

HOW GAMBETTA LOST AN EYE.

His father, who had no provision of the boy's future celebrity, wanted to secure him against military service by keeping him an Italian. Immunity from soldiering was brought about accidentally. As Gambetta was watching a knife-grinder operate on a wheel, the blade of the knife got detached from the handle and flew into the boy's eye and blinded it. He was very much puffed in consequence, and the mother was emboldened by her increased tenderness to insist upon Leon being sent to the Petit Seminaire of Montaucon to receive a classical education. He husband was an enemy to higher instruction and thought the communal school sufficient for a boy whose destiny it was to be a provincial grocer.

WITH BROTHER BROWN.

We heard the story related by a clergyman as an actual experience and as an example of things humorous which sometimes crop out prominently during the serious times of revival meetings. It was at one of these gatherings that a Mr. Brown arose and told his experience. He had been a poor miserable sinner, had fallen from grace time and again, had often yielded to his besetting sins and he humbly felt that he was unworthy to sit with his brethren and sisters, and that his proper place was behind the door. Later a sister arose. She, too, had been weak and too often stumbled by the wayside; her faith was wavered, "and in fact," continued the penitent sister, with tears in her eyes, "I feel as though my proper place was with Brother Brown behind the door."

"WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL."

A thousand years ago the masses, the nobility, the poor and rich, were wholly unacquainted with the mysteries of the alphabet and the pen. A few men known as clerks, who generally belonged to the priesthood, monopolized them as a special class of artists. They taught their business only to their seminaries and apprentices; and beyond themselves and their few pupils no one knew how to read and write, nor was it expected of the generality, any more than it would be now-a-days, that everybody should be a shoemaker or a lawyer. Kings did not even know how to sign their names, so that when they wanted to subscribe to a written contract, law or treaty, which some clerk had drawn up for them, they smear their right hand with ink and slap it down upon the parchment, saying, "witness my hand." At a later date some genius devised the substitute of a seal, which was impressed instead of the hand. Every gentleman had a seal with a peculiar device thereon. Hence the sacramental words now in use, "Witness my hand and seal," affixed to modern deeds, serves at least the purpose of reminding us of the middle ages.

SIGNATURE OF THE CROSS-MARK.

The mark which persons who are unable to write are required to make instead of their signature, is in the form of a cross, and this practice having formerly been followed by king and nobles, is constantly referred to as an instance of the deplorable ignorance of ancient times. This signature is not however, invariable proof of such ignorance. Anciently, the use of this mark was not confined to illiterate persons; for among the Saxons, the mark of the cross, as an attestation of the good faith of the person signing, was required to be attached to the signature of those who could write, as well as to stand in the place of the signature of those who could not write. In those times, if a man could write or even read, his knowledge was considered proof positive presumptive that he was in holy orders. The word clericus, or clerk, was synonymous with penman, and the laity, or people who are not clerks, did not feel any urgent necessity for the use of letters. The ancient use of the cross was, therefore, universal alike by those who could not write. It was, indeed, the symbol of an oath from its holy associations, and generally the mark.

On this account, Charles Knight, in his notes on the "Pictorial Shakespeare," explains the expression of "God save the mark," as a form of ejaculation approaching to the character of an oath. This phrase occurs three or more times in the play of Shakespeare, but for a long time was left by the commentators in its obscurity.

A young man, while out hunting for his father's pig, accosted an Irishman as follows, "Have you seen a stray pig about here?" Pat responded, "Faix, how could I tell a stray pig from any other?"

She decorated her room with bric-a-brac and pictures, and placed her husband's photo on the topmost nail. Then she sat down to admire her work and blissfully remarked—"Now everything is lovely and the goose hangs high."

Be Cautious.

Don't judge a man by the clothes he wears. God made one and the tailor the other.

Don't judge him by his family relations, for Cain belonged to a good family.

Don't judge a man by his speech, for a parrot talks, but the tongue is but an instrument of sound.

Don't judge a man by his failure in life, for many a man fails because he is too honest to succeed.

Don't judge a man by the house he lives in, for the lizard and the rat often inhabit the grandest structures.

When a man dies they who survive him ask what property he has left behind. The angel who bends over the dying man asks what good deeds he has sent before him.

EDITING A PAPER.

