

TO PREVENT ANARCHY And at the same time give us a Better Form of Government

To prevent anarchy in the United States and at the same time give us a better form of government, I would suggest that the people call for a special election on our constitution and not make it a party or political issue, but an issue of the people in general, to make a constitutional amendment not to allow any foreigner, alien or otherwise, one of another country to become a citizen of the United States until they have resided here twenty-one years and that hereafter all foreigners except ambassadors and their families or foreign ministers of state and their families be required to furnish certificates of good citizenship of their own country; and also pay an import duty of one hundred and fifty or two hundred dollars per capita. Should it be young ladies or gentlemen wishing to come to this country to attend our schools, such parties shall not pay such duties if they will return to their own land when they finish their education here. I think if we could but adopt some such measures as the above, we could boast of less strikes, discussions, bloodshed and starvation in this beautiful country. But not the way it is now the criminals and outcasts of all foreign countries emigrate to this country and in two or three months or perhaps a year or two after their arrival they want to run the government for us, and if they cannot do that many of them turn out as anarchists, bomb throwers and destroyers of property in general. Then the blame is laid on innocent parties, or perhaps some few are arrested and tried by our state laws which costs vast amounts of money, and at the same time they may go free for want of evidence, or if convicted, a short term in the penitentiary, none of which justifies or benefits us in any way so as to grant them free import to this country. There are exceptions but we have been cursed by a large majority of anarchists, and it is time the people of America were taking this matter in hand and turning it into peace and harmony in place of chaos into which it has been thrown by the late strike. The government has put a restriction on the immigration of Chinese, so why not put it on others? For to our knowledge the Chinese have not caused one half the trouble that other foreign immigration has. Take throughout our land the different labor unions, and generally who is to blame for the deaths and destruction of the property but these foreign usurpers who do not know how to appreciate our free form of government, therefore let us ask for a constitutional amendment that will remedy the matter. Sincerely,



Tired and Run Down.

O. W. R. Mfg. Co., 215 Front street, Portland, Oregon. *Dear Sirs:* I was completely worn out from overwork, could not sleep at night, and felt that I was approaching a serious condition, but, thanks to Dr. Grant's Sarsaparilla and Congo Root, I am almost an entire new person, as I never felt so well in my life; and it was the cheapest doctor's bill I ever had, as I only took five bottles. I cheerfully recommend it to all afflicted.

Yours respectfully,
MISS EMMA LEE,
227 Eleventh street, Portland, Oregon.

Dropsy and Heart Disease.

Gentlemen: For two years I was afflicted with Dropsy and Heart Disease, and my sufferings were terrible. I commenced taking Dr. Grant's Sarsaparilla and Congo Root, and by degrees my pain seemed to leave me. After taking nine bottles I was restored to my former health, and now feel as though I never had been ill.

Yours truly,
JOHN CURRIN,
Spokane, Washington.

Price 50 cents. Six bottles \$2.50.
For Sale by Corvallis Druggists.

Blodgett Items.

