The Corvallis Gazette.

VOL. XXXIII. CORVALLIS, BENTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOV. 13, 1896. NO. 35.

TRANSPORTATION.

East and South

—VIA—

THE SHASTA ROUTE

—OF THE—

Southern Pacific Co.

EXPRESS TRAINS RUN DAILY.

8:[illegible] P M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	8:10 A M
12:10 A M	Leave	Albany	Arrive	4:45 A M
10:45 A M	Arrive	S. Francisco	Leave	7:00 P M

Above trains stop at East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Turner, Marion, Jefferson, Albany, Albany Junction, Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Eugene, Creswell, Drains, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland, inclusive.

ROSEBURG MAIL—DAILY.

8:[illegible] A M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	4:40 P M
12:25 P M	Leave	Albany	Arrive	12:5[illegible] P M
5:20 P M	Arrive	Roseburg	Leave	8:00 A M

Pullman Buffet sleepers and second-class sleeping cars attached to all through trains.

SALEM PASSENGER DAILY.

4:00 P M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	10:15 A M
6:15 P M	Arrive	Salem	Leave	8:00 A M

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

Between Portland and Corvallis Mail train daily (except Sunday).

7:30 A M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	6:20 P M
12:15 P M	Arrive	Corvallis	Leave	1:35 P M

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the Oregon Central & Eastern Ry.

EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY (Except Sunday).

[illegible]	Leave	Portland	Arrive	8:25 A M
7:2[illegible] P M	Arrive	McMinnville	Leave	5:50 A M

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THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

In an opinion filed in the supreme court of Illinois, the Torrens land title act is held to be unconstitutional.

Rev. E. L. Benedict shot and fatally wounded Harry McWhorter, a prominent druggist, of Larrabee, Ia. The shooting was in self defense.

There is a shortage of dry wines in California, and the manufacturers wish to advance the prices, but to this the dealers object, for fear of foreign competition.

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, has issued a decree making lard duty free from October to April, and flour and corn, which are also scarce, are made free of duty.

The country home at Clover Bend, Lawrence county, Arkansas, of Miss French, authoress and magazine contributer, well known as "Octave Thanet," was destroyed by fire. A large and vlauable library was burned.

Serious rioting has occurred at Shotaput, near Bombay. Five thousand men looted 1,500 bags of grain. The police fired upon the mob, killing four men and wounding six. A further outbreak is feared as Shotaput is one of the worst famine tracts.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the London Times quotes the Novosti as saying that towards the close of the war with Japan, China offered to cede the island of Formosa to England without condition, with a view to excluding the Japanese, but that Lord Rosebery, then prime minister, promptly declined the offer.

Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, recently sentenced in London to three months' imprisonment without hard larbor, after having pleaded guilty to a charge of shop-lifting, has been released from prison on medical grounds, by order of the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley.

The report that was recently sent out from Constantinople that sixty Armenians were massacerd there early last week was not exaggerated. On the contrary, the affair turns out more serious than was at first announced The massacre occurred at the village of Everek, where nearly one hundred persons were killed and all the Armenian houses pillaged.

A tramp, while going over the Baltimore & Ohio, near Mitchell, Ind., found enough dynamite on the track to blow an engine to pieces as soon as it struck it. He ran to the nearest switch, tore off a lamp, and returning, signaled the approaching express train. He was shot at by the wreckers and was found unconscious by the trainmen.

In Richmond, Mo., a mob collected around the jail and attempted to get hold of Jesse Winner and Lon Lackey, charged with the murder of Mrs. Eva Winner and her two children. Their evident purpose was to lynch them. A brother of the murdered woman addressed the mob and pleaded with them to leave the law take its course. They accepted his counsel and retired.

Samuel S. Tucker, a painter, met Dr. James S. Wintermute on the street in Tacoma, and suddenly drew a revolver, shooting Wintermute through the body. Tucker then turned the revolver on himself, shooting himself through the head, blowing his brains out. Wintermute was not killed and may recover. The latter professes not to know the cause of the shooting.

Superintendent Keene who shot Mort Roderick, the supposed robber, at the Cariboo mines, was acquitted by the coroner's jury.