Editing a paper is a pleasant business—if you like it. If it contains much political matter people won't have it. If the type is large it don't contain much reading matter.

If we publish telegraph reports, folks say they are nothing but lies. If we omit them they say we have no enterprise, or suppress them for political effect.

If we have a few jokes, folks say we are nothing but rattled heads.

If we omit jokes, folks say we are nothing but old fossils.

If we publish original matter, they damn us not giving selections.

If we give selections, people say we are lazy for not writing more; and giving them what they have not read in some other paper.

If we give a complimentary notice we are censured for being partial.

If we don't, all hands say we are a great hog.

If we insert an article which pleases the ladies, the men become jealous, and vice versa.

If we attend church, they say it is for effect.

If we remain in our office, attending to our own business, folks say we are too proud to mingle with our fellows.

If we go out, they say we don't attend to our business.

If we don't pay up promptly, they say we are not to be trusted.

If we pay up promptly, they say we borrowed the money.—Ex.

CREAM PUDDING.—Stir together one pint of cream, three ounces of sugar, the yolks of three eggs and a little grated nutmeg; add the well-beaten whites, stirring lightly, and pour into a buttered pie plate on which has been sprinkled the crumbs of stale bread to about the thickness of an ordinary crust sprinkle over the top a layer of bread crumbs and bake.

STEWED CELERY.—Trim and cut in uniform length a number of heads of celery, split them in half lengthwise, tie them in bundles with thread and parboil them fifteen minutes in salted water, drain them and arrange over some slices of bacon, some bay leaves and thyme, a minced onion, pepper and salt to taste, add enough stock to cover the contents of a saucepan. Set on the fire and simmer gently until the celery is quite tender. Arrange the celery on a hot platter, strain the stock in which it was stewed, remove all fat from it, add a piece of butter to it, pour over the celery and serve.

SOUTHERN DISCUT.—Two cups of self-rising flour, one spoonful of lard, mix with warm milk; knead into dough, and roll; cut with biscuit cutter and prick each with a straw. Cook in a hot oven ten minutes.

For Sale. For a long time there has been in the GAZETTE office an over abundant supply of type and printing material sufficient to run about two such offices. We have concluded to offer for sale all of our surplus material which we do not need. Among other things are the following: About 100 lbs. of long primer, 16 1/2 lbs. long primer italic, including upper and lower cases, 27 lbs. of another kind of long primer, 29 lbs. bourgeois, about 50 lbs. brevier upper and lower cases and italic, about 100 lbs. of minion including italic and upper and lower cases, about 50 fonts of job, advertising and poster type of all kinds and sizes, 30 lbs. of 12 em leads and other sizes of leads and slugs, two or three cabinets, column rules, dashes, and many other things too numerous to mention. Any person wishing to assort up or start anew, we can furnish them many things they need on reasonable terms. If parties desiring any thing in the line of printing material will drop us a postal card we will take pleasure in telling them whether we have what they want.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

(Written expressly for the GAZETTE by a celebrated Eastern Scientist.)

A Finnish meteorologist, Prof. Lemstrom, announces that he has made a remarkable experiment, in which he placed on the apex of a hill a galvanic battery with conductors covering an area of about 10,000 square feet. The cone became surrounded by a halo which faintly but perfectly yielded the spectrum of the aurora, and the experimenter regards this result, with some subsequent ones, as direct proof of the electrical nature of the mysterious light which is often dances in northern skies.

Mon. Sanson has investigated the excitant property of oats, and finds it to be due to a nitrogenized substance which he names "avenine." This principle exists, in varying proportion, in all oats, but, as a rule, it is contained in greater quantity by the dark-colored than by the white varieties. Crushing or grinding the grain weakens considerably its excitant action upon horses, probably by altering the excitant substance. No excitant action is sure to be produced by oats containing less than nine-tenths of one per cent of avenine, but with a greater proportion of the latter the effect is certain.

A prize of \$1500 has been offered by the Prussian Society for encouragement of industry for the best account and estimation of the methods of working coal mines, including modes of ventilation and precautions to ensure the safety of mines.

European observations seem to indicate that the condition of the soil and the atmosphere has much to do with the development of cancer, the disease being extremely prevalent in low, alluvial situations, and seldom seen in dry uplands.

