WEEKLY CORVALLIS GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

OFFICIAL PAPER FOR BENTON COUNTY

Corvallis, April 30, 1880.

W. B. CARTER, - - - - EDITOR

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Congress,
M. C. GEORGE.

For Presidential Electors.
GEO. B. CURRY, E. L. APPLEGATE,
C. B. WATSON.

For Supreme Judges.
W. P. LORD, J. B. WALDO,
E. B. WATSON.

For Circuit Judge.
J. F. WATSON.

For District Attorney.
JAS. A. YANTIS.

BENTON COUNTY REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Joint Senator.
R. A. BENSELL.

For Representatives,
F. M. WADSWORTH, GEO. WAGNER,
DR. F. M. CARTER.

For County Commissioners,
H. A. HURLBURT, J. L. LILLY.

For Sheriff,
SOL. KING.

For Clerk,
B. W. WILSON.

For School Superintendent,
E. B. McELROY.

For Treasurer,
J. W. WILLIAMS.

For Assessor,
SILAS HOWELL.

For Surveyor,
GEO. MERCER.

For Coroner.
DR. F. A. JOHNSTON.

FIFTY CENTS

.... FOR THE ....

CAMPAIGN.

In order to place the GAZETTE in every family in Benton county, and within the reach of all, during the present political campaign, we will furnish the paper to subscribers till the middle of June, 1880, for

50 Cents Each.

The money must accompany every order. Postmasters will please act as Agents for the GAZETTE.

WILLIAM B. CARTER.

Intimately have we known him for over a quarter of a century. Part of the time associated with him in business, we had every opportunity of testing his real worth, and to the many merited tributes to his memory we desire to add ours.

In the Great Book of Life his name will stand above all as one who loved his fellow men. Brave, true and generous, he had no impulses that were not honest. He saw in this life all the good that's in it, and endeavored to make it more perfect by befriending the human race. Smiling with those who smiled—sympathizing with the afflicted—realizing that

"This world is full of beauty as other worlds above;
And if we do our duty, it may be full of love."

In prosperity and adversity ever the same. Cheerful and genial—true to his manhood—true to his friends and true to his purposes. Always happy in well doing, he rejoiced in the sunshine he helped create.

He deserved success and it came to him—he made no promises he did not fulfill—when he could help a friend he always did it. He took delight in alleviating the sufferings of the unfortunate victims of poverty and distress, and lifting up and helping those who had brought themselves to degradation by revelry and dissipation. If he saw trouble he tried to remove it. He never looked at the dark side of a picture. If there was no bright side to it he looked on another one. Honest, generous and faithful—God and good fortune never deserted him.

Men are mere leaves, borne to the earth by the breeze of time. Some fall sooner than others—but all must fall. 'Twas Saturday night—the week had ended, and with it closed our friend's last chapter in the book of life. The balance sheet is made—the volume closed to be opened not again this side the Great Unknown.

To that happy land, which, by Faith, he so long enjoyed, he has gone—that land of bowers—a wilderness of joy—an ocean of prosperity—a heaven of bliss. The many kindnesses and noble acts of our departed friend will remain fresh and green on memory's tablet, and the world will be better for his having lived. Rest in peace. Farewell.

T. B. O.

BLUE RIBBON CLUB.—The Blue Ribbon Club will meet in the Presbyterian Church, on Saturday evening, at 7:30 P. M. The following is the programme: Song by the choir; prayer; song; address by Rev. J. A. Hanna; reading by volunteer speakers; election of officers; song.

DEATH OF HON. W. B. CARTER.

To many of the readers of the GAZETTE the black borders of these columns will be the first intimation that death has removed from amongst us one whose presence and influence has become habitual to us during the past fourteen years. Yes, WM. B. CARTER, the proprietor and editor of the Corvallis GAZETTE, was on Sunday morning summoned away to give that account of both public and private life which each of us in his turn will have to render. Let us see what report of that life his friends, who knew him so well, and were so freely taken into confidence by that generous heart, could give of him. The leading incidents of his life may be summed up in very few words:

WILLIAM B. CARTER was born in Springfield, in the State of Illinois, in the year 1831, and was there brought up and educated, and learned the trade which he practiced his life long. Having heard, like the rest of the early settlers here, a good report of this fair Western land, he crossed the plains in 1851, and by dint of steady and persevering, if tedious, travel, got safely to the end of that weary journey. Thus he typified so many of the undertakings of his after life, wherein he never knew how to turn aside or be put back from any course his judgment assured him was desirable, and his conscience approved, however long and dusty the road, how great soever the obstacles in his way might be.

