

Corvallis Gazette.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY
FRANK CONOVER.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Per Year	\$2.00
Six Months	1.00
Three Months	.75
Single Copies	5c
or Year (when not paid in advance)	2.50

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES.

Our agricultural colleges may not be all that it is claimed for them, and often are criticised by sound, practical and successful farmers and horticulturists, who believe that a boy should start his education in the field, and like a young tree grow up surrounded by mother-earth. There was a time when such a method was proper. That time has passed. A farmer and gardener of to-day must not alone possess mechanical skill and diligence, but education as well. He will never get educated hoeing in the field or scraping in the barnyard. The agricultural college affords him the very education he needs. If naturally industrious, a boy or a young man will find the college his best friend. He will return from it a better farmer and a more intelligent man. It is true that many young men who have attended college fail to go back to the farm. This is no argument against the college, but simply goes to show that young men seek what they deem a more suitable profession. We cannot make a farmer out of a young man who hates the pursuit. The few that do return to the farm exert a powerful influence in their neighborhood provided they apply their learning properly. Let such men successfully grow crops or feed stock, and the chances are that their neighbors will be profited. One good farmer in a community is a great educator, and if this farmer is a college graduate the ultimate improvement in the farming in the community can be traced to the agricultural college. Give the boys a thorough education and there will be no danger of their "knowing it all," for a well educated man is usually aware of his lack of knowledge. The man with "a little learning" is a dangerous man, and usually the most conspicuous one in rural districts. —New Jersey Agriculturist.

The Independence West Side says: The present law governing assessors is a strong law; but the very people who are clamoring against repealing the indebtedness clause are the ones who would rebel if the assessor did his duty. As the tax levies are acknowledged to be just twice too much in Oregon, if property were taxed at full value the owner would have to pay his just share. That is what he does not want. His plan is: Tax my land at one-half its value, and the mortgage I take out will relieve me from any taxes.

WINTER is on deck in the East. The wires bring sorrowful tales of boys breaking through the ice and drowning. But is not this delightful summer weather we are having in the Willamette valley? And to think only one more month and the winter season will be half past. We have every reason to be thankful that we are living in God's country.

The Alta Californian says: Sitting Bull sits no longer, but is out bellowing on the warpath, in the belief that he is the bull fated to butt the locomotive of civilization off the bridge. This bull's hide will be on the fence before spring. The government should take the bull by his horns and choke his wind off.

The republican party is the party of deeds, not promises—the party of progress.—It does something. The democratic party is afraid to do anything, or to let anybody else do anything when it can help it. This will be plainer in 1892.—Statesman.

THE INDIAN MESSIAH.

The excitement among the Indians of the Northwest in regard to the coming of a Messiah among them grows with each succeeding week. It is said that there is no fear of an outbreak against the whites, as the Messiah comes to command peace and prohibit bloodshed. It is to be noted, however, that those who accept the truth of this Messiah most firmly, and are most stirred by his coming, are among the bitterest enemies of the white race. The promises held out to the Indians, too, are not of a kind that can be gained by pacific means. They do not incline him to cultivate a field and to work and to make a home for himself, but rather to return to his wild life and his savage nature. According to the most accurate reports that can be obtained, the prophecy has been made that the Western continent shall be given back to the red man and the plains covered once more with the innumerable buffaloes. The whites shall disappear utterly from the land, and no barrier shall be placed to the roving hunter save only the great waters of the sunrise and the sunset seas. Against a belief of this kind in a barbarous mind it is impossible to argue. The very facts, which to the educated man are destructive of superstition, are to the ignorant a confirmation of its pretenses. Thus we are told that one of the chiefs who has been in the East and has seen the wonderful things of civilization, finds in them only a reason for believing the miraculous prophecies. "Among the white men," he said, "I was shown a machine through which I could talk with a man a great way off. This was very strange, and so are these things which it is said are going to be done; yet it is true, and so it may be true that the buffalo will come back again and the white man be driven away." Against such philosophy as this reason is unavailing. The Indians have no cause to love the white man, and in their revengeful memories they doubtless cherish many causes why they should hate him. It will be well therefore, that the people in the vicinity of the reservations should be watchful and the garrisons strengthened, for nothing but fear can prevail over a madness where it is vain to look for affection. A war with the Indians while their natural ferocity of nature is intensified by fanaticism of a religious character would be terrible and would probably not end until nearly the whole race was exterminated. Gladly as we would like to see all parts of our country freed from the savages we would not like it freed in this way. When the Indian goes we would have him vanish utterly. We do not wish him to leave his trail of blood upon land where are to be the homes of our children.—San Jose Mercury.

