

MONDAY'S ELECTION.

Precinct Boundaries of Corvallis—Judges and Clerks for the Several Precincts.

For the information of our readers we give below, the precinct boundaries, voting places and the names of the judges and clerks for the several precincts:

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 1.

Commencing in the center of Taylor street, in the city of Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, at its junction with the Willamette river; thence along the center of said street to its western terminus; thence along the center of ——— street in Job's addition to its western terminus; thence due west to eastern boundary of Wrenn precinct, No. 19; thence north to the north east corner of section 12, township 11 south, range 6 west; thence up the river to the place of beginning. The territory embraced in the above boundary is set off and established as Corvallis precinct No. 1, and the place of voting to be at the house of Mrs. Cook, at the corner of Polk and Second streets.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 2.

Commencing in the center of Monroe street, in the city of Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, at its junction with the Willamette river; thence along the center of said street westerly to the western terminus of said street; thence in a direct west course to the eastern boundary of Wrenn precinct, No. 19; thence north to the southern boundary of Corvallis precinct No. 1; thence following the south boundary line of Corvallis precinct No. 1, to the Willamette river; thence up said river to the place of beginning, is set off and established as Corvallis precinct No. 2, and the place of voting at the court house, Corvallis.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 3.

Commencing in the center of Washington street, in the city of Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, at its junction with the Willamette river; thence along the center of said street to its western terminus; thence in a direct west course to the eastern boundary line of Philomath and Wrenn precincts; thence north to the southern boundary of Corvallis precinct No. 2; thence due east to the center of Monroe street; thence along the center of Monroe street to the Willamette river; thence up said river to the place of beginning, is set off and established as Corvallis precinct No. 3, and the place of voting is the opera house.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 4.

Commencing in the center of Washington street, Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, at its junction with the Willamette river; thence up said river with its meanderings to the section line between sections 30 and 31, township 12 south, range 4 west, where the same intersects said river; thence westerly along the north line of Willamette precinct No. 3, to the east line of Philomath precinct No. 10; thence north to the south line of Corvallis precinct No. 3; thence due east to the center of Washington street to the place of beginning is set off and established as Corvallis precinct No. 4, and the place of voting at Briggs' old hotel near the corner of Second and Washington streets.

Judges and Clerks.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 1.

Judges.—S. L. Sheld, Wm. Knott, A. J. Locke. Clerks.—G. W. Quivey, E. J. Elliott.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 2.

Judges.—R. M. Davidson, Frank Turner, J. M. Porter. Clerks.—W. H. Howard, B. W. Johnson.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 3.

Geo. A. Waggoner, D. Carlie, Wm. Bogue. Clerks.—Thos. Samuels, Sol. Stock.

CORVALLIS PRECINCT NO. 4.

Judges.—E. Allen, J. D. Johnson, D. C. Rose. Clerks.—Geo. E. Smith, Lawrence Helm.

WILLAMETTE PRECINCT NO. 3.

Judges.—John A. Buchanan, T. W. B. Smith, W. W. Starr. Clerks.—George Mercer, J. G. Buchanan.

MONROE PRECINCT NO. 4.

Judges.—B. M. Jolly, Theo. Wellsler, Wm. Barclay. Clerks.—W. T. Starr, Lee Huggins.

KINGS VALLEY PRECINCT NO. 5.

Judges.—Perry Eddy, W. H. Hulse, Monroe Townsend. Clerks.—Lincoln Chambers, W. L. Price.

ALSEA PRECINCT NO. 6.

Judges.—Marion Hayden, Finly Fullerton, C. L. Malone. Clerks.—A. L. Clark, C. C. Chandler.

SUMMIT PRECINCT NO. 7.

Judges.—Nathl. Howard, Joseph Skaggs, Horace Underhill. Clerks.—E. F. Straids, Fred Duncan.

PHILOMATH PRECINCT NO. 10.

Judges.—N. P. Newton, J. C. Huffman, Lee Henkle. Clerks.—Ezra L. Dixon, L. W. Hill.

BLODGETT PRECINCT NO. 12.

Judges.—W. B. Kiger, Wiley Norton, Geo. W. Cross. Clerks.—Scott King, S. M. Wood.

LOBSTER PRECINCT NO. 18.