John B. Barthelman, a sewing-machine agent shot and killed his divorced wife in Los Angeles, Cal. They quarreled over the possession of their 3-year-old daughter.

In Ashland, Ky., Tobe Stanley, a mine superintendent, was shot and killed by Ike Barker on his way to the polls to vote. Stanley opened hostilities by cutting Barker across the face with a buggy whip. Family troubles were the cause

About twenty fist fights occurred near the polls in Lexington, Ky., on election day. Pistols were drawn in half of them. An editor attempted to assault Colonel Breckenridge, who drew his pistol. They were separated before anyone was hurt.

S. R. Clough, a hotel proprietor of Minneapolis, Minn., was so determined to vote that he arose from his sick bed to go to the polls. He had been handed his ballot for marking, when suddenly he toppled over dead. His heart had stopped beating.

In Davenport, Cal., on election day William Granville entered the polling place, and, pointing a pistol at Lewis Chandler, an election clerk, attempted to fire it, and snapped the trigger three times before his hand was caught. There was no provocation for the deed.

Ex-Chief Justice W. E. Miller died at his home in Des Moines, Ia., at the age of 73. He was a member of the supreme court from 1870 to 1876.

The supreme court of Oregon has handed down its third opinion in the branch asylum case, and this time has affirmed the judgment of the lower court in restraining the state treasurer from honoring the $25,000 warrant issued in payment of a site purchased for the location of the proposed asylum building in Eastern Oregon.

Napoleon Sarony, the famous photographer, died in New York. Next to Brady he has probably photographed more celebrities than any other artist in the United States. Sarony was 76 years of age, a native of Quebec. He began his career as a lithographic artist, and was in the front ranks of his profession In 1858, he went to Europe to study. Afterwards, he took up the business of photography at Birmington, England, where he remained until 1866. Then he established himself in New York, meeting with wonderful success from the first day he opened his gallery.

An Extra Session of Congress.

An extra session following immediately the inauguration of Mr. McKinley is, in the prevaling opinion in Washington, certain. No one professes to have word from Mr. McKinley direct on the subject, but there is good authority for saying that Mark Hanna, during a recent visit in New York, said enough to give the impression that an extra session is on the Republican programme. Senator Quay believes an extra session is certain.

Storm on Lake Erie.

Great damage has been done to the shipping interests on lake Erie by a high wind. The canal boat Mayside Way, while being towed up the river from Tonawanda, broke her hawser and was blown on the rocks along shore. The captain was rescued with a rope, but his mules were crushed to death. The boat became a total wreck. An old excursion steamer was blown across the channel near Buffalo and will be a total loss.

Suicide of a Capitalist.

Joseph D. McDonald, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Neb., shot himself, causing almost instant death. The cause for the rash act was mental unbalance, the result of financial reverses in mining investments in Colorado. He was a railroad contractor and built all of the South Platte branches of the Northwestern road in Nebraska on the Elkhorn system, and was reputed to be worth over $100,000.

Of Interest to Miners.

A New York attorney has received a cablegram announcing that the high court at Pretoria, South Africa, has declared void the MacArthur-Forest patents for the cyanide process for the recovery of gold. This decision was given in a suit brought by the combined gold-mine owners of Johannesburg and the Transvaal. The announcement is said to be of great interest to gold mine owners.

Mrs. Castle Sentenced to Prison.

Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, who was arrested in London, charged with shoplifting, has had her trial. She pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment without labor. Mr. Castle was acquitted.

Harper's Magazine.

An important feature of Harper's Magazine for several months to come will be Poultney Bigelow's series of papers on the "White Man's Africa," treating in the author's original and striking way the new continent recently opened up to European exploitation. The first paper, in the November number, will give a novel view of Jameson's raid from material placed in the author's hand by an English physician and a Boer official—thus presenting both sides of this remarkable episode. The series is the result of a journey to South Africa undertaken by Mr. Bigelow for Harper's Magazine, and is to be illustrated from photographs specially made for the purpose.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The president has issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"By the President of the United States:

"The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe to the God of nations for his watchful care, which has shielded them from disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

"To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that, on a day especially appointed, we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

"Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land. On that day let all our people forego their usual work and occupations and assemble in their accustomed places of worship; let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the Universe for our preservation as a nation, and our deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plenteous rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen; and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us.

