



NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET. For President of the United States, JAMES A. GARFIELD, of OHIO. For Vice President, CHESTER A. ARTHUR, of NEW YORK. For Presidential Electors, GEO. B. CURRY, C. B. WATSON, E. L. APPELGATE.

TO THE YOUNG VOTERS.

Thousands of young men will this year cast their first ballot, and they understand full well that the Democratic party fought four long, bitter years to destroy the Union and perpetuate human servitude; that they strove our soldiers and sought to introduce pestilence into our Northern cities. They know that every soldier who sleeps his last sleep under a Northern or Southern sun was killed by a riddling bullet fired by a Hancock rebel, or died in hospital or camp while fighting against the Confederate flag, carried by Hancock Democrats. They know that every crippled Union soldier in all the North was maimed by shot or shell fired by an enemy who now shows the same old rebel yell for Hancock.

The mothers, wives and sisters of this fair land have not forgotten the four years of sorrow that these Hancock Democrats threw like a pall of sackcloth over the nation's hopes. There are still vacant places around hearthstones, where dear ones never come. There are memories of partings with husbands, sons, brothers and lovers, of letters describing long marches, sickness in camp and hospital, of starvation in prison, of death, all inspired and caused by Democrats who now hurrah for Hancock.

The pension business is to be entirely remodeled under the administration of Hancock. The Confederate soldiers have long felt that their claim to be recognized as pensioners was a little better than that of the men who were so unfortunate as to fight under the old flag. Robt. Hannan, a member of the 15th Regiment, South Carolina Volunteers, has filed his application for pension for the loss of an arm while fighting against his country. The case will be acted upon as soon as the Confederates have secured the control of the Government, which they hope to do on the 4th of March next.

In General Garfield's letter of acceptance there are no evasions, no shrinking from a manly discussion of a frank wrestling with the questions involved in the administration of the government. American citizenship, education, the interests of trade, commerce and manufactures, the unsolved problems of the late war, which still disturb the relations of the two sections of the country, are all discussed in a statesmanlike manner, leaving no chance for misapprehension as to his attitude upon each of these great questions, which must inevitably be considered by the citizens of this country during the canvass.

There is no time now to be lost, and the party, with all its forces marshaled, must step boldly to the front and never cease till victory perch on our banner in November.

The recent Democratic gathering in New York was at least remarkable in the amount of political taffy that was used in anointing the "old man of epher alley." His self denigrating patriotism in laying aside all claims to the Presidency in 1876, when he was not elected, and could neither steal or buy the office, even with the barbed tapper at both ends, was referred to, the entire audience rising and standing with uncovered heads. His undying devotion to the Democratic party which led him to decline to be a candidate at Cincinnati, when he knew he did not stand a China man's show for the nomination, was alluded to by one of the faithful in words so tender and pathetic that eyes unused to weeping were suffused with tears.

DEMOCRATIC CONSISTENCY.

To hear the Democrats hurrahing for honest "money consisting of gold, silver, and paper convertible into coin on demand" one would suppose that they were really honest, even though they have fought for years every Republican measure that has given our currency its present credit both at home and abroad. They said, years ago, that greenbacks were not worth the paper printed on, would never be paid, and then this party gave birth to the "rag baby," and during its infancy and infancy they have nursed it as one of their household idols. For twenty years the Democrats have opposed measures adopted by the Republicans, and then approved them. They opposed emancipation, and endorsed it; fought reconstruction and embraced it; resisted resumption and now want the credit of it. They opposed military Presidents, and committed harikari by nominating General McClellan in 1864. It was an outrage fifteen years after the war to think of the Republicans nominating the most distinguished military man in the world, with a brilliant civil record to match, and they give themselves away again by nominating a General less distinguished and without any civil record at all. 'O, consistency, thou art a jewel."

FROM THE BAY.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—The town is full of delighted pleasure-seekers, notwithstanding the rumor of bad roads—and, by the way, the road from Newport to Corvallis never was so good as now, not even under the management of the old company, when toll was charged. Bridges are in good repair, grades widened, with iron-work in the bad places, and brush that used to hang over the road and scratch the pretty girls' faces and "bang their hair" has all been removed, thanks to the generosity of the people and the wise action of the County Court.

