., Sept. 2.—There will be no more "rushes" at the university of California, if President Kellogg's latest mandate is obeyed.

Half dazed, his jaw broken, his face a bleeding mass, Benjamin Kurtz, a newly entered freshman, was found wandering about the campus on Monday night after the rush between the two lower classes.

There were two other serious casualties. Frank Marshall, a freshman, had his right leg broken just above the ankle. Conlon, another freshman, also came out of the combat with a broken leg.

ATTACKED BY MOONSHINERS.

Deputy Marshals Ambushed and Shot at Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 2.—Two deputy United States marshals are dead, two seriously wounded and two more missing as a result of an attack upon a posse of officers by a gang of desperate moonshiners in Seary county.

Taylor, one of the murdered men, was 40 years old and was one of the wealthiest men in Seary county. Dodson was a well-known deputy and has been a terror to moonshiners. He was leading a raid when the terrible affair occurred.

The officers had approached to within 30 yards of an illicit distillery, when they were fired upon from ambush. Taylor and Dodson fell at the first volley, dead in their tracks.

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From 1871 to 1891 2,000,000 Germans left their native land.

ST. LOUIS LABOR CONVENTION

Resolutions Committee Make a Sensational Report.

FEDERAL COURTS DENOUNCED

Protest Against Government by Injunction—Friends of Labor Asked to Give Financial Support to the Miners.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—The labor convention was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning to listen to the report of the committee on resolutions.

The committee could do under the circumstances. The report, which is very lengthy, starts off by saying: "The fears of the more watchful fathers of the republic have been justified and the judiciary has become supreme with the republic prostrate at the feet of a judge appointed to administer the law."

Under the cunning form of injunctions, the courts have assumed to enact criminal laws, and have repealed rights and denied the accused the right of trial by jury.

The exercise of the commonest rights of freemen, the right of assembly, and the right of free speech have by legislation under the form of injunctions, been made a crime.

Having drawn to themselves all the powers of the federal government until congress and the president may set only by judicial permission, the federal judges have been the subjugation of the foreign states.

The pending strike of coal miners who starved by reason of the scant wages paid for arduous and dangerous toil, the pending strike for the right to be recognized as a labor union, has been a source of judicial frustration, showing the willingness of judicial despots to resort to the most shameful defiance of decency as well as of the laws of humanity, in order to enable heartless avarice to drive its hungry herds to the mine to faint and die at their draggins, and there remains today not one guaranteed right of American citizens unaffected by these subversions of constitutional liberty.

We have met to counsel together, and have come to the following conclusions: "That, whereas, the present strike of the coal miners has again demonstrated the fact that our so-called republic is but a stupendous sham while hundreds of thousands of men, women and children are starving in hovels and on the public highways;

"That, whereas, the congress and the courts for relief are fruitless, since the judicial powers are under the control of the capitalistic class, so that while cattle and swine have the right to the public highways, Americans, so-called freemen, have not;

"That, whereas, the capitalistic class is armed and has not only the policemen, marshals, sheriffs and deputies, but also the regular militia in order to enforce government by injunction, suppressing lawful assemblage, free speech, and the right to the public highway, while the courts hand the laboring men of the country are unarmed and defenseless, therefore;

"Resolved, That we hereby set apart Friday, the 3d of September next, as a 'Good Friday' for the cause of suffering labor in America and contribute the amount of ten cents to the support of our struggling brothers, the miners, and appeal to every union man and every friend of labor throughout the United States to do likewise.

"Resolved, That if the strike of miners is not settled by the 20th of September, we will, by the aid of the United States, which results as follows: "The right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed."

As soon as the platform was before the convention dozens of delegates were on their feet clamoring for recognition. Delegate Osborn, of Atlanta, Ga., offered a resolution to the effect that the sense of the meeting that all unemployed men in the United States should apply for admission to the poorhouses of their respective countries. No action was taken on this resolution, and the convention went off in a desultory debate regarding the resolutions.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 2.—The 25-ton fishing schooner Bow Two broke away from her moorings here last night, drifted out and was broken up before being recovered. She is a total loss.

A Discriminating Dentist. San Francisco, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Annie S. Kirk and her husband, W. S. Kirk, have sued W. A. Atwood, a dentist, for \$250 damages, alleged to have been sustained because he positively refused to examine the lady's teeth after he had agreed to put them in good condition.

Thanks Andrew Will Return. New York, Sept. 1.—Evelyn B. Baldwin, an Arctic explorer of some note, when seen by a reporter in Brooklyn last night, declared his belief that Andrew will come back safely from his journey in search of the north pole.

Friendship, Mo., has a great grandmother but 63 years old.

CUBA'S FIGHT FOR LIBERTY.

Quintin Bandera Tells of the Progress of the War.