He practiced his trade here in Oregon till 1859, and then for a season returned to his home in Illinois. There he married very happily, and came back to Oregon in 1862. In the year 1865 he acquired that interest in this paper which he so faithfully worked until his dying day. Here our pen hesitates, doubting for a moment whether to pass on at once to the review of his public life, which is the property of us all, or to raise with reverent hand the veil of private life and private sorrow. But here, after all, lies the key to many a public man's subsequent career, which without a knowledge of the secret of his private life, would fail to be accounted for aright. In 1877 the family of the friend whom we mourn to-day was visited with afflictions severe beyond the common lot. Death laid his cold hand on three fair children, while it was doubtful for a time if the father would then follow them or no. We doubt not that in those terrible shocks to body and mind the seeds were laid of that disease which ended so suddenly on Sunday last.

It would not have been strange if a man so tried had refused to lift again the burden of daily toil and to resume the harness, which was worn the more lightly while the family circle was unbroken, and health was vouchsafed sufficient for daily needs. But our friend resumed his pen, and as soon as strength returned was found again in his working place, striving to show once more that cheerfulness and heartiness of interest in public and social matters which was one of his strongest characteristics. Not many journalists could turn back for 14 years to the files of their paper and not blush for some bitterness of temper; for some public object not quite honestly advocated; for some opponent not quite fairly struck; for some yielding to private ends or private pique. And WM. B. CARTER was far too honest and humble minded and sincere a Christian to examine himself, and plead not guilty before the bar of his own conscience. But we, his friends, have the privilege he would have denied himself, and we can boldly ask where can we find his like again. For to match him the man must be as he was,—honest in soul, and pure-minded; eager and persevering for the public good; capable of a warm and thorough enthusiasm for, and ready to undergo sacrifices of no common kind in pursuing a worthy object; for benefiting the community where lay his home and heart; gentle and forbearing in controversy; trying ever to hit but not to wound; faithful to his party and ready in their service, but open-eyed to the good principles and good men on the other side; cheerful and bright as a friend, and thus filling no small place in the little world in which he lived; charitable and kind to all in need; seeking always to be of service, regardless of the sacrifice of his own time and comfort; and ever ready to recognize and be grateful for any kind act or intention to others.

For many months past it has been but too obvious that his health was failing, and that the strain was too severe the hnes of care and sickness on his face testified only too well. On Friday evening last he attended the Good Templars' meeting according to his wont, and though complaining, no one supposed him more unwell than, alas, was usual with him. On Saturday evening he was bright and cheerful; taking lively interest and satisfaction in the insertion by the *Oregonian* of that day of his vindication of his beloved Yaquina Bay, and expressing firm hopes that he should soon see the public recognition of that object which, as he said, he had made his own for ten years and more. About 1 o'clock on Sunday morning he was seized with severe pain in the region of the heart, which medicine could not allay, and at 5 o'clock he passed peacefully away.

As we laid his body to rest this bright spring day in the Masonic cemetery here, followed by so large a throng of all classes and ages, testifying by their solemn demeanor at once their sense of loss in him, and their deep sympathy with the widow and son whose grief is too deep and sacred for words to avail ought, the words which follow came to our mind. Let us copy them and so conclude this notice in a sense we cannot but think our friend would himself most thankfully adopt:

"In that rest, which remaineth for all His people, we shall be far away from all weariness, all anxiety, all care, all sorrow; and while the soul shall pass to God to enter on the rest of glory, the mortal body has its rest no less, sleeping peacefully till the resurrection day. And when the green grass of another spring waves over us; when the soft summer wind again sighs through the new green leaves; when the genial sunshine shall again brighten the stone which may bear our name and yours; what better can we wish, than that if we leave behind us those who may sometimes visit the quiet spot, they may be able to say, humbly and hopefully, 'Surely, here, at last; and surely there, in a better place, the weary heart and hand are still; yea, surely, God hath given His beloved, sleep.'"

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The convention was called to order, at Turn Halle, Portland, on Wednesday, April 4, 1880, at 11 o'clock A. M., by Hon. David Froman, of Linn county.

Hon. J. C. Peebles, of Marion county, was elected temporary chairman and W. T. Wright, of Union county, as secretary.