It is reported that the Italian exploring party lately returned from the South Pacific found many human bones of great size in Patagonia, indicating the former existence of a race of giants in that country.

From a report given by Dr. D. E. Salmon, of the department of Agriculture, in reply to enquiries from abroad, it appears that carbon fever is not known to be very destructive to the domestic animals of the United States, its ravages being most severe in the lower Mississippi valley, where it causes heavy losses of stock at times, especially after great inundations. Dr. Salmon does not believe that the introduction of Pasteur's method of protective vaccination could be made a success as a business venture. Experience in Europe has shown that the susceptibility of animals to the virus varies greatly in different countries, and before the plan of vaccination can be adopted here expensive experiments must be made to determine the proper strength of vaccine for American animals. A government laboratory for the preparation and free distribution of vaccines of carbon and other contagious diseases of animals would, it is suggested, be desirable.

Esquimaux are said to be able to see objects at a much greater distance than Americans or Europeans, and this remarkable keenness of vision enables them to spread intelligence by means of sign telegraphy over hundreds of miles in a single day.

According to Mr. J. K. Laughton, of the London Meteorological Society, measurements now made of the force and velocity of the wind are very unsatisfactory on account of the lack of a standard anemometer.

By welding together iron and steel Mons. Kiel has obtained a product which is stated to possess the characters of both metals. This so-called steel-iron has been prepared in five ways, viz: Steel by the side of iron, steel between two layers of iron, iron between two layers of steel, a core of steel surrounded by iron, and a core of iron surrounded by steel.

Mons. Tissandier have constructed an electro-magnetic engine, an aerial screw propeller and a bichromate battery which they propose to use for directing a large elongated balloon. By a trial of this apparatus in their workshop at Point du Tour, France, the constructors have shown that it will yield the work of twelve to fifteen men for a period of three hours, while its weight does not exceed that of three men. The Messrs. Tissandier propose to use their balloon for rational experiments in the air, and they do not expect to propel it against strong winds.

At a point between forty-three and fifty fathoms beneath the surface of the sea, Secchi, Portales and Bouguer have found that all traces of light cease, the most delicate chemical tests remaining unaffected when sunk lower in the water. Prof. T. Fuchs finds in this limit of light penetration a division line which separates all oceanic life into two great classes, one of which seeks the light, while the other remains in a region of total darkness. The fauna of light inhabits the shallow water near coasts, and is not abundant at a greater depth than thirty fathoms; while the species of darkness live in the deep sea, and are never found much nearer the surface than fifty fathoms during daylight, although some of them rise to the surface at night.

Farmers and others desiring a general, lucrative agency business, by which \$5 to \$20 a day can be earned, send address at once, on postal, to H. C. WILKINSON & Co., 193 and 197 Fulton Street, New York.

Real Estate Agency. I have some very desirable property on the Bay for sale in lots from 10 to 257 acres. Some of this is near the O. P. R. R. terminus. Persons wishing to invest will do well to call on me when prices are reasonable. Address with stamps to post pay postage. New or. Benton County Or., R. A. BENZELL.

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Parties desiring a safe and profitable investment should call or write for information at once. Messrs. Bufford and Wagner are agents for the Company in Corvallis and can give information of value to persons seeking first-class investments. 20-11 m3

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

(Written by a special correspondent.)

MAN.

