Supplement

CORVALLIS GAZETTE.

FRIDAY...... OCTOBER 30, 1896

WHY BUSINESS SUSPENDED. A Bit of History Which Will Interest Every

Workingmen who are wondering why he factories of the country are furnish ing so little employment and paying such low wages will, perhaps, be interested in the following table which shows the value of certain lines of manufactured goods imported into the United States during the first year of the Wilson law, compared with the quotations in the last year of the McKinley law. It will be seen that in every case the importations increased enormously, and when it is re-membered that all of these goods are of a class that can be manufactured freely in the United States, it will not be surprising that the factories of this country have been compelled to close down or reduce the wages paid to their employes. A comparison of the first calendar year

under the Wilson law is made with the last fiscal year of the McKinley law, the purpose being to place side by side the importations of the two complete official years which most nearly touch the date at which the Wilson law went into ef-

Al	RTICLES.	Calendar year 1895, first full year under Wilson tariff law	biscal year 1894, last full year under McKinley tar iff law
Manu	factures of		
cott	on	29,115,891	\$ 18,865,741
war	e	10,524,608	6,879,437
war	and glass	7,529,895	5,216,810
	nd steel man- tures	25,055,250	20,470,681
	er	7,745,002	4,508,330
	8	8,045,609	
Silk 1	nanufactures.	31,658,666	24,811,778
ture	s. and manu-	27,734,300	19,360,761
	ures	17,352,668	13,159,573
	n goods	57,494,863	19,391,850
Tota	d 8	222,257,112	\$137,552,781

It will be seen that the total importation of these ten classes of articles alone in the first calendar year under the Wilson law, were nearly one hundred million dollars more than in the last fiscal year under the McKinley law. This means nearly one hundred million dollars sent out of the United States to pay foreign workingmen, while American work-men are thus left without employment and without earnings. Had these hundred million dollars been distributed among the American workingmen instead of going to those of foreign countries, the situation in the United States would be vastly different to-day.

THE FREE RIOT PLANK.

The attempt which is made in some quarters to make it appear that what we call the "anarchist plank" of the Chicago platform is but a fresh expression of the traditional Democratic view of "states' rights" will not work. That plank had its origin solely in the brain of Governor Altgeld—a brain fired with resentment at the suppression of the anarchist rising in Chicago at the time of the great railroad strike. To that anarchistic demonstration Governor Altgeld had lent all the aid which the avowed sympathy of an official in power could possibly afford. He had calmly witnessed the seizure of railroad and other property by the mob. He had beheld the flames mounting skyward trains, fired by miscreants who sought to reproduce at Chicago the horrors of the Paris commune, with no effective step taken to arrest the evil-doers. The entire railway system of the country, passing Illinois, was blockaded wrecked and stalled trains, but this recreant governor, anxious only to curry favor with the mob, refused to use the power confided to his hands and set the wheels of commerce when once in motion. Everywhere the anarchistic mob, though no longer supported by the better element of the striking railroad employes, seemed to rejoice in Altgeld's countenance, as it pursued its course of destruction.

But in stopping the passage of the United States mails and in interfering with inter-state commerce, the anarchists quickly found that they had gone too far-farther even than Altgeld could sustain them. The supreme power of the nation was in-The injunctions of the courts against the rioters were enforced, at the President's order, by lines of gleaming bayonets, and the "boys in blue," regardless of Altgeld's remonstrances, quickly set the trains in motion again, backed the frightened but now reassured municipalities in the restoration of law and order. and sent the anarchists, with their red flag, cowering to their dens before the triumphant unfolding of the stars and

Governor Altgeld-has never repented of his cowardice and disloyalty on that occasion, but he has nevertheless felt the sting of popular condemnation and rebuke; and has longed for a "vindication. In the Chicago Popocratic convention. controlled by a multitude of crazy demagogues and visionaries over whom he had a strange hypnotic influence, he found his opportunity: and the "anarchist was adopted as an endorsement of his course at the time of the Chicago riots and as a condemnation of President Cleveland's course in suppressing these

anarchistic orgies. Thus, out of the blighted, rotten log of Altgeldian communism-not out of any historic Democratic tree— was a plank which a contemporary has well denominated the "free riot plank" of the Popocratic platform sawed. Its adoption was hailed by all the unruly elements of so-ciety with delight. All those who fancy they see a prospective gain in the break-ing up of the established order of things, who want to reap where they have not sown, and fatten on what others have earned; all those who want to substitute the ipse dixit of the mob for the processes of the courts; all elements of unrest everywhere, find their chief incentive to

working for the Chicago nominces in that plank. For Bryan declares he endorses "every word of it." The triumph of a candidate standing on that platform would embolden every anarchist to crawl out of his lair; and on the first occasion we might behold the scenes of the Chica go riot re-enacted all over the land, with no President in power daring to uphold the majesty of the law. LIARS MAY FIGURE, BUT FIGURES WON'T LIE.



