

# Corvallis Gazette.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY  
**CRAIG & CONOVER,**  
Managers and Publishers.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES**  
Per Year, \$2.00  
Six Months, 1.00  
Three Months, .50  
Single Copies, 25c  
Per Year (when not paid in advance) 2.50

CORVALLIS, OR., MARCH 8, 1889.

## THE NEW PRESIDENT.

Last Monday Benjamin Harrison, of the state of Indiana, was inaugurated president of the United States at the city of Washington, D. C. This again places these United States under republican rule, and the prospects are fair that the great and noble old party will hold sway for a number of years yet to come. The policy to be pursued by the new president, as outlined in his inaugural, is also in consonance with the views he has heretofore so often expressed, and will meet with the favorable consideration of all except those who are predetermined to find fault with a republican administration.

The cabinet is composed of strong and powerful men in the affairs of state and politics. The cabinet, which is found elsewhere in this paper, is headed by James G. Blaine, and he goes into the department of state with the almost unanimous desire of the republican party, and the country will not be disappointed in the expectation that there will be more vigor and decision in the management of our foreign affairs. The stuff about his "jingoism" and the liability of his embroiling the country with other nations is not worthy of consideration. This is only the bugbear of mugwumps. The other members are well known and there is no doubt that President Harrison in naming them did so with the best interests of this nation in view first, and the good of the republican party second.

With the new president and his cabinet it is "America first, and other nations second."

THE true way to secure immigration and make a country prosper is to be able to sell land at a fair price and cut up great farms into small ones. The money to be made here in Oregon by agricultural pursuits cannot be made by trying to farm on a large scale but by selling off land in small tracts, especially land that is located near towns, or suited to fruit growing. One man can make money off twenty acres because he can do much or most of it without hiring, and by gardening, small fruits and orcharding, his crops will be of the remunerative kind. Even if engaged in ordinary farming it is possible to make more clear money off a quarter of a section than has been made from a whole section as commonly done. Diversified farming is all that can pay. To grow wheat after wheat will not pay."—S. A. Clarke.

It is evident that there will be a great demand for labor in 1889 to build railroads, as well as for many local improvements that are to be pushed. The Oregon Pacific will probably build eastward through the Cascades, the O. R. & N. Co. will be constructing several new branch roads or feeders, necessary for their system. Over on the Sound the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern will be pushed, and the road from Whatcom to the British line, as well as various roads near the coast, as to Gray's Harbor and south from Astoria. Take all things into consideration and we may expect a busy year and hope for a prosperous one.—Oregonian.

Four hundred unemployed workmen paraded in Los Angeles not long since, and many more stood on the sidewalks watching the procession. These workmen were attracted to Los Angeles by the boom, and its collapse has left many in a destitute condition.

A RECESS of two years has been taken by the legislature. A number of new bills will probably be introduced then.

Did some one say "We need rain?"

## "ONLY A JEW."

Recently, so a story runs, a vast crowd of people at the wharf stood watching a vessel coming in. Suddenly the cry was raised, "man overboard." "Let him sink; he's only a Jew," was the echo from the crowd. But a brave young man burst through the cordon of inhuman wretches who sought to impede his progress, turned upon them a defiant look, and hissing back the words, "Cowards! Knaves! Fools! Beasts!" he plunged into the water, and after a desperate struggle brought the drowning man ashore. The latter recovered, but the rescuer died. It was then ascertained that the rescuer was a Jew and the other a Gentile.

This incident of itself simply serves to illustrate the inhumanity of human beings when swayed by religious, denominational, sectional or race prejudice. The Jews have suffered more, perhaps, in modern times, on account of such prejudice, than any other race or class of people. Leaving their religion entirely out of the question, and dealing solely with the subject of existing prejudice against them as a race, any one capable of entertaining an unbiased view must be convinced that in this age there is no occasion for such prejudice, any more than there is for prejudice against any other distinctive race or class, or sect, or denomination of people. In arriving at this conclusion it does not necessarily follow that one must approve of all the customs of the Jewish people, either of the past or modern times. Neither is it necessary, on the other hand, to point out the good that has been accomplished by Jews, within the recollection of people now living. It may not be amiss, however, to recall the noble deeds of Sir Moses Montefiore, the great statesmanship of Benjamin Disraeli (Lord Beaconsfield), the unparalleled financiering of the Rothschilds, the oratorical ability, liberality of views and sound moral teachings of Dr. Sonnenschein. These are only a few of the Jews of this age who have made their powers and influence felt throughout the world. It does not harm the memory of a Metefero, a Disraeli, a Rothschild or a Sonnenschein to be opprobriously referred to as a Jew. They carved their own way to fame, not by combatting the prejudice against their race, but by ignoring it and striving for their own advancement and the advancement of humanity, regardless of religious traditions or beliefs.