Judges.—Frank Hughes, E. D. Skaggs, John Sapp. Clerks.—G. C. Peck, Geo. E. Parriah.

WHEAT PRECINCT NO. 19.

Judges.—Thos. Read, Jr., Chas. King, John McGee. Clerks.—W. H. Gellatley, Geo. H. Harris.

FAIRMOUNT PRECINCT NO. 20.

Judges.—T. B. Williamson, J. H. Rothell, Chas. Skeels. Clerks.—M. L. Leeper, A. E. Morrison.

Henry Bristow, the republican candidate for recorder, is a man who is in every way worthy of the support of the voters of this county. He is a permanent resident and property owner. He is an excellent penman and an affable, polite and well educated gentleman and is the equal of Mr. Watters in every particular.

Jake Chambers has made an excellent commissioner, and should be re-elected.

Mr. Alexander, Stand Up!

One potent reason for the present hard times in this county is the inequitable assessments made by assessor Alexander last year. People are struggling to save sufficient money with which to pay their taxes. According to law all taxes unpaid on the first of April become delinquent, but through the kindness of the county court the taxpayers have had an extension of time and the sheriff instructed not to force collections. Yet many persons have paid their taxes, which has caused many sacrifices. This is especially true of the persons who pay taxes on amounts under \$2,500. The property of such persons is, as a rule, assessed at a higher valuation than that of persons worth many thousands, and this latter class are for that reason, very assiduously working in the interest of Mr. Alexander.

The law of Oregon provides that all property shall be assessed at its "true cash value," and the constitution provides that "all taxation shall be equal and uniform." The question now arises, Has Mr. Alexander complied with the law? No. To illustrate how far from the spirit and letter the last assessment was made, we will cite for instance: A house which cost \$5,000 to erect in 1892 is assessed at \$1,000; another house which cost in 1892 \$4,000, is assessed at \$1,000; another house which cost \$6,000 to erect in 1893 is assessed at \$2,200. A man who swears to an undertaking on surety that he is worth \$30,000 is assessed at \$5,500, and one who swears that he is worth \$50,000, is taxed on \$14,000. These people are of course trying to secure the re-election of Mr. Alexander. A widow who owns notes aggregating \$5,000 is assessed on their full value. This unjust discrimination works a hardship on the honest taxpayer. Why should money and notes be taxed at their full value when other classes of property are assessed at from 20 per cent. to 50 per cent of its value? Such a system as this is a continual temptation to such as have money and notes to conceal them from the assessor. Another thing is this, that a person who owns a small farm or a small dwelling in town worth from \$400 to \$1,000, pays proportionately more taxes than the rich man whose farm or residence is worth many thousands. These instances are proof positive that the statute has not been complied with and that an unjust discrimination has been made in favor of the rich and against the poor.

As was said in this paper last fall, if assessors uniformly discriminate against money and notes and in favor of land and stock and improvements, the natural result must be that money will not stay where such conditions exist. That is the reason why capital will not come to Oregon for investment. Money, the most ticklish of all commodities, is perpetually avoiding localities where ignorant, capricious and pernicious legislation permits such conditions to exist. If assessors are not intelligent or courageous enough to assess visible, tangible property up to its actual value and give money a fair chance with other property, then Oregon need not expect the introduction of money into the state. Her resources must needs remain dormant and undeveloped and she will be bound to lag behind her sister states in prosperity and importance.

Going to England.

The many friends of Miss Maud Hoffman will be pleased to hear of her latest success. She recently accepted a year's engagement with Wilson Barrett and leaves for England the 15th inst. The company is one of the best in the country and open a several weeks engagement at one of the leading theatres in London in Shakespeare's tragedy, Hamlet. She will return with the company about the middle of November and play eight weeks in New York City. From there they go to Boston and after a few weeks stay start westward and may reach this coast next spring. Mr. Barrett's repertoire includes many of the heaviest and most popular plays in all of which Miss Hoffman will take the second part. Miss Hoffman made the acquaintance of Mr. Barrett at a reception given in his honor not long since at one of the Back Bay mansions in Boston. "A notable testimonial to Mr. Joseph Hawthorn" says the Boston Herald, "will be given in the Boston Museum on Saturday evening, June 2. Mr. Hawthorn will repeat his recent great success in Hamlet and he will be supported by a cast remarkable for its excellence and interesting features. Ophelia will be played by Miss Maud Hoffman, the beautiful artist, who made her debut last season in this city as Juliet and who has recently been supporting Willard, the noted English actor. Miss Hoffman's many friends in this city are looking forward with much pleasure to her first appearance as Ophelia." Many other favorable press comments on the young Webfoot Juliet evidences that she is fast becoming a great favorite with the Boston people both socially and as an actress.