Bryan tells the farmers that the price of wheat keeps pace with the price of silver; that the gold standard forced down the price of wheat, and that wheat could not rise till silver rose; but the cold facts are that silver has been sinking and wheat rising.

McKinley to the Wool Growers.

speech yesterday to the wool growers

of Ohio. It elicited enthusiastic ap-plause, and the sturdy wool growers

cility of popular eloquence rarely equaled and never surpassed. While covering a wide field of discussion,

taking up in turn every phase of the

difficult and complicated issues now

before the country, he has employed a

style of utterance and argument of

such transparent simplicity as to en-

gage the attention and enlist the sym-

pathies and convictions of his hearers. His opponents have not been able to find a single flaw in his armor. He is clad in the impenetrable steel of an

This was especially exemplified in

his eloquent and effective speech of

yesterday. The assembled farmers will not soon forget these ringing

"It was said that if we opened up this

country to the free use of the wool of

iell you. Now they tell you that more

circulation now that you had four years

ago; but your wool-growers have not

got as much of it as you had then. As free wool degraded your industry,

so free silver will degrade your mon-

loss on your flocks, and you don't pro-

pose to be fleeced further by loss on

There is a volume of meaning in

these few plain but pointed references

to the relation of free trade and free

silver to the welfare of the farmer.

The wool growers of the country can-not forget that they have lost about

\$46,000,000 since the repeal of the Mc-

Kinley tariff.-N. Y. Mail and Express.

illman on Liberty,

I want you all to understand

Or East to West-Whichever suits me best-You'd better heed

That I

Let fly!

And sich

And still

And thrash

The free-

And shoot

With me! That's my ideee

Of liberty.

Direct them to!

That don't agree

That when I open up my mouth

Down with the courts, I say!

Courts are only for the rich

When other people fail to do

Can all have liberty

Not be allowed to kill

And burn and smash

What good are courts and judges any-

Old-fashioned-fools as think that we

I mean the crowd that sides with me-

Throttle the judges! That is my creed!

Stab justice in the back, and let 'er

That's on our side may carry a gun,

-Cleveland Leader.

Hurrah for the day when every one

Down every darned galoot

I am the owner of the pitchfork, and

your money.'

You have already been fleeced by

And you have the same money in

honest cause and a noble purpose.

the people and the nation.

New York Press.

ONE DAY AT CANTON Major McKinley made a telling

went home with unbounded confi-dence in William McKinley as the great champion of the people's cause. others from Rock Island and Moline, Ill., and Davenport, Ia. Maj. McKinley said:
"You come from three states of the mightiest government of earth. You come representing diverse occupations and varied employments, but you come with a single mission: you come with a common purpose, and that purpose is to manifest your devotion to the great principles of the Republican party and your determination to see that those principles shall triumph on the 3d day of November. and with an increased determination to place him in the executive chair, where he can do the most good for William McKinley has established a permanent reputation for effective campaign oratory. His set speeches have always ranked high for excel-lence in both matter and manner, but he has shown himself in this cam-paign capable of a versatility and fa-

"You come because, as your spokesmen have so well said, you are interested in the welfare and prosperity of the country you love, which you believe will be best subserved by a Republican victory at the ensuing election, now only a little more than three weeks away. You have come because you believe in a protective tariff. You believe in that great American policy established at the beginning of the government of the United States, which had the approval of nearly all the early statesmen of the country and of the first President of the United States, George Washington; a policy that has been pursued for more than half the has been pursued for more than half the lifetime of the republic, and during all the period that it prevailed we enjoyed the highest prosperity in every enterprise and undertaking of American people. You have come here because you are in favor of the supremacy of the law and because you mean to maintain a government by law and under the law. You are here because you believe in public and private honesty, and because you has been pursued for more than half the country to the free use of the wool of the world the farmers would be bene-fited. It was done, and with what lie debt of this country shall be repudiated in whole or in part.

benefit you know better than I can "You are here to declare that every obligation of this government is as saved as its flag, and that obligation shall be kept and performed. You are here because you want no depreciating or flucfree silver is the panacea for all your tuating currency with which to do your government and for an honest man. You do not want a dollar that is worth less than 100 cents, for you were taught in your childhood in these great states that an honest dollar had 100 cents in it.