It is in commerce, however, that the achievements of the Jews have been most prominent. The town or city that does not contain one or more "Jew stores," and where Jews are not prominently identified with public affairs, may be set down as a very dull place, indeed; for, wherever there is business to be done, there are always some Jews among the most foremost in the field. It would be difficult, therefore, to write the history of any prosperous town or city or a list of the most enterprising, the most successful, and the most public spirited business men and citizens of any town, city or community of importance without including a large proportion of such names as Benjamin, Isaac, Max, Joseph, Moses, Levi and Leopold.

The Jews make very little outward display of charity, but it is noticeable that appeals for worthy objects in that direction are seldom denied. It is probable that a majority of the Jewish people, like a majority of those entertaining any other religious belief, are more or less irreligious, hence their deeds of benevolence are usually prompted by a spirit of humanity, rather than by the hope of reward hereafter.

In view of all these incontrovertible facts, there is no good reason why the prejudices against this enlightened race of people, growing out of events which occurred centuries ago, should not be wholly obliterated. The Jews themselves are making no appeal in that direction—they are too independent and self-reliant for that—but it would be a very becoming act on the part of all the people of America who are not Jews to set an example to the world by discountenancing every attempt to cast odium upon them, individually or collectively, on account of a prejudice having its origin partly in a knowledge of ancient history, partly in tradition and partly in modern ignorance.

Whether all Americans who are not Jews agree to this or not, a sufficient number have already done so to make it no longer discreditable to be recog-

nized in this country as "Only a Jew."

HEREAFTER two terms of the supreme court, commencing on the first Monday in March and October, will be held annually at Salem, and one term at Pendleton beginning on the first Monday in May. The judges are each allowed \$1,500 in addition to their annual salary for expenses. Their decisions will be printed by the state printer instead of being sent to San Francisco as has been the practice for about thirty years.

ACCORDING to the Pioneer, of Astoria, that city has "two or three men who are worth a half million dollars. Twenty that are worth \$100,000; twenty-five that are worth \$25,000; fifty that are worth \$10,000. Total 122 worth in the aggregate \$5,375,000," which, by the way, is double the taxable property of Clatsop county.

THE list of new laws to be found on the first page of this issue, was intended to be published last week but in some manner was overlooked.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has been inaugurated. His cabinet is a strong one.

## MOTHERS!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a pure vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhoea and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents. 3:16 25.

Irvine & Helm will sell at great reduced prices for the next 30 days in order to make room for their large spring stock of boots and shoes.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,  
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria,  
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,  
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

## PHYSICIANS:

G. R. FARRA, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
Special attention given to Obstetrics and diseases of Women and Children. Office up stairs in Crawford & Farra's brick. Office hours, 8 to 9 a. m., and 1 to 2 and 7 p. m. 1:13 71.

J. B. LEE, M. D. C. H. LEE, M. D.  
LEE & LEE,  
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, and  
ACCUCHERERS.  
Office at T. Graham's drug store. All calls promptly attended. 11:2 4f.

## THE COLLEGE.

The appropriation of \$37000 for the purchase of an Agricultural College Farm, and the improvement of the same, has been approved by the Governor.

## THIS MEANS

## A BOOM FOR CORVALLIS.

Therefore, in order to meet the constantly increasing demand for goods in my line, I have opened out at the

## POSTOFFICE STORE

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

## WALL PAPER & DECORATIONS

OF THE LATEST STYLES.

Rare Bargains will also be Found in my New Stock of  
Window Shades, Cornice Poles, Picture Mould, Frames,  
Artist's Materials Etc.