The stores of Newport are now furnished with everything wanted by those coming to camp. S. Case has moved into his new store and keeps a good stock. His cigars are excellent; sorry he did not order two boxes instead of one.

Williams, at the old stand, is well supplied with groceries and general merchandise. Sometimes a man calls for something our merchants happen to be out of, and it is worth a day's travel to hear them explain and give reasons. The attentive expression of countenance and pathetic voice fairly overpowers the listener. A week ago an old gentleman wanted a half pound of salt ratons. The merchant took his position, spoke his piece, and the old gentleman was afflicted. He went out and sat on a bench, looking a picture of despair. I asked him what was the matter, and he said it grieved him to see a man try so hard to get salt ratons and fail, and—well, it is awful.

The hotels are doing a fair business. The Irving House is ready to entertain guests, is well and newly furnished, and everything tidy and pleasant. "The Bay View" will sustain its old time reputation. The Fountain House is well patronized. Parties boating and beach promading give the place a seaside appearance quite interesting. Wright's Hall and Hammond's both offer ample opportunity for dancing, and this amusement is indulged in by the young and old. Fortunately, Bro. Hanna is here and keeps a sharp lookout.

Politically, we are as we were. Garfield holds his party strength. No old soldier in this section is too foolish to support Democratic professions (professions, in the absence of principles, is a good word). Hancock is a nice sugar coated piece of taffy, but the old volunteer soldier never did like the regular, in politics or out of it. The regular officer, drilled for thirty-five years, as Hancock has been, will not draw enthusiasm from the veteran army like the man who heard his country's call and obeyed from a patriotic impulse. Hancock's record is good, and his services fighting against the damnable heresy of State Rights cannot be overestimated. He simply did his duty—just what the Government demanded him to do, and nothing more. Garfield, like every patriotic Union soldier, went into the service from a deep sense of duty and the promise of a loyal heart, and every loyal old veteran will stand alongside of the man whose actions and character is a reflection of their own.

REALTY. Newport, July 24, 1880. HENRY A. GARFIELD, one of the General's sons, took the prize for English declamation at St. Paul's school, at Concord, N. H., recently

POLITICAL POINTS.

General Hancock, Senator Hoar remarks, is "a mask."

Hancock has discarded his earrings since his nomination, but he swears he will stick to his coxets if it beats him.

A Garfield and Arthur club was formed at East Berkeley recently. The Committee on Permanent Organization will report soon.

Reports already come that English is as likely to tap his barrel freely as a turnip is to shed blood. This will chill the Reform ardor.

Alabama has a school population of 376,644. Less than one-half of this number attended the public schools last year. Free schools and general education are the uncompromising foes of the Democracy, and, of course, cannot gain a very liberal recognition in the Southern States.

It is said that the Democratic platform as originally adopted by the committee contained a plank strong in antagonizing the army and commending the efforts of those Democrats who had labored session after session to cripple it. The platform would have been read and adopted if a ballot had not been forced and the anti-army plank was dropped.

The Democrats acknowledge that Hancock knows little of civil affairs, but insist that he has great capacity for learning, and if elected to the Chief Magistracy would soon acquire a good working knowledge. Have the public taken into consideration the question who will be his teacher? Ar. Wade Hampton, Ben. Hill, Dan Voorhees and men of that sort to be intrusted with the task of preparing him for duty?

THE LOST ATLANTIS.

The telegraph mentions the fact that in the earthquake that occurred on the 9th, an island 1,800 square yards in extent was thrown up in the neighborhood of the Island of St. George, one of the groups known as the Azores. The circumstance is unusual. Some ten years ago a new island made its appearance in the Mediterranean in connection with a like commotion. But the place where the last island emerged is one of unusual disturbance. It was in that part of the Atlantic that the lost continent of Atlantis is supposed to have stretched. The Azores, in fact, are believed to have been a part of it. This lost continent is thought to have played a conspicuous part in the history of mankind.

