

A recent dispatch from New York disputes the report that the Swiss Mormon immigrants were paupers. But alleges that they all paid their own way out here and had money of their own to start with.

In addition to the discouragement that the conviction of murderers in Dublin brings upon the dynamite and dagger fraternity, dawns the conviction that dynamite is not the tremendous agent that it has been erected up to be, says the Cincinnati Gazette. The superstition about dynamite has been a great degree exploded. It is an immense thing to break stone, but it will not do murder by the acre. There will probably be a few vestiges of the British Empire for several generations yet, and Ireland will be as prosperous as Scotland when the mischief makers in this country have been suppressed.

If the citizens of Benton county will raise a joint stock company with a paid up capital stock of thirty or forty thousand dollars and build a good woolen factory with it, such an enterprise will be worth more to the county and to the town than three or four railroads passing through the place; and a good woolen mill will pay a large interest on the investment to its stock holders besides it will keep the money at home. Why have not our citizens aroused themselves up to the point of establishing manufactures in our midst during these long years they have been waiting for "something to turn up."

A Mr. William McCabe, of New York, which is the capital of Ireland, warned the Trustees of the great bridge at Brooklyn that it must not be opened on the 24th of May, says the Cincinnati Gazette. The Trustees had not thought of it, but the 24th is the birthday of the old lady who is about to go to Scotland to superintend the erection of a heap of stones to the memory of the late lamented Brown, a hard-headed servant, who died worth a million dollars. Mr. McCabe thought the opening of the bridge on the 24th of May would be honoring royalty. McCabe is an ass, of course, but he assumes to be equipped with dynamite. It would be just like the New York assassins, who profess to be the lovers of an impossible Ireland, to blow up a great public work in this country with the view of shattering the British Empire.

In the matter of bringing a ditch into Corvallis which will supply a sufficient amount of water to afford all that the citizens of the town will have use for and also to run machinery of all kinds; we are informed by a reliable party who has had competent engineers to survey and estimate the cost of such an undertaking, that such a ditch will cost not to exceed twenty-six thousand dollars, and such ditch will tap and receive its supply from Madly, Long Tom and in the summer time when necessary will be fed by the waters of the Willamette. For such an important undertaking as this and one which is the first step toward making the place a manufacturing town this is a small cost and certainly should be taken hold of by our citizens and worked up to successful results. The completion of a ditch of the size upon which this estimate was made will certainly be the starting point when soon thereafter will follow the establishment of a woolen mill, grist mill, a manufactory of machinery and other valuable factories which would create a continued and permanent source of wealth to our county. We find that this matter is being talked up considerably by our citizens with a likelihood of its assuming permanent and valuable results. We would be pleased to publish communications from any of our citizens on the subject of adding such important improvements to our town.

SUPERVISOR OF CORVALLIS STREETS.
The common council under the charter of our city certainly have control over the streets of our city and they should certainly be worked under their supervision if worked at all. As matters are now, the county court appoints a supervisor over the roads within the city limits, and he knows no authority and is amenable to no regulations except which comes through the county court and the general laws of the state, and by this means several of our streets have

been thrown up high in the center during the present and past years, leaving on each side of such streets next to the sidewalk large holes or low places where the dirt, has been taken from to put in the center of the street, and during the rainy season these low places fill with water which remains stagnant without any means of draining it away. These places catch the filth and dirty water which falls all around them making cesspools and an unhealthy condition of things. If the supervisor of the work on these streets was under our council they would certainly know better than to throw up a street and leave it in a condition so that the accumulation of water can not and will not drain. But some people imagine that the streets must be plowed and turned upside down even though it results in causing mud holes that would "mire a saddle blanket" and form unhealthy cesspools enough to kill all the people in town. Most of our streets are in a much better condition and drain easier where they have not been thrown up at all. A good lot of gravel thrown in the center of the street where the travel mostly goes would make good roads and streets and the natural lay of the ground in most cases would then permit the water to run off.

