

# The Corvallis Gazette.

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All notices and advertisements intended for publication should be handed in by noon on Wednesday.  
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TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES,  
Of the past week condensed.

GENERAL NEWS.

Senator Jones and Representative Breckenridge of Arkansas are trying to pave the way for a river appropriation. They had an interview with the president and urged him to incorporate in his annual message to Congress a recommendation to improve the navigation of the Mississippi river and its tributaries. They report that the President showed marked interest in the subject, and they consider the interview very satisfactory.

The cattle men interested in land in Western Kansas, Colorado, the Indian Territory and Northwestern Texas, are in conference at Kansas City. They claim that they have been damaged in the sum of \$100,000 by parties who have operated along the so-called Texas drive, and will bring suit against a number of these parties for reimbursement. Several indictments have already been found in the Kansas District Court and many more are expected to follow.

Exhaustive reports to the New England Homestead from seventy correspondents, indicate that the potato crop of New England and New York is fully one-third below the average and a trifle smaller than last year.

H. M. Vanaman, Secretary of Arizona, has sent in his resignation to the President. The Grand Jury has bought in another true bill against Royal Johnson, Surveyor-General. The charge is very serious.

It is reported that a hitch has occurred in the Union Pacific railroad negotiations, whereby \$700,000 was to be borrowed from a trust company in New York, which had \$300,000 in land grant trust funds on deposit. Union Pacific officials however, deny all knowledge of any hitch, and say in effect that they had no negotiations with any trust company in New York, excepting to endeavor to induce one company to allow of the advance payment of certain claims comprised in the floating debt. It is officially asserted that the Union Pacific company now has in bank fully \$1,500,000, which it will use with other funds whenever it can do so to advantage in making an advance payment of outstanding claims.

The formal notice of withdrawal of the Burlington & Quincy from the transcontinental pool was received by President Oakes, of the transcontinental pool, on the 9th, inst.

Horse breeders in the vicinity of Bushwell, Illinois, are considerably alarmed over the discovery that glanders existed in J. H. Truman's herd of range horses.

Leading clearance house of the United States report total clearances for the week ending October 10, were \$920,230,653. An increase of 2.45 per cent., compared with the corresponding week last year.

A sensational story is published in New York of the matrimonial experience of Mrs. Samantha Goodie, who recently married her son without knowing it. Upon discovering their mistake they had in opposite directions, the bridegroom is Harrison Turner, who amassed a fortune in California.

The naval board of appraisers, consisting of Capt. Hewison, Capt. Mathews, Naval Constructors Webb and Marchand, and Chief Engineer Baker, has completed appraisal of the material on hand and work done at Roach's ship-yard for the government, and will present the result of their labor, which is said to be very satisfactory to the assignees, to secretary Whitney.

Massachusetts democrats have nominated the following ticket: The first ballot for governor resulted: Whole number of votes, 1129; necessary to a choice, 565; Avery 121, Grinnell 493, Prince 513, scattering 2. On the second ballot Prince was nominated, amid much enthusiasm. The remainder of the ticket is as follows: H. H. Gilmore, of Cambridge, lieutenant governor; Jeremiah Crowley, of Lowell, secretary of state; Henry U. Braley, of Fall River, attorney general; Henry M. Cross, of Newburyport, treasurer and receiver; Gen. James E. Delaney, of Holyoke, auditor.

The board of trade official statement of the amount of grain in sight in the United States and Canada on Saturday, October 10, and the amount of increase or decrease over the preceding week, shows: Wheat, 46,717,001, an increase of 1,576,100; corn, 4,291,718, a decrease of 167,398; rye, 437,438 an increase of 18,139; barley, 704,253, an increase of 297,902.

THE OHIO ELECTION.