The following delegates were appointed by the chair as a committee on credentials:

Baker, G. W. Adams; Benton, James A. Yantis; Clackamas, N. W. Randall; Clatsop, I. W. Case; Columbia, Dr. C. G. Caples; Coos, David Morse, jr.; Curry, J. W. Crawford; Douglas, W. H. Byars; Grant, M. L. Olmstead; Jackson, F. Kraus; Josephine, W. A. McPherson; Lane, James F. Robinson; Linn, J. H. Foster; Marion, A. N. Gilbert; Multnomah, Dr. J. A. Chapman; Polk, A. W. Lucas; Tillamook, F. M. Lamb; Umatilla, J. H. Koontz; Union, S. F. Wilson; Wasco, Capt. John Darragh; Washington, Col. T. R. Cornelius; Yamhill, R. P. Bird.

On motion of Joseph Simon, of Multnomah, the convention took a recess until 1 P. M.

Convention was called to order at the appointed time. Gen. Applegate and Major Magone, made short speeches, after which the committee on credentials reported as follows, which was adopted:

Baker 4 votes—J P Ross, D S Moomaw, G W Adams, J M Swift by proxy.

Benton, 6 votes—J B Lee, Jame A Yantis, Lee Henkle, W P Keady, M S Woodcock, J W Allen S L Kline proxy.

Clackamas, 10 votes—Wm Barlow, J T Apperson, F O McCown, N W Randall, E Forbes, John Rock, H Dubois, J K Wait, J B David by Fellows proxy. J W Cassidy.

Clatsop, 6 votes—C W Fulton, C A Maguire, F M Ward by C A Maguire proxy; A T Brooke by C W Fulton, I W Case by J H D Gray proxy, T F Taylor.

Columbia, 2 votes—C G Caples, Dean Blanchard.

Coos, 5 votes—W A Luse proxy, W R Simpson, Emanuel Herman proxy, C W Tower proxy, J B Willard proxy, W P Wright proxy.

Curry, 2 votes—J W Crawford two proxies.

Douglas, 11 votes—R S Applegate, John Emmett by G O Holman, William Irwin by W R White, D S K Buick, A W Reed, L Cent, J S Hunt, W H Byars, G W Riddle, E G Hursch, R Dixon.

Grant, 5 votes—Jos Magone, M T Olmstead, E S Overholt, John Lawrence, Phil Metachan.

Jackson, 6 votes—Frank Kraus, J H Chitwood, Max Muller, J C McCully proxy, B F Dowell, N Langell proxy.

Josephine, 2 votes—W A McPherson, Alex White proxy.

Lake, 2 votes—C B Watson.

Lane, 9 votes—C W Washburn, E J McClanahan, A C Hovey, Jasper Wilkins, T W Harris, J F Robinson, B J Pengra, F W McClung.

Linn, 11 votes—David Froman, J H Foster, Walter Ketcham, J M Walters, John R Smith, D P Porter, Geo. H Riddle, W W Parish proxy, D Froman, S A Smith, O P Tompkins, R Pentland.

Marion, 17 votes—A Gesner, Ed Hirsch by J W Crawford, E E McKinney, J W Greenwood, J W Roland, A M Brown, C Condit, H W Hobson by Geo A Edes, Jos Sowyer, I H Hubbard, J W Irwin, Jacob Voorhees, Geo Williams, A N Gilbert, J C Peebles, Warran Cranston, Hiram Smith.

Multnomah, 24 votes—J A Chapman, S G Bunting, M F Mulkey, W H Harris, I N Sanders, J Proudfit, J Kellogg, by G A Steel, W Gallick, J C Carson, by R R McGregor, J Lewando, A W Waters, Willis Duniway, Geo F Tribou, T A Jordan, Geo V James, by James lotan, Geo A Steel, D Powell, G Linneman, Jos Simon, F R Neale, Henry Rothfos, James Lotan.

Polk, 7 votes—A W Lucas, J S Cooper, O G Shurtleff, Isaac Smith, J C Allen, S D Gibson, by J M Savage, proxy.

Tillamook, 1 vote—F M Lamb.

Umatilla, 7 votes—N A Connoyer, C M Mallory, R Alexander, by J Vincent, F P Tustin, by A N Gamble, J H Koontz, J Jack by J H Koontz.

Union, 5 votes—S F Wilson, by W T Wright, J W Morrall, M B Reese, by S F Wilson, W T Wright.

Wasco, 6 votes—R E May, Van Gesner, Wm Hand, J A Richardson, D J Cooper, John Darragh.

Washington, 8 votes—T R Cornelius, R H Tyson, T G Todd, T B Handley, T D Humphries, M Manning, C W Meek, David Smith.

Yamhill, 9 votes—Lee Laughlin, W S Powell, W A Greves, W H Harrison, D O Durham, R T Bird, Wm Cooper, L Carr, S Hobson.

