

# The Corvallis Gazette.

VOL. XXII.

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All notices and advertisements intended for publication should be handed in by noon on Wednesday. Rates of advertising made known on application.

## TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES, Of the past week uncensored.

### GENERAL NEWS.

Leading clearing-houses of the United States report that total gross bank exchanges for the week ending December 19 were \$1,096,914,659, an increase of 36.1 per cent, compared with the corresponding week a year ago.

The N. Y. Tribune's cablegram says: While Gladstone denies the accuracy of the published statements, still it is not denied that he has resolved on conceding the principal of home rule. The conviction is universal among the English of all parties that Gladstone means to crown his career by carrying through Parliament an Irish scheme satisfactory to Parnell.

The liberal press in Russia is urging an alliance with England as the sole means of settling the Eastern question and punishing the perfidy of Germany and Austria.

The City Bank of Houston, Texas has failed for \$500,000. It was regarded as one of the soundest and best in the state. Many poor people were among the depositors.

The Marquis of Hartington publishes a card, saying: "No proposals in regard to the demand of Irish members for legislative independence has been communicated to me. I see no reason to depart in any degree from the declarations I made and the opinions I expressed in my speeches in the late election, in Lancashire and elsewhere, on the policy announced by Mr. Parnell as leader of the Irish parliamentary party."

The Camden Consolidated Oil Company of Parkersburg, W. Va., has suffered a loss of over \$30,000 by three forged drafts. It is not known who the perpetrators of the swindle are. The drafts were in the hands of a Santa Barbara, Cal., bank.

A typhoon in the Philippine Islands, November 27th, destroyed over 4,400 houses, including 13 churches and ten convents. Eighteen lives were lost and 500 head of cattle destroyed. This report only comprises destruction in nineteen of the thirty-four districts of the islands. The remaining fifteen have not been heard from.

The closing of the Singer Sewing Machine Co. in New York causes great surprise, as it was regarded as one of the strongest in the country.

The French Government has submitted a draft of a commercial treaty between France and China to Li Aung Chang, the Chinese Prime Minister.

On account of the increased demand for iron, the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company advanced the price 50 cents, this making it \$16.50 cents per ton. Within the past ten days iron has advanced \$2, and will probably go still higher. The furnaces are running on full time and large orders are expected. The stock of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, which a few weeks ago was quoted at 15 cents, is now firm and scarce at 40 cents.

The N. Y. Times' cable dispatch declares that the situation with which the week-end is curiously characteristic of both England and Gladstone. In no other country could a project which five years ago have been regarded as the universal extremity of treason be so suddenly sprung on the public, and so seriously discussed as the matter of Irish home rule. Of course Hawarden and Windsor are at war. A story reaches me to-night on absolute authority, that Gladstone did write to the queen, stating his views about home rule. She was enraged; sent for Lord Salisbury, and gave him Gladstone's letter. He only said it was an indiscreet thing for Gladstone to do, and that he never could keep his pen off from paper.

A dispatch from the Creek Indian nation says: "The four delegates who were recently appointed to represent that nation in Washington this winter, and who started for the capital last week, are under unofficial instructions to urge the adoption by congress of a territorial government for Indian territory. It is stated that a majority of the people in the territory are in favor of such action."

The estimates of the superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey for the next fiscal year amount to \$668,000. Included in the estimates is the sum of \$30,000 for the re-survey of San Francisco bay and entrance to the harbor, and of the mouths of the Sacramento and San Juan rivers, a work which, in the opinion of the superintendent, has been rendered highly desirable by marked changes in recent years, due to deposits from hydraulic mining.

### WASHINGTON NEWS.

Randall has prepared a bill for introduction in the house, providing that the presidential electors shall hold office four years, and elect within one month a successor to the president and vice president, whenever vacancies exist. An election of president would be necessary only in case a vacancy should occur simultaneously with the vacancy in the office of the vice president. The secretary of state and other cabinet officers, have the right of succession during the interregnum.