The election in Ohio last Tuesday was for state and county officers, for thirty seven senators and 110 representatives of the general assembly, and upon four amendments to the constitution, changing state elections from October to November, and one changing the term of office for township trustees. Gov. Hoadly is the democratic candidate for re-election, J. B. Foraker the republican candidate, and Rev. A. B. Leonard the prohibition candidate for governor. There are 2017 voting precincts in the state. Comparison will be made with the vote for governor in 1883, when Gov. Hoadly was elected by a plurality of 12,529 over Foraker. At the close of this report returns had been received from 776 of the 2017 voting precincts in the state, which gave Foraker, republican, a total vote of 143,972, Hoadly, democrat, 132,197, Leonard, prohibitionist, 9913; net republican gain, 12,924. The remaining precincts in 1883 gave a democratic majority of 10,912. At Columbus the republicans are jubilant with bands and bonfires over election news. The democrats are corresponding quiet, and are receiving the result with good grace. Chairman Powell of the democratic committee concedes the election of the republican state ticket by from 15,000 to 20,000, and thinks they have carried both branches of the legislature. Gov. Hoadly thinks the democrats may have saved the senate. The republican executive committee claim the election of Foraker by from 15,000 to 18,000 plurality, though complete returns may make it more. They have information from all the doubtful counties and have elected their representatives. They claim a majority on joint ballot outside of Hamilton county. Allen O. Myers is thought to be defeated for the legislature in Franklin county by a small majority. The Commercial-Gazette says: "The republicans made the fight against the Leonard party hot and severe, and drew the lines. The democrats coddled the fraud, and the result is the got many democratic votes. Gov. Hoadly damaged himself seriously by his endorsement of Allen O. Myers for the legislature. All the machinery of fraud of the gang democrats in this city with which the Commercial Gazette has made people familiar, was in full operation yesterday, and it would be impossible to exaggerate the reckless wickedness that was perpetrated. The indications as we write are that the democrats have done their desperate dirty work in vain, that the republicans have the legislature outside of Hamilton county, and that they have carried the county. If they have done so the people of this city may reverently thank God and take courage. The streets at 1 o'clock this morning were full of republicans, who were shouting over the splendid victory won in Ohio. The election of Foraker is once final, and there is a feeling of confidence that the republican county ticket has gone through also.

All the glass manufactories in the eastern association comprised in the territory of Pennsylvania, New York and the New England states, are now idle, the men being on a strike at Boston, Sandwich, Mount Washington, New Bedford and East Cambridge. Further strikes and lockouts are talked of.

The sailing schooner San Diego, a fore reported lost in Behring's sea, has arrived at Victoria, B. C. She brings only 1725 skins.

Hungarians employed in the construction of the Clearfield county, and New York Short Line railroad, did not receive their pay on the day it was due last week. They feared they would not get it and attacked the Americans who were superintending the work. All escaped but one of the contractors named Ferguson, who was captured by the Hungarians and is now held in captivity by them. They swear they will kill him if they don't get their pay by the 20th inst.

The general assembly of the Knights of Labor has declined to meet next year in Richmond, Va.

The artificial culture of oysters has been completely successful at the hatching station of the New York fish commission. Thousands of young were caught on scollup shells, and are now as large as a dime. This is the first practical success on a large scale from oysters artificially impregnated and hatched.

The county convention of the county democracy, was held in New York on the 12th inst. A committee of conference from Tammany and Irving hall entered the convention, but were, by resolution, permanently refused attention. A full ticket was then nominated, and Governor Hill endorsed. Tammany and Irving hall will now combine.

The Mark Lane Express, in its review of the British grain trade during the past week, says: "Bad weather has materially affected samples of new wheat, and has caused a demand for old red, which has advanced six pence. Sales of English wheat during the week were 74,264 quarters, at 30s 3d, against 73,398, at 32s 2d during the corresponding week last year. The market for foreign wheats continues to strengthen. Flour is more difficult to purchase, and six pence to one shilling dearer. American oats are firmer. The supply of wheat cargoes is restricted. Prices are six pence higher. Seven cargoes arrived, four were sold, four withdrawn, and three remained, including one California. The market to-day was

quiet and firm. English wheats were six pence dearer. Foreign were six pence to one shilling dearer. Flour was steady and occasionally six pence higher. Beans were fully one shilling dearer. Corn was firm. Barley quiet and oats steady."