That Alsea Plow.

There has been considerable talk by our Alsea friends concerning a plow that was promised them and for which they forgot to call. The simple and true facts of the matter are that during the democratic convention Mr. W. H. Malone, road supervisor of Alsea, called upon Judge W. S. Hufford and requested a hill-side plow, stating that they could use no other kind, and that they would return a new plow of a different style in its stead. Judge Hufford promised to get them the kind of plow desired within a week and Malone agreed to call for it within ten days. The plow came to hand promptly and has been in the warehouse of J. R. Smith & Co. for a month and now complaint comes that the judge forgot to order the plow, but since the receipt of the complaint, some of the Alsea people quietly came over and hauled the cause of all the trouble away in their buckboard and now we may look for better roads in our sister valley.

WAYS THAT ARE DARK.

Peculiar Methods of Osburn—What Shall our Verdict be?

The Times is out again in defense of the cowardly assault which the Osburn faction of the democratic party is making on George Smith. The Times and Rowland's answer to the plain, manly and business-like statement of the chairman of our county central committee, is about the thinnest thing yet seen in the whole contest. If Rowland and bondsmen were afraid that Smith would squander his wife's estate, why did they not get a temporary injunction which they could have gotten, on swearing to one-half they are publishing about Smith instead of waiting until November to do it. Does not anyone know that from May to November is time enough for him to do great damage to the estate if he was inclined to do so? Does not Rowland and every bondsmen know that they are taking chances of having to pay the bonds they signed every moment Smith is allowed to handle the property, if there is the least grounds for the suit commenced? Would not common prudence demand an immediate temporary injunction?

The whole story about the complaint of the bondsmen, is either a pure fabrication or Rowland has done the silliest thing on record by not invoking the strong arm of the law to restrain Smith immediately. We have not had time to see but one of the two bondsmen mentioned who went to get off the bonds. Sol King is fighting Smith in the "burnt woods" with Osburn money, the other one mentioned utterly denies having made any complaint whatever. Any voter who happens to be in town please call and see what he says about it.

Thomas Eglin was a near neighbor of Jerusha Smith and her first husband, Jesse Smith, and knew her well from the time of her marriage until her death which occurred some years after her second marriage, to George Smith, excepting a few years while they lived at Crescent City, Cal., where Jesse Smith died. Jerusha being a daughter of Haman Lewis, returned to Corvallis to live near her people and again became a neighbor of Mr. Eglin. He says that both Mrs. Smith and her father told him that her husband left about \$6,000, which she desired to loan. This was about the amount they were known to have accumulated by their industry and Mr. Eglin gives no credence to the story that she had received the money from any other source. Mr. Eglin is willing to make an oath to this, but it is not necessary until he is called into court, which he certainly will be for that purpose. Any voter who may feel interested in this matter, please call and see Mr. Eglin.

Rowland's statement that he is just attending to the interests of his ward without any reference to politics is not believed to any considerable extent in this community, and seems to be about on a par with the statement that a Colorado paper was hired to publish and forward the information that Smith had kept a theatre there; that a Linn county paper was hired to quote the item, getting out 500 extra copies solely with a view to disseminate valuable news. And finally, that enterprising person from Corvallis bought up these 500 copies and carried them all over the county without any particular design. It sounds about like the statement that Sol King left his farm, took a sack of twenty-dollar pieces and scattered them along his old trails in the mountains, because he wanted to get rid of the money and had nothing else to do. It seems to be off of the same piece as the story that Osburn only recently heard of all this and strongly opposed it. It is not consistent with the assertion that our opponents deprecate dishonest methods and general muddling, and it even contradicts their pet theory of economy.

