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WEEKLY CORVALLIS GAZETTE.

Corvallis, Jan. 24, 1879.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

THE LAWS OF OREGON.

SPECIAL LAWS.

AN ACT to Incorporate the Town of Lebanon, Linn County, State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. That the inhabitants of the town of Lebanon are hereby created a body corporate, with perpetual succession, by the name of the town of Lebanon. They shall have a common seal, may sue and be sued, acquire, hold or dispose of property, either real or personal, within the corporate limits of said town, and shall have all the powers and rights incidental to municipal corporations.

SEC. 2. That the limits of said town shall be as follows: commencing at the southeast corner of section 10, township 12, range 2 W., Willamette meridian; running thence east 40 rods; thence north 320 rods; thence west 320 rods; thence south 320 rods; thence east 280 rods to the place of beginning.

SEC. 3. That the officers of said town shall be: a President, four councilmen, a Recorder, a Marshal and a Treasurer, who shall hold their office for the term of one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified. Said officers shall be elected annually by the qualified voters of said town, on the first Monday of January of each year. The President and members of the Council shall be legal voters, actual residents, and shall have resided within the corporate limits of said town six months previous to the election.

SEC. 4. The president of the council shall have power to call meetings of the council, shall preside at their meetings, and when there is a tie in the council shall vote. He shall sign all ordinances and warrants for the collection of town taxes; he shall make annual report of the condition financially and otherwise of the town, and shall recommend such measures for the peace, health and prosperity of the town as he may deem expedient. The president and council shall perform such other duties as may be hereinafter provided, and before entering upon the duties of their office shall each file with the Recorder an oath to well and truly perform the duties required of them by the charter.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the council to devise and adopt all measures regulations and ordinances connected with the public peace, security, tranquility, cleanliness and improvement of the town, and the public health of the town and the regulations of the finances of the town, as may be expedient from time to time in accordance with this act.

SEC. 6. The Recorder shall have all the powers and jurisdiction of a Justice of the Peace in all civil and criminal matters, in violation of town ordinances; also to have exclusive jurisdiction over all violations of ordinances of the town; may examine, hold to bail, fine or convict persons found guilty thereof. He shall be ex-officio clerk of the council, without compensation, and in absence of president shall preside at all meetings of the council; he shall keep a correct journal of the proceedings of the council; he shall also be assessor of the town, and his fees therefor shall be the same as that of the county assessor as provided by law.

SEC. 7. The Marshal, in addition to the duties prescribed to him by the council, shall execute and return all processes issued and directed to him by the Recorder, and shall be a conservator of the peace, and shall arrest all persons guilty of a breach thereof, or a violation of any ordinance of the town, and take them before the Recorder for trial, and may as collector enforce the collection of all taxes. He shall attend all meetings of the council, and perform all other duties as the council may direct.

SEC. 8. The Treasurer shall receive and disburse all moneys coming into his possession by virtue of his office; he shall pay all orders signed by the president of the council and Recorder; he shall make a report of the financial condition of the town to the council, and perform such other duties as they may require.

SEC. 9. The Recorder, Marshal and Treasurer shall each give a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars, to be approved by the council, for the faithful performance of their duties; the Marshal, for the collection of taxes and the Treasurer for his services, may receive such compensation as the council may allow.

SEC. 10. The president and councilmen shall receive no pay for their services, nor shall they be directly or indirectly interested in the proceeds of any contracts to be paid out of the town treasury. The Recorder and Marshal shall be entitled to the same fees as are now allowed by law to justices of the peace and constables.

SEC. 11. The council shall hold at least one meeting in each month, and a majority shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; they shall judge of elections and qualification of their own members, and decide contested elections of town officers.

SEC. 12. Within three days after the passage of any ordinance, copies of the same shall be posted in three public places in the corporation; and all such ordinances shall take effect at the expiration of five days from the date of such posting.