"And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuance of heavenly favor.

"Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

"Witness my hand and the seal of the United States which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1896, and of the independence of the United States of America, the 121st.

(Seal.) "Grover Cleveland,
"By the President.
"Richard Olney,
"Secretary of State."

Liliuokalani Pardoned.

The Hawaiian government has granted full pardon to ex-Queen Liliuokalani with the restoration of her civil rights. When found guilty of treason she was sentenced to five years' imprisonment and fined $5,000. She was released on parole one year ago and has since kept such good faith with the government that a full pardon has been granted.

The Cascade locks, after eighteen years of labor, has at last been opened.

Eighty Years of Age.

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court Stephen J. Field celebrated the eightieth anniversary of his birth. A constant stream of visitors called on him all day to offer congratualations. The supreme bench, headed by the chief justice, paid its respects to the distinguished member. Messengers brought elaborate presents. Rev. Henry M. Field, the justice's brother, is spending some time with him. Justice Field is now reaping the benefit of the treatment taken last summer in California, and his eightieth birthday found him in good health and sprits.

REPUBLICANS SUCCESSFUL

William McKinley and Garret Hobart Are Chosen.

THE END OF A BITTER CONTEST

The Two Northwest States Divided, Oregon Going for McKinley and Washington for Bryan—Electoral College.

With three states yet in doubt, it is known that the Republican national ticket is elected by a majority of nearly 100 in the electoral college, and of 1,000,000 plurality of the popular vote. New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts and Ohio have rolled up unprecedentedly tremendous majorities, from 100,000 to 300,000. The rest is detail, to be settled by complete returns.

There are now three states in the doubtful column—Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota. In Kentucky it will require the official count to determine the result, owing to irregularities. In Wyoming, the uncertainty is due to the slow returns. The latest reports, however, indicate that Bryan will get two of the three votes. South Dakota's vote on presidential electors is tied, and an official count will be required to determine the result. Republican managers have closed their office with the above declaration.

The Republican candidate is now sure of 260 electoral votes. The other states that were considered doubtful—Kansas, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia—have gone for Bryan. His vote is 167, and with Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota would be 187.

The Electoral College.

The folllowing table gives the standing of the electoral college as far as returns indicate:

STATES.	McKinley.	Bryan.	Doubtful.
Alabama		11	
Arkansas		8	
California	9		
Colorado		4	
Connecticut	6		
Delaware	3		
Florida		4	
Georgia		13	
Idaho		3	
Illinois	24		
Indiana	15		
Iowa	13		
Kansas		10	
Kentucky			13
Louisiana		8	
Maine	6		
Maryland	8		
Massachusetts	15		
Michigan	14		
Minnesota	9		
Mississippi		9	
Missouri		17	
Montana		3	
Nebraska		8	
Nevada		3	
New Hampshire	4		
New Jersey	10		
New York	36		
North Carolina		11	
North Dakota	3		
Ohio	23		
Oregon	4		
Pennsylvania	32		
Rhode Island	4		
South Carolina		9	
South Dakota			4
Tennessee		12	
Texas		15	
Utah		3	
Vermont	4		
Virginia		12	
Washington		4	
West Virginia	6		
Wisconsin	12		
Wyoming			3
Totals	260	167	20

The returns show interesting features and in some respects have been a surprise to the leaders of both political parties. The New England states have, as was expected, given heavy pluralities for McKinley, without exception. The Republican ticket was successful in Massachusetts beyond what was claimed for it by the most enthusiastic prophet of Republican success.

New York and Pennsylvania have given the Republican candidate between 275,000 and 285,000 each.

The Virginia electors will, without question, be for Bryan, but they have been elected by a heavily reduced vote. The Republicans have given Texas up

Illinois has given McKinley about 175,000 plurality. In the gubernatorial race Altgeld has been beaten, but is 60,000 ahead of the Democratic national ticket.

