

It is stated that the amount of cash in the U. S. Treasury is \$358,517,920.

The expense of the tariff commission as recently audited amounted to \$69,000.

The Ferry Cabinet is master of the situation in France and the French Republic is said not to be shaky any longer.

The loss of those dependent upon the fisheries at Gloucester, Mass., by Wiggins' storm scare is estimated at \$125,000.

It is said that speculators in New York have recently been locking up money for the purpose of creating an artificial scarcity.

The will of Henry Seybert, of Philadelphia, bequeathing nearly his entire estate of \$1,000,000 to public charities, will be contested.

Thirty-nine new building associations were started in Cincinnati during the last year, with an aggregate capital stock of \$27,000,000.

The Ohio House of Representatives adopted the alternative constitutional amendment proposition. The first is for a tax and the second for prohibition.

After a careful analysis of the new Tariff Bill, it is claimed that it will effect a reduction in duties of \$37,000,000 a year and cut off more than \$10,000,000 of internal revenue.

The restoration of capitol punishment in Maine indicates that prohibition has not brought about such a moral reform so as to be able to do away with the services of the hangman.

The law to prevent carrying concealed weapons appears to have no material effect. At Portland they have a man for breakfast every few days, and several wounded between times.

Twelve thousand pounds have been raised in London among the holders of the Virginia bonds to be used in vindicating the rights of bondholders before the tribunals of the United States.

We are indebted to Congressman George for the report of Mr. Page of the committee on commerce submitted to the House of Representatives accompanied by the River and Harbor appropriation bill, which was before the recent Congress. It contains much valuable information in regard to that subject.

Mr. O. T. Porter of the Albany Herald in commenting on things which are old and dry discusses the subject in plain terms as follows: "We cannot stop to kick at every little state that comes barking at our heels, for frequently the ink spatterer of a patent outside, brainless inside, nontoxic concern, yelped the Benton Leader whose Hyde is thicker than the glutinous excrement on an alligator's back, will yelp and snap at our coat tail, thinking to amuse its half-dozen readers by barking at an editor whom so little a poodle has not the courage to bite. Shoo doggy, or you may get a tin can tied to your tail one of these days."

CHINAMEN MUST STAY.
On last Tuesday night, says the Salem Statesman, when the City Council had under consideration the petition of citizens to declare the Chinese laundries a nuisance, ex-Governor Chadwick appeared as counsel for George Sun, the leading Chinaman of the city. The Governor, when he began his pleadings before the Council, said that if you declare the Chinamen a nuisance and abolish them, what will become of the Democratic party?—at the same time giving the Mayor a look that was full of apprehension and meaning. The remark is too true. Take away the heathen Chinese and where would the Democratic party get their thunder? The negro lasted half a century for Democratic orators to talk about, but, like all other things, that passed away, and Democracy was apparently in the last throes of death, when Dennis Kearney made the startling discovery that the Chinese must go, and he has been going in every Democratic platform ever since, but should he go would the Democracy follow him?"

DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATURE.

