

# Corvallis Gazette.

Issued Every Thursday Morning by  
The Gazette Publishing Co.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
Per Year, \$2.00  
Six Months, \$1.00  
Three Months, .50  
Single Copies, 10c  
For Year, (when not paid in advance), 2.50

CORVALLIS, OREGON, MAR. 28, 1895.

## THE NEW SILVER PARTY.

A few silver men have formed what they call a silver party. They hope to gather all the believers of a free coinage of silver under one political banner. They say that nothing can be accomplished through the old parties, as they are under the influence of the gold-bugs, and the only hope for silver is through the independent action of its friends. They have had a meeting, and have issued a call for a general convention to meet in Philadelphia soon.

Political history teaches us that the proposed movement is a foolish and a vain one. The name of the new party condemns it. No one idea party can ever succeed in the United States, no matter how meritorious and equitable the principle it advocates. The freedom of the negroes was not accomplished by the abolition party. Wherever prohibitory laws were placed upon the statute book of a state it was not the prohibition party that secured their enactment. It will be impossible for the new party to frame tariff and other planks that will meet the approval of all the silver advocates. It must be borne in mind, that while the financial question is a great one, it is not the only important political question before the people.

Instead of strengthening the cause of silver, the formation of a new party will simply divide the strength of the advocates of a more general coinage of the white metal, and postpone the accomplishment of the desires of true bi-metalists. The proper and the only rational method of procedure, is to force the old parties to come out squarely and strongly for bi-metalism. Proper agitation will accomplish this. Recent events of the national congress show that the silver sentiment is in the ascendancy in both the republican and democratic parties. It will be foolish to expect many republicans to leave their party on the plea that it will do nothing for silver when most of the leaders of the party are declared supporters of silver coinage.

There is no possible excuse for a silver party in Oregon. The state government has nothing to do with the coinage question. This is strictly a national matter, and as far as Oregon is concerned her representation at Washington are as strong friends of the white metal as the silver party itself could propose. The republican party in Oregon at last is a silver party, and it is beyond question that no good can possibly be accomplished by leaving it and chasing after new ventures. When the next state republican convention meets it will declare for silver in terms that can not be misunderstood. Along with the silver plank, however, will be a declaration in favor of protection to home industries and other good old republican doctrines, and all republicans can support readily and even enthusiastically. The new party will find little encouragement for organizing in Oregon.

## "TARIFF REFORM" UP TO DATE.

A page could be filled with a list of the luxuries of the rich upon which the taxes have been reduced by the new tariff. Here are a few reductions: China reduced 50 per cent., glass plate and stained glass 40, gold pens 16, clocks 28, hats 72, knit fabrics 72, flannel 68, silk 40, gloves 30, comfits, jellies, etc., laces, embroidery, etc., 16, woollens and silks 10 to 22, owing to ad valorem instead of specific duties. Under the present tariff the rich man of fashion wears his superfine foreign broadcloth, superfine linen, silk hat, kid gloves, fine silk umbrella, sips his costly glass of rare old wine, at front to no less than 70 per cent. less than the former duty upon these superfluous luxuries. His grand dame plays her fan, flourishes her embroidered handkerchief, displays her exquisite laces, and arrays herself in superb silks at equal reductions, with many smiles and thanks to the newly arisen friend of the people, the charming and brilliant young West Virginian, who apologizes for his failure to reduce the duties upon the champagne she offers him, explaining that this was not his fault as his bill originally provided for its reduction also. Hundreds of fancy articles made of wool, silk and linen are now under reduced duties. These reductions, as we shall see later, embrace articles de luxe which furnish two-thirds of the entire revenue from the tariff. Not one workman in the whole land uses these luxuries. Such is "tariff reform" up to date, and thus is the "burden of taxation removed from the masses of the people." Strange delusion! The taxes are removed only from the rich.

Tariff duties as follows were collected in 1892 on foreign importations of the luxuries of the rich:

|                      |              |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Wool manufactures    | \$12,207,609 |
| Silk manufactures    | 16,965,637   |
| Cotton manufactures  | 16,436,733   |
| Flax manufactures    | 10,066,636   |
| Glass and China      | 10,339,000   |
| Wines, liquors, etc. | 8,935,000    |
| Tobacco and cigars   | 11,382,357   |

Here are \$106,000,000 of revenue from seven classes of luxuries, and here are a few others which netted more than \$8,000,000 additional—jewelry, carriages, artificial flowers, clocks, brushes, paper, perfumery, musical instruments—making \$114,000,000 revenue collected from imports out of the total of \$177,000,000. To reduce duties upon articles which are all luxuries of the rich, furnishing two-thirds of the whole tariff revenue, is the chief result of the Wilson act—Forum.