TWO MINUTE HORSE AT LAST

Star Pointer Paced Exhibition Mile In 1:59 1-4.

RECORD MADE AT REEDVILLE

Grandstand Watches Caught the Time Even Faster—Performance Was Witnessed by an Excited Crowd.

Reedville, Mass., Aug. 31.—The pacing stallion Star Pointer, owned by James A. Murphy, today wiped out the two-minute mark, and ended the controversy which has been going on for years as to the speed qualities of the light harness horse. Accompanied by a runner, the big bay Tennessee-bred stallion wiped out the mark and had three-quarters of a second to spare when he went under the wire.

The day was perfect for record-breaking. Not a breath of air was stirring when at 4 o'clock the horse came out with a running horse to make the trial for world's record.

The first quarter was at a two-minute pace, and then, as McCleary called on his pacer to move, there was a great cheer, for he was beating two minutes and got to the half in 0:59 3/4, with the second quarter in 0:29 3/4. The third quarter was the fastest of the mile, the distance being covered in 0:25 3/4.

Around the turn Pointer seemed to waver the smallest fraction of a second, but McCleary had him right almost before one could think, and he straightened out into the stretch, the runner moving up closer.

At the dragwage Pointer was reeled a little, and coming stronger from the distance, the great pacing stallion appeared to freshen up the last few strides, gathering fresh courage as he neared the wire, and finished like a lion in the record-breaking time of 1:59 1/4.

A mighty shout went up. Men yelled as though possessed. In the grandstand the owners and spectators were on their feet until it ached. Over the fence jumped men who knew the horse and driver, or who were carried away with the enthusiasm of the moment.

IN BEHALF OF INDIANA MINERS.

A Large Relief Fund Subscribed at Lebanon.

Denver, Sept. 1.—A special to the News from Lebanon, Ind., says: An immense meeting was held last night at the opera house in behalf of the starving miners in Indiana.

Resolved, That we hereby set apart Friday, the 3d of September next, as a 'Good Friday' for the cause of suffering labor in America and contribute the amount of ten cents to the support of our struggling brothers, the miners, and appeal to every union man and every friend of labor throughout the United States to do likewise.

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A Campaign Against the Weak. Chicago, Sept. 1.—Maude Maynard Noel, a young Chicago woman, herself beautiful and in perfect health, has begun a campaign which has for its aim the slaughter of all the weak, whether physically or mentally incapable.

Wheat Across the Border. Toronto, Sept. 2.—Advices report that by tonight all of 25,000,000 bushels of wheat in Manitoba will be out.

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THE TRAIL IS OPEN.

A Few of Those Gathered at Skagway Can Now Escape.

PROSPERITY AGAIN

A.L.L. SECTIONS REPORT INCREASING BUSINESS ACTIVITY.

Letters Are Being Received by People in Washington Showing a Satisfactory Condition, and that the Country is Getting Back to its Normal Condition.

Washington, D. C.—Letters received by members of congress, officials of the various departments of the government and newspaper men here indicate the very general return of prosperity to nearly all sections of the country.

W. T. Yoe, of Independence, Kan., says: "There is a general increase in business here. Our wheat crop is 1,000,000 bushels in this county, and the price is 30 per cent above a year ago."

L. P. Bissell, Charlotte, Mich., says: "Farmers have harvested excellent crops of wheat and hay, with fair prospects on other cereals. The greater part of the depression here was due to poor prices on agricultural products, and as fair returns in both quantity and quality are in prospect for a number of years past, and have brought more buildings and windmills than ever before."

F. E. Adams, Mansfield, Mo., says: "The most noticeable improvement here is in price and demand for sheep. For this stock the price has almost doubled and the demand at the higher price has been good and the price higher than for several years."

J. A. Doty, Southwest City, Mo., says: "Two industries here, flour milling and distilling after two years of illness opened for business July 1, and other business enterprises that have been under a strain to keep going have taken on new life and are employing additional help. There is a marked improvement not only in this place but in surrounding towns and country."

Allen C. Bragg, editor and general manager of the Gazette Publishing Co., Reno, Nev., says: "The outlook is encouraging here and a better feeling is undoubtedly about in the state. The livestock interest, beef and mutton, are looking up, wool is 3 and 4 cents a pound higher, gold mining has taken on new life and much prospecting is being done with a view to the success that is encouraging. Take it all in all the indications are excellent for a revival of business. Nevada is not a manufacturing state, but I regard the outlook for livestock and mining as brighter than it has been in the past ten years."

J. Dawson, Etawah, Ala., says: "Our town has just completed electric lights, and water works and the great talk now is the building of a cotton factory. Business is improving daily."

J. W. Baker, Columbia City, Ind., says: "Farmers have gathered a fairly good wheat crop, a bountiful hay crop and a good oat crop, which indicated renewed prosperity for the year. A new factory has just been erected here with a capacity of 300 employees and a large new lumber company has just started. Our idle men are now generally employed, some at increased wages, some at prices formerly paid."