A SUGGESTION OR TWO.
We take from the Yaquina Post an article on the subject of establishing manufactures and the building up of a place. We sincerely ask our people to read this carefully and consider the same with the view of applying what is therein said in regard to the building up of a woolen factory and bringing a good water ditch into Corvallis and the establishment of other improvements throughout the county. A county improves in proportion to the exertion of her people to establish valuable and permanent improvements. The establishment of manufactures is universally conceded to afford the most permanent prosperity to any people. There is no place on the coast that is any better adapted to manufactures than Corvallis and the remainder of Benton county. On this subject the Post says:

"A community or country that produces, nothing preys upon itself, and will sooner or later, play out; therefore every community must be a producer to the extent, at least, of self preservation. One of the efficient means in building up and making a community solid, is the establishment and maintenance of manufactures in its midst. The establishment of one useful industry attracts others. The first beginnings may be small and even insignificant, but with perseverance, industry and economy the output increases from month to month, is expanded and enlarged until it eventually assumes magnificent proportions. Capital is soon attracted, and other useful enterprises are easily inaugurated and, as a rule, upon a much larger scale than the pioneer industry. These are facts that can be attested in the experience of any observant man.

Here on the Bay opportunities are quite numerous for the establishment of manufactures and industries that would soon prove profitable investments to the undertakers. If capital is lacking at first, go slow; make a beginning, determined to succeed; be industrious and economical; keep out of debt; be at your place of business during business hours, and do not fritter away your time in idle gossip, dissipation, or in tursing the country or your "luck"—fortune favors the man of energy, industry and pluck, especially in a new and growing country.

We believe that some mechanic who understands the manufacture of household furniture, etc., is industrious and obliging, and desirous of pushing his way in the world, could do well here on the Bay. So with many other enterprises that might be mentioned. There are also vast coal interests here that ought to be developed, that would return bushels of coin to those who controlled them.

There are many other inviting fields to real "get up and get" business men on the Bay and in its vicinity, which will be occupied sooner or later, because they are so apparent that they are certain to attract the attention of the observant man, and they will be gobbled up in the twinkling of an eye. Of course we are not speaking of cent-per-cent men, or lazy idlers who are waiting, like Micawber, for something to "turn up," but of men of real manhood and hard, practical common sense, who are not afraid and have the will to labor for the attainment of a competence. These are the kind of men needed at Yaquina Bay, and we cordially invite such to come and view the land."

MORMON PAUPERS.

The refuse of Switzerland Being Shipped to the United States by the Swiss Authorities.

The following dispatch to the Oregonian dated May 27th, speaks for itself and shows plainly the extraordinary efforts which are being put forth in order to strengthen Mormonism, and yet we find an occasional one who fears not the consequences of the Mormons' continual violation of the laws of our country, because they say there will never be enough of them to amount to anything. And our government with impunity permits her laws to be trampled under foot by them:

"Collector Robinson yesterday received from the treasury department an official communication from Frank H. Mason, United States Consul at Basle, Switzerland, in which the attention of the authorities is called to an alleged serious violation of the laws forbidding the importation into this country of criminal or pauper immigrants. It appears that on board the Nevada, which sailed from Liverpool on the 17th, are 600 Mormon immigrants, returned from different parts of Europe by missionaries from Salt Lake, who are constantly ransacking the old world, and who send to this port about 2000 proselytes every year. Over 200 of these on the Nevada are from Switzerland, the Consul says, and are of the vile, degraded and pauper class, many of them women imported for base purposes. The whole party, without exception, it is said, are undesirable settlers and mere paupers, and are a burden on the communal authorities of Switzerland, who are exceedingly glad to be rid of their troublesome charge. Nearly all the immigrants on board the Nevada are raked up from the slums of Switzerland and Germany to swell the ranks of the latter day saints in Utah.

The Consul says those from Switzerland are mainly poor, demented creatures, whose passage to the United States is paid for by their native communes, which thus rid themselves of burdensome citizens. Consul Mason makes an earnest protest against the continuance of this illegal practice, which has been resorted to by Switzerland in particular for a long time past. It is charged that polygamy in the United States can never be exterminated while its harem can be freely recruited from the dregs of European society. The collector forwarded to emigration commissioners a copy of the Consul's letter, and requested that when the Nevada arrives he be informed at once, and the Mormon passengers be detained at Castle Garden until an investigation is made. The emigration commissioners will make inquiry into the status of the immigrants complained of, and if it can be shown that they are paupers, insane or criminals, or that their passage was paid to this country by the Swiss authorities, they will not be allowed to remain.