## SOME EXCELLENT ADVICE.

The letter of Superintendent Irwin, recently issued to the teachers of Oregon, is full of practical suggestions. It shows his familiarity with the needs of the schools, and his hints denote long experience in educational work and also what methods are best to pursue in order to attain the results. In his circular letter Mr. Irwin forcibly presents the thought that those engaged in the work of teaching are not mere wage earners, their calling being one of the grandest and most ennobling of professions. They ought not to content themselves with the idea, that because they can pass a satisfactory examination there is no necessity for advancement. Higher certificates and higher grades of work must be gained by higher attainments. The frequent association of teachers is urged as a means of acquiring new ideas. Attendance of and preparation for county institute work is not only a legal necessity, but it is deemed a much needed help to greater efficiency.

The Benton County Teachers' Association organized last fall had for its object the carrying on of work similar to that of the teachers' institute. The last meeting, however, was poorly attended. Only a few of the teachers of Corvallis were present. There ought to be no excuse on their part. They live in close proximity to the building wherein was held the exercises. The day was pleasant, consequently their failure to attend could not be laid to the inclemency of the weather. A program of the exercises had been published in the local papers, so that all might know when and where the association would meet. Yet little interest was manifested in the work which had been inaugurated to advance the interests of those engaged in educational affairs. On this line Mr. Irwin says something that should be remembered by those who neglect their opportunities, which will appeal especially to many of the teachers in Benton county: "Be diligent to qualify yourselves for success in your work. If when you shut your school house door when the active day's work is done, you shut therein all your care and anxiety for your school, you will be a failure. Give much of your time out of your school in diligent preparation for more efficiently doing the work of the coming day."

Another thought of especial interest to the teacher who wishes to succeed is stated by Mr. Irwin as follows: "If you are in fact a professional teacher you must expect progress. Our law requires a graduation from the lower to the higher. That certificate you now hold (unless you have reached the top), must give place to a higher. That higher must be gained by higher attainments. Those attainments are only reached by diligent study. Do not think that having passed one examination you can readily pass another. Even in the same branches a closer inspection of your ability is given, and a higher grade must be made. The grades of decades ago should not be the grades of today, nor the grades of today be the grades of the future. The standard of teaching must be elevated, and to do this the teacher must be progressive in study."

Superintendent Irwin is unquestionably the right man in the right place. He is an able and scholarly gentleman, who seems to fully realize the importance of the office he fills, and who is industriously working for the advancement of education in Oregon that our public schools may attain the highest possible standard of excellence. His public utterances are so pregnant with truths and so full of sound advice that they will undoubtedly have the effect of hearing coals of fire upon the heads of the school teachers who worked so industriously during the last campaign for his defeat. Though they may now realize their mistake, the prominent leaders in the contemptible movement will never be able to make amends for the many unkind and even untruthful statements which they circulated to injure his candidacy. The public, however, fully appreciates his efforts and recognizes in him the qualities necessary to enable him to carry on the grand work successfully.

## THE STATE BENEFITED.

Prof. French, of the Oregon Experiment Station, has issued a bulletin on forage plants and on pig feeding, that will be of interest and use to the farmers of Oregon. Prof. French is a conscientious and practical experimenter, and many farmers have already improved their condition through the valuable hints he has given them. He is progressive and wide-awake, and always on the alert for new ideas that might be of benefit to the agriculturists of the state. He has gained the confidence of the farmers and they do not look upon him as simply a visionary theorist, but as an intelligent and practical worker for the advancement of their interests.

Most of the critics on the Agricultural College seem to be seized with the idea that the institution is only one that teaches the students high school studies with a little useless practical work thrown in. The results of the college work can not be shown in dollars and cents. The beneficial effects of the experiments carried on there are far-reaching. The benefits from the work of each department accrue to the state as a whole through the farmers who take advantage of the suggestions offered them by those in charge of the experimental work. A practical illustration of the advantages of such institutions is had by reference to the work accomplished in Michigan, where Dr. Kedzie, of the agricultural college of that state, carried on a series of experiments to determine what variety of wheat was best suited to the soil and climate of that locality. By persistent effort and careful experimentation along this line he succeeded in impressing upon the agriculturists of Michigan the fact that the best results could be attained by growing Clawson wheat. In introducing

this variety he was compelled to overcome a strong prejudice then existing among the farmers in favor of other wheats which had been grown there for years. The millers were also arrayed against the eminent professor, as they found there was less profit in milling the Clawson than other varieties. These theories, however, were combated by the professor with statements showing the results of practical and scientific tests, and in the course of three years his efforts were crowned with success. The farmers of Michigan were almost to a man, growing Clawson wheat, and the benefits resulting to the state through Dr. Kedzie's experiments were estimated at a million and a half of dollars. The people of Michigan appreciate their agricultural college. They realize that this experiment has alone been worth more to the state in dollars and cents than it has cost to maintain the institution from its inception to date.