Citizens, what verdict shall we render on such attempts to secure office? Shall Sol King triumph against the will of the people for the second time? Shall vituperation, slander and boodle elect our county officers? We repeat what this paper has said before: George Smith is an honorable, upright business man. He has proven this by an eight years residence in our midst. Dare Osburn truthfully trace his own record as far back?

Consolidated Picnic and Barbecue.

One of the hottest campaigns ever known in Benton county is nearing a close and on Monday next the battle will be fought to a finish with ballots. In the various precincts of the county the several candidates have been urging their respective claims for the suffrage of the voters, and will finish in Corvallis to-morrow afternoon with a joint discussion in the courthouse square. The republicans and democrats have joined together to make the day one continual round of pleasure. At noon there will be a barbecue in the courthouse yard, in which everyone is cordially invited to participate. The republicans have engaged the services of the Moomouth band of 18 pieces and the Marine band of Corvallis will play for the democrats. At 7 o'clock in the evening C. G. Hannum, of Portland, will speak at the courthouse on the political issues from a republican standpoint and at 9 o'clock a grand torchlight procession will be had. A program under the auspices of the democratic club will be rendered the same evening at the opera house. Everybody is invited to come in and spend the day. The citizens of Corvallis will guarantee you a royal good time.

It is said that many people intend to vote for Osburn for sheriff because he is posing as a temperance candidate. If these people were familiar with the facts in the matter they would vote for Smith. Not because he is a teetotaler, but because he does not assume a virtue that he does not possess.

Vote for Irwin.

Salem people are the worst lot of kickers in the world when anything is not run in the way they think it ought to. They made a most vicious attack on G. M. Irwin when that gentleman was in charge of the Indian training school at Chemawa, just because he did not run the affairs as dictated by Salemites. He is now a candidate on the republican ticket for superintendent of public instruction and the articles written about him at that time are now used to defeat him in the state. He has had years of experience in school work. During the last several campaigns he has rendered invaluable service to the republican party by stamping the state. His addresses everywhere were listened to attentively and the press speak of his arguments and able addresses in the most flattering terms. Eastern Oregon asked for his nomination and if he was incompetent or in any way incapacitated for the place the party in that part of Oregon would not have come to the convention solidly for his selection. Mr. Reid has had considerable experience in school work in this part of the state, and for that reason is better known than Mr. Irwin. But in point of education, literary attainments or as a public speaker Mr. Irwin is far his superior. Vote for Irwin and you will make no mistake.

Mr. Reid and some of his friends are trying to make the people believe that it is absolutely necessary to have a state superintendent whose only ability is that he can mechanically work in the school room, and because Mr. Irwin has not been teaching for the past few years Reid assumes that he knows nothing about the work. From the first of May to the second of June, Mr. Irwin has been putting in his whole time making political speeches in the interest of the republican party. It is to be hoped that his friends throughout the state have appreciated his valuable services sufficiently to allow no injustice to be done him. He has not been about the state peddling his carls and putting up a lot of contemptible jobbery to defeat his opponent as has Mr. Reid. He is above such selfishness as working wholly for himself and has given up his time in working for the entire ticket, and the true and tried republicans will not fail him on Monday next.

Democratic Subterfuge.

To EDITOR GAZETTE—How ominous sounds the phrase, "We long expected suit against George W. Smith," and again, "The case has been in preparation for several months," showing that even the calloused conscience of a democratic editor can be pierced by an attempt to slander a good man for political purposes. In the name of principle, if the above phrases were true, why was the case not instituted long ago? No, it is evident to every thinking republican that the matter was sprung along for the purpose of defeating Mr. Smith, and will fail not only in its intent to secure republican votes, but will cause democrats to vote for Smith who would have otherwise voted for Osburn. There was another element entered into this canvass that, in the opinion of many, is more reprehensible than the above. It is generally believed that Sol King is using every effort to secure Osburn's election. So long as his efforts are confined to the democrats this is right—for friendship sake, but wrong in principle. Sol King has been honored by the republican party as scarcely any other man in Benton county, and if he is now working for Osburn it is a betrayal of spleen unbecoming to a worse man than Sol King. But this, too, if true, will prove a failure. It is a poor tribute to republican intelligence that they are to be instructed how to vote by one who was at one time an honor to the party, but who now occupies the position of "poor Tray."