The Tribune says part of the cargo on the Nevada, now on her way to this port from Liverpool, is most decidedly what we do not want. It consists of 160 or more pauper Mormons, mostly women. Now, it is bad enough for the morals of a country to be obliged to take Mormons, even when they are of so called respectable classes, but when it comes to polygamous paupers, endurance ceases to be a virtue. The latter day saints would receive these poor creatures willingly enough, probably, for it is a well-known fact that the time has passed when respectable women in this country can be converted into their peculiar belief, so Mormon missionaries are sending over these pauper women. The emigration commissioners, however, are on their guard, and undoubtedly these human rubbish will be returned to the Swiss communes whence it came."

In another column will be found the announcement of State Superintendent McElroy to the effect that the State Teachers' association of Oregon for 1883 will be held at Salem on June 26, 27, 28 and 29. The interests of education are advancing in Oregon and Mr. McElroy is doing a good work for the cause. In order to continue this good work on to successful results to that extent of which every friend of education will be proud, much if not everything depends upon the action of teachers in this matter. These associations are schools for the practical teachers where they may learn untold benefits from the experiences of others. Teachers who are worthy of the patrons of schools should certainly avail themselves of these important opportunities and we feel certain that the teachers of Benton county will honor this meeting with their presence.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

The scarlet fever is raging badly in Baker City.

Dr. D. W. Ballard, of Linn county, is critically ill with droupy.

White cedar logs for lumber are worth \$16 per thousand feet in Coos county.

Genl. Sprague delivered the oration at decoration day exercises in New Tacoma.

At Lacey a project is being discussed to found a hospital for sick or disabled loggers.

Two hundred graders are at work on the Colfax branch of the Northern Pacific railroad.

The steamer San Pedro has arrived at Tacoma, and will take her second cargo of 4000 tons of Carbonado coal.

Geo. F. Fouché, assistant keeper of Tatoosh lighthouse is to be transferred to the West Point lighthouse.

A final footing of the census of Jefferson county, W. T., show a population of 2350. If the census were taken to-day it would show 2360 at least.

The new Imperial mills warehouse at Oregon City is fast approaching completion.

The Statesman says: The symptoms of the wounds of Hon. J. Voorhees are favorable for a speedy recovery.

A reward of \$1500 is offered for the arrest of H. W. Cannon, who attempted to assassinate Hon. J. Voorhees at Woodburn.

It costs two and a half to three cents per pound to have wool hauled from Grant county to The Dalles.

Lebanon has a population of about seven hundred, and they begin to feel the need of a fire department.

The Umatilla reservation is being settled very rapidly by the French formerly of French prairie, Marion county.

The Grand Lodge of Oregon, Knights of Pythias, will hold its next session at The Dalles, on Tuesday, June 5.

County Judge T. C. Shaw, of Marion county, offers \$500 reward for R. W. Cameron, who shot Hon. J. Voorhees.

There is estimated to be one hundred thousand head of sheep in three districts of Grant county.

The City of Salem's flour mill started up in earnest the 24th. The machinery is working well, and about thirty men are employed in running it.

The City of Salem brought down 3,000 sacks of wheat for the New Salem Mills, from Buena Vista. After discharging, she took on 1,000 barrels of flour and sailed away for the metropolis.

George Jordan, who lives in Empire City, got on a big drunk and concluded to clean out an Indian ranch, when an Indian wearing the euphonious cognomen of Joe, shot Jordan, who will probably die from the effects.

The Dayton Chronicle says a young man by the name of Wambold was drowned in attempting to cross the Penewa was a few days since. His body was recovered on the next day.

Miss Estella Bradish, the young lady who was so seriously injured in the Josephine disaster, is at present in Seattle. She still finds it necessary to use crutches while moving about.

Walter Macfarland of Seattle, is the owner of a bible printed in Edinburgh in 1726. It is a well printed, well preserved volume and is worth to Mr. Macfarland a great deal of money.

At about three o'clock Monday morning as the Emma Hayward was pulling out from Seattle for New Tacoma, a large volume of steam from the kitchen passed through the open window and finally into the state-rooms. The passengers immediately had visions of another fire and the burning of the steamer on the deep waters of the Sound. In unusual consternation the door toward the source of the steam was broken in and there the whole matter was revealed. The steam was not half so fearful to behold as the smoke and fire which they had expected.

Wm. Billings, the contractor of the Seaboard penitentiary, expects to turn out five hundred thousand brick this summer.

Miss Willard, the president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, accompanied by Miss Annie Gordon, her private secretary, has arrived at Tacoma.