The displacement caused by its sudden engulfment may have been the real cause of the deluge at the head of the Mediterranean. The lost continent is also held to have furnished in part the highway by which America was reached from Europe. The identity of a portion of the flora found on the shores of Europe and America is presented as a powerful argument in favor of the near connection at one period of the two continents. Nor is the belief in the existence of the lost Atlantis based entirely on the vague assertions of some of the old Greek writers. Recent soundings taken by English, American and German men-of-war indicate the existence of a plateau, which is regarded as the remains of the continent in question. If the forces which threw up the island in the Azores should continue in operation, perhaps a part of the lost land may be restored, but geological ages will have to elapse before anything on a large scale can be accomplished.

RAILROAD WORK.

The Willamette Farmer says: We learn from Mr. J. Brandt, Jr., Superintendent of the valley railroads, that work is actively pushed for the grading of the branch road from Albany to Lebanon, and the iron to lay the track is already piled up at Albany ready to be used. He says the road will probably be running by the 25th of August, and at the farthest in five weeks from date. He also informs us that surveyors are now locating the branch road from the State Fair Grounds to Salem, a distance of two miles, which will be ready for use in two months, and when completed all freighting from Salem and to that place will be done from the lower depot. This will be a great accommodation to Salem people.

THE Newark Advertiser says: "When a man runs for President and his name is James, he is sure to win. There are James Madison, James Monroe, James K. Polk, James Buchanan and now James A. Garfield."

A New York paper thus hits it: A Broadway engraver recently made this mistake: "Mr. and Mrs. respectfully request your presents at the marriage of their daughter."

LAW RELATING TO ESTRAY ANIMALS.

There seems to be a great misunderstanding relative to the proper laws of this state, and many persons seem to be in doubt as to the proper proceedings when taking estrays. For the benefit of such, and in answer to numerous letters on the subject, we publish the following from the Code, Title 1, chap. 18:

Sec. 1. That it shall be the duty of the county clerk of each county in this state to keep a book of suitable dimensions, to be called the record of estrays, in which shall be entered the names of all animals taken up, giving a correct description as may be, of natural and artificial marks, probable age, size, etc.; provided, that no estray shall be taken up in the months of May, June, July, August, September, October and November, except brachy or vicious animals, which may be taken up in any month.

Sec. 2. Any householder about whose premises any stray may be in the habit of ranging at large, may take up the same, and shall immediately post notices in three public places in the county, one of which shall be the precinct in which the stray was taken up, giving a correct description as may be, of natural and artificial marks, probable age, size, etc.; provided, that no estray shall be taken up in the months of May, June, July, August, September, October and November, except brachy or vicious animals, which may be taken up in any month.

Sec. 3. If, previous to the expiration of ten days from taking up, the owner shall post such stray to be his, he shall be entitled to the same by paying charges, which shall be one dollar for taking up, posting, etc., and a reason ble rate for keeping the same. And if the owner shall further prove that the person so posting an estray took up such animal, he shall not be liable to pay the charges, but shall not recover for either posting or keeping.

Sec. 4. If, at the expiration of ten days, no one shall have made his claims known to the taker-up, it shall be his duty to make a statement to the nearest justice of the peace of the county, in which such animal was taken up, under oath, of the taking up of such estray, posting, etc., according to law; whereupon the justice of the peace shall advertise the stray, and shall immediately notify the county clerk of the same county, by letter or otherwise, that an estray has been taken up, with marks natural and artificial, etc., and by whom. And such justice shall receive for each animal so notified, one dollar, and the county clerk shall necessarily travel in such a case; provided, that there shall be no charge of advertising on more than three head at the same time and place.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the county clerk, upon receiving such notice from the justice, to make record of the same in the record of estrays.

Sec. 6. If the amount of such appropriation shall exceed fifteen dollars, the person taking up such estrays shall be further required to cause to be published, in the newspaper published by the state printer, in the county in which the animal was taken up, a notice of the taking up of such animal, giving marks as above specified, the name and residence of the finder, and as near as may be, the time at which the stray was taken up.