Blodgett, May 30th, 1894.

L. C. C. C. Party.

The ladies' Corvallis coffee club entertainment given in the firemen's hall last Friday evening was a social success in every particular. Invitations to attend these semi-annual parties given by the ladies are always highly prized and carry with them the assurance of a happy time. The occasion of this one was the celebration of the eleventh anniversary of the club's organization and enjoyed very much by those present. The grand march began at nine o'clock and dancing was continued until after midnight. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served during the evening.

Strawberries are ripe. Mr. R. S. Harrington left a box of fine luscious ones at the GAZETTE office yesterday, the first of the season. Mr. Harrington has a patch of several thousand plants of this most excellent fruit, and will be able to supply his many customers with large red berries, fresh from the vines in a few days. This is the third year in succession that Mr. Harrington has brought to this office the first berries of the season.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

By local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be forever lost; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

For men's and boy's shoes go to Nolan's.

For home cooking go to the Delmonico.

If you are a lover of good coffee, try the Delmonico.

OUR NATION'S DEAD.

Memorial Sunday Observed.—Graves of 28 Soldiers Strewn With Flowers May 30.

Last Sunday the opera house was crowded to listen to the memorial services held under the auspices of Ellsworth post, G. A. R., Ellsworth W. R. C. and Benj. Harrison camp Sons of Veterans in honor of those brave men in blue who lost their lives in defense of their country. A large choir, under the leadership of Prof. Bercholt, rendered several appropriate selections. Rev. Frank Alburn Powell had been invited to deliver the memorial sermon and gave a most excellent address. When the services were concluded the speaker was the recipient of many congratulations from members of the post and camp for his able and fitting remarks.

DEDICATION DAY.

A light, refreshing rain Wednesday morning only made the atmosphere that of a beautiful spring afternoon for memorial exercises. Promptly at 2 p. m. the procession was formed at the corner of Second and Adams streets, G. A. R. headquarters, right resting on Second, in the following order: Marine band; companies "A" and "B," O. A. C. cadets under command of C. E. Dentler, U. S. A.; Ellsworth post No. 19, G. A. R., under command of Commandant D. C. Rose; Relief Corps, Ellsworth post No. 19, under command of Mrs. J. B. Hornor; Sons of Veterans, under Capt. Will. H. Bloss; Epworth League of the Methodist church and some 50 little girls and boys under Misses Newton and Casto, of the public school; citizens on foot and on carriages.

In this order the procession moved to the city of the dead near Crystal lake, where the G. A. R. ritual memorial exercises were held over the graves of unknown heroes of this organization, of which twenty-eight are buried in Benton county alone, and were very impressive and appropriate. After which the various organizations and citizens scattered over the home of the dead and none were forgotten, but all were beautifully decorated with an abundance of flowers. The procession then returned to the city and the various organizations marched to their respective quarters.

NOTES.

The O. A. C. cadets did themselves and their commander, Lieut. Dentler, credit. This is their first appearance of their own parade ground this season.

As has been their time honored custom the Marine band visited the grave of Wayman Smith, and rendered an appropriate selection in memory of their departed leader. All the business houses were closed during the afternoon in honor of the day, and the merchants accompanied their families in visiting and decorating dear ones' graves. A great many went during the day to the Old Fellows cemetery west of the city.

On Tuesday and Wednesday morning a committee from Ben. Harrison camp, S. of V., visited the other grave yards of the county and also decorated the graves of all old soldiers buried in each, in memory of their noble work in times of national trouble, in the great cause of peace, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

EVENING SESSION.

At 8 o'clock a large audience were in waiting at the opera house where an interesting entertainment had been prepared in honor of the day by the G. A. R., relief corps and school children, which was opened by instrumental music, and prayer by Rev. E. J. Thompson. President John Bloss delivered a short address, paying tribute to the flag of red-loyalty, white-purity, and blue-fidelity, designed by a woman, and the emblem of a land of peace, liberty and freedom in the pursuit of happiness. Mr. Bloss reviewed the great "gap" of the war of 1861 reaching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in which are buried more than 600 thousand loyal citizens who gave their lives to the cause. Thirty years' time have healed the closed gap, and we are one united brotherhood, and from the very beginning, when our great-grandfathers separated themselves from England, that they might have life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, we have been ready to fight for that flag which proclaims those principles. And they are still ready to fight for the same principles. (Cheers.) That flag would be disgraced at the head of a freight train that had been stolen. (Applause.)