Since the present session of congress began 728 bills and joint resolutions have been introduced in the senate, and seven, one of which originated in the house, have been passed by that body. One thousand, two hundred and forty-seven executive messages, containing about 1500 nominations, have been sent by the president to the senate, and have been referred to the proper committees, but no nominations have been confirmed. Two treaties, one relating to the boundary line between this country and Mexico, and the other providing for settlement of claims of certain American citizens against Venezuela, have been sent to the senate for ratification. Twenty-four bills and joint resolutions have been introduced in the house of representatives, and four, two of which originated in the senate, have been passed.

A tremendous effort has been brought to bear upon the president to remove Judge Powers, of Utah. He is a citizen of Detroit and his official life in Utah has brought on him the enmity of many people. The entire Michigan delegation are working against him and have made grave charges against his character.

### PACIFIC COAST.

Private advices received by the Oceanica, which arrived in San Francisco last Saturday from China, state that the German man-of-war Nautilus has raised the German flag on the Marshall and Gilbert groups of islands, situated in the southern Pacific ocean, numbering about fifty in all, and claimed a protectorate over them. The natives of the islands are said to be all civilized, and have been under the influence of an American missionary society for many years. There has been a large growing trade between this port and these islands. The islands are supposed to be under the jurisdiction of United States Consul Greenbaum, residing at Apia, Samoa, but no knowledge of the action of the German vessel had reached the United States consul up to the time of the vessel's leaving which brings this news. By the next Australian steamer, due here December 28th, further news will be obtained, as the steamer calls off the Samoan islands for mail.

The final report of the San Luke grand jury shows twenty-nine United States cases investigated and sixty-eight indictments found, and sixty-one cases investigated and forty-two indictments found under the territorial laws. It examined 350 witnesses. A great many were reluctant and the jury is satisfied that some committed perjury. The city is pronounced in an unsanitary condition, and more vigilance is recommended to the city authorities. The city jail is found in good condition but the county jail is unfit for confinement of prisoners. The county authorities are censured for not providing better. It had tried to get evidence for the indictment of keepers of houses of ill-fame, as instructed by the court, but all witnesses, police included, claimed that they knew nothing about violations of law in this respect, except as to the houses established by the conspiracy recently unearthed. The jury indicted two of these keepers, Harry Davenport and Miss Fields. The jury complains of abuse of the press, meaning the Mormon press. It says jurors have been molested in their persons and property for faithful performance of duty.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Always on hand at T. Graham's.

Are you made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by T. Graham.

For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Kept by T. Graham.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, and Canker Mouth. For sale by T. Graham.

A Nasal Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price \$5 cents, at T. Graham's.

Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. Get it at T. Graham's.

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness, and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by T. Graham.

### Canvassers.

Two or three ladies and a like number of gentlemen who are experts in canvassing and who desire work of that kind and who can furnish reliable reference as to their capability and reliability to attend carefully and honorably to work entrusted to them can perhaps find some thing of interest to them by calling at this office.

## A STRANGE STORY!

### Twenty-six Miles an Hour Under Water.

#### IS STEAM SUPERCEDED!

A Remarkable Story of a Trip Across the Atlantic in a Torpedo Boat.

NEWPORT, Dec. 14, 1885.

EDITOR YAGUNA MAIL.—There is a man at present stopping in this town who tells a story that sounds as strange as one of Baron Munchausen's tales, but the man is certainly not crazy, and appears to be a man of intelligence and large experience. Now, what he tells may be known to the scientific world, or it may be yet a Government secret, but I certainly think the facts as stated by him are new to the general public, and so far as my observation goes the papers have had but little to say on the subject.

