

Corvallis, Oct. 29, '80.

W. B. CARTER, EDITOR

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For President of the United States, JAMES A. GARFIELD, OF OHIO.

For Vice President, CHESTER A. ARTHUR, OF NEW YORK.

For Presidential Electors, GEO. R. CURRY, C. B. WATSON, K. L. APPELGATE.

THE ELECTION.

On next Tuesday the voters of the United States will be called upon to decide the most important question that has been submitted to them for a number of years, a President of the United States to be elected, and by that act a National administration endorsed or changed.

Can there be a doubt in which scale the influence, and more, the vote of every man alive to the great issues of the contest, is to be cast?

On one side a soldier—bred in the profession of arms—well would it have been for his reputation on the pages of history had he never imperiled the position of ease secured to him by a country grateful for the weight his sword cast into the doubtful fortunes of Gettysburg's carnage.

Whom have we on the other side? A man—sprung from the people—who has won every step in his grand career by that best of discipline, self-discipline; who has graced every step that he won by so filling it as to prove his fitness for a higher one—who is in the best sense self-taught; to whom the fortunes, the aspirations of almost every condition of life are familiar, for he has tried them in turn, and there succeeded.

So we close our columns for the last words before the great day arrives, with VOTE FOR GARFIELD, as our parting injunction to all men good and true.

Hancock was never renowned for his strategic qualities. He was a good fighter but a bad planner. Now, with the "solid South" on three sides and Tammany on the other, he seems to be in a position which calls for some superior generalship.

Nobody charges that there will be any risk in electing Garfield. Business will not be disturbed, resumption will not be impeded, and prosperity will not be checked.

There is no reason in history for the "Solid South." The excuses offered are false and frivolous. The solid South is aggressive, and is the reappearance of the Southern Confederacy does not know that fact ought to have a surgical operation performed on his head.

Vote for the people's friend—J. A. Garfield.

ANSWER TO THE OREGONIAN

It is but seldom that we wish our readers to notice what appears in the "Oregonian," outside of the telegraphic news: for its sad to say that rarely are the valley interests appealed to in its columns.

To these papers which were presented in April, 1879, to the U. S. engineer officers charged with the location of a harbor of refuge, are attached the names for this county, of John Burnett, F. A. Chenoweth, John Ray, W. B. Carter and B. W. Wilson.

Has the "Oregonian" any censure for this act, for which Mr. Hirsch has ventured to claim privileges as a Senator of Oregon? None. The "Oregonian" thinks there is "not much probability" of Yaquina Bay being improved as a harbor and of the railroad being constructed.

It is no secret that our present hopes of deliverance from the necessity of passing and paying the Portland toll gate every time we pass in and out of our State, has been won in the face of bitter opposition, engendered, operated, and inspired from that city and the corporations which there find their headquarters—and by those hopes of deliverance we stand.

How does the business man like the prospect of a "change" which will put the affairs of the country under the control of Tammany and the Solid South? If Hancock is elected, these two forces will control his administration.

The feeble rural roster of the Oregon Democratic country press had barely "peeped" when the lightning from Indiana struck him; and now he is consigned to the basket of bad eggs.—Telegram.

General Grant says of Hancock and the South: "He is crazy to be President. He is ambitious, vain and weak. They will easily control him."

Every person that has the best interests of the country in general at heart, will vote for Garfield next Tuesday.

When a workingman votes for Hancock, he votes for a decrease in his own wages. Bear this in mind. Republican Greenbackers, remember that every vote you cast for Weaver is one less for Garfield.

Why have the Democratic press totally ignored the interview of the Patterson editor with Hancock?

No man can name a single risk in electing Garfield President.

OUR REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Editor:—Having been an eye witness of the proceedings of the Legislature just adjourned, I feel competent to judge of its work and workers. It can be said truly that no legislature in the years gone by ever showed so much of that spirit calculated to the disadvantage of all general interests as this one of 1880.

Multnomah county came solid in the Senate to oppose everything and anything demanded by the people and to support all measures for the benefit of monopolizing corporations. Hon. J. N. Dolph was able to run the delegation from that county and control six out of the eight hold over republican Senators. This was enough to make the fight on Senate Bill 82 nearly even, and Hon. John Henry Smith, the granger, the farmer friend, and workingmans champion, threw his weight on the Portland side of the scale and the great Willamette Valley was left in her race for justice.

Hon. Geo. Waggoner was careful and attentive, ever ready and willing to assist such legislative action as would prove beneficial. He was vigilant and done a great deal to quiet local differences that good laws might be enacted.

Hon. F. M. Wadsworth never faltered, but worked faithfully and earnestly to accomplish results that would meet the approbation of his constituency, and no one will be able to say he did not succeed.