W. A. Smith, of the DeCATUR County Abstract Company, Oberlin, Kan., says: "I have lived in Northwest Kansas for over 18 years and we are now in a more prosperous condition than we have been at any time during that period. We have had boom times wherein business was greater and more people were engaged, but like most booms the bottom dropped out. We are now on a solid basis. There are more farmers working on their own capital in this county than ever before to my knowledge. Our wheat crop has been very fine and the corn will undoubtedly be as heavy a yield as we have ever had. Alfalfa culture is being introduced; also the Campbell method of cultivation with good effect. The machinery for a full creamery has been ordered and will be in full operation by September. Sixty January, Oberlin has shipped 12 carloads of cattle and 123 of hogs. Many mortgages will be paid."

It is a great thing for this country, now that there is an existing standard of value, that while we have an abundance of silver, \$231,000,000 in treasury, we have so limited it that we have the use of both money metals without fear of the depreciation of either.

People who were favorably impressed with the "wheat and silver" theory last year are now wondering how they could have been so easily fooled.

The people are utilizing the first fruits of McKinley prosperity in paying off Cleveland mortgages. Wise people!

The horrible plot of the sound-money men to ruin the country by putting up the prices of farm products still goes on.

The most encouraging feature of the report showing the return of business activity is that they come from small as well as large places. When every community finds itself busily employed the professional agitator finds his occupation gone and the country prosperous.

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WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Company's Review of Trade.

An inquiry into European crop conditions conducted by the Orange-Judd syndicate of agricultural papers, including the American Agriculturist, of New York, the Orange-Judd Farmer, of Chicago, and the New England Homestead, of Springfield, Mass., indicates that the food crop situation abroad is very grave.

Estimates of Europe's (including England) need of wheat imports range all the way from 300,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels. Europe's wheat crop for 1895, 1894 and 1893 averaged 1,500,000,000 bushels. In 1891 the famine year, it was only 1,200,000,000. The impression is gaining ground that Europe's wheat this year is even less than in 1891. But this is not the worst of it.

Europe's usual production of wheat is 2,000,000,000 bushels. The average of Europe's wheat this year is even less than in 1891. But this is not the worst of it. Europe's usual production of wheat is 2,000,000,000 bushels. The average of Europe's wheat this year is even less than in 1891.

The Hungarian department of agriculture says: "The favored countries are the United States and Canada. The latter will soon be one of the most important of the exporting countries, its excess over local production being 70,000,000 bushels of wheat, and 20,000,000 of corn. Its output of all sorts of grain was 270,000,000 bushels. The yield of wheat in Great Britain this season is 90,000,000 bushels against 63,000,000 last year. The wheat area of British India is reduced from 25,000,000 acres to 18,000,000, and the wheat yield from 234,000,000 bushels to 202,000,000 bushels."

The United States, which has reduced its area sown in oats by 3,000,000 acres, that for corn by 1,000,000 acres, while that for grain remains unchanged, will nevertheless dispose of 534,000,000 bushels of wheat, against 434,000,000 bushels last year.

Portland Markets. Wheat—Walla Walla, 80¢; Valley and Bluestem, 84¢; 50¢ bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$4.50; Graham, \$3.85; superfine, \$2.50 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 35¢@36¢; choice gray, 34¢ per bushel. Barley—Feed, \$18; brewing, \$18@19 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$14.50 per ton; middlings, \$3; shorts, \$15.00. Hay—Timothy, \$12@13; clover, \$10@11; California wheat, \$10@11; Oregon, \$11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@10 per ton. Eggs—12¢ per dozen. Butter—Fancy creamery, 45¢@50¢; fair to good, 35¢@40¢; dairy, 20¢@30¢ per roll. Cheese—Oregon, 11¢; Young America, 12¢; California, 9¢@10¢ per pound. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@3.75 per dozen; broilers, \$1.50@2.50; geese, \$3@4; ducks, \$3@3.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10¢@11¢ per pound. Potatoes—Choice, \$3.50; 35¢@40¢ per sack; new potatoes, 50¢ per sack; sweets, \$1.75 per cental. Onions—California, new, red, \$1.25; yellow, \$1.50 per cental. Hops—10¢@11¢ per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4¢@6¢. Wool—Valley, 10¢@12¢; mohair, 20¢ per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 2½¢@2½¢; dressed mutton, 4½¢; spring lambs, 5½¢ per pound. Hogs—Gross, choice hogs, \$4.50; light and feeders, \$4@4.50; dressed, \$9@4.25 per 100 pounds. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$2.75@3; cows \$2.25; dressed beef, 4¢@5¢ per pound. Veal—Large, 3¢@3½¢; small, 4½¢