Wm. Colyer and little wife have left us. Destination unknown.
It has been whispered that the hay loaders at W. A. Gellatly's are expert.
Grain harvest begins in earnest this week in the valley with prospects for an abundant yield.
Miss Harrington the pedagogue at Mountain Top has been quite sick for the past few days.
If Conover has got the pluck he is credited with he will tump Bert Johnson for that "foraging" honny.
Gellatly outfits have bought a new 32 1/2 Advance tractor and will begin threshing next week and possibly sooner.
John Skaggs and Ike Norton will start their new tractor the first of this week; John having found a place for all the surplus wheels and "fixins."
A Mr. Dentley, from Corvallis, took several fine views of Will Gellatly's ranch last week. He was accompanied by one of Will's young lady sisters.
I neglected last week to mention a serious accident that happened to Arthur Norton. A falling tree bounding backward caught his foot, braining it badly and detaching two of his toe bones, leaving him a cripple no doubt for the balance of the summer.
What nonsense to laud Cleveland to the skies for his action in suppressing the strike and putting the mails to running, ennobling his "strong convictions" and classifying him with "Washington, Jackson and Lincoln." He has done nothing more than any one possessed of common horse sense would have done. It is to be presumed that his high moral character, unyielding principle and "strong convictions, stand him eminently in lieu of the United States senate and house of representatives, stopping soldiers' pensions and returning rebel flags. "Convictions," forsooth.
Homo.
Mountain Top.
Clyde Hoffman and Robert and David Gellatly were guests of Willie Minton, Sunday.
Mountain Top school will be closed next week on account of the teachers' examination.
Lieut. Dentler and Miss Della Gellatly spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gellatly.
Mr. and Mrs. Crosby of Independence, passed through the valley last week on their way to Newport.
Mrs. Jas. Savage returned to her home at the Summit Monday, after a visit to her sister of King's Valley.
There were ten persons baptised at King's Valley, Sunday. A large crowd was gathered to witness the ceremony.
Found near Wren, a small key on a red and white string. The owner may recover lost property by calling at the Wren store.
The above mentioned key is supposed to belong to the heart of Homo, as he has been seriously grieved since election.
Ye weeping scribe, let me advise.
Abate your grief and dry your eyes,
For what avails a flood of tears?
Who knows but in a run of years
As sheriff of our county soon,
Smith at his post may stand serene. Jo.
H. R. Williamson returned yesterday from Butte, Mont., where he has been several weeks in quest of employment. He says that 900 U. S. troops, brought to that city during the late strike are still quartered there and that all kinds of business is unusually quiet and employment scarce.



ONE DAY CURE. HATTEES

O. W. R. MFG. CO. PORTLAND, ORE.
MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL.
SEVENTY THREE YEARS OLD.

CORVALLIS, OREGON.
December 1, 1893.

O. W. R. Mfg. Co., 215 Front street, Corvallis, Oregon. *Dear Sirs:* About two months ago your salve came, while traveling through this valley, found me, an old man seventy-three years of age, almost dead with bruises caused from a fall; and I feel that I am in duty bound to testify that the half bottle of "Hattees Congo Oil" given to me by your agent and two others that I after words bought, have helped me to such an extent that I am almost able to walk, and I must say it is a great remedy. Being very thankful for the relief it has given me and hoping for your success, I remain yours,
REV. A. MORRISON.

Price 50c. and \$1 per bottle.
For Sale by Corvallis Druggists.

NEWS AT THE METROPOLIS

Doings of the Week as told by the "Gazette's" Special Correspondent.