Hon. R. L. Clow, Benton has a half interest in this gentleman, and it is just to say he represented that half interest nobly. Mr. Clow worked with zeal and made good use of the assistance he received from friends. Nothing but influences of a doubtful character prevented the passage of Senate bill 82.

The legislature of 1880 is now a thing of the past, but a record is left and an impression on my mind that makes it obligatory to say at this time, "People of the Willamette Valley and Eastern Oregon, you are in the toils of a money power, growing stronger day by day, a power whose rapidly increasing wealth makes it possible to control all future legislation.

Has anybody discovered anywhere a Workingmen's Hancock Club? It would be a funny spectacle to see a workingman shouting for the reduction of his own wages.

In the South bulldozing and the tissue-ballet, in the North combination and the lottery, are the favorite Democratic political methods.

Voters of Benton county should remember that there has been no real cause shown why you should not vote for Garfield.

Do you think a man that calls the tariff a local question is fit for President? Hancock thus terms it.

Hancock's tongue is the best campaign document the Republicans have had.

The "329" racket didn't "pan" worth a cent in Ohio, Garfield's home. James A. Garfield—the next President.

DO WE NEED A CHANGE.

The principal argument used by Democrats in the present campaign is that a change of administration would be in the interest of the people; that the Republican administration is corrupt, etc., etc.

Now, as a direct answer to these various charges, we print below a few figures taken from the official reports of the various investigating committees appointed by a Democratic Congress, for the purpose of ascertaining just how much money had been stolen by the various Republican officers. These investigations were made at government expense, and extend over the various administrations from George Washington to President Hayes, and the report was that there had been lost to the United States by fraud and mismanagement during that time the amounts following:

Under the administration of Washington, \$2.22 on every \$1,000 of the revenue; under John Adams, \$2.59 per 1000; Thomas Jefferson, \$2.75 per 1000; James Madison, \$4.16 per 1000; James Monroe, \$8.58 per 1000; John Quincy Adams, \$4.59 per 1000; Andrew Jackson, \$7.52 per \$1000; Van Buren, \$11.71 per \$1000; Harrison Tyler, \$6.40 per \$1000; Jas. K. Polk, \$4.08 per \$1000; Tyler and Fillmore, \$4.19 per \$1000; Franklin Pierce, \$3.56 per \$1000; James Buchanan, \$3.81 per \$1000; Abraham Lincoln, 76 cents per \$1000; Andrew Johnson, 37 cents per \$1000; U. S. Grant, 24 cents per \$1000, and R. B. Hayes, only 80 cents on each one million.

Figures don't lie, and these are Democratic figures at that. Let every voter consider this fact before casting his vote, and then say by his ballot that he does not desire a change on the above showing.

GARFIELD ON THE CHINESE.

The Herald's Cleveland special says: the following is an extract from an interview which the city editor of the Cleveland Leader had with General Garfield at Mentor some time before his nomination: "What is your opinion, General, with reference to the Chinese question?" "I have a great deal of sympathy with the people of California and other Pacific States in reference to this subject, but it was a mistake on the part of some Congressmen to confound the immigration of the regular Chinese to this country with the advent of coolies, who may be brought here under contract, and perhaps as slaves.

There are laws to prevent their importation into the United States, just as in the old time. These laws can be made to apply to coolies just as stringently, or better still, to obtain the end in view, of preventing the introduction of coolie labor, to the disadvantage of the working classes of this country. We might make a treaty with China by which it could be understood that slaves or coolies were not to be landed on our shores, but to say that any well-behaved, law-abiding person should be kept away when desirous of coming of his own free will, aside from the coolie system, would be hard and contrary to the intentions of our institutions."

"Will a bill of the character you indicate be apt to pass?" "A bill in some modified form will be presented, and if in the proper shape relative to coolies, we, the Republican Congressmen, will be willing to help its passage, and the President and all will concur in it; otherwise not."

Which will have the more effect upon the voters of the country—the magnificent indorsement of Garfield by his own State, or the blackguardly attacks upon him by the Democratic press.

Its recipe has been furnished to physicians everywhere; and they, recognizing its superior qualities, administer it in their practice.

For nearly forty years AYER'S SASSAPARILLA has been widely used, and it now possesses the confidence of millions of people who have experienced benefits from its marvellous curative virtues.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

ATTENTION LAND BUYERS!

I HAVE SOME FINE LOCATIONS ON AND NEAR THE Bay Side at reasonable prices, also a store doing a good business, and well stocked, for sale at a low price.

F. A. JOHNSON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon.

OCULIST AND ELECTRICIAN. Surgery a Specialty.

We Want You to Know PAUL, THE PAINTER.