Sec. 7. If the owner, or any person entitled to the possession of an estray, shall appear and make out his title thereto, and pay charges thereon, within ten days from the time the notice is filed with the county clerk, as provided in section 5 of this title, and make out his lawful right thereto, he shall have such stray restored to him upon payment of the charges which he has incurred in relation to the same.

Sec. 8. If the person entitled to the possession of any stray, shall not appear and make out his title thereto, and pay charges thereon, within ten days from the time the notice is filed with the county clerk, as provided in section 5 of this title, he shall be sold at the request of the finder, by any clerk of the county, or by the sheriff, in public auction, upon first giving public notice thereof in writing, by posting up the same in three public places in the precinct, at least ten days before such sale, and the finder may bid thereat at such sale; and after deducting all the lawful charges of the finder aforesaid, and the fees of the sheriff or constable, which shall be the same as upon the sale of any other property, the proceeds of such sale shall be deposited in the treasury of the county for the use of common school purposes; provided, that if the owner of such animal shall, within one year after the money shall have been deposited in the county treasury, furnish satisfactory evidence that he is the owner of such animal, and pay of such money, he or they shall be entitled to receive the amount so deposited in the county treasury; provided, however, that the clerk or sheriff, who has the right to a commission for taking up, posting and advertising the same, if he work, or in any way use such estray or take and keep the same out of the county, in which such estray was taken up, more than three days at any one time.

Sec. 9. That if any person shall take up, keep or use any stray without complying with the provisions of this chapter, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding the value of such stray, to be sued for and recovered in any court having competent jurisdiction; for the suit of the county treasurer, for the use of the county, or by any person who shall be found; and it is hereby made the duty of said county treasurer to prosecute a suit against such offender for the violation of the provisions of this chapter, when he shall be found within the personal knowledge of said treasurer, or when complaint in writing, under oath, be filed with said treasurer, alleging the violation of this chapter.

ACCIDENT AT OSWEGO.

Last Friday morning at 9 o'clock, while three men named Scott, Brunley and Sanborn were at work in the furnace room of the Oswego Iron Works, shoveling coal into the hissing furnace, the stock slipped in the stack, falling about five feet, forcing the fire and flames out upon the men. The stock had burst out, leaving a sort of hollow, and as the furnace had been shut down for some time, and got cold, clinkers on the side held the mass until it burst to that height, when it fell. The flames and fire struck Sanborn, who was nearest, about the knees, completely enveloping his body and causing him almost to expire. He fell to the floor insensible, and it is feared he had the flesh on his hands and face fearfully burned. He traveled and threw himself down the stairway in intense agony. Scott was more fortunate, although his hair and face were badly cooked and his hair and whiskers burned off. Assistance was quickly at hand and the unfortunate man Sanborn carried from the room, which was filled with smoke and intensely hot. The steamer Occident landed and brought Sanborn and Scott to the city. The former was conveyed to Good Samaritan hospital at 3 o'clock this afternoon, where he will probably die. The men have no families.—Telegraph.

"Do you sing tenor?" asked a lady of her musical friend. "Well, replied the facetious man, "I've been known to sing ten or eleven times altogether."

PACIFIC COAST.

The Bee says Mr. Wintzengerle is circulating a petition for the death sentences of her son to imprisonment for life.

The population of Roseburg within the corporate limits is about 850. The total population of Douglas county is 9,730.

The Albany Register says the hot sun of last week cooked a hundred gallons of raspberries for Hon. F. M. Wadsworth.

The apple crop in the vicinity of Viola, Clackamas county, will not be large, owing to the ravages of a small insect upon the trees.

A water spout burst in Umatilla county on Sunday afternoon, greatly damaging the ranches on the upper portion of Willow, Rhea and Butter creeks.

Mrs. Coulter, of Salem, has lost \$800 by damage to her house and furniture by fire last week. Children playing with matches caused the blaze.