The Bulletin's New York special says: C. L. Webster, of the firm which is publishing Grant's book, has returned from Europe, and reports that the sale of the book has been greater there than had first been expected it would be. Webster was asked to name the probable amount Mrs. Grant would receive from the sale of the book, and replied, that it was a difficult thing to do. He added that the figures would reach \$500,000, and might possibly reach \$750,000. Agents of the book in San Francisco report Pacific coast sales to have reached 20,000. Some question as to the time of issue of the first volume has been raised. It is positively stated that it will be out early in December.

The St. Louis strike seems to have died out, there being absolutely no appearance of trouble. All of the lines are running full complements of cars, and in most cases the police have been withdrawn from the cars altogether. There is no interruption to traffic at all.

The iron moulders' strike in Albany N. Y., which has been in progress since last May, ended on the 13th. Concessions were made on both sides.

The severest storm in the east in many years prevailed last Tuesday. Considerable damage was done along the shore of the Hudson river. Stocks were all floored and a number of small boats and valuable cargoes were sunk.

Within a few days a circular has been quietly sent around among New York bankers, presidents of corporations and prominent business men, setting forth the condition of the municipal government in that city, and demanding action from business men. It shows that the city revenue has been squandered, and nearly a million dollars lost through bad management.

Reverend Daniel Irving, D. D., secretary of the board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church, and leading divine in that denomination, died in Orange, N. J., last Monday morning, aged 64. Death was caused by paralysis, brought on by a broken leg, and nervous shock sustained by a fall while in attendance at the Presbyterian council in Belfast, Ireland, in 1884.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The consul of the States at Guaymas, Mexico, informs the department of state that statements made in various newspapers that there are thousands of Chinamen in his district, and that some are being surreptitiously introduced into the United States in contravention of the restriction act of congress are untrue, as the total number of Chinamen in that consular district does not exceed 125, and these are nearly all employed in shoe and tailoring factories, and have no desire to leave their present profitable positions. No additions are being made to their number.

An official report has reached the United States minister at Lisbon that fifty Methodist missionaries from this country, men, women and children, under the care of a bishop, recently landed on the west coast of Africa in an utterly destitute condition, and became at once a charge on the local government of Benguela. A tract of land was granted them on which to make a permanent settlement.

The Star says: Sergeant McGowan, of the signal service, who got into trouble by refusing to receive a colored man as his assistant in the office at Pensacola, Fla., is not to be court-martialed for disobedience of orders, as was first intended.

From the reports received thus far it appears that nearly all the postmasters speak well of the future special delivery system, and say it equals outside matter in volume. Reports show that letters generally have been delivered with surprising promptness.

Under date of October 2, Gen. Crook reports the movements of hostile Apaches as follows: "The Indians have been for two days in the Chiricahua mountains, but have been prevented from crossing the San Siagu valley, in Stein's peak range, as was evidently their intention."

The executive committee of the Washington branch of the United Labor League of America has issued a call for a convention of representatives of all the leagues in the country, to meet in New York, October 20.

The department of state has received through Consul-General Beach a synopsis of the new tariff law passed by congress of Ecuador, in August of this year. The new duties become operative after November 1st, and involves many radical changes in the direction of higher duties. Lumber and other articles now brought from the United States will be excluded by the new duties as before. All duties now assessed on the gross weight of merchandise, and for certain local improvements an additional twenty per cent. on import duties will be collected at the custom houses. The free list includes personal baggage or passengers, material for the construction of ships, articles imported for churches and mining machinery. Following are articles charged with 50 cents a