Motions to appoint committees on permanent organization and general order of business were carried.

A delegates moved that a committee of seven on platfom be appointed.

Simon of Multnomah moved to amend by naming one from each county, to be chosen by the county delegation, as such committee. The motion as amended carried.

The following committee on platform was then announced:

Baker—D. S. Moomaw; Benton—W. P. Keady; Clackamas—F. O. McCown; Clatsop—C. W. Fulton; Columbia—C. G. Caples; Coos—D. Morse, Jr.; Curry—J. W. Crawford; Douslas—G. W. Riddle; Grant—James Magone; Jackson—J. H. Chitwood; Josephine—W. A. McPherson; Lake—C. B. Watson; Linn—O. P. Tompkins; Lane—B. J. Pengra; Marion—Jacob Voorhees; Multnomah—F. F. Mulkey; Polk—O. G. Shurtiff; Tillamook—F. N. Lamb; Umatilla—N. Connoyer; Union—S. F. Wilson; Wasco—Dr. J. A. Richardson; Washington—T. B. Handley; Yamhill—Lee Laughlin.

The chair announced the following committees:

Permanent organization—A. Witherell, Multnomah; T. R. Cornelius, Washington; W. H. Harrison, Yamhill; C. W. Washburne, Lane; J. H. Foster, Linn.

Order of business—Jas. A. Yantis, Benton; J. W. Crawford, Marion; T. F. Taylor, Clatsop; G. W. Adams, Baker; Dr. Van Gesner, Wasco.

Committee on permant organization reported as follows:

We your committee on permanent organization would recommend that the temporary officers be made the permanet officers of this convention.

A motion to adopt was put by Apperson, of Clackamas, and carried unanimously.

Chairman Peebles said;

Gentlemen of the Convention—It again becomes my duty to return thanks both for myself and the other officers of the convention for this additional honor. Let me express the hope that in all your deliberations you will have the welfare of the republican party at heart and that harmony will prevail. I thank you again for the honor conferred upon us.

An invitation to the convention from Dr. J. C. Hawthorne to visit the insane asylum was read. It was received at first with silence, which gave way to audible smiles, and these increased in a few seconds to the most hearty laughter all over the house.

On motion, the invitation was accepted.

Committee on order of business reported as follows:

1. Nomination of one member of Congress.
2. Nomination of three supreme judges.
3. Nomination of three presidential electors.
4. One delegate at large to the republican national convention.
5. Confirmation of district nominations, including circuit judges, prosecuting attorneys and one delegate from each judicial district to the national convention, to be held at Chicago, Jund 3d.
6. Election of state central committee. Adopted.

The committee on resolutions reported the following, which was adopted:

THE PLATFORM.

RESOLVED, By the republicans of Oregon in convention assembled in the city of Portland, this 21st day of April, A. D., 1880, that we propose to maintain and administer the affairs of government of this state by strict economy and faithful adherance to the constitution and laws thereof and of the United States.

2. That we are in favor of regulating and equalizing the salaries of county and state officers so that they shall receive such compensations as are usually paid to private persons under like circumstances of service and responsibility.

3. That we favor a thorough revision and equalization of our system of taxation, to the end that every species of property within its limits, whether owned or possessed by citizens of this or of foreign states, shall bear its equal proportion of the burdens of the government which protects it.

4. That we propose to maintain and enforce the amendments to the constitution of the United States, with all the powers of the national government, to the end that every citizen, poor or rich, black or white, may be secured in the full enjoyment of civil and political rights.

5. That the overthrow of the rights of the elective franchise of liberty and life, by which means free government in a portion of the states has been defeated and the manifested fraud and threatened violence in others, together with attempted nullification of the laws of the general government and decisions of the supreme court thereon, by congressional action in the interests of the democratic party, are attempted revolution and must be met as such. [Applause.]

6. That this is a nation formed by the people thereof and not a mere league or compact and that we reaffirm the idea of the unity of the nation the supremacy of the national government in all matters placed by the constitution under its control the preservation intact of all the rights of municipal self-government otherwise guaranteed thereby to the people or to the states respectively. At the same time we arraign the doctrine of state sovereignty as the baleful mother of nullification, secession and anarchy. [Applause.]

7. That the recent action of the democratic party in state convention assembled, in denouncing the supreme court of the United States of America and imputing the most unworthy and unpatriotic motives to that high and honorable court, is unworthy of law-abiding, intelligent and patriotic American citizens. [applause] and directly tends to the loosening of the foundation of our government, the subversion of all law and the overthrow of the sanctity of a system of judicature, venerable with age and perfected by wisdom. [Applause.]