Mr. James Trivillon's band of horses, one hundred and twenty-five in number, including a number of thoroughbreds, left Baker City for Montana.

Deat. Cook, of the revenue marine, has been ordered east for examination for promotion. His numerous friends here would like to see him returned.

A cave has been discovered at a point of rocks about four miles below Celilo by workmen who were blasting off the face of a cliff to obtain rocks for rip-rapping the O. R. & N. Co's road. The entrance allows a man to walk in erect, and the passage has been explored for some distance.

The first case tried in Klamath county was for a divorce, which was denied the plaintiff.

R. B. Hatton, clerk, and J. L. Hanks, sheriff of Lake county, have resigned, as they intend going to Klamath county.

Roseburg hoodlums, while playing on a number of flat cars, gave a signal to an engineer, who supposed it came from a train hand. The train was backed into another throwing one car from the track and wrecking two others.

The preliminary examination of Indian Joe at Empire City on Tuesday last week, for the killing of a half breed named Geo. Jordan, resulted in his discharge, it being shown that he acted in self defense. The grand jury will take up the matter, expecting to find out where the whiskey was obtained. The shooting took place during the progress of a general Indian drunk near Empire.

The Grant county News says: Young cattle are reported to be dying in the upper part of the John Day valley with the same disease that caused so much loss on the Malheur and other parts of Eastern Oregon, two and three years ago. Only yearlings and suckling calves are affected so far. This

disease causes the death of young, fat, and apparently healthy cattle within a short time after the appearance of the first symptoms, and no remedy for it is known. Very fat cattle are more liable to its attack than poor ones. While the disease is here known as blackleg, it appears to be different from the malady called by that name in the Eastern States.

A parade of blooded horses will be held at Colfax June 6th.

John Meyer has the contract to build a school house at Prescott to cost \$2950.

W. C. Whitall, the man who was so seriously injured by the cars at Dayton last week, is able to be about.

Four of the public school teachers in Walla Walla receive \$80 per month and eight receive \$80 per month.

James Evans, a tinsmith, was found dead in his bed at Snohomish City the 18th inst. He was a native of England and aged about 45 years. His death was due to natural causes.

The expense of running Spokane county last year was \$22,556.49 and the revenue \$23,589.10, leaving a balance of \$1,029.61 to be applied on the county debt, which amounts to \$3,692.32. The largest item of expense during the year was for district and justice courts to the amount of \$4,182.

Criminals and jail absorbed \$1,807.99, and the insane entailed an expense of \$511.40, while inquests cost \$191.60.

Yakima Sentinel: Horace Pöllington while riding on a load of lumber a few miles from Leonhardt's mill above Kittitas valley, met with an untimely death on the 23d inst. He was passing under a tree that had been partly cut down and lodged, when it is supposed a gust of wind caused it to start, striking the unfortunate gentleman on the head, causing instant death. He was married a few years ago to a Mrs. Price, who was a widow, her husband having been killed by the Indians at the time of the Meeker massacre.

Jacksonville Sentinel: Prosecutor Kent received a dispatch last Wednesday that a man named Nichol had been arrested for the murder of Mr. Nagel. With commendable promptness the prosecutor at once proceeded to Grave Creek to investigate the matter. The investigation failed to develop sufficient evidence of guilt to warrant the holding of the accused, and he was accordingly discharged. Public interest in the vicinity of Grave Creek is still alive on the subject of the recent murder, and the determination to capture the murderer is as earnest as ever.

Palouse Gazette:—The conference of the right of way committee with railroad officials in Portland last week was satisfactory in every particular. The committee was assured that the railroad would be built into Colfax and be in operation in time to remove this season's crop. The question as to whether it would be completed by October 1st, called forth the remark that they hoped to complete it at a much earlier date. Mr. O'Brien, assistant manager of this division, will visit the city next month and make a definite location for depot grounds.

We acknowledge receipt from the Secretary of the above association an invitation to attend their second annual meeting to be held at Salem on the 13th and 14th of this month. It certainly will be a pleasure to attend and we will not fail to respond to the invitation if possible to be there. Accompanying the invitation is the following information submitted by the Secretary which will be of interest to all firemen and no doubt to many more of our people:

"The moral tone of firemen is rapidly gaining that standard which deserves and receives from their fellow citizens respect and honor, and has enlisted into the fire service many of our best men. In these annual gatherings there is an interchange of thought matured from actual experience in fire service and discussion of topics of practical importance to firemen. The mutual relations of our departments are strengthened and a desire created to excel, if possible, in all that goes to make up a model department. Various apparatus will be exhibited; all of which will be of great interest to you of the service, and we respectfully ask your co-operation, and if your department is not already with us, come, and we will do you good."

