

The Corvallis Gazette.

VOL. XXXII.

CORVALLIS, BENTON COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1896.

NO. 46.

TRANSPORTATION.

East and South

VIA
THE SHASTA ROUTE
OF THE
Southern Pacific R'y Co.

EXPRESS TRAINS RUN DAILY.

18:50 P.M. Leave Portland Arrive 8:10 A.M.
2:10 P.M. Leave Albany Arrive 6:50 A.M.
10:45 A.M. Arrive at Francisco Leave 1:50 P.M.

Above trains stop at East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Turner, Marion, Jefferson, Albany, Albany Junction, Tangent, Seaside, Halsey, Harrisburg, Clifton, Astoria, Seaside, Eugene, Creswell, Drains, and all stations from Roseburg to Astoria, inclusive.

ROSEBURG MAIL-DAILY.

8:30 A.M. Leave Portland Arrive 4:40 P.M.
12:45 P.M. Leave Albany Arrive 1:15 P.M.
2:30 P.M. Arrive Roseburg Leave 6:50 A.M.

Fullman Buffet sleepers and second-class sleeping cars attached to all through trains.

SALEM PASSENGER DAILY.

4:00 P.M. Leave Portland Arrive 13:15 A.M.
6:15 P.M. Arrive Salem Leave 8:00 A.M.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

Between Portland and Corvallis Mail train daily (except Sunday).

7:00 A.M. Leave Portland Arrive 6:30 P.M.
12:15 P.M. Arrive Corvallis Leave 1:35 P.M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the Oregon Central & Eastern Ry.

EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY (Except Sunday).

4:45 P.M. Leave Portland Arrive 8:25 A.M.
7:25 P.M. Arrive McMinnville Leave 1:30 A.M.

Through tickets to all points in the Eastern States, Canada and Europe can be obtained at lowest rates from A. K. Miller, agent, Corvallis.

R. KOEHLER, Manager.
E. P. ROGERS, A. G. F. & P. A., Portland, Or.

O.R.&N.

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TWO TRANSCONTINENTAL
ROUTES

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Fare From Albany or Points West to San Francisco:

Cabin.....\$12 Steerage.....\$ 8
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W. A. CUMMINGS, Agent,
Corvallis, Oregon.
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CHAR. CLARK, Sup't, Corvallis, Oregon.

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The Cherokee's Color Line.

The chief of the Cherokees has under his consideration a bill passed by the legislature of the nation which seems to draw the color line in a fashion most odious to white men.

This measure, while it continues the citizenship of the whites who have married into the tribe, prohibits the acquirement of citizenship in that way hereafter. The next step will be the punishment of miscegenation as a crime, and then the lynching of white men for the alleged offense of having spoken unkindly to Indian women.—New York Recorder.

TELEGRAPHIC RESUME

Events of the Day in a Condensed Form.

OF INTEREST TO ALL READERS

Items of Importance From Domestic and Foreign Sources—Cream of the Dispatches.

Earthquakes have been noted in various parts of the state of Oaxaca, Mexico.

General Thomas Ewing, ex-member of congress from Ohio, is dead, at the age of 87.

Three men were killed and four received serious injuries by the explosion of gas in New Haven, Conn.

England's application for the American loan will involve the export of \$2,000,000 of gold within a week.

Advances from Crown Point, Ind., state that bloodhounds are to be used to trail criminals hiding in the Kanawhee swamps.

As the result of a fire in St. Louis five firemen were buried in the ruins, and another died from injuries received while fighting the flames.

Despite the prohibitory decree of the sultan, the Red Cross Society is preparing an expedition to Turkey to distribute relief to the Armenian sufferers.

The hoisting machine in the converting department of the Ohio Steel Company, at Youngstown, O., went wrong and one man was killed and two seriously injured.

The death of Prince Henry, of Battenberg, is announced. He accompanied the British expeditionary forces to South Africa, and while there contracted a fever of which he died.

The supreme court rendered an important decision in San Francisco, declaring that the stockholders of the defunct Pacific bank are individually liable for the debts of the corporation.

The Mohammedan rebellion, in the Chinese province of Kansu, has been entirely suppressed, and the country pacified. There have been many executions, including the leaders of the insurrection.

The site for the United States penitentiary, which was located by the commission about eighteen months ago near the state penitentiary in Walla Walla, has been approved by the government, and the site accepted.