There are four grand kingdoms in the universe— mineral, vegetable, animal, and spiritual. Man is an epitome of the universe; in his being is both material and spiritual substance blended, so as to constitute him the masterpiece of creation; man is the Key Stone in the Royal Arch that spans God's Temple—eternity, and connects material and spiritual substance. To strike man out of creation, would leave God's works in two parts; the Arch would not be complete; there would be an unoccupied space, a blank in the high way of creation. God made man last, and made him the greatest. To be a man, is the highest distinction that can be conferred on any order of intelligence in the universe of God. Every man should be proud of his own being, and he is bound to protect his life and the lives of his fellow men, as a duty to himself and his Creator; he has no moral right to knowingly put in operation a train of circumstances whose ultimate forces will result in his own destruction, or the destruction of his race. God has clothed every rational minded man with influences that he can't shake off; every man is his "brothers keeper." Man sheds forth two kinds of influences, conscious and unconscious. He sees and realizes the conscious, the unconscious goes out and on further than he perceives or conceives. His unconscious influences are felt and borne by unborn generations, they are conveyed along the stream of humanity that is to appear on the stage of action. There are sins that are visited on the heads of the children, down to the third and fourth generation. Drunkards generally beget drunkards. Drunkenness very often becomes a disease, one that incapacitates its victim for self government. There is no use for a man to rattle back on his dignity in a republican form of government like ours, and claim exemption from responsibilities for the evils that are established and protected by our statutory laws. Our laws don't originate and make themselves, man is the originator and maker. God holds us responsible for what we make as well as what we use. It is no small matter to be a man and to be armed with responsibilities that puts in motion waves of influences that lash on the shores of two worlds or two states, time and eternity. It ought to be a man's duty and mother to be a man and to be armed with responsibilities that puts in motion waves of influences that lash on the shores of two worlds or two states, time and eternity. It ought to be a man's duty and mother to be a man and to be armed with responsibilities that puts in motion waves of influences that lash on the shores of two worlds or two states, time and eternity. It ought to be a man's duty and mother to be a man and to be armed with responsibilities that puts in motion waves of influences that lash on the shores of two worlds or two states, time and eternity.

All persons desiring extra copies of the GAZETTE while our articles descriptive of Benton county giving the names of tax payers (&c.), are being published, will please leave or send their orders to the office immediately so that we may be able to know how many extras to print.

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Guardian of John D. Mulkey late deceased, has filed his account for final settlement of the affairs of said deceased in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Benton, on SATURDAY, THE 7th DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1883, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Court house in Corvallis, said Benton County in the time and place fixed by said Court for hearing and determining objections to said accounts and the final settlement thereof. This 6th day of March 1883. A. G. MULKEY, Guardian of John D. Mulkey.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. In the matter of the estate of Stephen King deceased. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of Sale duly made by the County Court, of the State of Oregon, for Benton County, on Tuesday the 6th day of February, 1883, as the regular February term of said court, and duly entered in the Journal of said court, directing and commanding me, Permelia King, administratrix of said estate, to sell at public auction all the right, title, interest and estate, that the said Stephen King had at the time of his death, in and to the following described premises to-wit: The undivided eight interest in and to 150 acres Real Property heretofore set off as the dower of Almada J. King and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the Northwest corner of chain No. 29, T. 10 S. R. 6 W. Sec. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Permelia King, Administratrix of the estate of Stephen King deceased. By CURSWEYM & JOHNSON, Her Attorneys.

SOCIETIES.

A. F. AND A. M.

Corvallis Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M., meets on Wednesday evening, on or preceding full moon. JOSEPH KESSEK, W. M. Rocky Lodge, No. 75, F. and A. M., meets on Wednesday evening after full moon. S. E. BELKNAP, W. M.

R. A. M. Ferguson Chapter, No. 1, R. A. M., meets Thursday evening on or preceding full moon. WALLACE HALDWIN, H. P. K. O. P. Valley Lodge, No. 11, K. O. P., meets every Wednesday evening. W. P. KEADY, K. R. S. T. C. ALEXANDER, H. G. I. O. O. F. Burnam Lodge, No. 7, I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening. T. C. ALEXANDER, H. G. A. G. U. W. Friendship Lodge, No. 14, A. G. U. W., meets first and third Thursdays in each month. B. J. HAWTHORN, W. M.

CHURCH DIRECTORY. BAPTIST CHURCH SERVICES.—Preaching every second and fourth Sabbath in each month at the College Chapel, by the Rev. F. P. Davidson. Services begin at 11 A. M., and 6:30 P. M. All are invited. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Regular services every Sabbath morning and evening. Sunday School at the College Chapel, by the Rev. F. P. Davidson. Prayers meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Public cordially invited. H. P. DUNNING, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.—Services regularly every Sabbath morning and evening, unless otherwise announced. Sunday School at the College Chapel, by the Rev. F. P. Davidson. Prayers meeting every Thursday at 7 P. M. The public cordially invited. Rev. J. DOWNSON, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—There will be public services at the M. E. Church every Sabbath at 11 o'clock in the morning. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock. M. E. CHURCH SOCIETY.—Services every Sabbath at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M., at the college chapel. Sunday School at the college chapel. Prayers meeting Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Public cordially invited. J. K. S. BELL, Pastor.

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