He states that he came out from England to Victoria on one of the torpedo boats. Two were sent out and are now at Victoria. Their names are the Shore and Serf. He says that they carried a crew of eighteen men; that they made most of the passage under water at a depth of about six fathoms; and that only one bucket of fuel was used in the whole passage; that they had no use for fire-men or engineers, but that the motive power used was electricity and hydraulic, and one man managed the entire business. He states that none of the crew were allowed to even look at the machinery by which the boat was propelled. They are both of about 300 tons each and 30 feet long. They could sink below the surface at will, and arise to the surface when the weather is fine, and could in five minutes take in air enough to allow them to remain under water three or four hours. They cruised in the Bay of Biscay, and were experimented with and tested. They then crossed the Atlantic and down the Straits of Malacca. Two convoys accompanied them—the Thunderer and Galatea, but the torpedo boats had to constantly wait for them. In bad weather they would remain under water and move along among the fish as quietly as a lake, and the crew were as comfortable as though sitting in a house.

In giving this story I cannot vouch for one word of it. I only give it as the man states, and he is here to speak for himself. But if it is true it seems to me it is indeed wonderful and the long dream of displacing steam is at last realized.

We have heard for many years of the Keely Motor until it has become a jest; when it was claimed that a locomotive could be run across the continent from New York to San Francisco on a tumbler full of water. Such stories are published, read and laughed at. But how much less strange is it that a vessel of 300 tons can be sent from England to the Pacific Coast on a bucket of fuel, and driven along at the rate of twenty six miles per hour—not over the water, but under and through it. Many of your readers have doubtless read Jules Verne's story of "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea." If these statements be true, Jules Verne's vision has become a reality. But my object in sending you this communication is not merely to give publication to a strange story, but to call forth, if possible some information on the subject. We all know that experiments are constantly being made with electricity as a motive power, and we know that many wonderful results are claimed for it. But is it known that it has yet taken the place of steam in our country to any practical purpose? And we have had many stories in our papers about torpedo boats and the wonderful things performed by them, but have we anything in comparison to this achievement, if true? If these boats can be driven under the water at the rate of speed claimed, they could dive down at Victoria and pop up in San Francisco harbor the next day, and what war vessel could contend with them? War ships would be but playthings, and harbor fortifications they could laugh at.

To sum up the whole matter, has England stolen a march on the rest of the world and given the first great practical demonstration of the startling and wonderful revolution in motive power and ocean navigation; and are we soon to see steam engines sold for iron and melted up, and engineers and firemen passed out of use? If this story is true, and all the results are generally known to the public, I would be compelled to confess that I have been taking a Rip Van Winkle sleep. However, please publish this and let us see how much light your contemporaries can throw on the matter, and oblige yours respectfully,

J. J. WINANT.

After reading the above and a conversation with Capt. J. J. Winant while in the city this week, we have examined the files of the Scientific American, and find in the issue of Nov. 7th, 1885, where a trial trip of a submarine vessel had been made off Landskrona, a town on the Swedish coast, and is said to be successful. It is built of

steel, and is cigar-shaped, with a glass conning tower in the center, from which the commander can keep a lookout. There are three engines, one to work the screw in the stern, which propels the vessel, and two to work the propellers on either side, which, when set in motion, compel the boat to sink, and maintain her at a certain depth below the surface. The motive power is steam, and her speed, submerged, is only three miles an hour. The enormous utility of such a vessel as this, or the one described by Capt. Winant, in naval warfare is at once apparent. Moving without the slightest apparent sign of its existence, she can launch torpedoes against hostile vessels, enter a harbor unperceived and render useless the most complicated system of submarine mines. It will be seen that there is a remarkable difference in the invention of Mr. Nordenfeth and the boat described by Capt. Winant, and said to be in Victoria, in that the former is run by steam power and the latter run by electricity; the former making three miles per hour and the latter twenty-six miles per hour. It is as Capt. Winant says, "Has England stolen a march on the rest of the world in this invention?" or is it a grand hoax?