PORTLAND, Aug. 1, 1894.
The election contest has been given its quietus, both as regards the mayor and county officials. The complaint contained general allegations of fraud, bribery and repeating, such as anyone could concoct in a lawyer's office. The defense called for a bill of particulars specifying the names of all the violators of the law and such other particulars as the complainants would have to prove in order to win the contest. It is admitted by the complainants that they cannot give the names of repeaters nor of bribers nor of persons bribed. This is equivalent to admitting that the allegations of the complaint were recklessly made at random, and that of all the alleged fraud there is no proof whatever, save that of interference, which might as well be directed against one party as another. Indeed, the whole argument of fraud has been based upon the assumption that there were more votes cast than there should have been, it being assumed that the population has decreased during the hard times. This proves to be erroneous. The school census this year shows an increase of 4 this is an infallible indication of growth in population. The hard times are general all over the country, and Portland and Oregon as a whole have gained more than they have lost of persons seeking to better their condition by going elsewhere. The complainants have 60 days in which to file a bill of particulars, and as money was subscribed by deluded persons to pay attorneys, it may reasonably be expected that the lawyers will try to make a showing as long as they can get a fee, but the whole matter is practically dead with the exposure of its hollowness.
There is a general sentiment throughout the state hostile to all commissions and boards, and a majority of the legislators elect, including many from Portland, expect to vote to abolish them at the coming session. This sweeping hostility is the swinging back of the pendulum far beyond the center. It is characteristic of our government for the voters to permit abuses to grow up until they are unendurable and then to cut them down ruthlessly with a blind fury that destroys much that is good at the same time. This is the danger now to be feared. We have interests these commissions and boards were created to protect. Some provision must be made to preserve these interests, especially the salmon and fruit industries. We are doing too little rather than too much for both these important sources of state income. The general government cannot be induced to appropriate money for fish hatcheries because we do not ourselves make a vigorous and practical effort to prevent the destruction of the salmon. As a fruit, the state is being overrun with pests that threaten destruction to an industry which might be made to bring into the state more money annually than any other people are engaged in. Practical legislation on for the benefit of these industries is what is wanted and not a blind slashing at the boards and commissions connected with them. If deemed desirable let the boards be slaughtered, but to not fail to replace them with needed legislation for the preservation of our fruit and fish.
This is a quiet month for Portland. The courts have adjourned until the first Monday in September and there has been a general lull in the coast and mountains. Yet Portland is now of such a size that she can boast several thousand in this way without their absence being noted by others than their particular friends. Notwithstanding the absence of so many theater goers, Potter and Kyrie Bell drew good houses at the Marquis last week. This week Oscar Wilde's famous play, "Lady Windermere's Fan," will be the attraction.
There is a little tempest in a teapot in the postoffice at present. Five of Postmaster Proitzman's bondsmen have requested the postal department to release them from further responsibility for his acts. It is all a result of the hard times and subsequent scramble for spoils. There are a dozen applicants for every position in the gift of the national, state, county or city government. Some of the bondsmen wanted to dictate the postmaster's appointments and failed. They object to some of his appointees because they had friends of their own for the places. They particularly object to one Epping, a republican, appointed at the request of Senator Mitchell. As Senator Mitchell's influence secured Proitzman's appointment he naturally decries to his wishes and will keep Epping. He will have no difficulty in securing new bondsmen, and the incident is of interest chiefly to illustrate the hardness of the times and the beauties of the spoils system of politics.
Wholesale business in Portland is better than it has been for a year past. How much of this is due to the interruption of business the past two months by the flood and the railroad strike and how much is a general revival of business cannot be told until time has been given to see how long it continues. Certainly everybody hopes it is the beginning of a return of good times.
P. P. E.



Diabetes Cured!

Wonderful Work.

A New Being Created!

Dear Sirs: If you could see the writer of this letter and note the wonderful change that has been effected in his case by taking Dr. Grant's Kidney and Liver Cure, you would certainly be astonished. I was a most wretched sufferer for three years, trying all kinds of medicine, getting no relief. The flow of urine was very excessive. I was very constipated and also covered with carbuncles, and felt at war with myself and the world at large; but, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I felt as though I was a new being, and I consider a wonderful cure has been effected in my case.
With my best wishes for your further success, I remain
Yours respectfully,
A. McDONALD,
Ashland, Wis.

For Sale by Corvallis Druggists.

THE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

War Declared—Death and Destruction on Land and Sea.

TROOPSHIP KOW SHUNG SUNK.
Shanghai, July 30.—The following is the list of version of the sinking of the troopship Kow Shung: The Japanese cruiser sent a boat along-side the transport with a prize crew to convey her to Japan. Captain G. G. Sworthy, an Englishman, refused to obey orders, and the Japanese withdrew. The cruiser then opened fire, using machine guns mounted in the tops of the Japanese ship. This fire soon cleared the Kow Shung's decks. The cruiser then discharged two torpedoes at the transport, sinking her and drawing nearly all of the 230 souls on board. Colonel Von Hanneken, a German, formerly the viceroys' aide-de-camp, and other foreign officers were among those killed by the fire from the torpedoes discharged. According to reports received here, two German passengers, on the way to settle up their business affairs in Corea before the war began, succeeded in swimming to the Japanese cruiser, but in spite of their appeals were shot. The Chinese who swam to the cruiser shared a like fate. The French warship Lion rescued some unfortunate Chinese soldiers, but all foreigners are reported killed. The Japanese are said to have behaved with utter disregard of the laws of civilized warfare.

THREE CHINESE VESSELS SUNK.