SEC. 13. The council shall have power and authority within the corporate limits of the town to make by-laws and ordinances not in conflict with the laws of the State, and all necessary provisions for carrying the same into effect; to assess and collect taxes not to exceed three mills on the dollar upon all taxable property within the corporate limits, and to levy and collect a poll tax not to exceed two dollars from such persons in the corporate limits subject to poll tax under the laws of the State, and to levy and collect a road tax from all property, equal to that now levied by law for road purposes, to be expended on the streets and alleys within said corporation, under the supervision of a supervisor elected by the council; to prevent and remove nuisances; to license, tax and regulate bar-rooms, and all places where spirituous liquors are sold, billiard saloons, bowling alleys, theatrical and other exhibitions, shows and other public amusements, and to suppress bawdy houses, houses of ill-fame, gambling houses and gaming; *Provided*, that no person or party having paid a license to the town for carrying on any business or traffic named herein, shall not be compelled to pay license to the county or State for the same; to establish and regulate a police and night-watch; to impose, collect and appropriate fines and penalties for the breach of any town ordinance; *Provided*, no fine or penalty shall exceed the sum of two hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county or town jail for more than sixty days; *And provided*, the town council, by ordinance duly passed, may require that any fine which is not at once paid, or secured to be paid, shall be worked out on the streets in the corporate limits at the rate of two dollars per day; to erect and establish a town jail; to construct, clean and repair sidewalks and cross-walks, or provide for the construction, cleaning and repairing of sidewalks adjacent to real property by the owners of such property, and also for making, cleaning and repairing gutters, ditches, and otherwise improve and keep in repair streets and alleys; to regulate and prevent the running at large of domestic animals, and the impounding and sale of the same, and the discharge of fire-arms in the town; to prevent and restrain any riot, noise or disturbance of the peace, obscene language in any street or house within the town; to provide all necessary means for the protection of the town against fire; to provide for the collection and disbursement of all moneys which may be assessed or authorized to be collected; to issue warrants and levy on real and personal property of delinquent tax payers, and cause the same to be sold under such rules and regulations as they may establish therefor; to fill all vacancies in office of the corporation, and appoint such officers as may be necessary to carry into effect any ordinance of the council; to make all rules and regulations for conducting elections, except as herein provided for; *Provided*, no person shall be allowed to vote at any municipal election who is not a legal voter of the State, or who has not resided within the corporate limits thirty days next preceding such election, and who has no property subject to taxation.

SEC. 14. The residents of said town shall be exempt from the payment of such road taxes as are or may be by law imposed upon the residents of Linn county, and the road supervisors shall collect and apply all road tax within the town of Lebanon to the streets within the said corporation.

SEC. 15. The first election shall be held at the band hall, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., and ending at 4 o'clock P. M., of —— day and —— month, and as soon as the inspectors of election are notified of the passage of this act, they shall post notices and appoint a day for said election. The inspectors of election shall be A. Ervin, R. McCalley and Thomas Morris, and they shall give certificate of election to the successful candidates, and shall deliver the poll books to the Recorder elect. The members of the council shall appoint inspectors of subsequent elections and the place of holding the same, and cause ten days' previous notice thereof to be posted up in three conspicuous places in the town, and they shall receive the returns and declare the result, and the president and Recorder shall give certificates of election to the officers elect.

SEC. 16. The enacting clause of all ordinances shall be as follows: "The people of the town of Lebanon do ordain;" and all ordinances shall take effect and be in force on and after the fifth day after the same has been enacted; and it shall be the duty of the Recorder to cause all ordinances to be posted in three public places of the town, at least three days before the same takes effect.

SEC. 17. The legislature of Oregon may annul or repeal, or amend the act whenever a majority of the citizens petition therefor.

SEC. 18. At the election heretofore provided, the question of charter or no charter may be submitted to the legal voters, and if a majority of them vote to adopt said charter, then this act to be in full force and effect, otherwise null and void.

SEC. 19. Inasmuch as it is of great importance that the town of Lebanon be supplied with a municipal organization without delay, this act shall take effect and be in force, from and after its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 17, 1878.

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "an act to Incorporate the City of Albany" approved October 24, 1864.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. That section 4 of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 4. The officers of said city shall be a Mayor, a Recorder, who shall be ex-officio clerk of the common council and assessor; a Marshal, who shall be ex-officio collector of taxes; a Treasurer; also, six aldermen, until such time as the city shall be divided into wards, and from and after such division of the city into wards, there shall be two aldermen from each ward. Said officers shall hold their respective offices until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 2. That section 5 of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 5. The Mayor, Recorder, Marshal and Treasurer shall be elected annually by the qualified electors of said city, on the first Monday of December of each year. The aldermen shall be elected for the term of two years by the qualified electors of said city, on the first Monday of December of each year; *Provided*, that the aldermen elected at the first city election under this act as hereby amended, after said city shall have been divided into wards, shall be divided into two classes, one class to be elected and hold their seats for one year; and one class to be elected and hold their seats for two years, and at such first election one alderman from each ward shall be elected for one year, and one alderman from each ward for two years; and after said first election, there shall be one alderman elected annually from each ward; *Provided further*, that no person shall be entitled to vote at any municipal election in said city for the period of thirty days next preceding such election.