"My fellow citizens, the Republican party is an insuration and an advention.

party is an inspiration and an education I wish every man in this country might read the first platform that the Republican party ever made as a national party in 1856 in the city of Philadelphia. I m 1856 in the city of Falladeaphan. I wish that every young man might read it, and I wish that every old Republican might look up the old record and recall it. It reads today more like an include the control of the c recall it. It reads today more like an inspired prophecy than the declaration of a political organization. It declared for the unity of the states and the indissolubility of the American Union. It declared for free homes, for free lands, for free speech, and it declared for a protective tariff. It decreed that the two occans should be united by rail, the Atlantic and the Pacific, and every promise that this great platform made has been kept. How glorious is Republican triumph. There is not a page of Republican history that has been written in the last thirty-three years that any lover of last thirty-three years that any lover of humanity, any lover of liberty, any patriot would strike from the pages of American history today; not one. You can trust the Republican party, for behind it is the great conservative force of the country; behind it this year, as in days of the war, is the great patri-

otic heart of the country.

"Democrats and Republicans alike, I thank you, my fellow citizens, for this call. This is not a party campaign; it is a patriotic campaign. It is not a campaign for men: it is a campaign for our country. I thank you a thousand times for the long journey you have made that you might testify your devotion to Republican principles. I bid you go back home and say to all the people that Ohio, this splendid old state of my birth, will give to these great doctrines of the Republican party an unprecedentof the Republican party an unprecedent ed majority this year.

CLEVELAND AND ST. LOUIS. Flag to the Nominee and a Floral Trib-

ute to Mrs. McKinley.

The next crowd occupied all the available space around the little reviewing stand. It was composed of commercial traveling men from Cleveland and St. Louis. They presented Gov. McKinley

with a handsome banner and a beautiful floral emblem for Mrs. McKinley. The flag was presented by a 12-year-old lad in behalf of the children of St. Louis. while the traveling men were introduced as an organization largely composed of Democrats but determined to vote for McKinley and sound money. Mr. McKinley's response was as follows:

McKinley's response was as follows:

"I can turn either way this year and find Republicans. (Great laughter and applause.) It is appropriate and in no sense embarrassing to me to speak jointly to the people of Missouri and Ohio. (Applause.) There is one thing glorious about our campaign this year—it is national in character and represents the best hopes and aspirations of the American people everywhere. You are all commercial travelers, and whether from Missouri or from Ohio. you have had similar experiences. You leave your sample cases at home now. If I should talk a little longer and more directly my fellow citizens of Ohio, to my friends from Missouri, it is because I more frequently have an opportunity to talk to you than I have to them. (Great cheering on part of the Ohioans.) I love my old state (here three cheere for Ohio were given at the suggestion of one of the Missourians), the state of my birth. I love the public spirit and splendid energy of the people of our city on the lake; and I have always liked Missouriand nothing has occurred this summer in St. Louis to make me change my mind. (Tremendous cheering and waving of hats.) (Tremendous cheering and waving

"I welcome you all here to my home and city. I welcome the commercial travelers of St. Louis, the citizens of Missouri, and I welcome the sound money club of St. Louis, which is commoney club of St. Louis, which is composed of men of all political parties, who stand this year for the honor of the government and the integrity of our financial system. We are all citizens of a common country. This year, as in all the years of the future, I trust we have no North, no South, no East, no West, but union and union forever. (Great cheering.)

We have but one flag, too, like the one brought to me by my young friend from Missouri. (Maj. McKinley here exhib-ited a small flag, which was followed by remendous cheering.) It is the flag we all love, and which we mean to transmit to future generations, unsulfied and stain-

Touchstone of Confidence Needed

"Missouri, like Ohio, needs protection, sound money and public confidence. You have a hundred and fifteen counties in your state, and I understand that there your state, and I understand that there is not a single county that does not produce zinc, iron, coal or lead beneath its soil. (Cries of "That's right.") What you want is the touchstone of confidence, which will bring business activity and send every miner with his pick to dig out from the boweis of the earth those treasures of wealth. (Applause.) dig out from the bowels of the earth those treasures of wealth. (Applause.)

"We want in this country a tariff policy which will supply the government with sufficient revenue and protect every workingman. Why, Missouri, away back in the days of Thomas Benton, was called the bullion state. Has she deteriorated since then? (Cries of "No, no!")