Ohio has given McKinley 52,438 plurality.

Returns by counties in Iowa have been completed. The total vote cast in the state is in excess of 510,000 votes, estimating the Prohibition and Palmer votes together at only 5000. Of these votes 286,751 were cast for McKinley, and 219,118 for Bryan. McKinley's plurality, 67,633. This is the largest vote ever cast in the state.

In Kentucky the situation is materially changed from early advices. At first the Republicans claimed the state by about 15,000, but late recurns show large Democratic gains, and now the state is claimed for Bryan, but this the Republicans will not concede.

California has given McKinley a plurality of 6,000.

Kansas has given Bryan 4,000 plurality.

With nearly complete returns from Michigan Pingree's plurality is estimated at about 70,000 and McKinley's 15,000 less. Of the congressional delegation 12 are Republicans and 2 fusionists.

Tennessee's 12 electoral votes wlll be cast for Bryan, but the Republicans may elect the governor.

South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana are all for Bryan by about the normal Democratic majorities.

Nebraska has gone for Bryan, notwithstanding the Republican claims.

Wisconsin is almost sure for the Republicans.

Minnesota, which was regarded as doubtful by both parties, will have 25,000 plurality for McKinley.

Colorado has given Bryan a heavy plurality, and Adams, without doubt, has been elected governor.

Idaho, Montana, Utah and Nevada have all gone for Bryan, by heavy majorities.

Delaware is in the Republican column.

Maryland has given McKinley as large a plurality as it gave Cleveland in 1892.

McKinley's plurality in West Virginia is 13,000.

The latest information from North Dakota show that it is very sure for McKinley.

NORTHWEST STATES.

Oregon.

Complete returns have been received from 22 out of the 32 counties in Oregon, and the returns from the 10 other counties are practically complete. The number of votes reported is 91,542, of which McKinley has 46,792 and Bryan 44,750, or a plurality of 2,042 for McKinley. Less than 500 votes remain to be added to the 91,542 in order to give the full number of votes cast for McKinley and Bryan.

The following table shows the vote by counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Baker	957	1,836
Benton	976	730
Clackamas	2,666	2,389
Clatsop	1,849	1,135
Columbia	675	600
Coos	1,106	1,560
Crook	600	596
Curry	276	268
Douglas	1,903	2,045
Gilliam	537	472
Grant	672	828
Harney	218	405
Jackson	1,376	2,883
Josephine	1,100	1,609
Klamath	346	462
Lake	389	416
Lane	2,221	2,588
Lincoln	576	568
Linn	2,064	2,736
Malheur	210	466
Marion	3,020	2,631
Morrow	586	542
Multnomah	11,830	6,450
Polk	1,248	1,307
Sherman	426	419
Tillamook	685	526
Umatilla	1,410	1,674
Union	1,275	2,103
Wallowa	408	688
Wasco	1,487	1,187
Washington	2,085	1,566
Yamhill	1,615	1,565
Totals	46,792	44,750

Washington.

The later reports from Washington indicate that Bryan's plurality will be near 10,000. The Bryan vote was the strongest in the more thickly populated portion of the state. The number of votes thus far reported—77,175—about equals that of two years ago, so that, allowing for the increase, there remains about 10,000 more to hear from.

John R. Rogers, Populist, has been chosen governor over P. C. Sullivan, though by a majority probably 2,000 under the electoral ticket.

The entire fusion ticket has been successful by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 8,000. The legislature is Populist on joint ballot, though there is a possibility that the Republicans may control the senate, as they have 14 hold-overs out of a total of 34 members of the upper house.