Through one of the experiments now being made by Professor French, Oregon is likely to reap benefits proportionately as great as those which have accrued to Michigan. Five years ago Professor French received 25 grains of a new variety of wheat known as No. 10. This was sown and carefully harvested. From the original few kernels, last year a crop of 200 bushels was produced. Its growth, yield, milling qualities, etc., have been faithfully noted. From one bushel of seed, Richard Irwin, who lives at the Buttes out of town, raised thirty bushels last year and is highly pleased with the results. The berry is plump, large, and besides overrunning from two to five pounds per bushel, the wheat makes an excellent quality of flour. The prime merit of No. 10 wheat, however, is not its superior yielding and milling qualities, but its early maturity, which makes it of especial value to the Oregon farmer. Professor French claims that No. 10 will ripen two weeks earlier than any other variety of wheat grown in the state; that it matures sufficiently early to prevent any perceptible injury from the grain aphid, which did so much damage last year to other varieties, and also, that by growing No. 10, there will be no losses on account of early rains. In the past, Oregon farmers have sustained considerable damage to crops from both these causes. It is therefore plainly apparent that the introduction of this variety of wheat will be of incalculable benefit to the state.

This experiment, though, is but one of many similar ones that are being carried on at the college. All have for their object the advancement of the state's welfare. Those persons and papers that claim the college is a benefit only to Corvallis are certainly either uninformed as to the workings of the institution or guilty of gross misrepresentation. It must be remembered that the institution is yet in its infancy and later on the financial results of the work in each department will be more apparent than during the past. There is little doubt that Oregon has already received, as a result of the experiments carried on at the college, more direct benefit in cash than the total amount the state has paid out in maintaining the institution. Mr. French's wheat experiment will alone be worth to the state at least \$100,000. Does any sane person presume for a minute that this benefit will accrue wholly to citizens of Corvallis?

Eager and Nipping Wind.  
A continuous downpour of rain, inclement weather, generally in winter and spring, are unfavorable to all classes of invalids. But warmth and activity infused into the circulation counteracts these influences and interposes a defense against them. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, most thorough and effective of stomachics and tonics, not only enriches the blood, but accelerates its circulation. For a chill, or premonitory symptoms of rheumatism and kidney complaint, particularly prevalent at these seasons, it is the best possible remedy. It is also invaluable for dyspepsia, liver complaint, constipation and nervousness. Never set out on a winter or spring journey without it. Elderly persons and the delicate and convalescent are greatly aided by it.

## Sewing Machines.

Buy your sewing machines direct from Will's Music Store, Albany, Oregon. No agents employed. We will save you a week's wages. Write us and be convinced. All the leading machines except the Singer. We have been selling machines ten years. Our personal guarantee with all first-class machines.

## Gold or Silver.

A pretty, centrally located lot and a good seven room house, will be sold for \$4500. Purchasers can assume at option a mortgage of \$1200, due March 24, 1896, at 8 per cent. Paid up insurance of \$3000 for 3 years on the house. Property renting now at \$6 per month. Inquire of H. L. HOLGATE, Corvallis, Or.

## Notice of Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the fruit growers of Benton and Lincoln counties at county court rooms on Saturday, March 30th, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a county horticultural society. All interested in fruit culture are invited to be present.

E. R. LAKE,  
W. W. BRISTOW,  
SAM McCLAIN,  
W. H. HARTLESS.

## Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the undersigned has been appointed administratrix of the estate of J. H. Wolf, deceased, and that she has duly qualified as such. All persons having claims against said estate of J. H. Wolf, deceased, are notified and required to present the same duly verified, with the proper vouchers, at the law office of J. R. Bryson or W. E. Yates, in Corvallis, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice.

DORA B. WOLF,  
Administratrix.

February 25, 1895.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.  
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

## BULLETIN NO. THIRTY-FIVE.

Devoted to Forage Plants and Pig Feeding, now Being Distributed.

Bulletin No. 35, issued by Prof. H. T. French, of the Oregon Experiment Station, is now being distributed. The subjects covered are forage plants and pig feeding. Under the former is given complete results of experiments thus far carried on in growing clover, vetches, corn and the flat pea. From that portion of the bulletin devoted to forage plants, the following interesting paragraphs have been culled:

As extensive wheat farming gives way to a more intensive system of farming, the attention of farmers will be turned toward better fodder plants than those found on the farms throughout a large portion of the state. Stock raising must go along with any system of intensive farming. The coarse products of the farm must be converted into meat and dairy products, and thus returning a large portion of the fertilizing elements to the soil. At the present time considerable attention is being directed toward the dairy industry, as a source of revenue on the farm. And that a better knowledge of some of the common forage plants may be obtained, the following report is made. It is an indisputable fact that many dairy enterprises have met entire failure because there has not been enough attention given to supplying the stock with suitable food during times of scarcity.