A YOUNG man of Menominee, Mich., who surrendered \$3,500 of embezzled money and was let off on account of his friends, requested of his employer a letter of recommendation to assist him in getting another place. He had about as much nerve as the man who takes his home paper out of the postoffice for two or three years without paying for it, and then tells the postmaster to notify the editor that his paper is not wanted any longer, never offering to settle for it. The names of such men should be made known to the public in the form of a black list. Every county paper could contribute some names to such a list.

The geysers of Iceland are played out. The great geyser spurts only once in ten days and then but feebly. The only greatest geysers on earth now are in California and Yellowstone Park.

CHICAGO has packed 2,500,000 hogs since March 1st. Kansas City is second in the United States with half that figure.

THE RAILROAD RESPONSIBLE.

The State Board of Railroad Commissioners, after an exhaustive inquiry into the causes of the Lake Labish wreck on the Southern Pacific road last week concludes that the company's theory that the removal of a rail by some person caused the disaster is not well grounded, and that the real cause of the wreck was the insecurity of the bridge across the lake. This was the conclusion of the coroner's jury and the investigation by the railroad commission which has been carefully and thoroughly made. The company has been given every opportunity to bring out evidence to substantiate their theory, but they could not convince the commission that they were entirely blameless in the matter.

So, until the railroad company can prove conclusively that some designing rascal did remove a rail for the purpose of wrecking the train, the responsibility for the terrible disaster must rest upon them.

WASHINGTON has given the Australian ballot system of voting a square and fair trial at the late election, and it has proven itself to be a grand improvement over the old style method of casting ballots. It leaves no room for fraud or lumbaggery, and instead gives every man a chance to poll the vote of his choice without interception from ring politicians, and leaves no chance for bribery on the part of hoodoo campaigners. It is the proper way to fill public offices with good, reliable and painstaking officials, who are able managers of public affairs, and who are not machines in the hands of scheming corporations and party factions or rings. Oregon is in need of a more wholesome ballot system, which will give its voters the liberties necessary for the casting of an honest, straightforward and consistent ticket, undaunted by the exhortations of hypocritical and tyrannous party fakirs who are ever conspicuous at the polls. The Australian system has proven itself equal to such emergencies, and it is the prayer of the people that the next legislature adopt it.—Oregon City Enterprise.

BISHOP WILLIAM TAYLOR, replying to an invitation to attend the national W. C. T. U. to be held in Atlanta next month, presents in his brief letter a striking commentary upon the evils resulting from the liquor traffic in Africa. He says: "It would afford no special pleasure to accept, were it possible, for yours is the real issue of the day and of great import, not only to our American homes, for whose defense you stand in the name of God, but, also, in its relation to mission work in heathen lands. Poor Africa's deplorable condition under the rum curse is darker than when the stealing of millions of its people caused Livingston to call it the 'open sore of the world.' A hundred steamships that sail from European and English ports to the west, south and east coasts, carry a principal cargo of rum and gin. Hamburg alone, by two lines of steamers, exported to Africa 200,000 tons of rum last year; and many other cities, including our own Boston, are engaged in the nefarious business of turning a Mississippi of death and destruction upon the defenseless Africans, annually decimating whole sections of that country. Our only hope is in the gospel. God bless you in your great work."