The New York Times in commenting upon the general conduct of the present New York legislature says: The combination of corrupt interests which was aided by the majority of the Assembly only makes the case worse for the Democratic Party. The immediate gain of a single seat in the assembly, were the Democrats outnumbered the Republicans two to one, was exceedingly small but the disposition to grasp it regardless of right or decency was in keeping with the spirit which has been displayed by the same body throughout the session. Where ever an office or a bit of patronage was to be seized or the least partisan advantage was to be gained, the majority has shown itself to be utterly reckless not only of its professions and pretended principles, but of consequences. Its course, kept up till the close of the session, as it is pretty sure to be, can hardly fail to produce a violent reaction in the political sentiment of the State. If the Democratic leaders had possessed a tolerable degree of sagacity, to say anything of common honesty, they would have striven hard to keep the party on its good behavior in this Legislature; but it bids fair to demonstrate to the independent voters who helped it to victory last Fall that it is utterly incapable of good behavior. Its conduct reminds one of a favorite story of Wendell Phillips, illustrating the impulse of the low order of politicians. A Roman actor had trained a company of monkeys to take part in a play which they were wont to go through with a judicious air of gravity and propriety, but in the midst of their performance a wag threw a handful of nuts on the stage, and in an instant they were on all fours scrambling for the plunder. It has long been evident that the people of this State are far more concerned for an honest, efficient, and economical administration of public affairs than the success of party. The issues which used to divide Republicans and Democrats and the motives which gave vigor to their antagonism have lost their hold in a great measure.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular correspondent.)
Washington, March, 10th, 1883.
During the few days that have elapsed since the adjournment of Congress, Washington has scarcely had time to realize her loss. The city does not look all forlorn. There is no appreciable diminution in the number of gayly dressed promenaders on the Avenue. The attendance at the theatres is as large as ever, the churches are full of the faithful and fashionable, the even tenor is not broken, nor will it be, for while Washington enjoys having Congress here, she long since became used to its intermittent peculiarities, and has survived this same calamity many times. Landlords and boarding house keepers are most bereaved, and have just flooded the market with houses. The descriptions of "Furnished rooms for rent" tells the story of recent desertion.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

The people of Indiana in the recent Legislature of that State certainly experienced one of the old-fashioned Grover kind which has made Oregon so famous. The Cincinnati Gazette thus comments on their proceedings: Thus neglecting all the important interests of the people, the Democratic majority made such a shameless raid for spoils as has thoroughly disgusted the decent men even in their own party. From one end of the State to the other, in the last campaign, the stump rang with Democratic speeches in favor of civil service reform. The raping of the benevolent institutions and legislative out of office Republicans wherever it could possibly be done, in order to make places for Democrats, show the insincerity of these professions. The very first bill introduced in the Senate at the late session was that known as the infamous Brown Bill to take the appointment of Trustees for the benevolent institutions from the Governor and place it in the hands of the Legislature; and that bill (save the still more infamous Metropolitan Police Bill) continued the one absorbing topic of interest to the Democrats throughout the entire session. To understand the full measure of the partisan knavery of this bill it is necessary to remember that in 1877, when there was a Democratic Governor in the chair, the Democratic Legislature passed a bill giving this power of appointment to the Governor for the express purpose, as was then alleged, of taking these important institutions out of the pool of politics, but the instant a Republican Governor comes in, indecent haste is made to replunge them into the pool again! Not only this, but the tenure of prison Directors is changed in order to make place for just one hungry Democrat. The Soldiers' Home at Knightstown, is practically destroyed, in order that Dr. Freeman, of Vevey, a brave and badly wounded Union soldier, placed at the head of the institution because of his special and recognized fitness for the position, may be legislated out of office to make room for another Democrat. The State Bureau of Statistics is reorganized, solely that Captain Conner, its chief, who, by his faithful and untiring efforts and splendid organizing ability, in two

short years put the department upon a footing of efficiency only attained by similar bureaus in other States after years of experience—Captain Conner is at once pushed aside in order that a young Democrat, wholly inexperienced in such work, may be given a soft berth.

The list might be extended, but it would not be profitable. Enough has been said to indicate the manner in which the high office of legislating for the public good was prostituted to the base end of parceling out offices to party bidders and hangers-on.

Never did a Legislature so disregard and spit upon the rights of the laboring man. One instance: The claim of honest John Martin for honest work done in laying brick in the walls of the Insane Hospital, and for which he mortgaged his home in order to get money to carry on the work, was disallowed and rejected from the specific appropriation bill, while the very questionable and speculative claim of the widow May for \$10,000 was allowed to its full extent. The latter was, however, manipulated by the Hon William H. English, ex-Democratic candidate for Vice President, and that perhaps accounts for the difference in the treatment of the two claims. Senator Bell said that the refusal to allow Martin's claim was "simply an outrage." It was an outrage, but it was worse than that, considered from a Democratic standpoint it was a party blunder, as they will find when another election comes round, for Martin is himself a Democrat (a fact which was doubtless overlooked), and has troops of friends in Indianapolis, where he has lived and worked for many years past.