The returns from Washington as reported for presidential electors appear in the table below. No returns have been received from Okanogan and Skamania counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Adams	160	261
Asotin	73	85
Chehalis	1,586	1,476
Clallam	254	284
Clark	1,495	1,478
Columbia	436	568
Cowlitz	1,487	1,456
Douglas	58	121
Franklin	36	107
Garfield	478	636
Island	196	178
Jefferson	677	467
King	6,370	7,568
Kitsap	653	562
Kittitas	616	831
Klickitat	700	500
Lewis	1,519	1,491
Lincoln	421	926
Mason	371	641
Okanogan	......	......
Pacific	859	433
Pierce	4,525	5,119
San Juan	400	250
Skagit	177	248
Skamania	......	......
Snohomish	1,497	2,250
Spokane	2,706	5,624
Stevens	144	572
Thurston	1,052	1,364
Wahkiakum	199	284
Walla Walla	1,523	1,633
Whatcom	1,500	1,750
Whitman	1,206	2,728
Yakima	861	1,139
Totals	34,145	43,030

The New Lawmakers.

Washington.—At Republican and Democratic congressional headquarters the chairmen have been figuring on the complexion of the next house. Chairman Babcock says he has complete reports from 193 congressional districts, which have elected Republicans; that there are 135 districts that have elected Democrats and Populists, and 28 districts in which the returns are incomplete. These may all be classed as doubtful, he says, with the prospects that the Republicans will secure at least one half of them, which would make a total Republican membership in the fifty-fifth congress of 207. He claims that, under no circumstances, will the Republican membership fall below 200.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, although he does not concede the Republicans a majority in the next house, gives them 176, within three of a majority.

The Democrats have made gains as follows: Delaware, 1; Illinois, 1; Missouri, 4; New York, 1; total, 11.

The Republicans have gained as follows: Maryland, 3.

The Demo-Populists have gained 1 in Colorado and 1 in Missouri.

The Next Senate.

Washington.—From returns thus far received, the next senate will probably stand as follows:

Republicans, 44.
Democrats, 32.
Independents and Populists, 12.
Doubtful, 2.

On the currency question, the senate undoubtedly will have an anti-silver majority.

Republicans who bolted the St. Louis ticket and platform are classed as independents. They are: Teller, Dubois, Mantle, Cannon.

Another Utah senator to be elected to succeed Brown will undoudtedly be independent.

Mr. Bryan's Congratulations.

Mr. Bryan sent the following telegram to Mr. McKinley:

"Hon. William McKinley, jr., Canton: Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the people, and their will is law. W. J. BRYAN."

The woman who always has something in hand seldom feels the necessity of wearing gloves.

Firemen to Be Reinstated.

Peoria, Nov. 9.—F. P. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, telegraphs from San Francisco that he met with complete success in his negotiations with the Southern Pacific. Members will be put on the same footing as they were before the strike of 1894, and the same footing as those other organizations. Complaint was made that they had been tabooed.

A woman may be quite given to ringing her hands and yet not be very much of a belle.

THE TREASURY GAINS GOLD

Government Feels Effect of Better Times.

RESERVE RAPIDLY CLIMBING U

Present Treasury Deficit Likely to Be Materially Reduced Before McKinley's Inauguration—Next March.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The treasury today lost $27,000 in gold coin, and $21,200 in bars, which leaves the true amount of gold in the reserve $121,526,364. The available cash balances is $230,394,018.

The net gain in gold today at New York and San Francisco was $1,034,700.

The resources of the traesury are being severely taxed to meet the demand for paper notes of all denominations in exchange for gold. In many cases, the gold-holders ask for United States notes of large denominations in exchange. The latter are as valuable for reserve as is the gold, but they express a willingness to accept Sherman notes, or, if necessary, silver certificates, if the government is unable to furnish United States notes. The demand for large denominations is not imperative, the principal thing being to get paper money.

Reports from all parts of the country tend to show that nearly all of the gold withdrawn during the last several weeks was for the purpose of hoarding, and, now that the supposed danger is past, the gold is being offered at the several subtreasuries or is being deposited in banks, and so is finding its way into the government coffers.

The rush of gold offers is so great that in New York, at least, the assistant treasurer has been compelled to refuse gold until such time as he was able to handle it, and in a number of instances, currency has been shipped from one subtreasury to another to meet the unusual demands.

The reserve today passed the $120,000,000 point, and the officials have no doubt that it will reach a much higher figure before the close of the year.

The increase in business generally predicted, it is believed, will result in greatly increased receipts from customs and from internal revenues, so that the present treasury deficit is likely to be reduced to some extent before the inauguration of McKinley.