Encourage money to come into Oregon. Make money plentiful and it becomes cheap. Make it cheap and it becomes invested in enterprises. Our state develops. The stagnant wheels of progress move, says the West Side.

The sound cities, if gaining notoriety no other way, are certainly becoming conspicuous for their robbers and cut-throats.

DOES IT PAY.

The following should be a somewhat convincing argument to those Oregon farmers who still cling to the idea that wheat raising is the sole profit of the farmer. There is no disputing the fact that Oregon fruit is equal if not superior to that raised in California, and that fruit raising is the coming industry of Oregon, especially of the Willamette valley, and the sooner the Oregon farmer becomes convinced of this fact the better it will be for him and the prosperity of the state. The Pacific Press says:

There is nothing more convincing than figures, and therefore last month's shipment of California fruit by overland railroad should be convincing evidence of this industry growing in public favor. There were shipped 4986 tons of raisins, 6296 tons of dried fruit, 8983 tons of canned fruit and 5800 tons of deciduous fruit. The total shipments aggregate 21,079 tons for the month of November, requiring 2107 cars to take the fruit to its destination. Besides the above, there were shipped 3793 tons of wine requiring 379 cars to move it. Notwithstanding the above heavy shipments, the cry comes from the East for more fruit.

SKINS ON FIRE

With Itching, Burning, Bleeding Eczemas Instantly Relieved by Cuticura Remedies.

Our little son will be four years of age on the 25th inst. In May 1885, he was attacked with a very painful breaking out of the skin. We called in a physician, who treated him for about four weeks. The child received little or no good from the treatment, as the breaking out, supposed by the physician to be hives in an aggravated form, became larger in blotches, and more and more distressing. We were frequently obliged to get up in the night and rub him with soda in water, strong liniments, etc. Finally, we called other physicians, until no less than six had attempted to cure him, all alike failing, and the child steadily getting worse and worse, until about the 20th of last July, when we began to give him CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and the CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and by the last of August he was nearly well. The CUTICURA gave him only one dose of the RESOLVENT about every second day for about ten days longer, and he has never been troubled since with the horrid malady. In all we used less than one half of a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, a little less than one box of CUTICURA, and only one box of CUTICURA SOAP. H. E. RYAN, Cayuga, Livingston Co., Ill. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this fourth day of January, 1887. C. N. COE, J. P.

CUTICURA REMEDIES. Parents, do you realize how your little ones suffer, when their tender skins are literally on fire with itching, burning, scaly, and blotched skin and scalp diseases? To know that a single application of the CUTICURA Remedies will often afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a permanent and economical (because so speedy cure, and not to use them, without a moment's delay, is to be guilty of positive inhumanity. No greater legacy can be bestowed upon a child than a clear skin and pure blood. CUTICURA Remedies are absolutely pure, and may be used from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; Soap, 25c; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the PORTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Blood Diseases." BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely Pure.

NO RHEUMATISM ABOUT ME! In one minute the Cuticura All-Pain-Plaster relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price 25c.

JOHN RICHARD. JOHN SMITH. P. AVERY. ALLEN WILSON.

Benton County Flouring Mills
Company, Manufacturers of the
BENTON FLOUR,
Best brand of Roller Flour in the valley.

Having thoroughly equipped our mill with all the latest and most improved machinery we now are making superior article of flour equal to any in the Willamette valley. Give us a trial and you will be convinced. Every sack warranted.

Bran, Short, an Chop constantly on hand. Orders solicited.

BENTON CO. FLOURING MILLS CO.

J. C. YOUNG,
PROPRIETOR OF THE

VINCENT HOTEL,
Main Street, Corvallis, Oregon.

The best \$1 a day house in the city. Boarders by the week solicited. No Chinese cooks employed. We shall strive to cater to the wants of the public and hope to merit a share of the patronage. Meals 25 cents. Next door to the Palace Meat Market.

J. D. CLARK,

Dealer in

HARDWARE.