My Store will be open from 8 a. m., until 5 p. m. The public are cordially invited to call and examine my Stock.

## NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

I will continue to do all kinds of Paper Hanging, Decorating, and House Painting, as in the past.

S. N. WILKINS.

## GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE!

## NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad.

Two fast trains daily! No change of cars!

Shortest line to Chicago and all points east, via ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

The Northern Pacific railroad is the only line running Passenger trains, second-class sleepers free of charge, luxurious day coaches, Pullman palace sleeping cars, palace dining cars meals 75 cents.

See that your tickets read via the Northern Pacific railroad and avoid change of cars.

Leave Portland at 10:40 a. m., and 2 a. m. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul at 5:05 p. m. third day.  
PACIFIC DIVISION—Trains leave Front and G streets daily at 11:05 a. m. and 2 a. m.; arrive at New Tacoma at 6:15 p. m. and 8:30 a. m. connecting with company's boats for all points on Puget Sound.

CHAS. S. FEE,  
Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.  
A. D. CHARLTON,  
Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, No. 2, Washington st., Portland, Oregon.  
Depot, corner First and G Streets.

## OREGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION CO.

"Columbia River Route."  
Trains for the East leave Portland at 8:00 a. m. and 8 p. m. daily.

TICKETS to and from principal points in the United States, Canada, and Europe.

## ELEGANT PULLMAN PALACE CARS

Emigrant sleeping cars run through on Express trains to

OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS, and ST. PAUL.

Free of Charge and without Change.

Close connections at Portland for San Francisco and Puget Sound points.

For further particulars inquire of the Agent of the Company or A. L. Maxwell, G. P. and P. A., Portland, Oregon.

A. L. MAXWELL,  
G. P. and P. A.

W. H. HOLCOMB,  
GEN'L MANAGER

## FOUND

The best and cheapest place in Corvallis to buy all kinds of

## HARDWARE

Cutlery, Tools, Iron, Nails

Pumps, Rubber hose, Iron and Lead Pipe, Rope, Barb Wire,

## STOVES RANGES,

Granite ware, Stamped ware, Tin ware, Japanese ware and House Furnishing goods; or to set all kinds of job work in the line of sheet metals or plumbing done in the hardware and stove store of

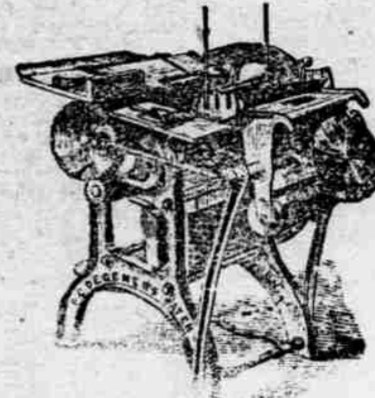
SIGN OF THE  
PADLOCK

J. D. CLARK.

## --PATROIZE--

# "H-O-M-E"

## INDUSTRY.



## GET YOUR

# JOB PRINTING

## Done at Home!

If you are in need of any printing for your line of business, call at our office and get it done. We are prepared to do a kinds of work such as

Posters, dodgers, all sizes and styles; Pamphlets, Circulars, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, and State-ments; all of the very latest styles and designs in Calling Cards, Programs, Wedding Cards, Etc.

Business Cards, Show Tickets, Ball Tickets, Milk Tickets, Sign Cards all sizes, Etc., Etc.

Work done at Living Prices and in a Workmanlike Manner. Give us a call.



# Craig & Conover,

Gazette Office, Corvallis, Oregon.

## SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Benton County:  
J. H. Rothell, plaintiff,  
vs.

H. D. Harms and — Harms his wife, John Meinert and — Meinert, his wife, Chas. N. Prettyman, Chas. Prettyman, Mattie Prettyman, Wm. H. Prettyman, and C. N. Prettyman as administrator of the estate of Mary J. Prettyman, deceased, defendants.