IT'S AGAIN IN TOWN, AND PREPARED TO DO UP ANY kind of plain and ornamental painting in the best style and at lowest rates.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The following is the platform passed by the recent Republican convention held at Chicago: Republican rule has restored upon a solid basis peace and order to the national government, and has given us a currency absolutely good, that legal and equal in every part of our extended country. It has lifted the credit of the nation from the point where it stood in 1865 to that of today, and has secured for our people bonds as eagerly sought as a premium. Under its administration, railways have increased from 31,000 miles in 1860, to more than 83,000 miles in 1879.

First.—We reaffirm the belief avowed in 1876 that the duties levied for the purpose of revenue should be so arranged as to favor American labor; that no tariff should be so high as to prevent the free importation of raw materials and other articles which are essential to the production of our manufactures; and that it is the duty of Congress to protect our industries from unfair competition by the payment of every dollar thereof; that the protective duties should be so arranged as to give to our laboring classes the benefit of the tariff; that the tariff should be so arranged as to give to our laboring classes the benefit of the tariff; that the tariff should be so arranged as to give to our laboring classes the benefit of the tariff.

Second.—The constitution of the United States is a sacred and inviolable compact between the people of the several States. It made a sovereign nation. Some portions are denied to the nation, while others are reserved to the States, but the boundary between the power delegated and those reserved is to be determined by national and not by State tribunals.

Third.—The work of popular education is one left to the care of the several States, but it is the duty of the national government to aid that work to the extent of its constitutional ability. The intelligence of the nation is not the property of the States, but of the several States and the destiny of the nation must be decided not by the genius of any one State, but by the average genius of all.

Fourth.—The constitution wisely forbids Congress to pass any law respecting the establishment of religion, but it is the duty of the national government to see that no State is exposed to its particular domination. Some portions are denied to the nation, while others are reserved to the States, but the boundary between the power delegated and those reserved is to be determined by national and not by State tribunals.

Fifth.—We reaffirm the belief avowed in 1876 that the duties levied for the purpose of revenue should be so arranged as to favor American labor; that no tariff should be so high as to prevent the free importation of raw materials and other articles which are essential to the production of our manufactures; and that it is the duty of Congress to protect our industries from unfair competition by the payment of every dollar thereof; that the protective duties should be so arranged as to give to our laboring classes the benefit of the tariff; that the tariff should be so arranged as to give to our laboring classes the benefit of the tariff.

Sixth.—Since the authority to regulate immigration and intercourse between the United States and foreign nations rests with the Congress of the United States, and it is the duty of the national government to see that no State is exposed to its particular domination. Some portions are denied to the nation, while others are reserved to the States, but the boundary between the power delegated and those reserved is to be determined by national and not by State tribunals.

Seventh.—That the purity and patriotism which characterized the earlier career of R. B. Hayes in peace and war, and which guided the thought of his illustrious predecessor to him for the presidential candidate, have continued to inspire him in his career as chief executive, and that history will record to his administration the honors which are due to an efficient and courageous fulfillment of the public trust, and will honor his interposition between the people and the power of the trusts.

Eighth.—We charge upon the Democratic party the responsibility of the present condition of the country, and we demand that they should be held responsible for the present condition of the country, and we demand that they should be held responsible for the present condition of the country.

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SAVE YOUR FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

FARMERS, TO BECOME WEALTHY, LIKE THOSE OF FRANCE AND GERMANY, MUST INCREASE THEIR EXPORTS. WE ARE PRODUCERS AS WELL AS CONSUMERS—WE PRODUCE MORE THAN WE CONSUME—AND IN NO WAY CAN WE DO THIS MORE EFFECTUALLY THAN BY PLANTING GOOD ORCHARDS OF SELECT FRUITS, THEREBY MAKING A GOOD AND HAPPY HOME FOR OUR CHILDREN, AND AT THE SAME TIME GIVING THEM USEFUL AND REMUNERATIVE EMPLOYMENT BY TEACHING THEM HOW TO PRESERVE THE GREAT VARIETIES OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES THAT GROW UPON THEIR FATHER'S FARM.

THEN USE PLUMMER'S NEW PATENT FAMILY FRUIT DRIER,

which absolutely has no machinery of any kind, and is so simple in its construction that children and aged people can run it on any kind of fruit or vegetables. Seventy-five in successful operation in Linn county. Its cheapness and efficiency recommend it to every body.

We have opened a foreign market and are prepared to pay the cash market price for all fruits dried by this process. It has no equal. Terms liberal. Write for information to the CORVALLIS FRUIT COMPANY, Corvallis, Benton Co., Oregon.

July 1st, 1880. 17:284f

The Oregon and Washington Land Company

ADVERTISE OREGON FARMS FOR SALE, largely in the Coast, from \$500 to \$50,000. In that case, \$6.00 for each farm sold. Farmers will find it to their interest to call on CHENOWETH & JOHNSON, Agents O. & W. L. Co. Corvallis, Oct. 8, 1879. 16:41v1

CITY STABLES THOS. EGLIN Proprietor, On the Corner West of the Engine House, CORVALLIS, - - OREGON.