The crowning infamy of the Metropolitan Police Bill, and the refusal to pass the appropriation bills, is so well understood that not much comment is necessary. Governor Porter's veto of the former, and his refusal to return the bill under a threat until required by law to do so, was an act which won him admiration on all sides. The measure was designed to put the city of Indianapolis into the hands of the Democracy through the police organization, and was passed at the dictation of a gang of young political hoodlums and pot-house politicians in defiance of the protests of more decent and conservative members of the party. As to the effect of it there can be no question. A life-long Democrat, of prominence in his party and a large property holder, said frankly the other day that this odious measure would make the city overwhelmingly Republican, and that the acts of this Legislature would insure a Republican victory in the State in 1884. And he is not the only Democrat who entertains these views; they can be numbered by the scores.

GENERAL NEWS.

Seattle has incorporated an immigration and information bureau.

The telephone system is soon to be established at Walla Walla.

The Kentucky jubilee singers are on their way to the Sound from San Francisco.

Mr. Metzger, formerly of the Columbia Chronicle, expects to start a photograph gallery at Spokane Falls.

J. W. Glover has been nominated for Mayor of Spokane Falls.

The bills of the new National Bank of Yakima City bear upon them a vignette of the celebrated "Yakima Gap."

Some Indian loggers last week found a box containing five silver watches, about three miles from Tacoma, which had evidently been stolen and hid away several years ago.

The Seattle Herald says: There is no good reason, except a lack of enterprise, to prevent Puget Sound from being the largest shipbuilding location on the American continent. It has superior advantages for the development of such an industry, but lacks capital and enterprise.

Henry Villard and party left New York on the 22d for Portland. They will stop a few days at Salt Lake City and San Francisco.

The O. R. & N. Co. are filling in their land below the Dalles postoffice.

Wasco county farmers, who were troubled with grasshoppers last year, fear a visit from them again. Large quantities of their eggs are being found.

Judge B. Whitten died on the 18th instant at the residence of J. B. Eaton, at Union. He was in fair health last fall when he left The Dalles, but failed gradually during the winter.

Henry Clifford, signal officer at Spokane Falls, has resigned, and will be succeeded by Mr. Hemingway of Dayton.

S. M. Maxon, of Vancouver, has disappeared. He left word that he had a duel to fight. It is thought that he suicided.

James Hill, the Walla Walla boy said to have been afflicted with hydrophobia, has been sent to the insane asylum.

Several horses have died lately near Gaston.

Scarlet fever is prevalent in Washington county.

The residence of L. J. Bower, west of North Yamhill, has been destroyed by fire.

An auction sale of 30 head of horses, mares and geldings will be held at Corvallis on the 21st inst.

A boy named Walter Cowan, of Albany was severely burned about the face by carelessly exploding a can of powder.

The saw mill of Alfred Davies will be removed from Beaverton to a point near Kalama, where a large quantity of cedar can be had.

The ship Majestic is loading piles at Seabeck for Alameda.

Dean & Nowhall will soon establish a stove factory at Oregan Island.

Opium dens at Ainsworth have been raided and smokers ordered to leave.

The rapid rise in Snake river has stopped some work on Ainsworth bridge.

The Universalist church building at Dayton has been sold to Congregationalists.

The Washington mills at Waitsburg are to be enlarged this summer and new machinery placed.

J. Lanahan, a workman on one of the stone barges at Ainsworth, is missing, and it is thought he is drowned.

Miss Alice Westons, residing seven miles from Dayton, is down with smallpox. This is the third case in the family. Patients at the pest-house are recovering.