SEC. 3. That section 6 of said act, as amended by section 2 of an act entitled "an act to incorporate the city of Albany," approved October 26, 1870, be so amended as to read as follows:

SEC. 6. The Mayor and aldermen shall compose the common council of said city, and at any meeting shall have power to provide for the election and qualification of officers, and for filling all vacancies in office; to fix the time and place of their meetings, but they shall meet as often as twice in each month; to levy and provide for the collection of taxes for city purposes on all property, both real and personal, within the city limits; *Provided*, that no indebtedness shall be deducted from any assessment made upon any person or property for city purposes; to sit as a board of equalization; to adjust and equalize the assessment roll, or to provide by ordinance for the creation of a board of equalization for such purpose, said taxes not to exceed five mills on the dollar per annum; *Provided*, said tax may be raised to six mills on the dollar per annum, by a majority of all the legally qualified voters in said city, voting at any municipal election; to establish hospitals; to provide for the prevention and removal of nuisances; to license, tax and regulate auctioneers, taverns, ordinaries, hawkers, brokers, peddlers and money changers; to license, tax and regulate the running of hacks, carriages, carts, wagons, drays, trucks and omnibuses within the city limits, and to fix the maximum rates of carrying persons and freight thereon; to license, tax and regulate barrooms, billiard tables, theaters and other shows, exhibitions or other amusements; also to prohibit and regulate bawdy houses, gambling houses and gambling; *Provided*, the city council shall have exclusive control of all licenses, and that no part of the income derived therefrom shall go to the county; *And provided further*, that any person having paid a license tax herein provided for the city, shall be exempt from paying such license tax to the county for the purpose for which such license shall have been granted by the city; to establish and regulate market houses and places; to establish, regulate and sustain fire companies; to provide water at the expense of the property holders in the districts established as cistern districts; to appoint fire wardens; to lay out and establish cistern districts; to appoint property guards and prescribe their duties and provide for their compensation, and by ordinance, to compel any person present to aid in the extinguishment of fire, and the preservation of property exposed to danger in time of fire; and by ordinance to exercise such other powers as may be necessary on such occasions; to establish and regulate a police and night-watch; to impose fines, penalties and forfeitures, for the violation of city ordinances; to provide for the making, cleaning and repairing of side and crosswalks, at the expense of and by the owners of the adjacent lots; *Provided*, that the streets at the several crossings shall be graded, paved, planked or other wise improved and kept in repair, and the crosswalks at such street crossing, built and kept in repair at the cost and expense of the owners of the real property fronting on such streets each way to the center of the block in proportion to their frontage; to provide for the making, reopening and repairing of gutters, drains and sewers; to grade, pave, plank or otherwise improve and keep in repair the streets, alleys, and sidewalks within said city limits, at the expense of the owners of the real property adjacent to or abutting upon such improvements, and to charge the expense or cost of such improvements against the owners of such real property, and to provide for the collection of the same from such owners respectively, and to charge the cost and expense of such improvements as a lien upon such real property, and to provide that the cost of such improvements shall constitute and become a lien upon such real property from the date of recording such lien until the same is paid; to provide for the recording of such liens by the City Recorder, in a book to be provided for that purpose, and kept in his office, and to provide for foreclosing such liens, and the sale of the property to satisfy the same; to provide for lighting the streets of said city, or any part thereof, with gas or otherwise, and to make the necessary regulations and contracts therefor; to provide for supplying the city with pure water for domestic, sanitary, fire and other purposes, and to make the necessary regulations, restrictions and contracts therefor; to change, alter, vacate and lay out and open streets and alleys within the city limits; to create a board of health officers for said city, and define its duties; to divide the city into three or more wards, and to change the same and create new wards; *Provided*, that each ward so created and established shall be entitled to elect and be represented in the city council by two aldermen, one of whom shall be elected each year; *Provided*, that at the first election held in said city, after the establishment of any new ward or wards, there shall be two aldermen elected from each of such wards, one for the term of one year, and one for the term of two years from each of said wards; to provide for, regulate and control the storage of gunpowder and other combustible materials, and the use of candles, lamps and other lights, in shops, stables and other places; to provide for the erection, repair and regulation of piers, public wharves, docks and bridges, and to fix the rate of wharfage; to provide for the prevention, securing or removal of any fire-place, stove or other apparatus which may be dangerous in causing fire; to regulate and prescribe the manner of building partition walls and fences; to prevent and regulate the running at large of animals, and the discharge of fire-arms within the city limits; to license and regulate porters and hotel or steamboat runners, and to fix the rate of portage; to make appropriations for any and all items of city expenditure, and to provide for the payment of the debts and expenses of the city; to appoint a city attorney and prescribe his duties and provide for his compensation; to provide for the weighing and measuring of hay, wood and other commodities bought and sold in said city; to provide for the removal of standing water and other unwholesome and offensive substances, and to prevent streams from overflowing their banks; to provide against and prevent the introduction of diseases into said city; to provide for the prevention or restraint of any noise, riot, disturbance or disorderly assemblage in any street, house or place in said city; to provide for the prevention and removal of any obstruction in the Willamette river within the city limits; to make all laws and ordinances necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this charter, and to secure the health, peace and improvement of said city, and to provide for the punishment of the violations of any city ordinance by fine or imprisonment, but no fine shall exceed one hundred dollars, and no imprisonment shall exceed thirty days; *Provided*, the citizens of said city shall not be exempt from the payment of such road taxes as are, or may be imposed by the law of this State; *Provided further*, that the county court shall not have power to establish any county road within the corporate limits of said city.