Will the great commercial city of St. Louis, with its intricate and delicate threads of trade and commerce, vote for a policy or for a party that will destroy confidence, unsettle values, impair the city's welfare, and produce panies of "Never!") I do not believe it will. (A voice: "We will give you 30,000 majority in St. Louis," followed by great applause.) A friend from Missouri says that Missouri will give our ticket 30,000 majority. (Cries of "No! St. Louis will give you 30,000 majority. (Cries of "No! St. Louis will give you 30,000 majority.) What answer will Ohio make to that? (Cries of "150,000.") Ohio answers 150,000. Tremendous cheering.) Thirty thousand in Missouri is a greater majority than 150,000 in Ohio. (Cheers.)

"This year patriotism is above party.

"This year patriotism is above party "This year patriotism is above party. Men love their country more than they love their old political associations. Men this year would rather break with their party than break up their business. (Tremendous cheering.) I cannot imagine anything that could happen to strengthen the American union more than to have the men of the South and the men of the North come together and jointly administer the government. (Applause.) the North come together and jointly administer the government. (Applause.) Let your verdict this year be for honest money, public security, national tranquility, a protective tariff, and reciprocity. (Tremendous cheering and cries of "We will vote right.") And above all, let there sound forth a verdict for this Nation of law and order and its enthronement in every corner of the republic. I thank you all, and bid you good afternoon." (Great cheering and three cheers for McKinley.)

RISES WHILE WHEAT

SILVER FALLS

Great Natural Demand for the Cereal, but the White Metal Is a Drug on the Market.

WHY

Probably the free-silver folk will say in regard to the remarkable rise in wheat-about 11 cents a bushel in a month: "What did we tell you? It's as clear as daylight; everybody knows that free silver will succeed, hence they are buying wheat now, as it will go to a dollar at least after Mr. Bryan's election. That's why Europe is buying such quantities of wheat."

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Won't Work Both Ways.

If this is the free-silver argument for the advance in wheat, why is it that Europe is not buying silver at 64½ cents an ounce if Mr. Bryan's election will raise its price to \$1.29?

Mr. Bryan's contention has been that it was impossible for wheat to rise as long as the gold standard prevailed. Mr. Bryan knew as well as any of us that he was lying when he said that. What does he say about it now. His silence on the subject is most expansive. Possibly he is rakking his brains to account for it, and it is probable he may get off something equally illuminating as his explanation of the gold import movement.

The free is, this advance in wheat, wholly due as it is to natural causes, is a stumning blow to the free silver that he cannot get more for his wheat while we remain on a gold standard, when he is receiving 10 cents a bushel more for it than he was a month ago. Considering that this has been one of the stock arguments of the free silverites, it is well to point out again and again just why wheat has advanced.

It is all summed up in this: The crops here and abroad have been short, the total decrease for the world, according to

While silver for weeks has been dropping practically without interruption from about 70 cents an other to less than 65 cents, wheat has been shooting up as if it had wings.

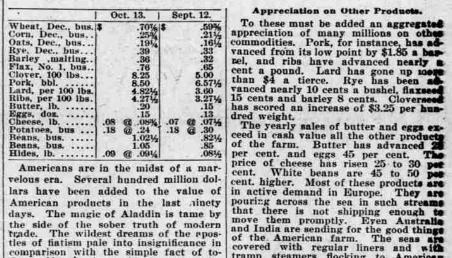
It is peculiarly interesting at this time, when Mr. Bryan and the other soon-tobe-snuffed-out lights of the free-silver heresy have been cramming a variety of pleasing fictions down the throats of farmers, to call attention to the practically simultaneous rise in wheat and drop in silver.

Probably the free-silver folk will say in regard to the remarkable rise in wheat-about 11 cents a bushel in a month: "What did we tell you? It's as clear as daylight; everybody knows that free silver will successed between they are hursing the silver will successed between the street's reports total exports of wheat the demand for our wheat about the demand for our wheat about the demand for our wheat abread has been exceptionally beavy. Brochest the largest since September, 1898, against 3,930,466 the week before and september we successed between the silver will success

No Manipulation.

ALADDIN'S LAMP OUTDONE.

Increase in Value of Wheat, Corn and Oats Alone Estimated at \$175,000,000.



comparison with the simple fact of to-day. Nature is making money for Americans faster than any printing press could do it. The rise in the prices of the products of American farms means the beginning of a prosperity that needs only the success of the honest dol-lar at the November election to guaran-

the its permanence.