Speaking of "Girl Life in India," the Christian Advocate says: The little girls are married as young as three years of age, and should the boy to whom such a child is married die the next day she is called a widow, and is from henceforth doomed to perpetual widowhood—she can never marry again. As a widow she must never wear any jewelry, never dress her hair, never sleep on a bed, nothing but a piece of matting spread on the hard brick floor, and sometimes in fact, not even that between her and the cold bricks; and, no matter how cold the night might be, she must have no other covering than the thin garment she has worn during the day.

She must eat but one meal a day, and that of the coarsest kind of food; and once in two weeks she must fast twenty-four hours. Then not a bit of food, nor a drop of water or medicine must pass her lips, not even if she were dying. She must never sit down nor speak in the presence of her mother-in-law, unless they command her to do so. Her food must be cooked and eaten apart from the other woman. She is disgraced, a degraded woman. She may never even look on at any marriage ceremonies or festivals. It would be an evil omen for her to do so. She may have been a high caste Brahmin woman; but on her becoming a widow, any, even the lowest servant, may order her to do what they do not like to do. No woman in the house must ever speak one word of love or pity to her, for it is supposed that if a woman shows the slightest commiseration to a widow she will immediately become one herself.

It is estimated that there are 80,000 widows in India under six years of age.

## New This Week.

1886.

Harper's Magazine,

ILLUSTRATED.

The December Number will be in the Seventy-second Volume of HARPER'S MAGAZINE. Miss Woodcock's novel, "East Angles," and Mr. Forester's "Indian Summer"—holding the foremost place in current serial fiction—will run through several numbers, and will be followed by serial stories from E. D. Blackmore and Mrs. D. M. Craik. A new editorial department—discussing topics suggested by the current literature of America and Europe, will be contributed by W. D. Howells, beginning with the January Number. The great literary event of the year will be the publication of a series of papers, the shape of a story, and depicting characteristic features of American society as seen at our leading pleasure resorts—written by CHARLES DUDLEY WARREN, and illustrated by C. S. REINHART. THE MAGAZINE will give special attention to American subjects, treated by the best American writers, and illustrated by leading American artists.

## HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

PER YEAR:  
HARPER'S MAGAZINE.....\$4.00  
HARPER'S WEEKLY.....4.00  
HARPER'S BAZAR.....4.00  
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE.....2.00  
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY,  
One Year (52 Numbers).....10.00

Free Postage to All Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the MAGAZINE begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number. Bound Volumes of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, for the years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$5.00 per Volume. Cloth Cases for binding, 50 cents each—by mail postpaid. Index to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, Alphabetical, Analytical and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 69, inclusive, from June 1850, to June 1880, one vol. 8vo, Cloth, \$1.00. Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Oregon City, Ogn., Dec. 12, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or County Clerk of Benton county at Corvallis, Oregon, on Tuesday, Jan. 20, 1886, viz: William A. Seward, Homestead Entry No. 3758 for the S E 1/4 of N W 1/4, E 1/2 of S W 1/4 & S W 1/4 of S E 1/4 of Sec. 22, T 10, S R 7, W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, Alexander Patterson, Charles Savage, James Marks and Dolmar Marks, all of Summit, Benton County, Oregon.

L. T. BARIN, Register.

## SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree and execution issued out of and under the seal of the County of Benton wherein R. S. Strahan is plaintiff therein and wherein Mary L. Raney, John Raney, Francis Livingston, J. L. Livingston, J. D. Creel, J. R. Creel, Charles A. Creel, Effie Creel and Ethel D. Creel are defendants therein and wherein said decree the said plaintiff recovered against the said defendants Mary L. Raney, Francis Livingston, J. D. Creel, J. R. Creel, Charles A. Creel, Effie Creel and Ethel D. Creel the sum of one thousand seven hundred and twenty three dollars and sixty cents in gold coin of the United States with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent. per month from the date of this decree together with the costs and disbursements of the suit in which said decree was rendered entered and docketed on the 17th day of November, 1885, said circuit court on the foreclosure of a mortgage on certain real property, which real property is hereinafter more particularly described, which decree and execution commanded me to sell said mortgaged real property described in said decree and sums of money in favor of plaintiff and also to satisfy the costs and expenses on said execution and the costs and expenses of said sale of said real property. Now, therefore, in pursuance of said decree and execution and in accordance with the commands thereof and in order to satisfy the same and the several sums of money hereinbefore stated and the costs and expenses of said sale of said real property, I have levied upon said real property and will sell for cash in hand at the court house door, in the city of Corvallis, in Benton county, Oregon, on

Saturday, January 16th, 1886.