SEC. 4. That section 11 of said act be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 11. The Mayor and aldermen of said city may receive such pay for their services as the common council shall by ordinance prescribe, not to exceed one dollar for each meeting of the council; *Provided*, that no compensation shall be audited in favor of any member of the council who is not present at such meeting.

SEC. 5. That the best interests of the city of Albany demand that the same be divided into three or more wards at as early a day as possible, therefore, this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 18, 1878.

AN ACT for the Relief of John Flannigan.

WHEREAS, John Flannigan was on the 26th day of October, 1876, County Treasurer of the county of Coos, and was duly acting as such; and,

WHEREAS, on said 26th day of October, 1876, there had been deposited with the said John Flannigan, by the treasurer of the State of Oregon, the sum of $874.26 coin, and $411.39 currency, for the purpose of distribution, under the laws of the State of Oregon, regulating the distribution of money for the support of common schools, which said sums, upon apportionment duly made, were found to be due from the State to the said county of Coos for the year 1876, and which sums of money were then in his possession; and

WHEREAS, said moneys were placed in the hands of said John Flannigan by the treasurer of the State of Oregon, subject to the order of the board of school land commissioners of the State of Oregon, which were received and held by said John Flannigan as a matter of accommodation and without compensation; and

WHEREAS, the said moneys were stolen from the safe of said John Flannigan on the said 26th day of October, 1876; and

WHEREAS, the said John Flannigan used due and proper care to keep the said moneys safe and secure, and the said robbery was without fault or negligence upon his part; and

WHEREAS, said John Flannigan was not the local agent of said board of school land commissioners; and

WHEREAS, said John Flannigan, from his own funds, distributed and paid upon orders from said board, to the district school clerks and the local agent of the said board of school land commissioners for said county of Coos, the sums of money above mentioned; and

WHEREAS, said payments were made under a misapprehension of the liability of said John Flannigan; and

WHEREAS, the said John Flannigan was at large expense to procure the arrest and conviction of the party who committed said robbery; therefore

Be it enacted, by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. That there be paid to said John Flannigan, out of the treasury of the State of Oregon, the sum of $874.26, gold or silver coin, and $411.39, lawful money of the United States, to reimburse the said John Flannigan for moneys so distributed by him, and there is hereby appropriated out of the moneys of the treasury of the State of Oregon, not otherwise appropriated, sufficient money to pay the same.

SEC. 2. Inasmuch as the said John Flannigan is justly entitled to said sums of money from the State of Oregon, this act shall take effect from and after its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 18, 1878.

AN ACT to provide for the Expenses incurred in Providing for and Maintaining the Oregon Exhibit at the Centennial Exposition held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in the year 1876.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. That the sum of $3,791, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the general fund in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of the exhibit of Oregon products at the Centennial Exposition held in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, 1876.

SEC. 2. That the Governor, Secretary and Treasurer of this State are hereby constituted an auditing board to examine and audit the accounts of the centennial commissioner or centennial commissioner alternate of this State for services rendered by themselves or their assistants, and all necessary expenses attending the collection, transportation and exhibition of the said Oregon exhibit at said Centennial Exposition.

SEC. 3. That said auditing board shall require a full statement of the moneys, public or private appropriations or subscriptions, and also of all time for which remuneration was given said commissioner by the finance committee of the Centennial Exposition; that all such amounts of appropriations, private subscriptions and other remuneration, shall be an offset against the gross amount to be allowed for the services and expenses attending the Oregon exhibit, to be deducted from the same.

SEC. 4. That the amount to be allowed the commissioner or commissioner alternate for time necessarily employed while traveling to and from meetings of the national board, attending meetings of the State board, preparing the articles for exhibition, and attending the exposition at Philadelphia, shall not exceed the sum of three dollars per day for time necessarily expended.