kilogram: Articles made of silver and gold, valuable stones, silks, all classes of textiles which have silver or gold or metallic threads in imitation of them, all sewn articles and all articles sewn and mixed with gold, silver and silks; and tobacco in leaf or manufactured. Thirty-two cent a kilogram: Woven articles of raw wool, mixed or unmixed. Twelve cents a kilogram: Linseed, castor oils, varnishes, billiard tables, earthen vessels, empty barrels, barrels containing wine or other liquid, glassware, and beer, in what ever manner it may be put up, carriage fine crockery, naval canvas for sails, furniture, paint, glass and vinegar. Five cents a kilogram: Harness for carts, starch, iron wire, sugar manufactured steel, cotton with or without seed, and fish, salt fish and salt beef, hams, manufactured tin, iron rakes for weeds, wheat and maize, flour, tin plates, kerosene of more than 15 degrees test, agricultural machinery of all descriptions, sewing machines, manufacturing machines, ordinary metals in plates, bars or pieces; paper or printing ink. Two cents a kilogram: Peas, beans, wire fence, bran, steel, tar, plows, picks, crowbars, shovels, hoes, pruning knives for agricultural use, anchors, empty bottles, iron chains, lime, barley, iron trusses for roofs, wire, nails, iron in pieces, plates and bars, corrugated iron, hammers and barrows.

A Washington special to the Post says: Officers of the government who are familiar with numerous applications for the office of supervising architect of the treasury express the opinion that the position will be offered to Benj. Stillman of New York, son of the late Prof. Stillman of Yale.

Within the last sixty days, or since the American steamship companies refused to transport mail at the rate fixed by the postmaster-general, four complaints from individuals and one petition have been received by the department, protesting against the methods employed at the department to secure the carriage of foreign mails.

The postmaster-general has made a ruling to the effect that in cases where railroad companies carrying mail are obliged to deliver it into and receive it from postoffices (which requirement applies to stations where the postoffice is within eighty rods of the stopping place of the train), employees carrying mails between the station and the office are not employes in the postal service, and need not be sworn in. The department however, requires the railroad company to employ for this purpose a person over the age of 16 years, of suitable intelligence and character, and postmasters are directed to report any violation of this requirement.

The new mail service between San Francisco and Australia and New Zealand, to replace the Pacific Mail service, will begin November 21st, and a steamer will sail every four weeks thereafter. Three steamers have been engaged in the service heretofore, two of them belonging to John Elder of England and one to the Pacific Mail steamship company. For the Pacific Mail steamer a special steamer will be substituted, so that the line will be as much American in character as it has been under the old arrangement. For the new service, vessel owners will receive only sea postage, \$150,000 per annum, which was formerly paid, and according to the statement of Superintendent Veil, they were anxious to get the contract at that rate, although the American companies had refused to accept both sea and inland postage.

PACIFIC COAST.

The government crop report places the average wheat yield of Oregon at 15.5 bushels, and that of Washington at 21 to 23 bushels.

The remains of Peter Healey, one of the firemen killed in the Crocker fire at San Francisco, have been recovered from the ruins, as was first intended.

McSweeney, the Irish suspect, has been promised a place in the San Francisco custom house, and is now en route to the coast.

A big fire occurred at Durban station, California, early Saturday morning. Warehouses and wheat to the value of \$125,000 were destroyed.

Dawne, recently given the Alaska judgeship, is in danger of removal. Strong influence is being brought to secure the reinstatement of Judge McAllister.

In response to protests from San Francisco against the coinage of too much small gold the secretary of the treasury has telegraphed instructions to the superintendent of the mint in that city to make the coinage next month (November) one-third half eagles and two-thirds double eagles.

Special Agent Spaulding, who has been investigating custom house affairs in San Francisco is now en route for Oregon, with Special Agent Evans, on some secret mission. It is thought in San Francisco that the two agents have been sent north to look into the matter of immigration at that point.

Dr. Jorgensen, of Walla Walla and E. S. Tyler, of Fargo, Dakota, an extensive wheat dealer and stockholder of the Northern Pacific Elevator company, is en route to Farmington, and thence to Spokane. Their mission is to buy barley and view a location for elevators. Mr. Tyler was surprised on seeing this enormous wheat belt and doubted the facilities for shipping, on seeing the accumulated stocks of wheat lying awaiting shipment.

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Every Article Marked in Plain Figures.

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Corvallis, Oregon.