A detailed account of the surrender of King Premph, of Ashantee, to the British expeditionary force in South Africa, state that his majesty actually groveled in the dust as a mark of his complete submission to England.

A row between Theodore Luebecke, a carpenter, and William Solomon, a German compatriot, at the home of the former in Portland, Or., ended in Luebecke stabbing to the heart and almost instantly killing Solomon. Family troubles were the cause.

It is stated that a rupture between Brazil and Italy is imminent, owing to Brazil's tardiness in satisfying Italian claims arising out of the civil war in Brazil. It is reported the warship Benjamin Constant has started to occupy the island of Trinidad.

A dispatch from San Salvador says the minister of war is mobilizing the militia, of which in this city alone there are 7,000 available. The government asserts this is done for the purpose of accustoming the militia to the use of arms and to perfect their drill.

A dispatch from Ekaterinoelav, the capital of the government of that name, in Southern Russia, gives details of a fire that occurred in a theater, causing a great loss of life. The fire was discovered while a performance was going on. The spectators became panic-stricken, and made a wild rush for the exits. Forty-nine bodies have already been taken out.

Truly Shattuck, the young actress, has fled from San Francisco to avoid testifying against her mother, who is being tried for the murder of Harry Pooler. Truly was the chief witness against her mother during the first trial, as Mrs. Shattuck shot the young man on account of the attentions to her daughter, and it was proved that Truly, at the command of her mother, wrote Poole a note which summoned him to her house the day he was shot.

There is to be a sensational contest in Andersonville, Ind., between Dr. Covert, who has recently sued, and Dr. Henry Adams, of Crawfordsville, who claims to represent the Spiritualists, but many disclaim him. For six nights Dr. Adams is to appear and Dr. Covert has wagered that he will do everything Dr. Adams performs, Covert not claiming any medium assistance. The men have put up \$500 with the judges.

Negotiations between the Rio Grande Western and the Western Passenger Association have been broken off again. The Rio Grande Western has agreed, however, to cease paying a commission on tickets from Salt Lake to Denver, reserving to itself the right to cut rates whenever necessary to meet the competition of the Union Pacific. The Western roads have agreed to make half fare rates for commissioned officers of the army and navy and the dependant members of the families when they travel at their own expense.

J. C. Oswald, who has just returned from the Orient, and who was a witness of the execution of the Chinese ringleaders of the recent massacres of missionaries in that country, in speaking of it says: "After the execution had taken place the heads of the five

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Condensed Record of the Doings of the Nation's Lawmakers—Senate.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The senate put aside finance and foreign affairs today and gave the day to work on private and minor bills on the calendar. About seventy bills passed, clearing the calendar of much accumulation, and leaving only important measures pending. The Cuban question received brief and inconclusive attention early in the day. Pugh's resolutions concerning silver payments of the government obligations were allowed to go over. Senator Sherman today gave notice of amendments to Senator Pugh's concurrent resolution providing for the redemption of United States bonds in silver coin. Sherman's amendments provide for the recognition of the law declaring the policy of maintaining the parity of gold and silver, and require the observance of this principle in carrying the resolution into effect in case it should pass.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Today's senate session was marked by notable speeches and notable debates. Late in the afternoon a controversy occurred between Sherman, Teller, Gorman and others, which led to the most spirited financial debate since the present congress convened. Sherman spoke at length on the silver question. Teller and Gorman answered from their respective standpoints, while Aldrich, Lindsay, Gray and others took part in the exciting debate. Wolcott's speech criticizing the president's attitude on the Venezuela question was the notable event of the early part of the day.

For an hour the senator commanded the attention of crowded chamber and overflowing gallery. Two important resolutions were reported by the committee on foreign affairs, one strongly presenting the serious condition of affairs in Turkey and urging prompt attention by the civilized powers, and an adverse report on Mr. Call's resolution calling for the official dispatches of United States consuls in Cuba.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The three subjects more prominently before the public are the Monroe doctrine, finance and tariff, each of which came up for consideration in the senate during the day. Daniel spoke for two hours in support of a vigorous upholding of the Monroe doctrine as applicable to Venezuela; Dubois of Idaho dealt with the silver phase of the financial question, and Warren of Wyoming pointed out the disastrous effects of the tariff legislation in general and on wool in particular. The senate committee on commerce today authorized McMillan to report favorably bills providing for two additional revenue cutters on the Great Lakes, two on the Pacific coast, one in the vicinity of New York, and one on the Gulf of Mexico; also a bill for a lighthouse tender on the Florida coast. Vest introduced a bill in the senate today to create the territory of Indianola out of the part of the Indian territory occupied by the five civilized tribes.