The natural pasture will supply an abundance of food during a portion of the year, although it is many times inferior to the artificial supply, or that which is raised by cultivation. As long as the dairymen depend upon natural pastures, they will not make the most of the opportunities that are so richly bestowed throughout a large portion of the state. It is only in the most favored localities that natural pastures will furnish the roots of the plants, they throw up mounds of earth, which hinder the moving machine. These pests can be poisoned in the winter by placing in their burrows pieces of potato, which have been charged with strychnine. The most efficient remedy tried so far, however, is a shovel, small dog and man, when the ground is full of water, as it is many times in the winter. The high water table drives the gophers near the surface, the dog will scent them, and with a little help, will soon bring them to the surface. In this way, over sixty were destroyed in one field in a few hours. This will only work in localities where the soil fills with water.

## THE CHURCHES.

Congregational Church. Sunday School 10 a. m.; preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor, 4 p. m.; Senior Endeavor 6:30 p. m.; prayer and conference meeting, Thursday 7:20 p. m. H. J. Zercher, pastor.

Methodist Episcopal church. Corner 2nd and Van Buren streets, Rev. Hiram Gould, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p. m. Thursday, prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m.

M. E. Church, South, old college chapel. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m. each Sabbath except the third. Sunday school at 10 a. m., and prayer meeting at 7 p. m. Wednesday evening. The public is invited to attend. P. A. Moses, Pastor.

Christian church. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Junior Y. P. S. C. E. at 4 p. m., and Senior Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Choir practice Saturday night. Frank Abram Powell, pastor.

Episcopal Church, corner of 7th and Jefferson streets. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., and on Wednesday evening at 7:30 p. m. Lay services every 2nd and 4th Sunday of each month. All are cordially invited to attend, especially those without other church home.

Baptist church, Jefferson St., between 4th and 5th, Rev. W. H. Howard, pastor. Sabbath services—Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m. Thursday—Song and prayer service at 7:30 p. m. Ladies Aid Society on Friday at 2 p. m. Free seats. A cordial welcome to all.

Evangelical Church, corner Fourth and Monroe streets, Martin Burlingame, pastor. First and third Sundays, Beulah 11 a. m.; Evergreen 3 p. m.; Corvallis 7:30 p. m.; Second and fourth Sundays, Saver 11 a. m.; Mount View 3 p. m.; Corvallis 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school 2 p. m. Everybody invited. No collections.

Presbyterian church, corner 4th and Jefferson streets, Rev. E. J. Thompson, D. D., pastor. Sabbath services: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; public worship, 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 4 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Thursday: Praise and prayer service, 7:30 p. m. Ladies' Aid Society, 4th Wednesday of each month at 2 p. m. Ladies' Missionary Society, 2nd Wednesday of each month at 2 p. m. A kind welcome to all.

Miss Belle Ranney, of Philomath, has been selected to teach the Hoskins school this spring and will begin her duties next Monday.

Notwithstanding the fact that the United States is now involved in diplomatic troubles with three foreign powers, Spencer just keeps on shaving.

The Oak Ridge Presbyterian church has just purchased a fine new organ. That church is prospering finely. Dr. Thompson preaches there every two weeks.

The Ward-James company, of which Mr. J. B. Walker, of this city, has been a member for the season, will be in Portland from April 1st to 6th. This is considered one of the best troupes in America, and only those possessed of rare talent are engaged by Mr. Ward.

A course of three lectures on the subject of "The World's Redemption, or Bible Revoltion," will be given at the Presbyterian church by the pastor, Rev. E. J. Thompson, D. D. The first of these lectures will be given next Sabbath evening, March 31. All are invited to these lectures.

Sol King, one of Benton's thrifty and enterprising farmers, and who has a large orchard of various kinds of fruit, has been making some experiments in growing peaches. The Alberta, which is said to be well adapted to our soil and climate, was the variety selected. One tree planted close to the house on the south side, has been in bloom three weeks and is making a strong, thrifty growth. A tree set out at the same time on the north side of the building, however, has not yet bloomed nor has it made such a vigorous growth as the other one. The cause is attributed by Mr. King to the blighting influence of the cold north winds and he is of the opinion that peach orchards should be invariably planted in sheltered localities where the trees are protected on the north.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.  
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of Dec. A. D., 1894.

A. W. GLASSON,  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. E. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc.

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A very fine white floating soap, none better can be made. For sale by all druggists and grocers.

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