FOREIGN.

The government of Greece is annoyed at the decision of the powers to recognize the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia. The government has decided gradually to mobilize the army. Three more classes of reserves will be called out shortly.

Russia is desirous of giving the Duke of Cumberland the throne of Bulgaria. Prince Bismarck will probably favor the proposition, as it will settle the Brunswick difficulty.

The Russian government has ordered all Russian officers to leave Bulgaria.

It is understood that, as a result of the cabinet meeting on the 8th inst., the ministry will resign shortly before the assembling of the new chamber of deputies.

One hundred and eighteen new cases of cholera and fifty-eight deaths from the disease occurred in Palermo on the 7th inst. and one hundred and three new cases of cholera and fifty-eight deaths from the disease on the 9th inst.

In Spain on the 9th inst 276 new cases of cholera and 116 deaths have been reported.

Bands of Bulgarians have raided Serbian territory and plundered a village near the frontier. A force of gendarmes has gone to the scene of the disturbance, to drive out the intruders.

Ambassadors of the power are urging the Greek government to stop its war preparations.

There are numerous rumors as to the effect that the French troops will totally evacuate Tonquin.

Acting under imperative orders from president Diaz, the governor who deposed American miners from the Las Cruces silver mines, has been compelled to surrender the mines to their American owners. This is due to the intervention of secretary Bayard.

The Standard's Berlin correspondent says: "Germany, with the approval of Austria, Russia and England, has proposed as a plan for settlement of the Bulgarian question that the following principles are observed: First—That Greek and Serbian demands be respected. Second—That Turkey be advised to complete her military preparations so as to be ready to interfere in the event of Greece and Serbia moving to enforce their demands. Lastly—That the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia, under Prince Alexander (the latter avowing the sovereignty of the sultan), be recognized."

The announcement is made that it has been decided to extend Riel's reprieve until after the appeal in his case has been heard before the imperial privy council.

The commission for the delimitation of the frontier between Turkey and Montenegro, which suspended its operations on September 30, at the suggestion of Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, has resumed its labor.

Gladstone has openly resumed direction of the liberal campaign.

Gladstone has written to Lavelle, the well known writer on political economy, as follows: I favor Bulgarian union, but trust its territory will not exceed its limit, because I fear disastrous competition between the great powers themselves, and also the Hellesic and Slavic races for extension of territory. I express myself on this question with reserve because my mind is perplexed by many difficulties surrounding it. I see that a Bulgarian union, excellent in itself, may produce immeasurable results.

The war fever runs high in Serbia, and active preparations are going on to enforce Serbia's demand for extension of territory. English, French and Austrian firms have been tendered the contract by the government to supply complete outfits for 200 troops, and all contracts have been allowed; also one for 35,000 horses.

Demonstrations in favor of war are being held throughout Greece; the army being rapidly mobilized. The king has called up reserves to the number of 40,000 men.

Brisson, premier, in answering a congratulatory address on his re-election to a seat in the chamber of deputies, Paris, said conservative gains cannot shake the confidence of the republicans, who will have 150 majority in the lower chamber. He declared that the monarchists desired the overthrow of the republic and would cause a revolution in the attempt to secure that end. Neither the republicans nor monarchists desire war abroad, but the republic alone can assure peace at home.

The secretary of the treasury has issued a circular to customs officers in which he says that as it appears to be impracticable to procure, under the existing laws, accurate statistics of immigrants arriving in the United States by railroads from contiguous foreign territory, the collection of statistics of such immigration will be discontinued until otherwise ordered.

Zepherus and Yarn.

We have just received direct from New York a full line of zepherus and yarn, with the pompadour wool, canvas, felt and embroidery chenilles, all at Portland prices.

J. M. NOLAN.

BORN.

DUNN.—On Friday evening, Oct. 9, 1885, to the wife of Jas. Dunn, a son; weight 12 pounds.

DIED.

HUFFMAN.—In this city, Sunday, Oct. 11, 1885, Mrs. Mourning Huffman, aged 75 years.