Shanghai, July 31.—News has just reached here of a desperate battle between the fleets of China and Japan, in which the Chinese were defeated and the Chen Yuen, the largest battleship but one in the Chinese service, was sunk and two other large Chinese vessels, said to be first class cruisers, captured or destroyed. The battle was hotly contested, but the Japanese appeared to have handled their guns, ships and torpedoes with more skill than the Chinese. The Chinese fleet engaged nearly 1000 men and a large number are reported killed or drowned. Later dispatches say that few if any of the Chinese engaged in the battle escaped. Two German officers in command of the Chen Yuen are reported to have met death with the crew.
The news of the battle was received here by private telegram from Tien Tsin. If the report is true, of which there is little doubt, it means an end has been put to China's fighting upon the seas. The Chen Yuen must have started from Taku after leaving the Chinese transports there.
The two Chinese cruisers supposed to have been captured or destroyed during the engagement which ended so fatally for the Chen Yuen and the Foo Ching. The Chen Yuen was a protected cruiser, built at Emswick, England. She had a displacement of 2300 tons. Her armament consisted of three 8 1/2-inch Krupp and two 6 inch Armstrongs, protected by splinter-proof shields, several 8-pound rapid-firing Hotchkiss guns, six galling and four torpedo tubes. The Foo Ching was also an English built protected cruiser, very much similar to the Chen Yuen. She had a displacement of 2500 tons, was built of steel in 1880, and carried 10 guns of about the same caliber as those carried by the Chen Yuen.

Wanted—100 Men.

A man! A man! My kingdom for a man! is said to be a common expression among lady visitors to the coast, this summer. On account of the unusual scarcity of male visitors the resort is less popular with the fair sex this season than ever before. Each incoming train is met by a host of young ladies bent on capturing a beau should one happily make his exit from the car. Each is observed to vie with the others in an attempt to monopolize the young man's society, and when one of their number has once succeeded in capturing him, her unfortunate companions all turn green with envy, but these daily disappointments do not deter them from anxiously awaiting the arrival of the next invoice, when the disappointed ones are again on hand with smiles and winning ways to capture the unsuspecting male. If Charley Clark would import a hundred good-looking young fellows and pay their expenses during the summer, he would incur the everlasting favor of the fair ones, and at the same time cause Yaquina to spring into prominence as the most popular summer resort on the coast.

A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy (Kansas) Chief.
Some years ago we were very much subject to severe spells of cholera morbus, and now when we feel any of the symptoms that usually precede that ailment, such as sickness at the stomach, diarrhea, etc., we become very scared. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy the only thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by Graham & Wells.
A choice lot in Job's addition for sale cheap. Enquire at this office for terms.

WAR DECLARED—DEATH AND DESTRUCTION ON LAND AND SEA.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A dispatch just received says Japan made a formal declaration of war upon China today. Lord Kimberly, upon receipt of notice from the Japanese minister that war had been declared, wired all the British representatives abroad to warn the captains of merchant vessels of the fact in order that they might form their cargoes accordingly. Any contraband ware comprised in the cargoes will be handled at the risk of the owners of the vessels.

THE POSITION OF RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—Russian newspapers are unanimous in saying that whatever is the result of the war between China and Japan, Russia will not tolerate any diminution of Korean territory or alienation of Korean independence upon the part of Great Britain or any power, if such interference endangers the interests of Russia. These newspapers urge that military and naval measures be adopted in the Pacific and upon the frontier which will maintain the interests of Russia in the event of her being called upon to defend them. They agree that the European powers are inclined to be too active in attempting to settle the conflict between China and Japan. If a Russian peace-maker be needed, they say Russia's claim must be paramount. The Nova Vranya says:
"The first duty of the powers is to endeavor to localize the war in Corea."
The editors with few exceptions, urge Russia to support China's sovereignty, but hardly conceal their opinion that Russia will benefit from such a course.

COMPLAINT AGAINST STRIKERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The United States district attorney is preparing an omnibus complaint against all union men who are in jail in Northern California charged with offenses against the federal law. Complaint will probably be lodged before United States commissioner Peacock as committing magistrate tomorrow. This complaint is to take the place of the multiplicity of complaints now on file against the railroad strikers. The charge will allege interference with interstate commerce and trade, and a conspiracy to retard the progress of the United States mails. The desire is to simplify the many charges against the strikers of overt acts occurring at different times and places. Assistant District Attorney Knight said:
"We do not want these men to feel that we are piling up charges against them. There is a desire to treat the strikers in a spirit of fairness and not to persecute them, but to punish them for their criminal acts."
The defendants will include between 30 and 40 strikers from Sacramento and Red Bluff, several of whom are now incarcerated in San Francisco.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