BY GOVERNOR LORD.

Annual Thanksgiving Proclamation Issued

The annual thanksgiving proclamation has been issued by Governor Lord, of Oregon. The proclamation in full is as follows:

"For the manifold blessings vouchsafed to us during the past year, it is fitting that we, as a grateful people, should make due acknowledgements to Almighty God. In recognition of this duty, and in conformity with a time-honored custom, and in accordance with the proclamation of the president of the United States, I, William P. Lord, governor of the state of Oregon, do designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of November, 1896, as Thanksgiving day.

"On that day I recommend that the people abstain, as far as practicable, from the occupations of every-day life, and that they assemble in their usual places of worship and offer praise and thanksgiving to God for the peace and prosperity bestowed upon us, for the health and happiness with which he has blessed us, and for our freedom from pestilence and calamities Let us also devote the day to the enjoyment of hospitality and the strengthening of family ties; to relieving the wants of the needy and distressed, and the doing of charitable deeds; to inspiring sentiments of loyalty to our country, and respect for its laws and the maintenance of public order; to cultivating a just regard for the rights and opinions of others, and inculcating a sense of duty that will lead us to fulfill as far as lies in our power, our obligations as citizens and individuals."

A BICYCLE BUILT FOR TWO

How Two Young People Secured Marital Bliss.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—On a bright red bicycle built for two, young Peter Metcalf and younger Clara Byrne rode to Stockton Thursday last, and were married there. It was an elopement, and neither the mother of the bride nor the parents of the groom heard of the marriage until last night, the young couple having resolved to keep it a profound secret. They were accompanied to Stockton by Edmund Langer, a youthful friend of Metcalf, a retired capitalist, worth over half a million dollars. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Winifred Byrne, and sister of Frank Byrne, the well-known bicycle rider, who holds the world's amateur competition record.

The parents of the young couple declare that they will not tolerate their union, and insist that the marriage be annulled.

Bids on New York Bonds.

New York, Nov. 11. —Bids on $16,000,000 3½ per cent gold bonds of the city of New York were opened today in the controller's office It is understood that the issue was largely overbid. One hundred and eigthy-five proposals were received. All the leading bankers were represented. The premiums range from 1 to 5 per cent.

"Vegetable turkey," a favorite vegetable standby, is a loaf of various kinds of nuts higlhy spiced.

East Elwood Industries.

Elwood, Ind., Nov. 11.—The McCloy chimney factory, which has been shut down started up today, and the plate glass factory, which has been idle since last August, will resume on the 20th inst, with 700 employes. The big window-glass plant in East Elwood will start up about the middle of the month.

A recent invention in aluminum alloys is Wolframinum, discovered by William Berg, a German contractor of aluminum military equipments, who also invented the victoria alloy.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Downing, Hopkins & Co.'s Review of Trade.

Portland, Or., Nov. 11.—Wheat has reached a very high point since our last letter, which was only natural and to be expected after so rapid a decline, and the situation grows stronger daily and all the best authorities in the grain trade throughout the world predict continued enhancement in values of farm products and say America holds the key to the situation. Exports are enormous and ocean freight room cannot be secured at any price. Tramp steamers from all corners of the world have been attracted to our shores. On the Great Lakes there is a blockade of grain-laden vessels at several ports, and trunk line railroads as well as those throughout the Northwest, are unable to supply half of the demand for cars. There is every prospect of another advance that will carry prices far beyond anything we have yet seen, and we hope our friends will take advantage of the breaks to buy wheat and make some money.

The supply and demand exhibit of the world argues as strongly as ever for a higher range of values, but these conditions neither warrant blind enthusiasm nor license riotous speculation. Pyramid builders will deal gently with wheat, if they are wise; for, just as Egypt owns and repents the monumental folly of her ancients, so must the prodigious builders of these times put on sackcloth and ashes if they insist upon ignoring the law of commercial prudence. The immense surplus of wheat that for several years past menaced values, and aided speculators in raiding the markets, has vanished Wheat is once more worth what the acutal buyer will pay for it.