8. That the attempt by the leaders of the democratic party to defraud the people of the state out of an electoral vote, was an outrage unparalleled in the political history of the state, which together with the blaine infamy and the attempts to unseat members in the halls of congress for base partisan advantage, deserves the condemnation of all fair minded men. [Tremendous applause.]

9. That we condemn the outrageous conduct of our democratic state administrations from 1870 to 1878, their extravagance, their corruption and their peculations.

10. We deprecate the course of members of the democratic party who have undertaken to revive sectional animosity for the purpose of securing political ascendancy in the southern states and who have revived memories of sectional strife by the defiant declaration of a purpose to repeal laws made necessary by the war and enacted to secure the results of the war, and we condemn their attempts to secure by legislation what was not accomplished by arms, namely, the establishment under the name of state sovereignty of those pernicious doctrines which destroy national supremacy and which in part have led to secession and civil war. [Applause]

11. That to the republican party is due the credit of successful resumption and restored prosperity and business revival, and we insist that the paper and coin circulation of the country shall at all times be maintained at par with the gold standard of the commercial world. [Applause]

12. That while we are in favor of a revenue for the support of the general government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such adjustment of import duties as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country, and we commend that policy of national exchange which secures to the working man liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

13. That we are in favor of judicious appropriations by the general government for the improvement of our rivers and tideports, as well as for the construction of such lines of railway communication as will develop the resources of the country and connect our state with other parts of the union, under such restrictions as will amply protect the rights of the people from unjust discrimination and extortionate charges; and that in the grants of lands to railroads we favor the sale of the same by the government to the people at the lowest price for public lands, giving the proceeds only to the corporations.

14. That we demand of our representation in congress their best endeavors to secure just and judicious appropriations and favorable legislation by the general government for the free navigation of the Columbia and the rivers of the state, the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia and the harbors at Yaquina and Coos Bays, the location of a harbor of refuge at the point along our coast most available to the interests of commerce, the extension of the public surveys to meet the wants of our increasing population and aid and assistance to railroads, and the opening up for settlement such of our Indian reservations as the interest of civilization demands and necessitates.

15. That we demand a modification of the treaty with China so as to restrict Chinese immigration to America. [Applause.]

16. That we hold that a well instructed people alone can be perfectly free, and that it is therefore essential that the public schools should be maintained so that every child shall be instructed in the duties of citizenship and the ordinary business vocations of life.

BLAINE RESOLUTION.

Your committee further recommend the adoption of the following:

Resolved, That the first choice of the republican party of Oregon for candidate for president of the United States is Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine [great applause], and that our delegates to the national republican convention at Chicago are expected to use all honorable efforts to procure his nomination. [Vociferous and long continued applause.]

On motion of McCown of Clackamas, the platform was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Handley moved the adoption of the Blaine resolution. The ayes and nays were called for by several delegates. Richardson of Wasco, said: "This is an important resolution and we want the ayes and nays just to see how strong we are."

The roll of delegates was called, and every onee except Dr. Chitwood of Jackson, voted aye.

The announcement of the chair of the result of the vote gave the delegates and the spectators another opportunity to vent their enthusiasm.

A motion by McPherson to have the delegates to the national convention selected by three delegates from each judicial district, was laid on the table.

A motion to adjourn until 7 o'clock was voted down.

A motion by McCown to vote on all nominations by ballot, and one by Willis of Douglas to require a majority of all votes cast to elect, were carried.

Lotan, Apperson, Muller and Connoyer were appointed tellers.

The chair having announced that nominations for congressman were in order, David Froman, of Linn, presented the name of M. C. George, of Multnomah; Wm. Barlow, of Clackamas, presented Hon. Rufus Mallory, Multnomah, and Warren Cranston, of Marion, presented Gen. W. H. Odell, Marion. The ballot resulted:

George	90
Mallory	61
Odell	15
	166

Every second man in the delegations and in the audience had kept tally sheets, and and when eighty four marks (a majority) had been scored opposite the name of Mr. George, his friends could not suppress their applause. The announcement from the chair of the convention's choice was the signal for enthusiastic cheering. On motion of McPherson, the nomination was made unanimous.