Washington, July 31.—The report of the trial board of the recent trial trip of the cruiser Minneapolis was completed and submitted today to Secretary Herbert and Commodore Belknap. According to the report, the preliminary run from Philadelphia to Boston was made by the Minneapolis in 17 hours. In starting on her trial trip the vessel's displacement was 7475 tons. The speed attained, after making tidal corrections, was 23.073 knots per hour. The performance of the machinery was highly satisfactory. The boilers performed well under

obligations upon neutral nations. By this stroke Japan doubtless has seriously embarrassed China in her efforts to supply herself with warlike equipment in other countries. Just what the effect will be on Chinese treaty ports can be foretold now. Japan has taken the ground they practically foreign settlements, and therefore has disclaimed any intention to interfere with them, regarding them as outside the scene of hostile operations. It is believed, however, China will now proceed to close the more important treaty ports, beginning with Shanghai, perhaps by obstructing the entrances.

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forced draught, and showed no evidence of priming. The collection indicated horse power of the main engines during the trial run was 20,366; that of all the machinery in use was 20,812. The ship is believed to be staunch, seaworthy and handy in an eminent degree, and the great speed attained, with the fact that the tremendous strain resulted in no breakage or mishap, the report says, reflects the highest credit on the designers and builders.

FORTY LIVES LOST BY FIRE.

West Superior, Wis., July 30.—The Rev. J. H. Nason, who went to Phillips in charge of the supply train sent from here, returned today. He said that the reports of 20 lives being lost, was far short of the truth, for the total loss of life will be at least 40. Eleven bodies had been recovered up to noon today. Some of the bodies were charred beyond recognition, but those recovered from the lake were easily identified. Those who escaped have only the clothing on their backs. The hair was singed and faces scorched of many fugitives. The wonder is that so many escaped, said Nason. Most of those dead are of the lower classes. It will be impossible ever to know accurately the loss of life, for the bodies of some who were suffocated in the lumber yards were entirely consumed. Eight cars of supplies and \$875, contributed by surrounding cities, but great quantities of food, bedding and lumber are still needed. Another call for help has been issued. Governor Peck, ex-Governor Fitch, of Ashland, and Maj. W. H. Upham, the republican candidate for governor, were among the citizens in charge of relief trains.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, July 30.—The third disastrous fire in the history of Minneapolis broke out about 3:30 this afternoon in the lumber yard of the Shevlin Carpenter company, on the bank of the Mississippi river at the foot of Eighth avenue north. It spread with remarkable rapidity and before it was controlled destroyed property valued at nearly \$500,000. Besides 20,000,000 feet of lumber, the gas manufacturing plant of the Omaha railroad company, the roundhouse, tool house and sand house, and also the turntables of that road, nearly forty freight cars, some loaded with merchandise, and the office building of the Shevlin-Carpenter company were destroyed.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The lumber district of Chicago was tonight visited by one of the most disastrous fires in its history, and the loss will probably foot up \$1,500,000. The burned district is about six blocks from east to west and three from north to south. Two persons were killed and a large number injured in various ways.

Cause of Bryan's Defeat.

Mr. Editor:—It seems that the democrats have not yet recovered from the searing effects of the defeat of E. L. Bryan. The Times of last week contains a spicy piece and letter concerning the examination papers of Miss Mina Harrington and Mrs. Hattie Williams. The said piece says that it was brought against Mr. Bryan in every precinct in the county, that he had been partial in the teachers' examinations. This fact, take note, was brought up on the platform at Blodgett and by Mr. Bryan himself. He might have saved himself "all those votes." "A guilty conscience needs no accuser." He also, anxiously, brought up the same subject in company with the one about fast horses, in several other precincts, either because he hoped to excite sympathy, or because he rested so implicitly in the power of his silvery tongue that he thought defeat was impossible. (With God all things are possible.) He also willingly acknowledged that there are two schools in the county which he never had visited; one of these was then enjoying its first term and the other its second year school. He made solemn promise to visit both these schools before his term should expire. We are informed that he visited neither. His own conduct and neglect of duly defeated him. Since he has burned his own paws, no is no time to whine.