We need not expect that importers will buy a year's supplies within the space of a week or two. Even though every bushel that can be brought forward from the field of production may find a ready market before we harvest another crop, it does not follow that such demand will be thrust upon us wholesale as it were.

These being facts it were well to proceed cautiously. Violent speculative fluries must be short lived and should not be allowed to control the movements of the millers and owners of grain.

A HORRIBLE OUTRAGE.

Another American Citizen Maltreated by Weyler's Soldiers.

Key West, Fla., Nov. 11.—Advices received from Havana last night per steamer Olivette give details of an outrage on an American citizen and the butchery of nineteen non-combatant Cubans, including four women, by Spanish soldiers. The massacre occurred last Thursday near the town of San Francisco de las Layas, Havana province.

A detachment of Spanish soldiers surprised six insurgents, who, however, made their escape, which angered the Spanish and they began to raid the houses in the neighborhood, alleging that the inhabitants were in sympathy with the rebels. They went to the sugar estae of Frederick L. Craycroft, who came here from Indiana about three years ago. Some of the soldiers entered the house, and two of them seized Mrs. Craycroft and assaulted her. The husband in desperation rushed to his wife's aid, but was struck down by a sword in the hands of an officer. Two terrible gashes were made in his neck and his right arm was nearly severed. The Spaniards looted the house, took $860 in cash and then raided other houses on the estate. They burned eight buildings and shot nineteen inmates, four of whom were women.

Craycroft, when he had recovered sufficiently, wrote to Vice-Consul Springer at Havana. It is understood that the vice-consul cabled an account of the outrage to Secretary Olney.

The Spanish authorities are greatly disturbed in Havana because several thousand insurgents from Gomez's army have entered Matanzas province. So serious does Weyler consider the situation that he has withdrawn 6,000 troops from Pinar del Rio and despatched them into Matanzas to stay the advance.

During the seige and subsequent capture of Guayamara City by the insurgents, the Spaniards lost 260 killed and wounded. Three hundred and seventy Spaniadrs surrendered to Garcia, commanding the besieging force. Garcia sent word to General Castelanos that they would be exchanged for Cubans held by the Spaniards.

The Flood of Gold.

New York, Nov. 11.—The banks are contemplating the resumption of specie payments which they suspended in February, 1892, by refusing to supply gold for export and for payment of government dues. That action threw the burden of supplying gold upon the treasury, and eventually forced the issue of bonds by the government, which aroused so much complaint. Since the election the metal has been coming into the banks in such a flood that they see their way clear to what can be termed a resumption of specie payments. By this action of the banks gold will be put into circulation, and no occasion whatever will exist for hoarding it. They will also resume the task of supplying gold for export and thus relieve the treasury of a great strain.

Manchester Silk Mills.

Manchester, N. H., Nov. 11.—The big silk mills of the Cheney Bros. began a full time schedule today. The works have been running at a reduced time for more than three years. The change effects 2,500 employes.

Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 11.—The Hayden mills, at Chiltonville, which have been idle for two years, will be started at once, giving employment to 200 operatives. The mills manufacture cotton duck.

Texas Cotton Crop Ruined.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 11.—The cotton crop of 1896 is ruined. A killing frost has fallen and the fields are as black as soot. There is not a particle of life left in the plants. A few more bales can be picked out, but fully 90 per cent has been marketed.

Piqua, O., Nov. 11.—The corrugating works, the Snyder-Bentwood works, the rolling, and the Orr linseed mill started today, giving employment to 500 men. The American strawboard works will start as soon as repairs are made.

A SORRY LOT OF MINERS

The Al-Ki Brings Another Load From Cook's Inlet.

EVERY STATE REPRESENTED

Very Little Gold Dust in the Crowd—A Politician and His Money Soon Parted—Didn't Make Expenses.

Port Townsend, Nov. 10.—The steamer Al-Ki arrived this morning from Alaska, having aboard 242 returning miners from Cook's inlet. They left Cook's inlet October 5, on the schooner Excelsior, which brought them to Sitka, where they were compelled to remain three weeks before getting a boat to the Sound. Nearly every state in the Union is represented in the crowd. Nearly 100 transferred here for San Francisco, the remainder proceeding up the Sound. Except two men named Pierce and Price, who each brought down twenty-five pounds of golddust, very little wealth was represented. Those two fortunate ones have each worked a claim for thirty months. Not one out of ten had made expenses of the trip, and, as a whole, it was a dilapidated-looking crowd.