The various railroad and steamboat lines have kindly granted a reduction of eighty per cent on return fares from Salem, and but half rates for freight on apparatus. Visiting firemen will receive from the secretary of the Association a certificate showing that they have been in attendance at the Association or Tournament, and that they paid full fare coming, which certificate properly signed will entitle them to the reduced rates on the return trip.

The State Firemen's Tournament will be held at the same time and place, and will prove an exciting and interesting feature. Over \$600 in cash prizes will be distributed, the details of the various contests being as follows:

CONTESTS AND PRIZES.

1. Steam engines to run 100 yards, hose company to run 200 yards, lay 100 feet of hose and throw water. 1st prize, \$100; a second prize of \$25 will be given provided more than two companies enter for the contest.

2. Steam engines on distance; steamers limited to 120 lbs., no over; 1st class steamers will play through 250 ft. of hose; 2nd class 200 ft.; 3rd class, 150 ft., and 4th class, 100 ft. Prize, 50.

3. Steam engines to station with cold water; lay 100 ft. hose, and throw water 100 ft. from nozzle. Prize, \$25.

4. Hand engines to run 300 yards, hose company to run 300 yards, lay 250 ft. hose, break coupling, attach pipe and throw water. 1st prize, \$100; a second prize of \$25 will be given provided more than two companies enter for the contest.

5. Hand engines on distance, 1st class engine will play through 150 ft. of hose. All engines having cylinders of nine inches in diameter, or over, rank as first class; all under as 2nd class. Prize, \$50.

6. Hose companies of twelve men to run 200 yards to hydrant and attach and lay

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To all persons notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a decree and execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Benton, on the 2nd day of May 1883, to me directed and delivered, which decree was rendered and entered and docketed in said Circuit Court on the 21st day of March 1883, wherein the plaintiff therein is, J. H. Knapp and M. S. Barrett as partners, doing business under the firm name and style Knapp, Barrett & Co., recovered the sum of six hundred and forty-six dollars in United States Gold coin, bearing interest from and after the date of said decree to-wit: said 21st day of March 1883, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, and the further sum of sixty-one dollars and attorneys fee and their costs and disbursements of the said against Wm. Bagley one of the defendants named in said decree and wherein said decree M. S. Woodcock and Wallace Bridwell as partners doing business under the firm name and style of Woodcock & Baldwin defendants named in said decree, recovered against certain other defendants named in said decree, to-wit: against Wm. Bagley, S. Marlett and Henry Burns the sum of two hundred and forty-three dollars and twenty-five cents in United States gold coin, bearing interest in like coin at the rate of ten per cent per annum from and after said 21st day of March 1883 and the further sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fee and their costs and disbursements of the said, and wherein said decree Stephen Belmont, Ed. Edlup and George Kennedy certain other defendants named in said decree, recovered of and from said defendants Wm. Bagley, S. Marlett and Henry Burns the sum of three hundred and seven dollars and fifty cents in United States gold coin bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from and after said 21st day of March 1883 and their costs and disbursements, and wherein said decree F. Born a certain other defendant named therein recovered of the said defendants Wm. Bagley, S. Marlett and Henry Burns the sum of three hundred and seven dollars and fifty cents in United States gold coin bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from and after said 21st day of March 1883 and the further sum of thirty dollars attorney's fees and his costs and disbursements therein, which decree and execution commanded me to sell certain mortgaged real property described in said decree and also certain mortgaged personal property therein described and also described in said decree, to satisfy said several sums of money hereinafter named in favor of said plaintiffs and said defendants and their costs and disbursements, and executing said decrees and said execution I have levied upon all of the personal property hereinafter described to satisfy said several demands named in said decrees and said execution, to-wit:

1. Hose companies, any team, to "make" and "break" five couplings in "line" hose. Prize \$15.

2. Grand sweepstakes foot-race, for any fireman of any company on the northwest coast, to run 300 yards. Foreman to certify active membership for 30 days. Prize \$20.