The Bee says: On Monday night thieves entered the warehouse of W. H. Har, at Fairhill, and stole 600 pounds of wool. Officers are on the track of the unrepentant thieves.

Forty-five names are already enrolled in the Garfield & Arthur club at Lafayette. A meeting of the club is held on each alternate Tuesday evening, and much enthusiasm prevails.

A five year old daughter of Mr. Dimbar, living in North Salem, fell into Mill creek on Tuesday evening and narrowly escaped drowning. She was rescued by her father, and by her medical treatment restored to consciousness.

On the 18th inst. in John Day river, Alex. Markhart and Melutosh, while in swimming, were drowned. Markhart was in his assistance, and both sunk; bodies not yet recovered.

Since the beginning of the present year a country has sent an average of two persons per month to the insane asylum. Most of the male cases had been employed as sheep herders, and the long and weary periods of monotonous solitude, enforced upon them by their peculiar vocation, may have had some part in causing so many cases of mental derangement.

The floating store of Messrs. Fernside & Terwiller, on Tillamook bay, is a novelty as well as a convenience. It consists of a boat about 20x60, with a cabin the entire size, well filled with a stock of groceries. In this they sail around the bay, putting in at the settlements and furnishing the people with what they want in the line of groceries.

The Salem Statesman says: Mr. Charles Swegle, of this city, who now owns the land on which the Whitman family were murdered, and one hundred acres that he is willing to give a deed for two acres of land surrounding their last resting place, to any one who will take the matter in hand. This is a generous offer, and it is to be hoped that some one will take the matter to the man to whom the people of the North Pacific coast are so much indebted.

The new Eurotine Store is just in receipt of a large invoice of ornamental and useful goods, such as mirrors, brass kets, wall brackets, fancy tables, pictures, in oil and picture frames. Mr. Weber sells at Portland prices.

AYER'S PILLS are an effective cure for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Nervousness, Dizziness, Deafness, Loss of Memory, Numbness, Trembling, Spasms, Diarrhoea, Colic, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Gout, Piles, Disorders of the Liver, and all other diseases resulting from a disordered state of the digestive apparatus.

While gentle in their action, these PILLS are the most thorough and searching cathartics that can be employed, and never give pain unless the bowels are infarcted, and then their influence is healthy. They stimulate the appetite and digestive organs; they operate to purify and enrich the blood, and impart renewed health and vigor to the whole system.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ATTENTION LAND BUYERS!

I HAVE SOME FINE LOCATIONS ON AND NEAR the bay for sale at reasonable prices, and a Store doing a good business, and well stocked, for sale at a low price. Persons wanting land should address or call on me. Newport, Benton County, Oregon. HENRIETTA.

It is not Wealth, or Fame, or State, But "Gill up and Gill" that makes me great.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. Repairing done neatly, on short notice. Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. S. A. HEMPHILL, Corvallis, June 23, 1880. 17-296d

F. A. JOHNSON, M. D. Physician, S. E. Cor. Oculist and Electrician. Surgery a Specialty. Office with Allen & Woodard. 16-294f

SAVE YOUR FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

FARMERS, TO BECOME WEALTHY, LIKE THOSE OF FRANCE AND GERMANY, must increase their exports. We are producers as well as consumers—must produce more than we consume—and in no way can we do this more effectively than by planting good orchards of select fruit, thereby making a good and happy home for our children, and at the same time giving them useful and remunerative employment by teaching them how to preserve the great varieties of fruits and vegetables that grow upon their father's farm.

THEN USE PLUMMER'S NEW PATENT FAMILY FRUIT DRIER,

which absolutely has no machinery of any kind, and is so simple in its construction that children and aged people can run it on any kind of fruit or vegetables. Seventy-five in successful operation in Linn county. Its cheapness and efficiency recommend it to every body.

We have open a foreign market and are prepared to pay the cash market price for all fruits dried by this process. It has no equal. Terms liberal. Write for information to the

CITY MARKET, J. L. LEWIS, Proprietor. CORVALLIS, OREGON.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ABOVE Market and fixtures, and permanent located in Corvallis, I will keep constantly on hand the choicest cuts of BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, and VEAL.