Mr. Bloss commended the G. A. R. for their efficient work in times of strife and trouble, saying that it was for mothers, daughters, sisters, wives and sweethearts, that the boys in blue had courage to go through their trials to a successful goal, and that it would be their influence that would lead the present generation of young men and boys to eminent achievements and through successful careers.

He also commended the Sons of Veterans in their work, told them that they knew "the cost of every fold of the flag they were loyal to; to foster their pledged principles of grandeur, grand aims and great, be spoke by our flag."

There is some talk of scratching on the part of republicans in favor of Alsea Alexander. Such a plan would be suicidal. Alsea precinct has for twenty-five years given the republican ticket a handsome majority, and this is the first time they have been represented on the ticket. If we knifed their candidate after so many years of loyalty to the party we can expect no favors in the future. Mr. Hayden has a good education and is well acquainted with values. There can be no possible objection against voting for him, except that he is not so well known as his opponent on the democratic ticket. He is as competent, however, and will without doubt make a more equitable assessment than the one made last year by Mr. Alexander.

Are you insured? If not, now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as an insurance against any serious results from an attack of cholera or complaint during the summer months. It is almost certain to be needed and should be procured at once. No other remedy can take its place or do its work. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Graham & Wells.

For Sale.

A good milch cow with calf in August. Will sell cheap for cash. Address, R. M. LINVILLE, Granger, Oregon.

For sale cheap, one large work horse. W. E. Yates, assignee.

Go to the Delmonico for the best meal in the city.

Cauthorn Lies Nailed.

It has been said that Judge Hufford drew the bill for the division of Benton county. This is a mistake. It is, in fact, nothing more nor less than a campaign lie. But it is hardly worth while to dispute with him because they can hatch a lie and set it to cackling as fast as each one is shown to be false. Voters will not be deceived by the statements that have been and are being made publicly just on the eve of an election day.

The only foundation for the lie above referred to is that a citizen of Benton county came to Mr. Hufford's office and borrowed one of his session law books and copied from it a bill recently passed by the legislature creating a new county somewhere in Eastern Oregon. That is all there is in it. Judge Hufford did not draw up the bill to divide the county nor have anything to do with its division. On the contrary, when a remonstrance was circulated against the division of Benton county, Judge Hufford, not as county judge, but as a private citizen and a taxpayer, signed that remonstrance and so did his wife. Mr. James A. Cauthorn did not sign that remonstrance. Both of them owned property at Toledo and also at Newport. Why should they not own property there? They had been frugal and industrious and had saved enough money above their living to buy themselves a home at Newport, and the property at Toledo Mrs. Hufford inherited from her father; and that property was offered for sale before the county was divided and has been offered for sale ever since. All the public statements that Mr. Hufford had secured property at Toledo with a view to making money out of a county seat, is the purest nonsense and absolutely false—a lie made out of whole cloth and tried to be foisted upon voters ignorant of the facts in the case just before the election and too late to be contradicted.

Judge Hufford had nothing whatever to do with raising the salaries of county judges in the state. Any one knows that the judges cannot raise their own salaries. He did not recommend his salary raise and the statement that he did so is another lie told for the purpose of catching votes for Mr. Cauthorn. Voters understand why interested parties manufacture such lies out of whole cloth. Simply to deceive voters and catch votes. Nothing else.

Mr. Cauthorn's name is not on the remonstrance against dividing Benton county. The fact is, he wanted it divided. Now he has raised the question, let it fall on him, as he deserves.