3. Engine tender companies of 12 boys, 16 years old or under, to run 200 yards and carry 200 lbs. of coal. Prize, \$10.

At least two companies or contestants must compete for every prize, and three or more companies must compete to secure a second prize in contests Nos. 1, 4, and 7.

All apparatus of the Salem Fire Department will be placed at the disposal of visiting firemen for the use of competing teams. Local committees have been appointed to arrange all details, and no pains will be spared by the firemen of this city to make the affair pleasant, exciting and successful.

All active fire companies shall be entitled to membership in the Association upon application to the Board of Directors through the Secretary, and shall be further entitled to two delegates for each company that said department represents, with the Chief Engineer as a delegate at large, by each company paying an initiation fee of ten dollars, and five dollars annually as dues.

You are earnestly requested to correspond with us and let us know at your very earliest convenience the probabilities of meeting you here either as a company, delegates to the Association or as individual members. Address all communications to

Very Respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant,
FRANK E. HODGKIN,
Secretary Fireman's Association of Oregon."

Legal blanks furnished at this office on short notice at less than San Francisco prices.

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THE BEST

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS!

HARDWARE

OF ALL KINDS AT

SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

BROUGHT BY THEM

Direct from the East!

STOVES

DIRECT FROM

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FOUNDRIES.

MANUFACTURE OF

TINWARE!

AND PLUMBING A SPECIALTY.

CORVALLIS, - OREGON.

City Stables & Daily Stage Line

FROM ALBANY TO CORVALLIS.

THOS. EGLIN, Proprietor.

On the Corner West of the Engine House

CORVALLIS, - OREGON.

HAVING COMPLETED MY

new and commodious BARN, I am better than ever prepared to keep the

BEST OF TEAMS, BUGGIES, ARRIGES

AND

SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE

At Reasonable Rates.

Particular attention given to Boarding Horses Bought and Sold or Exchanged.

PLEASE GIVE ME A CALL.

LESSON IN SPELLING.

Since the introduction of spelling machines, many words have come prominently into notice—words that were previously, comparatively unknown. For instance, "orthral Antispasmodic, meaning preventing" stopping all firmness and decomposition" and "Analgesic; analgesic. Then there is Antihypertensive; cooling down inflammation and fever heat. These three words, so often misspelled, are three of the cardinal virtues of something that will cure many of the ailments that afflict the human race. Satisfactory. Warranted to cure Rheumatism, Gout or Neuralgia; guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Gout or Neuralgia.

20-26w Sheriff of Benton County, Oregon.

SATURDAY THE 31ST DAY OF MAY, 1883

between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the evening of said day to-wit: at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, I will sell to satisfy said several demands named in said decrees and said execution in favor of said plaintiffs and said defendants, the following personal property in said county and mortgaged as aforesaid to-wit: one 9x16 Trade Engine and boiler on skids, one double heavy portable saw mill and apparatus, six sets of cast iron mallets; one Buffalo No. 4; one cut off saw and mandrel, and at the time and place aforesaid and at the same time and place of selling said personal property herein before described in order and for the purpose of satisfying the several sums of money herein before named in favor of said several defendants, I will also sell in some manner aforesaid and between the same hours of said day and at the hour of ten o'clock of said day, the several sums of money herein before named in favor of said several defendants, to-wit: One and one half yoke of cattle, chains and logging outfit, poles &c., one hundred thousand feet of lumber to include all the lumber on the mill and more or less of defendants Wm. Bagley and Bagley Marlett & Burns. One sweepstakes planer, blacksmith tools, one edge saw and fixtures. All of said personal property described aforesaid will be sold at the time aforesaid and at the place aforesaid. Wm. Bagley as plaintiff in said county of Benton in the State of Oregon.

SATURDAY THE 31ST DAY OF JUNE, 1883

between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to-wit: at the hour of one o'clock of said day, all the right, title and interest of said defendants Wm. Bagley and Bagley Marlett & Burns, in and to the several sums of money herein before named in favor of said plaintiffs and defendants in said decrees and said execution and to the following mortgaged real property described in said decrees and said execution and therein directed to be sold and described as follows, to-wit: The East half of the South East quarter and North West quarter of Section 21, five acres of Section 21 in Township 38 S. R. 10 W. and the North East quarter of the North West quarter of Section number six in Township number eleven South of Range number ten West containing 169 acres of land situated in Benton county, Oregon.

SOL KING,
Sheriff of Benton County, Oregon.

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