HAVING COMPLETED OUR new stock of harnesses, we are better than ever prepared to keep the BEST OF TEAMS, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, AND SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE. At Reasonable Rates.

Particular attention given to Boarding Horses Bought and Sold or Exchanged. PLEASE GIVE US A CALL. 17:29v1

NOTICE! Do not fail to send for our Price List for our new and improved Family Fruit Drier, with full descriptions of every article of fruit and vegetable, and also a full list of the names of the proprietors of the various fruit and vegetable driers in the United States.

THE SAN FRANCISCO BULLETIN, Leading Evening Newspaper West of the Rocky Mountains.

IT IS THE RECOGNIZED AUTHORITY IN COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CIRCLES, and the best Weekly Journal on the Pacific Coast.

The Weekly Bulletin is a mammoth twelve-page Journal, and in proportion to its size the cheapest paper in the country.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. THE WEEKLY AND FRIDAY BULLETIN, forming together the most complete WEEKLY BULLETIN published on the Pacific Coast, will be sent to any address, postpaid, on the following terms:

One year, \$3.00; Six months, \$1.50; Three months, \$0.75. Weekly Bulletin Alone, One year, \$2.50; Six months, \$1.25.

Remittances by Draft, Postoffice Order, Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, and Registered Letter, at our risk.

FREE SEED DISTRIBUTION. Each subscriber will be presented with several valuations of Rare and Valuable TREES, VEGETABLES, and FLOWERS, equal in value to the subscription price of the paper.

J. SURMAN, M. D., (SUCCESSOR TO DR. BARVER), OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—ON SECOND ST., near Albany Engine Company No. 1's engine house, Albany, Or., January 15, 1879. 17:34f

T. C. ALEXANDER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CORVALLIS, OREGON.

OFFICE ON MONROE STREET, NEAR COURT HOUSE. 15:21f3f

FOR SALE. A RARE CHANCE FOR A GOOD BARGAIN.

Lots 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12 in block No. 19, Dixon addition to the city of Corvallis, and also lots 7, 8 and 9 in block No. 17 in the County addition to the city of Corvallis.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ATTENTION LAND BUYERS! I HAVE SOME FINE LOCATIONS ON AND NEAR THE Bay Side at reasonable prices, also a store doing a good business, and well stocked, for sale at a low price.

F. A. JOHNSON, M. D. Physician, Surgeon. OCULIST AND ELECTRICIAN. Surgery a Specialty.

We Want You to Know PAUL, THE PAINTER. IT'S AGAIN IN TOWN, AND PREPARED TO DO UP ANY kind of plain and ornamental painting in the best style and at lowest rates.

Orders left at Allen & Woodward's will receive prompt attention. Corvallis, June 4th, 1880. 17:234f

Attention Farmers! WE HAVE COME TO STAY AND Supply a want long felt by you all.

We are now prepared to do any kind of work in Iron, Brass, Steel or Wood.

Repairs on Threshers, Binders, Headers, Reapers, Mowers, Rakes, Plows, etc., done with neatness and dispatch.

All kinds of NEW WORK kept in Stock. Please give us an early call.

Corvallis Plow Co. Corvallis, May 28, 1880. 17:22y1

NEW FURNITURE STORE, Main Street, Corvallis

Opposite Sol. King's Livery Stable. I have opened in this Store with a Well Selected Stock of FURNITURE.

And shall always keep and make to Order, Everything in the House Furnishing Line

Window Shades, the Hartshorn Spring Rollers made up in all Colors, Opaque and Linen Shades

Goods at bottom Prices. PHILIP WEBER. Corvallis, May 21, 1880. 17:21m6

YAQUINA STAGE LINE. NEW STAGE COACH.

Best Route to the Sea Shore. THE YAQUINA STAGE, CARRYING THE U. S. Mail and passengers, will leave Corvallis Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, at 8 A. M., and return each alternate day, connecting at Elk City with the steam launch "Eureka," which leaves for Newport Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, returning each alternate day.

Owing to the fact that we are prepared to furnish better accommodations than ever before to the traveling public, Express and last freight carefully attended to at reasonable rates, we solicit the patronage of the public for past favors we solicit their friendly cooperation. Returning our own will be taken at reduced rates.

M. M. & W. T. CROW Corvallis, June 18th, 1880. 17:244f

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!! HAVING LEASED MR. R. M. THOMPSON'S Brick Yard, one mile south of Corvallis, we are prepared to furnish you with the best quality of brick, at the lowest prices. We make our brick of a first-class quality of clay, not of loam and sand, and we defy competition. Write for our price list. We will give you a call. Yours truly, ALLEN A. PRICE. 17:25m3f

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SOL. KING, Sheriff of Benton County, Oregon. 17:40w5.