NOW RUSSIA'S VASSAL

An Offensive and Defensive Alliance Formed.

TREATY SIGNED BY THE PORTE

In the Event of Russia Going to War Turkey Agrees to Close the Dardanelles to All Warships.

London, Jan. 27.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Constantinople, dated yesterday, says an offensive and defensive alliance had been concluded between Russia and Turkey. The dispatch adds the treaty was signed at Constantinople and ratifications were exchanged at St. Petersburg between Aaraj Pasha and the czar. The basis of the treaty is declared to be on the lines of the Unkar Sklesski agreement of 1828, by which Turkey agreed in the event of Russia going to war, to close the Dardanelles to the warships of all nations. The Pall Mall Gazette correspondent says this treaty was soon abandoned, owing to the refusal of the powers to recognize it. He also says the French ambassador, M. Cambou, conferred with the sultan yesterday, and it is probable that France will be included in the new alliance.

Commenting on the dispatch from Constantinople announcing the signing of the treaty between Russia and Turkey for offensive and defensive purposes, the Pall Mall Gazette says: "We regard the news as true, and the result of the treaty is the Dardanelles in the southern outpost of Russia, and Turkey is Russia's vassal. We presume the British government will protest against the treaty for all it is worth."

"The information is plainly of the gravest importance. The first information reached us four days ago, but we withheld it until the arrival of the strong confirmation we received this morning. This brings Russia into the Mediterranean with a vengeance, and may necessitate strengthening our fleet in those waters. The political effect will be far greater. The treaty means that Turkey has realized her own implicit against disorders both from within and without, and has decided to throw herself for safety into the arms of Russia. She is now Russia's vassal, and Russia is entitled to dispatch troops to any part of the sultan's dominions."

PRICES SEEM BETTER.

The Week Marked by Improvement Apparent Rather Than Real.

New York, Jan. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The week has been marked by improvement apparent rather than real. Prices of some products have risen, but only because supplies are believed to be smaller than was expected. The senate still induces all business by doing nothing, and the treasury cannot expect to gain in gold as yet, but less than was expected. It is generally assumed that the new loan will be placed without difficulty, though the successive payments may cause continued disturbance."

"A deluge of foreign reports favorable to wheat speculation found ready answer in an advance of over 5 cents in spite of which receipts have been 50 per cent larger than last year. Atlantic exports for the week were much larger than last year, for the first time in several months, but for the crop year to date, all exports have been about 11,600,000 bushels smaller than last year.

The market has the idea that foreign demands hereafter must be much greater because of deficient supplies elsewhere, but no one expects that the increase will be at all commensurate with the enormous increase in Western receipts of 37 per cent since the crop year began—187,600,000 against 107,986,191 bushels last year.

"Failures for the week were 373 in the United States, against 363 last year, and 61 in Canada, against 59 last year."

LURED TO HIS DEATH.

Waylaid and Killed While Visiting His Sweetheart.

St. Louis, Jan. 27.—Webster Grove is wildly excited over a tragedy which occurred there last night. Bertram E. Atwater, a young Chicago artist who had gone to the suburb to visit his betrothed, Miss Genevieve Orton, was waylaid and killed by highwaymen. One of the robbers, John Schmidt, wounded to death by the plucky Chicagoan, will probably die before morning. The other thugs, Sam Foster, a colored ex-convict, who fired the fatal shots, and Peter Schmidt, who arranged the trap into which Atwater was unsuspectingly lured and then slain, are in custody.

While the inquest was being held today citizens of the village became so enraged that it was with the greatest difficulty that cooler heads could restrain the prevailing impulse to drag the captive highwaymen from the officers and hang them.

The Schmidts, who are cousins, have confessed as to the part taken by each in the crime. Peter, who volunteered to carry Atwater's valise from the station, admits that he led the letter to his fate. Atwater's body was shipped to Chicago. Mr. Orton and his daughter Genevieve, Atwater's affianced, accompanied the remains. Miss Orton is almost prostrated with grief. The wedding is said to have been set for an early date, and the object of Mr. Atwater's visit last night was to look over some preliminary arrangements. The young lady is a beautiful brunette of 20.