Mr. Kealy's family and Mr. Cauthorn's family are on the warmest terms of friendship. It is even said they will soon be still more closely united by a marriage. Mr. Kealy has large possessions near West Yaquina and Alsea, in Lincoln county. Mr. James A. Cauthorn, notwithstanding his pretensions to honesty and fairness to his creditors, owns or at least did recently own when this writer last examined the records, some property near West Yaquina. Mr. Kealy is now said to be working for West Yaquina for a county seat. Of course that is what he wants. It will make his West Yaquina property valuable. Mr. Cauthorn's property will also be more valuable—notwithstanding his creditors. It is obvious, then, why Mr. Cauthorn and Mr. Kealy wanted Benton county divided. Mr. Hufford's name and his wife's name on the remonstrance, prove the lie uttered against him as seeking to disrupt the county of which he was judge, but the truth is that in that hour of the county's need, Mr. Hufford was doing all in his power to prevent the division, while Mr. Cauthorn and Mr. Kealy and Mr. Jeffreys (Cauthorn's relative) were conspiring and working hand in hand to divide the county. And they succeeded, because the representatives and the senator sent from Benton county betrayed their trust and left the county without any one to represent it. Now with this intention.

mate connection between Mr. Kealy and Mr. Jeffreys and Mr. Cauthorn, and with Mr. Hufford's name on the remonstrance and Mr. Jas. A. Cauthorn's name not there, which one of these men wanted the county divided? Why, Mr. Cauthorn, of course. Mr. Hufford did not want the county divided and did all he could to prevent it. Mr. Cauthorn evidently did want it divided, and with his friends succeeded in dividing it.

If D. A. Osburn would pay his share of bills for whiskey ordered by him for use in the last campaign and which was sent to various precincts in the county for distribution among his hirelings, at least one saloon keeper in Corvallis would feel more kindly toward him. It is hardly consistent for a man to pose as a temperance candidate who owns two-year-old whiskey bills.

It is claimed that the democrats are trading everything on their ticket for Osburn and Bryan, but the democrats, republicans and populists all concede by a large majority that Spencer and Cas, the best barbers in the state and are entitled to a very large share of the patronage of this community.

Closing Exercises of the Public School.

With the below interesting programme, the public schools of Corvallis will close tonight, what has been a most successful school year. Under the capable principalship of Prof. S. I. Pratt, assisted by a corps of efficient teachers, the year ending June 1, 1894, will long be remembered by the pupils, patrons and friends as one of special advantage to all. The public generally have been well satisfied with the management of the educational interests of Corvallis during the past month, and fewer complaints have been heard from the patrons this year than usual. The work has been thorough in all the departments as is evidenced by the standing of graduates, some 39 in number, that took the regular teachers' examination and averaged as a class about 85 per cent. In order to entitle pupils to graduation it is necessary for them to obtain even a higher percentage than is required in ordinary teachers' examinations. The exercises last evening were commendable to each participant, and reflected credit upon the scholars and their teachers alike.

A small admission fee will be charged this evening, that some funds may be raised to assist in defraying the expenses of the graduating class. The program will be as follows:

1. Music, orchestra.
2. Greeting song, 6th grade.
3. "What we will do," six boys, 1st grade.
4. "Flower Exercise," six girls, 3rd grade.
5. Recitation, "You put me flowers on Papa's Grave," by Ethel Bristow, 5th grade.
6. Exercises with flags, boys of 2nd and 4th grades.
7. "Time and the Seasons," is pupils, 5th grade.
8. Music, orchestra.
9. "Song of the Waves," 1st grade.
10. "The Children of Story-Land," 7th grade.
11. Song, 4th grade.
12. "A Little Love Scrape," dialogue, 1st grade.
13. Music, orchestra.
14. "The Artist's Dream," tableau, 6th grade.
15. Song, "Little Leaflets," six girls, 4th grade.
16. "The Train to Mauro," 3 pupils, 5th grade.
17. Exercise, 15 girls, and 1st grade.
18. Duet, 7th grade.
19. "The Happy Family," 6th grade.
20. Music, orchestra.

A FULL STOMACH ought to cause you no discomfort whatever. If it does, though—if there's any trouble after eating—take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're perfect and convenient vest-pocket remedy. One of these tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules at a dose regulates and corrects the entire system. Sick or Bilious Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved and cured. They're the smallest, easiest to take, cheapest, and best. They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money is returned.

is perfectly, permanently, positively cured by Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The proprietors of this most famous cure prove that by their offer. It's \$500 cash for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure. By all druggists, 50 cents.

FREE! FREE!

Wonders of the World's Fair

No Subscription Requested Published Expressly for me
No Dimes Required They are