Among the passengers returning on the Al-Ki were two enthusiastic politicians, one a Republican, the other a Democrat. Each had golddust to the amount of $400. Notwithstanding the fact that the election had taken place several days previous, nothing had been heard by the returning miners as to election results, so each miner staked his dust on his favorite candidate. A fellow passenger held the stakes, and when the Al-Ki approached the wharf this morning both men were on the bow of the ship and simultaneously yelled to those on the wharf, "Who is elected?" The answer settled matters, and the stakeholder turned over the dust to the winner.

TO SETTLE CUBAN AFFAIR.

Object of Ramon Williams' Visit to Madrid.

New York, Nov. 10.—The Morning Advertiser will say tomorrow:

It was reported in this city yesterday that the ex-consul-general to Havana, Ramon Williams, might be expected here from Europe in about ten days. Although the fact of Mr. Williams' presence in Spain escaped the vigilance of the newspaper correspondents in the Spanish capital, it is nevertheless true that he has been in Madrid for three weeks past, and in the immediate circle of his family it was announced that he was to leave for New York by one of the North German Lloyd liners on Saturday last.

While the fact cannot, for obvious reasons, be definitely learned, it is generally believed by his personal friends that Mr. Williams' visit to Spain has been as an agent of the United States, with the view of making some arrangement by which a peaceable solution of the Cuban question might be brought about.

It will be remembered that, on returning from Havana, Mr. Williams spent some time in Washington, where he had several lengthy interviews with President Cleveland and Secretary Olney. He then left for Europe, sailing September 18, it being generally supposed that his trip was taken for rest and in the interest of his health. He first visited England and then crossed over to France, and, as it now transpires, proceeded thence to Madrid, where he has been for a little over three weeks.

FIGHTING SALVATIONISTS.

Scuffle for a Pistol Created a Stampede in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 10.—During the progress of a religious service at Salvation Army headquarters this morning, P. Schipper, a band sergeant, and C. R. Shaw, another member of the army, became involved in a scuffle for the possession of a pistol belonging to Shaw. During the scuffle the weapon was discharged, the ball striking Schipper in the right thumb. Schipper was taken to the receiving hospital, where his wounded hand was dressed, and Shaw was removed to the city prison, where he was charged with assault to murder. The discharge of the pistol stampeded the meeting. It was thought at first that a murder had been committed, and men and women tumbled over one another in their efforts to get out of the hall or to draw nearer to the place where the shooting occurred.

Is Parnell Alive?

London, Nov. 10. — The Sunday Times says a firm of London publishers wrote last week to Professor Haddon, of Dublin, anent the matter of preparing a life of Parnell. Professor Haddon replied, saying that a general belief exists that Parnell is alive on an obscure ranch in a western state. Shortly after the announcement of Parnell's death, Professor Haddon approached the widow, mother and personal friends of Parnell with a view of obtaining materials for a biographical sketch. Documents and statements concerning Mr. Parnell were refused, the reason being given in confidence that Parnell is still alive.

Washington, Nov. 10.—A red-letter chapter in the history of amateur athletics was written on Georgetown field today by Bernard Wefers, who beat two world's records, for 100 yards and 300 yards. The first was made in the remarkable time of 9 3-5 seconds, and the second in 30 2-5 seconds. It was Wefer's last appearance of the year, after a most remarkable campaign. The hundred-yard race was a special event, and was done on the spur of the moment.

Wheat Will Advance.

London, Nov. 9.—A special article in the Times on the wheat question expresses the opinion that the price will continue to advance, and advises the wheat producers not to play into the traders' hands by overstocking the market.

Killed While Stealing a Ride.

Wellsville, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Two men and a boy, who were stealing a ride on an Erie car loaded with pig iron piping, were instantly killed last night by the jarring of the car by a switch engine and the shifting of the pipes.