Between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the evening of said day, to-wit: At the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at all the right, title, interest and claim of said defendants above named in and to the following mortgaged real property described in said decree and execution and therein directed to be sold and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the Southwest corner of Section 13 in T. 10 S. R. 4 West Willamette Meridian and running North on said section line to where it strikes the Willamette river, from thence to the river up stream to the meandering corner of section 24 on the river, thence West to the place of beginning, containing 30 acres or less. Also the following: Commencing 133 rods North of the Southwest corner of section 24, T. 10 S. R. 4 West running thence due East along the North line of land sold to John T. Crooks, Jr., by Thomas Alphin and wife on the 14th day of June, 1866, and recorded on page 445 in book "G" record of deeds, Benton county, Oregon, to the Willamette river, thence with the meanderings of said river down stream to the North line of said section 24; thence west to Drury Hodges claim; thence S. easterly and W. easterly along the line of said Hodges' land to the West line of said section 24; thence South to the place of beginning containing 160 acres, and in all 190 acres, more or less in Benton County, Oregon.

SOL. KING,  
Sheriff of Benton County, Oregon.  
Dated this 17th day of December, 1885.

## SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree and execution issued out of and under the seal of the County of Benton, wherein W. C. Reed is plaintiff therein and wherein A. E. Rainwater and his wife Mary Rainwater are defendants therein, and wherein said decree the said plaintiff recovered against the said defendant, A. E. Rainwater, the sum of one thousand two hundred and forty-four dollars and sixty-six cents, (\$1244.66) and accruing interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and the further sum of one hundred and ten dollars (\$110) as attorney's fees and for the costs and disbursements of the suit in which said decree was rendered, which decree was rendered, entered and docketed on the 17th day of November, 1885, said circuit court on the foreclosure of a mortgage on certain real property, which real property is hereinafter more particularly described, which decree and execution commanded me to sell said mortgaged real property described in said decree and as hereinafter described, to satisfy said several sums of money in favor of plaintiff, and the costs and expenses on said execution and the costs and expenses of said sale of said real property. Now and in accordance with the command of said decree and execution, and in order to satisfy the same and the several sums of money hereinbefore stated and the cost and expenses of said sale of said real property, I have levied upon said real property and will sell for cash in hand at the court house door, in the city of Corvallis, in Benton county, Oregon, on

Saturday, January 16th, 1886.

Between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the evening of said day, to-wit: At the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at all the right, title, interest and claim of the said defendants above named in and to the following mortgaged real property described in said decree and execution and therein directed to be sold and described as follows, to-wit: The North East quarter of section three (3), and the North East quarter of the North West quarter of section three (3) all in Township (11) eleven, S. R. 4 West of the Willamette Meridian, in Benton County, State of Oregon, containing 200 acres.

SOL. KING,  
Sheriff Benton County, Oregon.  
Dated this 17th day of December, 1885.

## EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with one of the provisions of the last will and testament of Joseph Hamilton, late of Linn county, Oregon, deceased, and in pursuance of an order of resale made by the county court of the state of Oregon for Linn county, made on the 7th day of December, 1885, of said court and duly entered in the journals thereof, the undersigned executor and executrix of the last will and testament of said Joseph Hamilton, deceased, will on

Saturday, January 9th 1886.