—Stoves and Tinware.—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, IRON,

Nails, Steel, Iron and Lead Pipe and Fittings,

Granite Ware and House Furnishing Goods. Manufacturer of Tinware, Roofing, Gutter, and Galvanized Iron Cornice.

Plumbing and All Kinds of Job Work done to Order.
CORVALLIS, OREGON.

CLOSING OUT
Sale! Sale!

I have now determined to close out my entire stock of

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS.

Caps, Etc., and will sell at Unheard-of Prices as the Goods

Must be old Immediately.

I will sell Everything at Cost Price. Now is the chance to get bargains. Farmers, now is your show to Get Goods Without Paying from 30 to 100 Per Cent. Profit.

Come at Once and
Get Your Choice at Wholesale Price.

You will only have this chance for a short time and you can save big money by calling at once and making your selections.

John Osborn,

Farra's Block, Corvallis, Oregon.

SEEDS TREES

F. L. POSSON & SON.
We carry a full stock of the Very Best SEEDS, TREES, CUTLERS, FERTILIZERS, ETC., and KEEPERS' SUPPLIES. Give us a trial order.
F. L. POSSON & SON, 209 2nd Street, Portland, Oregon.
SUCCESSORS TO MILLER BROS. CATALOGUE FREE

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS

Benton County ABSTRACT CO.
Complete Set of Abstracts of Benton County.
Conveyancing & Perfecting Titles a Specialty.
Money to Loan on Improved City and Country Property.
MAIN ST. CORVALLIS

THE YAGUINA ROUTE.

Oregon Pacific Railroad
T. E. Hogg, Receiver, and
Oregon Development Co.'s

STEAMSHIP LINE.

235 Miles Shorter; 20 Hours Less time than by any other route. First class through passenger and freight line from Portland all points in the Willamette valley to and from San Francisco, Cal.
TIME SCHEDULE (except Sundays).
Leaves Albany 1:00 p. m. Leaves Yaguina 6:45 a. m.
Leave Corvallis 1:40 p. m. Leave Corvallis 10:35 a. m.
Arrive Yaguina 5:20 p. m. Arrive Albany 11:30 a. m.
Oregon & California trains connect at Albany and Corvallis. The above trains connect at Yaguina with the Oregon Development Co.'s line of steamships between Yaguina and San Francisco.

From Yaguina.
Steamship "Willamette Valley," November 1st, 9th, 20th and 30th.
From San Francisco.

Steamship "Willamette Valley," October 27th, Nov. 5th, 12th, and 24th.
This company reserves the right to change sailing dates without notice.

N. B.—Passengers from Portland and all Willamette valley points can make close connection with the trains of the Yaguina route at Albany or Corvallis, and if destined to San Francisco should arrange to arrive at Yaguina the evening before date of sailing. Passenger and freight rates always the lowest. For information apply to D. W. Cummins, freight and ticket agent, Corvallis, or to Gen. F. and P. Agent, Oregon Pacific Railroad Co., Corvallis, Or.
Gen. F. and P. Agent, Oregon Development Co., 304 Montgomery St., S. F., Cal.

LARGEST
Stock,
LATEST
Styles,
LOWEST
Prices.CARPETS,
OIL CLOTH
And Linoleum,
Window Shades,
Face Curtains, at
KLINE'S
CARPETS SEWED AND LAID.Benton County
PLANING + MILLS,

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY.

W. P. MARTYN, Proprietor.

Doors and Sash kept in stock or made to order. Mouldings of all kinds in pine or cedar. All orders will receive prompt attention. I guarantee all my work to be first-class. West of S. P. depot, Corvallis, Oregon. 8-8-tf.

F. M. JOHNSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CORVALLIS, OR.

Does a general practice in all the courts. Also agent for all the first-class insurance companies. 2-24-tf.

DENTISTRY.

J. B. WELLS, D. D. S.,
(Successor to N. B. Avery.)
Office over the First National Bank.