In answer to repeated calls Mr. George came forward and made some very appropriate remarks, when the convention adjourned until 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Convention called to order at 7 P. M. The chairman announced that the business in order was the nomination of three candidates for judges of the supreme court. The following were placed in nomination: Hons. R. P. Boise of Marion, W. P. Lord of Marion, W. . Hill of Wasco, B. Whitten of Wasco, E. B. Watson of Jackson, J. B. Waldo of Multnomah, and J. Kelsay of Benton.

On the first ballot the result was—

J. B. Waldo	122
R. P. Boise	66
W. P. Lord	98
John Kelsay	66
W. Lair Hill	54
E. B. Watson	67
B. Whitten	13

Whole number of votes cast 162, necessary to a choice 82. So J. Waldo and W. P. Lord were declared duly nominated, and the convention proceeded to ballot for a third candidate. The second ballot resulted—

E. B. Watson	91
John Kelsay	37
R. P. Boise	16
W. Lair Hill	14
B Whitten	5
Blank	2

Whole number of votes cast, 165; necessary to a choice, 83; E. B. Watson was duly nominated.

The convention then proceede to the nomination of three candidates for presidential electors. The following were placed in nomination: E. L. Eastman, of Clackamas; John J. Barlow, of Baker; Geo. B. Curry, of Grant; C. B. Watson, of Lake; T. B. Handley, of Washington; J. J. Spencer, of Yamhill; A. C. Gibbs, of Multnomah, and E. L. Applegate, Multnomah.

The first ballot resulted:

Geo. B. Curry	118
E. L. Applegate	95
C. B. Watson	71
A. C. Gibbs	62
E. L. Eastman	54
J. J. Spencer	36
J. J. Ballory	33
T. B. Handley	24

Whole number of votes cast. 165; necessary to a choice, 83, so Messrs. Curry and Applegate were declared elected.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for a third candidate for elector. Lowry Watson of Coos, Perry Watson of Marion and James Watson of Benton county having been placed in nomination, the ballot resulted:

E. L. Eastham	26
T. B. Handley	5
C. B. Watson	78
J. J. Spencer	10
A. C. Gibbs	44
Scattering	1

W. P. Keady of Benton, withdrew the name of James Watson of Benton, in favor of Lowry Watson of Coos.

Richardson of Wasco rose and said that it had been stated that Applegate, one of the electoral candidates, was a federal officer and not eligible for the position.

Applegate was called on for an explanation, and responded in a characteristic speech, bringing down the house and relieving himself of the "charge." The little service that he performed did not amount to office. His explanation was declared satisfactory by the president.

Mr. Eastham rose and declined in favor of Watson. A ballot was then taken and resulted:

C. B. Watson	98
A. C. Gibbs	65
Handley	1
Blank	2

Watson was declared elected.

A motion to adjourn was voted down.

The next business in order being the election of a delegate at large, N. Langell, of Jackson, nominated John H. Mitchell, at the same time submitting the following dispatch from Mr. Mitchell:

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1880.

To Hon. Sol. Birch:—OREGONIAN of the 3d inst. just received, while recommending selection of Blaine delegates, advises against instructions and urges protest by convention against Grant. I agree fully with the suggestion as to Blaine, and hope our friends in convention will go further and instruct emphatically for Blaine. He is entitled to the vote of Oregon at Chicago, and ought to have it, besides the great majority of republicans in Oregon so desire it. He is my decided choice and has had my voluntary pledge of support for months.

I hope, however, the convention will not adopt the course suggested by the *Oregonian* of protesting against Grant or any other possible candidate. It is yet impossible to determine who the Chicago nominee will be of the prominent candidates.

Even Grant is infinitely better in my judgment than Tilden or any other possible democratic candidate, and Oregon should not jeopadize her electoral vote, though she fail of her choice at Chicago. Let us by every honerable means secure Blaine if we can, but refrain from the unpardonable blunder of destroying our vote in the electoral college should another be nominated.

As I have been misrepresented in certain quarters by interviewers and others, you are at liberty to make this public.

JOHN H. MITCHELL.

Eastham of Clackamas, moved to suspend the rules and vote for the candidate by acclamation. The motion prevailed and Mitchell was elected by a large vote.

After some discussion the convention adjourned till 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

After the adjournment of the convention, the delegates of the fourth judicial district met in district convention and selected D. C. Ireland, mayor of Astoria and editor of the *Astorian*, as a delegate to the Chicago convention.

FROM THE YAQUINA BAY.