At the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the court house door in Corvallis in Benton county, Oregon, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for one-half cash down and one-half in three months with approved security, all the right title and interest which the said deceased at the time of his death had in and to the following described real property:

Lot numbered one (1), two (2), three (3), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block numbered nine (9) in the county addition to the original town of Marysville (now Corvallis) in Benton county, Oregon. Also lot numbered two (2) in block numbered nine (9) in the original town of Marysville, (now Corvallis) in Benton county, Oregon, to satisfy the requirements of said will.

GEORGE HENDERSON, Executor,  
CAROLINE HAMILTON, Executrix.  
- - - - -  
Corvallis, December 9, 1885.

## MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

M. S. WOODCOCK,  
Attorney-at-Law,  
CORVALLIS, - - OREGON.

## GUN STORE.

BREECH & MUZZLE LOADING SHOT GUNS,  
Rifles, Pistols, Cartridges,  
Ammunition, Fishing Tackle,  
Sewing Machines,  
Work made to order and warranted.  
20-33rd C. HODES, Corvallis.

James L. Lewis,  
Sheep, Cattle, Horses and Hogs bought and sold and Contracts made to furnish same AT ALL TIMES.  
Mutton, Beef and fat Hogs a Specialty.  
CORVALLIS OREGON.  
21-40-3rd

J. R. BALDWIN,  
Attorney at Law.  
Will practice in all the Courts in the state. Collections promptly attended to (Office in Postoffice Building.)  
Corvallis, Oregon.

J. H. LEWIS, E. E. RABER,  
City Dray.  
Lewis & Raber, Proprietors.  
Do a general Draying Business.  
Orders Solicited.

J. B. LEE, M. D. G. R. FARRA, M. D.  
LEE & FARRA,  
Physicians, Surgeons  
And Accouchers.  
CORVALLIS, - - OREGON.  
20-31st

W. C. Crawford,  
JEWELER.  
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc. All kinds of repairing done on short notice, and all work warranted.  
18-35-yl

C. B. STARR'S  
LIVERY FEED and SALE STABLE.  
(South end Main Street.)  
Charges Reasonable, Satisfaction Guaranteed,  
Corvallis, Oregon.

The Boss,  
PUNCH CIGAR  
The only Clear Havana Filled 5 cent Cigar in the market.  
Kept only at the  
Post Office Cigar Store and News Depot 22-20th

Real Estate Agency.  
A. P. GAINES.  
Real Estate, Employment and Collection Agency.  
Business Solicited. References Given.  
OFFICE—First door south of Fisher's Brick, main street.  
CORVALLIS OREGON

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.  
Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon,  
Dec. 12, 1885.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or County Clerk of Benton county at Corvallis, Oregon, on Monday, Jan. 25th, 1886, viz: Lewis Russell, Homestead Entry No. 4289 for the S E 1/4 of N W 1/4, S W 1/4 of N E 1/4 and E 1/2 of N E 1/4 of Sec. 30, T 11, S R. 7 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John H. Yantis and Geo. Cross of Summit, and Seatt King and William Enrick of Corvallis, all of Linn County, Oregon.

L. T. BARIN, Register.

## PRODUCE PRICE CURRENT.

Wheat per cental in Corvallis, sk'd.	25
Wheat per bushel in Portland, sk'd.	63
Oats.	25
Wool per lb.	12 to 18
Flour per barrel.	\$4 00
Bacon sides.	7 to 8
Hams.	10 to 12
Shoulders.	6 to 7
Lard, 10 lb tins.	6 to 8
" kegs.	20 to 25
Butter, fresh rolls.	30 to 35
Eggs per doz.	30
Apples, green.	30 to 50
Dried apples, Plummer.	4 to 5
" " Sun.	3 to 4
Plums, pitted.	6 to 7
Chickens per doz.	2.00 to 3.00
Hides, dry tins.	10 to 15
" green.	5 to 7
Potatoes.	25 to 30
Geese, tame, per doz.	6 00
Ducks " " "	5 00 to 6 00
Hogs dressed.	31 to 4