ORCHARD AND FARM

Budget of General News for Progressive Farmers.

HOW TO KEEP BROOD SOWS

Profitable Mode of Fattening Hogs—J. C. Cownie Gives Some Valuable Information.

The first litter as a rule is not so valuable as the following. The second, third and fourth generally are reckoned most profitable, but I have known sows to have eight or ten litters of good pigs. According to the American Agriculturist, when a sow brings a good litter in numbers, suckles them well and they are fairly level in size, that sow is a money getter, and a man is foolish to sell her, and replace with one he knows nothing about. But immediately after a sow brings uneven litters, and seems in any way deteriorating as breeder, she should be sold or fattened. Some sows begin to deteriorate after the second and third litter. Some never are any good; the quicker these are got rid of the better. Some think old sows are more likely to have the milk fever; in my opinion it is more likely to happen to a sow with her seventh or eighth litter, than to one producing her second or third, if care be used? No doubt a four or five-year-old sow, if made into bacon, is a bit hard, but as they make up in the open market as much as one that has suckled one litter only, this is no obstacle to keeping them on while they bring up unprofitable litters. Breeding sows, and in fact all hogs, seem to acquire certain amount of mineral elements to assist digestion, by counteracting acidity of the stomach, and unless hogs closely penned are supplied with something of the kind, they will lose their appetites and cease to feed as the should, and in some cases to lose rather than gain. While running on pasture and having free access to the soil, they do not require it so much, yet should be able to get it when they need it. A very good mixture for the purpose is one preserving the health of swine, given in Farmers Voice, by A. C. Moore, a noted breeder of swine in Illinois, and is as follows: Three bushels of wood ashes, one bushel of charcoal, small pieces; one-half bushel of slacked lime, one bushel of fine salt, two pounds of Spanish brown, five pounds of sulphur, one-half pound of copperas and one-quarter pound of saltpeter. Pulverize the last two thoroughly, mix in a bin or box and keep it in an open trough where the hogs can have free access to it.

PROFITABLE HOG FATTENING.

Next to a well bred pig is the method of feeding, of importance for the highest success. Cleanliness, systematic method of feeding and watering are presented in the American Swineherd by Mr. J. Cownie as follows:

I have tried feeding three times per day, but the days are too short in winter for that. Hogs do not like to be disturbed before it is day and they like to retire before it is dark. To feed three times a day keeps them moving too much; it is not the eating but the digestion that gives the fat. I have tried watering after feeding and also to have water on the feeding floor that hogs might eat and drink as they please, but it is a ruinous policy. One hundred and fifty hogs, averaging over 300 pounds, being fed a few years ago, were making a gain of two pounds a day each on fourteen pounds of ear corn, watered before feeding. Washing to test the matter, I permitted them to return to the yard after feeding, giving them what water they wished, then allowing them to go to the hog house. At the end of the month they were again weighed, showing a gain of only one pound and a quarter each day. The water and other circumstances were equally as favorable for feeding the second month as the first, and no change had been made in the amount or quality of feed. The following month with a return to the system of watering before feeding, although the weather was very unfavorable for feeding, showed a gain of a fraction over two pounds daily.

A bushel of corn for each five hogs daily, is the average amount fed, or fourteen pounds of ear corn each when once brought to full feed. Care must be taken not to overfeed; just enough and no more. If they do not appear satisfied feed a little more next time and if it is left reduce the allowance. Once a week oats are substituted for corn, and when plenty, a few basketsful of raw potatoes are occasionally scattered over the floor and eaten with avidity. Salt and sifted wood ashes are kept in a trough accessible at all times. The average weight at time of confining, say November 1, is usually about 200 pounds. The first two months, if everything is favorable, will show a gain of over two pounds daily, the third month somewhat less and the fourth month the amount of corn fed will have to be reduced, and the gain will be correspondingly decreased. An average gain for the entire time of two pounds daily is very satisfactory. Sixteen weeks is the limit to which such feeding should extend; beyond that there is no profit.

AGRICULTURAL SUGGESTIONS.

Ground Kaffir corn is pronounced a most excellent feed for milch cows.

Corn bran has about as much feeding value as wheat bran, but it is not in as good shape for feed.

Clean culture means no rubbish for the insects to breed in, and is a very important feature.

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