To H. D. Harms and — Harms his wife, two of the above named defendants:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above plaintiff in the above entitled court now on file with the clerk of said court on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: Monday, March 25th, 1889; and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in his said complaint to-wit: That plaintiff have judgment against defendants, H. D. Harms and John Meinert, for the sum of \$800 with interest thereon at ten per cent. per annum from December 4, 1887, and for the further sum of \$85 attorney's fees and for the costs and disbursements of the suit; and that plaintiff have a decree of said court foreclosing the mortgage set forth in his complaint and directing the land therein, and in said complaint described to-wit: Beginning at the s. w. corner of the original donation land claim of Gallatin Adkins and wife it being cl. 79, in tp 10, r 3, west, and cl. 43, in tp 10, r 4, west, W. 1/2 sec. 10, running thence w 10 chains, thence n 4.40 chains, thence s 32 links to the s e corner of the s w 1/4 of the s w 1/4 of section 36 tp 10 r 4, west, thence n 40 chains, thence s 22.50 chains, thence s 44.40 chains, thence west 12.75 chains to the place of beginning, containing 100 acres in Benton county, Oregon, to be sold to satisfy said claim, attorney's fees, costs and disbursements. That defendants and each and all of them be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title, and equity of redemption in and to said premises and every part thereof, and for such other order as may seem meet in equity.

This summons is published by order of the Hon. R. S. Bean, judge of the second judicial district of the state of Oregon. Made at chambers at Eugene City, Oregon, February 3, 1889. CHAS. E. WOLVERTON, Attorney for Plaintiff.

## SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Benton County:  
William Hammond, and John Loomis, plaintiffs,  
vs.

Warren Hulbert, N. Dickey and J. Young, partners doing business under the firm name of N. Dickey & Co., Emma Petty and John Petty, and Ida L. Francis, defendants.

In the name of the state of Oregon, you the said Ida L. Francis, are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the amended complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled suit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court in said county by the first day of the next term of said court for said county of Benton, to-wit: On the fourth Monday in March, 1889, at the court-house in Corvallis in said county of Benton, and if you, said Ida L. Francis, fail to answer said complaint by the said fourth Monday in March, 1889, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit: For a decree of foreclosure and sale of the personal property mentioned in the chattel mortgage which is described in the complaint, and for the payment of \$255 and interest at 8 per cent. per annum from the 28th of October, 1887, and for costs and disbursements of the suit. This summons is ordered to be published in the CORVALLIS GAZETTE for six consecutive weeks by Hon. R. S. Bean, judge of said circuit court, which order was made at the chambers and bears date of January 27, 1889. JOHN KELSAY, Att'y for Plaintiffs.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Jessie F. Wood, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to all persons concerned that I, G. G. Newton, have been duly appointed the executor of the last will and testament of Jessie F. Wood, deceased, by the county court of Benton County, Oregon; and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present their said claims to me, at my residence near Philomath, Oregon, with the proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice.

G. G. NEWTON,  
Executor of last will and testament of Jessie F. Wood, deceased.  
Dated Dec. 20th, 1888. 12:21-5.

## SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Benton County:  
Amanda Long, Plaintiff,  
vs.

Samuel Long, Defendant.

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled suit now on file in the office of the clerk of said court in said county by the first day of the next term of said court, to-wit: On the 4th Monday in March, 1889. If you fail to answer this complaint by that day the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit: A decree for a divorce and for costs and disbursements. This summons is ordered to be published in the CORVALLIS GAZETTE for six consecutive weeks, by Hon. R. S. Bean, Judge of said circuit court, which order was made at chambers and bears date October 12th, 1888. JOHN KELSAY, Att'y for Plaintiff.

## BIDS FOR THE OLD COURT HOUSE.

The county court will receive bids up to June 1st next for the purchase and removal of the old court house from the court house block, the removal to be either by tearing it down or by removing it whole, separate bids for either plan being received. The benches, furniture and desks are reserved. By order of county court.

E. HOLTGATE, Judge.

## CITY DRAYCOMPANY.

Having purchased the entire interests of the City Dray company, I am now prepared to do draying and hauling of all kinds to any part of the city at reasonable prices. Leave orders at W. F. Lyman's.

L. J. KEMP.

5:25-ft.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE CORVALLIS GAZETTE, the oldest paper in Benton co. One year, \$2.