Most of the chief farm products share in the advanced prices. Most of these commodities are being exported in enormons quantities, and in exchange America will get European gold. No one can say truly how much has been added to the wealth of Americans by the rise; but a few figures will give the reader an ink-ling of the mighty force at work for American weal. Corn has risen 5 cents a bushel, wheat 14 cents and rats 4 cents. Competent grain men estimate that those advances have added to the value of the holdings in this country on three cereals alone the following

 Corn
 \$100,000,000

 Wheat
 50,000,000

 Oats
 25,000,000

Appreciation on Other Products.

covered with regular liners and with tramp steamers flocking to American shores for the rich freightage.

Orchards Fall in Line. But this list does not exhaust the names of the staples that have scored sensational gains. The American orchard is coming in for a share of the good times. To the list may be added California dried fruits, such as raisina, prunes, apricots and peaches, which have gained from 15 to 50 per cent. and are still going up. Canned goods, such as still going up. Canned goods, such as tomatoes, corn and peas, now an important part of the world's food supply, have shown material improvement is prices. The average man may be blind to the import of higher prices, because of limited information. A slight advance in the value of one or two articles in which he may have a personal interest may have little significance, and when there is such a general rise as is now going on it requires a compre-hensive survey of the situation to grasp the vastness of the addition to the value of the products of the farmer.—Chicago Times-Herald.

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN-POTPOURI 1896. (Tune-"Here's to Good Old Wines, Drink Her

Dozen.") We want an honest dollar, so we do.
We want an honest dollar, so we do.
We want an honest dollar and for it
will holler.
If we have to burst our collar—
Now will you?

Free silver'll never do, don't you see,
Free silver'll never do, don't you see,
Free silver'll never do, only for a shabby
few,
A repudiating crew—
So they be.

Protection is our cry, so it is,
Protection is our cry, so it is,
Protection is our cry, and we'll shout it
loud and high.
For election it is nigh—
So it is.

We're after Bryan's scalp, so we be, We're after Bryan's scalp, so we be, We're after Bryan's scalp, and we'll make him whine and yelp After Populistic help— Don't you see?

Now, Sewall he is sad, down in Maine, Now, Sewall he is sad, down in Maine, Now, Sewall he is sad, and Watson l And it makes us awful glad— Out of Maine.

We'll vote for honest money, so we will,
We'll vote for honest money, so we will,
We'll vote for honest money—not for Nebraska's sonney,
But McKinley and Hobart—
So we will.

Indee F. J. Hamilton

Judge F. J. Hamilton. Sturgeon Bay, Wis.

BRYAN'S GREAT SILVER TRUST.

Conspiracy of Multi-Millionaire Mine Owners to Rob the American People. New York World (Dem.): The World showed yesterday that some of the mines produced silver at a cost of only 38 cents an ounce. The cost in other mines ranges upward to about 60 cents an

ounce. As this silver is worth in the market 66 to 67 cents an ounce the margin of profit is easily seen to be a very heavy one—10 to 20 per cent.

Moreover, some of the mines represent no actual investment whatever. Counting "water" and all, the Elkhorn mine has a nominal capital of only \$1,000,000. It has paid dividends amounting to \$1,212,000. The Granite Mountain is nominally capitalized at \$10,000,000. It has already returned in dividends to its stockholders \$12,120,000. Other mines show enormous profits on investments show enormous profits on investments that are largely fictitious.

Yet the multi-millionaires who own these properties coolly ask the people of the country to pay them incalculable mil-lions of additional profit by coining each 66 cents' worth of their product inte \$1.29 worth of legal tender money. They ask the country thus almost exactly to double to them the market price of a product already so profitable that it pays them millions every year to produce

it.
So far as they are concerned free coinage would do precisely this. It would enable them to pay a dollar of wages or debt with 51 cents' worth of silver. How far the process would enhance the general value of the silver dollar no man can know. But this much is clear: Every penny of the advance, be it much or little must be paid out of the precedent. or little, must be paid out of the peo-ple's earnings, while every penny of the difference between the new price of sil-ver and its mint price will represent se much of robbery from creditors and toll-

In brief, this great silver trust is a conspiracy among a hundred or so multimillionaire mine-owners to rob the public and to levy a tribute upon the wages of everyone who works.

Is there any conceivable reason why any workingman, any savings bank depositor, any holder of a life insurance policy, or any other honest man should vote for this ring's programme? In brief, this great silver trust is

EIGHT.