Special attention to making extra large sausage, being a practical butler, and with large experience in butchery, I latter myself to give you satisfaction in all matters. Please call and give me a trial. January 19, 1880. 16-45d

The Oregon and Washington Land Company

ADVERTISE OREGON FARMS FOR SALE, largely in the East, free of expense to Farms, unless sale is made. In that case, \$8.00 for each farm sold. Farms are well fitted to their interest to call on CHENOWETH & JOHNSON, Agents O. & W. L. Co. Corvallis, Oct. 8, 1879. 16-41v1

CITY STABLES THOS. EGLIN Proprietor. On the Corner West of the Engine House, CORVALLIS, OREGON.

HAVING COMPLETED OUR new and commodious BARN, we are better than ever prepared to keep the BEST OF TEAMS, BISHES, CARRIAGES AND SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE.

Particular attention given to Boarding Horses. Horses bought and sold or exchanged. PLEASE GIVE US A CALL. April 2, 1880. 17-296f

DO NOT FAIL

To send for our Catalogue, it counts as one of our most valuable offers. We have done a large trade the past season in the purchase of new articles for the purpose of giving our customers a better selection than ever before. Many of our goods are of the most superior quality, and we are prepared to give our customers a better selection than ever before. We are prepared to give our customers a better selection than ever before. We are prepared to give our customers a better selection than ever before.

NEW BUSINESS A NEW FIRM.

UNDER THE NAME OF CORVALLIS HOUSEHOLD STORES, (commenced business June 21st, 1880.)

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED to call and inspect the stock on hand, and give a share of their patronage to the enterprise, in every branch of their business, at the lowest possible price. The stock will consist of Groceries, of all kinds, Imported Goods, etc., etc. Corvallis June 24th, 1880. 17-296d

THE SAN FRANCISCO BULLETIN.

Leading Evening Newspaper West of the Rocky Mountains.

IT IS THE RECOGNIZED AUTHORITY in Commercial and Financial Circles and the best Family Journal on the Pacific coast.

The Weekly Bulletin Alone, One year, \$3.00; Six months, \$1.50; Three months, \$0.75; Single copies, 25 cents.

Remittances by Draft, Postoffice Order, Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, and Registered Letter, at our risk.

FREE SEED DISTRIBUTION. Each subscriber will be presented with several varieties of Rare and Valuable TREES, VEGETABLES and FLOWERS, equal in value to the subscription price of the paper.

S. F. BULLETIN CO. 16-48d

J. SURMAN, M. D. (SUCCESSOR TO DR. BREWER) OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—ON SECOND ST. near Albany Engine Company No. One's engine. Albany, Ore., January 15, 1879. 16-48d

THE YACQUINA STAGE, CARRYING THE U. S. Mail and passengers, will leave Corvallis Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock a. m. for Elk City, and return each alternate day, leaving at Elk City with the steam launch "Lureka," which leaves for Newport, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, returning each alternate day. Owing to high stage and low water we are prepared to furnish better accommodations on an even better to the traveling public. Express and fast freight carefully attended to at reduced rates. Thanking the public for past patronage we solicit their patronage. Families going and returning on our line will be taken at reduced rates. M. M. & W. T. CROW. Corvallis, June 28th, 1880. 17-294f

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!! Having leased Mr. E. M. THOMPSON'S Brick Yard, one mile north of Corvallis, we are prepared to make first-class brick, which we will sell at the lowest possible rates. We also offer brick of a first-class quality of clay, cut of local sand and ready to be shipped to any part of the country. We will do well to give us a call. Yours truly, ALDEN & PRICE. Dated June 18, 1880. 17-295d

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT! BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. 35th YEAR The Scientific American. The Scientific American is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of sixteen pages, printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with splendid engravings, representing the latest inventions and the most recent Advances in the Arts and Sciences; including: Law and interesting Facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geography, Astronomy. The most valuable and interesting papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.