Mrs. Williamson and Phillips, recently from Kansas, have purchased 350 acres at Windy Cove, Mason county. On the tract is 75 acres of cranberry marsh, and other tracts will be converted to the same use.

J. H. Raley, J. H. Cavanaugh and D. K. Smith have formed a company to furnish Pendleton with water.

The Episcopal church at Eugene has been furnished with new benches.

A dwelling owned by Floyd Vaughn, near Eugene City, was burned last week; loss \$700.

There are 1105 school children in Clatsop county, an increase of 15 per cent. over last year.

Pendleton has 417 children of school age. M. G. Willis takes charge of the Pendleton hotel on the 1st at Pendleton.

A number of hard looking fellows were fired last week by the marshal at Eugene City.

Miss Lulu McKay, of Pendleton, while skating on rollers, fell and broke her wrist in two places.

A number of men of Independence, have entered into an agreement not to lay around the saloons and gamble.

The Roseburg school board have elected B. A. Cathey principal, Jeannette Webb and Winifred Mosher assistant.

The saw mills on the Sound are all being run to their full capacity.

A large number of contracts are out for building steamers at Seattle.

Fourteen acres of land a mile below Dayton were sold last week for \$1200.

Julius Thielson after inspecting the new road to Blue Mountain, pronounces the work well done and says it will be ready to operate next Tuesday.

It is stated that the business men of Pomroy have organized a private company to build a railroad from Snake river to that place up the Pataha.

The two coal trains from the Carbonado mines bring to the bunkers, at Tacoma, 70 cars each, about 420 tons a day. This coal is improving in quality.

The protracted meeting at Buena Vista held by Rev. Bowersox, Hallenbaugh and Husher of the Evangelical Association, resulted in twenty accessions to the church and fifteen conversions.

R. R. freight hereafter passes Riddle and goes to the front. The new road will probably be completed to Julia, says the Pioneer, and freight and passengers will be landed there by the first of May.

A lamp fell to the floor in a hall at Buena Vista and scattered the oil. A fool of a lunatic touched a match to it for smartness and came near destroying the building in which there were at the time a number of people cut off from the hall way.

Pullman cars are to run through from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, by way of the Pennsylvania, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Northern Pacific roads, when the latter is completed.

It is now pretty generally understood that Sup't Hallett, with his 1000 white men and 5000 Chinese, will complete the work allotted them by the 1st of April. The entire force will go back to Portland.

A tannery has started at Walla Walla; the hemlock bark used is obtained near Lake Pend d'Oreille.

The distance by the O. R. & N. Co.'s road to Snake river from Umatilla, is 223 miles, at a cost of \$5,000,000.

Henry Villard and his associates in New York control 1382 miles of the railroads in Washington and Oregon, viz: The Northern Pacific Co., 487; the O. R. & N. Co., 237; the Oregon and California R. R. Co., 350; the Oregon Improvement Co., 21. The 487 of the Northern Pacific Co., are in W. T., as are also the 21 miles of the Oregon Improvement Co., the latter being the coal road between Seattle and Newcastle.

THE ST. JOHN LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.
Directors:
D. P. THOMPSON, P. T. SMITH,
L. A. BARNES, W. BYRON DANIELS,
JAMES T. GRAY.
Office, corner First and Washington Sts. Portland, Oregon.
Capital Stock - - \$375,000

Parties desiring a safe and profitable investment should call or write for information at once.

Messrs. Baird & Wagner are agents for the Company in Corvallis and can give information of value to persons seeking first-class investments.

20-11-82

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, \$3.00 a year, shows the progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, 375, P.O. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 231 B'way, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

CORVALLIS Livery, Feed, SALE STABLE.



Main St., Corvallis, Oregon.

SOL KING, Prop.

(OWNING BOTH BARN I AM PREPARED to offer superior accommodations in the livery Always ready for a drive.

GOOD TEAMS At Low Rates.