ED. GAZETTE: Mr. R. D. Hume, owner of the S. S. "Alex. Duncan," arrived here on the 19th. He intends to remove his salmon cannery, now at Siuslaw, to Alsea bay, and have, in connection with the same, a commodious warehouse to receive and ship from the products of Alsea valley and bay. This will supply a ready and remunerative market for the produce of the Alsea country, and give employment to the people of that section; it will aid in the substantial development of a country already well settled, but capable of furnishing homes for many more. Mr. Hume has great faith in the coast line of counties, and sees the necessity of helping for awhile, with small chance of profit, these points along our coast, struggling for an existence. Once a market is established, steady growth and permanent trade alike assume a splendid future. Too much credit cannot be given an enterprising man of this kind, and it is the duty of every one interested in the welfare of Benton county to render all possible aid to secure the results of direct shipment and a reliable market. Step by step the western portion of this county has grown; first a trail, then a wagon road, and the railroad will surely follow. Small oyster vessels were succeeded by lumber schooners, then steamers. For awhile the intervals between arrrivals and departures were marked by months of time, now a month seems too long; and so we grew into notice and importance. From small beginnings we look forward with confidence to the grand probabilities of railroad and steamer connection, bringing to Central and Eastern Oregon prices reduced for imports and prices increased for exports, giving both producer and consumer a profit, breaking up the long established condition of things so disastrous to the state, affording a saving of time and money, a statement our bitterest enemies have never dared to question. True, conflicting interests, centralization of capital, selfisnly opposed to any competition, may prolong the struggle, may set aside the wishes of the people, may for a time succeed in controlling legislation. If so the issue is made, there will be no neutral ground; it means "war to the knife, and knife to the hilt," and if our opponents only realized the depth of interests at stake, and understood the full force of the sentiment in sympathy with this proposition to improve Yaquina Bar, and thus give an outlet for the business of the interior, they would exert an influence in our behalf and endeavor to reap a part of the benefits, instead of carrying on a war certain to grow hotter and fiercer with intensified bitterness, effecting a diversion of purpose boding no good to Oregon, either commercially or politically. The article taken from the S. F. Chronicle, published in the Daily Oregonian of the 20th, is a fair sample of the justice to be expected. Long before Woods made his report Col. Stewart was known to be opposed to Yaquina; his hostility was quite marked. *The points made by Woods were a corroboration of all the testimony taken by the board of which Col. Stewart is chairman*, and yet the Col. causes a rock to "rapidly move within a rather wide limit," and the "material of which it is composed shifts back and forth under varying forces which act upon it." The "varying forces" operating on the the obstruction at Yaquina are just such reports as this one of Col. Stewart's, and I am willing to concede the obstacle is harder on the people than the rock itself. If I had a mantle of charity (like you Mr. Editor) I might drop it over the shoulders of Col. C. S. Stewart, but my mantle has been worn out in such service, it is thread bare, and refuses to hide the effects of prejudice or misrepresention.

Capt. Geo. C. Rieter, Inspector 13th L. H. district, says the Shubrick will hereafter enter the Bay and raise paint and replace the inner and outer buoys. RIALTO.

Newport, April 25, 1880.

King of the Blood

Cures all Scrofulous affections and disorders resulting from Impurity of the blood. It is needless to specify all, as the sufferer can usually perceive their cause; but *Salt Rheum, Pimples, Ulcers, Tumors, Goitre, Swellings*, &c., are the most common, as well as many affections of the *Heart, Head, Liver* and *Stomach*.

SCROFULA.

Wonderful Cure of Blindness.

D. RANSOM, SON & CO.: For the benefit of all troubled with Scrofula or Impure Blood in their systems, I hereby recommend King of the Blood. I have been troubled with Scrofula for the past ten years, which so affected my eyes that I was completely blind for six months. I was recommended to try King of the Blood, which has proved a great blessing to me, as it has completely cured me, and I cheerfully recommend it to all troubled as I have been. Yours truly,

MRS. S. WEATHERLOW, Sardinia, N. Y.

$1.000

will be paid to any Public Hospital to be mutually agreed upon, for every certificate of this medicine published by us which is not genuine.

Its Ingredients.

To show our faith in the safety and excellence of the K. B., upon proper personal application, when satisfied that no imposition is intended, we will give the names of all its ingredients, by affidavit. The above offers were never made before by the proprietor of any other Family Medicine in the world.

Many testimonials, further information, and full directions for using will be found in the pamphlet "Treatise on Diseases of the Blood," in which each bottle is enclosed. Price $1 per bottle containing 12 ounces, or 40 to 50 doses. Sold by druggists. D. RANSOM, SON & CO., PROP'RS, Buffalo, N. Y.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.

IT is a most agreeable dressing, which is at once harmless and effectual, for preserving the hair. It restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray, light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use thin hair is thickened, and baldness often though not always cured. It checks falling of the hair immediately, and causes a new growth in all cases where the glands are not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality and strength, and renders it pliable.

The VIGOR cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair,

The VIGOR is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

J. R. LOMER. J. C. POLLEY.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

CORVALLIS, OREGON,

LOMER & POLLEY, Propr's.

The only First Class Hotel in the City.

THE OCCIDENTAL IS A NEW BUILDING, newly furnised, and the recognized headquarters for Commercial Travelers, and all prominent men visiting Corvallis. Large sample rooms on first floor, for commercial men, and bath room for the exclusive use of guests. Board from one to two dollars per day, according to room.

October 20 1879. 16:43m6

CITY TRANSFER COMPANY

Pygall, Campbell & Co.,
PROPRIETORS.

All hauling in city or country promptly attended to. 17:7tf.

CITY MARKET,

J. L. LEWIS, - Proprietor,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ABOVE Market and fixtures, and permanently located in Corvallis, I will keep constantly on hand the choicest cuts of

BEEF,
PORK,
MUTTON,
and VEAL,

Especial attention to making extra Bologna Sausage. Being a practical butcher, with large experience in business, I flatter myself that I can give satisfaction to customers. Please call and give me a trial.

January 19, 1880. 16:45tf

Real Estate for Sale!

..... SITUATED IN .....

CORVALLIS,

Benton County, Oregon.

TWO VACANT LOTS, in the central part of town, handy to the Westside Depot. One of the most desirable places for a residence in the city. 15jan

TWO IMPROVED LOTS, on the main business street, with small stable, woodshed, and a good, comfortable dwelling house, containing seven good rooms. These lots are nicely situated for any kind of business purposes. 15jan

One Steam Planing Mill and Sash and Door Factory, in Corvallis, with all the machinery necessary to operate the same in all respects. The owner thereof wants to quit the business, he therefore offers the entire factory for sale at a price more than one-third less than its cost or present value.

All the above property is for sale, on reasonable terms. For further information concerning the same inquire of M. S. WOODCOCK,

At his LAW OFFICE, in said City of Corvallis.

CHILDREN

Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. They like it because it is sweet; Mothers like Castoria because it gives health to the child; and Physicians, because it contains no morphine or mineral.

Castoria

Is nature's remedy for assimilating the food. It cures Wind Colic, the raising of Sour Curd and Diarrhœa, allays Feverishness and Kills Worms. Thus the Child has health and the Mother obtains rest. Pleasant, Cheap, and Reliable.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS

The most effective Pain-relieving agents for

MAN and BEAST

the world has ever known.

Over 1,000,000 Bottles sold last year!

The reasons for this unprecedented popularity, are evident; the **Centaur Liniments** are made to **deserve confidence**; they are **absorbed** into the structure; they **always cure** and **never disappoint.** No person need longer suffer with

PAIN in the BACK,

Rheumatism or Stiff Joints, for the

CENTAUR

Liniments will surely exterminate the pain. There is no Strain, Sprain, Cut, Scald, Burn, Bruise, Sting, Gall or Lameness to which Mankind or Dumb Brutes are subject, that does not respond to this Soothing balm. The Centaur

LINIMENTS

not only relieve pain, but they incite healthy action, **subdue inflammation,** and **cure,** whether the symptoms proceed from **wounds** of the **flesh,** or Neuralgia of the **Nerves**; from contracted **Cords** or a **scalded hand**; from a **sprained ankle** or a **gashed foot**; whether from disgusting

PIMPLES on a LADY'S FACE

or a **strained joint** on a **Horse's Leg.**

The **agony** produced by a Burn or Scald; **mortification** from Frost-bites; **Swellings** from Strains; the **tortures of Rheumatism; Crippled for life,** by some neglected accident; a **valuable horse** or a **Doctor's Bill** may all be **saved** from

One Bottle of Centaur Liniment.

No Housekeeper, Farmer, Planter, Teamster, or Liveryman, **can afford** to be without these **wonderful Liniments.** They can be procured in **any part of the globe** for **50 cts.** and **$1.00** a bottle. **Trial bottles 25 cts.**

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FIRM of Friendly & Senders is this day dissolved, by mutual consent; the old accounts and notes are transferred to Max Friendly, and the debts of said firm are assumed by him, and said Senders, this day, turns over all his interest in said store and its business, and retires therefrom. MAX FRIENDLY.

Corvallis, March 27, 1880. I. SENDERS. 17:14w5