My stables are first-class in every respect, and am potent and obliging hostlers always ready to serve the public.

REASONABLE CHARGES FOR HIRE.

Particular Attention Paid to Boarding Horses.

ELEGANT HEARSE, CARRIAGES AND HACK FOR FUNERALS. 18-27

Farmers and others desiring a general, lucrative agency business, by which \$5 to \$20 a day can be earned, send address at once, on postal, to H. C. WILSON & Co., 126 and 127 Fulton Street, New York.

Try Fincher's Oregon Blood Purifier.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts, 50 cts, and \$1 At T. Graham.

SAVE MONEY

By buying at dealers' prices. We will sell you any article for family or personal use, in any quantity at Wholesale Price. Whatever you want, send for our catalogue (free) and you will find it there. We carry in stock the largest variety of goods in the United States. MONTGOMERY WARD & Co. 227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

GEORGE H. HENKLE.

HENKLE & DAVIS,

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

(In Crawford & Farra's New Brick.)

CORVALLIS, - OREGON

20-11-81

C. H. WHITNEY & Co.

Are now located in their new store in Crawford & Farra's new brick block, with an immense stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies Dolmans

Cloaks, Ulsters,

Furnishing Goods, and a fine display of new patterns in Staple and

FANCY

DRESS GOODS!

CORSETS, KNIT HOODS AND SACQUES,

TRIMMINGS, CLOVS, & C.

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, OVERCOATS AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

GROCERIES, TOBACCOS AND CIGARS,

Cutlery, &c., &c.

These Goods are offered to the public at

prices lower than can possibly be

found in the city.

Remember the Place, in Crawford & Farra's New Brick Block,

CORVALLIS, OR.

C. H. Whitney & Co.

10-14-81

FOR SALE. Two unimproved lots in the best building places in the city for sale reasonable. ALNO Four unimproved lots except fenced in Corvallis, Or. The choicest building place in the city for sale reasonable. Enquire of M. S. Woodcock at the Gazette office.

FOR SALE. Valuable farm all under cultivation, situated 1/2 mile west of Monroe, 1 of a mile from a good school, in one of the best neighborhoods in the state with church privileges handy. About 120 acres in cultivation, and over 400 can be cultivated. All under fence, with good two story frame house, large barn and orchard, has running water the year around, and is well suited for stock and dairy purposes. This is one of the choicest farms in the Willamette Valley. Terms easy. Enquire of M. S. Woodcock at the Gazette office.

FOR SALE. A FARM of 478 acres, being one of the cheapest and best farms in Benton county, situated 1/2 mile west of Monroe, 1 of a mile from a good school, in one of the best neighborhoods in the state with church privileges handy. About 120 acres in cultivation, and over 400 can be cultivated. All under fence, with good two story frame house, large barn and orchard, has running water the year around, and is well suited for stock and dairy purposes. This is one of the choicest farms in the Willamette Valley. Terms easy. Enquire of M. S. Woodcock at the Gazette office.

FOR SALE GOOD BUSINESS. Undivided interest in a saw mill run by water power, a good planer and seven acres of land used in connection with the mill. Power sufficient to run all of the year, situated handy to market and within about 7 miles of Corvallis with an excellent good road to and from it. Terms easy. Enquire of M. S. Woodcock at the Gazette office.

PORTLAND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

(Old "NATIONAL," Established 1860.)

128 Front St.,

Between Washington and Alder, PORTLAND, - - OREGON.

An institution designed for the practical business education of both sexes.

Students! Admitted on any week-day of the year. No vacation at any time, and no examination on entering.

Scholarship, for Full Business Course, \$50

PEN WORK

Of all kinds executed to order at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

The College Journal, containing information of the course of study, when to enter, time required, cost of board, etc., and cuts of ornamental penmanship, from the pen of Prof. Vasco, sent free.

Address - A. P. ARMSTRONG, Lock Box 104, Portland, Oregon. 10-31-82