SEC. 5. That when the auditing board shall have completed its labors and made its award, the Seerdtary of State shall draw his warrant on the Treasueer in favor of A. J. Dufur, for the amounts so found by them.

SEC. 6. As said moneys and services have already been expended and are now due, the credit of the State is involved in their prompt payment, this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 18, 1878.

AN ACT to define the Boundaries of Coos and Douglas counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

SECTION 1. The boundaries of Coos county shall be as follows: beginning on the shore of the Pacific ocean at the township line between township 22 and 23, south of range 13 west of Willamette meridian; thence east along said township line to the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters of the Umpqua on the east, and the Coos and Coquille rivers on the west; thence southerly along the summit of the aforesaid divididing ridge to a point due west of the northwest corner of township 28 south, range 8 west, Willamette meridian; thence in a direct line to the northwest corner of township 30 south, range 9 west, Willamette meridian; thence south to the southwest corner of said township; thence in a straight line to the summit of the mountains separating the waters of the Coquille and Coos rivers from the Umpqua, at a point where the same intersects the dividing ridge between the head waters of the Umpqua and Rogue rivers; thence westerly along the summit of the ridge dividing the waters of the Coquille river from those which discharge themselves into the ocean, to a point due east of the south line of section 21, township 30 south, range 15 west of the Willamette meridian; thence west to the Pacific ocean; thence north along shore of said ocean to the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. The boundaries of Douglas county shall be as follows Beginning at the mouth of the Siuslaw river on the south bank; thence following up the south bank of said river to a point fifteen miles west of the main traveled road, known as the Applegate road; thence southerly to the summit of the Calapooia mountains; thence eastward along the summit of said mountains to the summit of the Cascade range; thence southerly along the summit of the Cascade range to the former corner of Douglas county; thence continuing southerly along the summit of the Cascade range to the summit of the dividing ridge between the headwaters of the south Umpqua and the waters of the Rogue river; thence westerly along the summit of said ridge to the summit of the Coast Range of mountains, separating the waters of the Coquille and Coos rivers from the Umpqua; thence in a straight line to the southwest corner of township 30, south of range 9, west of the Willamette meridian; thence north to the northwest corner of said township; thence in a straight line to the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters of the Umpqua on the east, and the Coos and Coquille rivers on the west, at a point due west of the northwest corner of township 28 south, range 8 west, Willamette meridian; thence northerly along the summit of the aforesaid dividing ridge, the township line between townships 22 and 23 south of the Willamette meridian; thence west along said township line to the Pacific ocean; thence north along the shore line of the ocean to the place of its beginning.

SEC. 3. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 4. Inasmuch as uncertainty and conflict as to the boundaries, of said counties, Coos and Douglas, now exist, this act shall take effect from and after its approval by the Governor.

Approved October 19, 1878.

THE OREGONIAN ON GROVER.

The *Oregonian*, of recent date, in referring to Senator Grover's denial of the findings of the Investigating Committee, makes the following caustic remarks:

As the shot that was fired at Lexington was heard round the world, so the report of the committee of the Oregon Legislature reverberates from the other side of the continent. It calls Grover to his feet in the Senate, and he "denies the charges *seriatim*, reading from the laws and records to show that all money had been properly expended." Mr. Grover will learn that this form of denial will not be convincing to the public of Oregon. If he expects to answer in this way the detailed and specific account of his transactions as presented in the committee's report he will find himself mistaken. The charges are too explicit and circumstantial, and too strongly buttressed with indisputable facts; and as they come from a legislative committee of his own party it cannot be pretended that any feeling of hostility founded on partisanship has rendered them unfair. While he is denying will he deny his "bans" to himself, or to others for his benefit, out of the school fund, on such insufficient security that great sums are wholly lost? There are more questions of fact in the indictment than of law, and the facts are invincible. It is easy enough to "read from the laws and records" in pretended justification of the profligacy which the committee has exposed, but the essence of the charge is in regard to the extravagant expenditures and allowances made *in violation of law*. It is useless for Grover to tell the people of Oregon that the vast sums squandered by his administration, the like of which never was known before, and is not continued now because there can be found for it no warrant of law, were "properly expended." They know better. He might as well tell them that the great debt which was piled up during his administration, in consequence of this profligacy was not in violation of the constitution.

BAYARD TAYLOR.—In speaking of this, in many respects, wonderful man, whose loss a nation mourns, an exchange says:

Bayard Taylor, who died a few days ago, while American minister to Berlin—a position only one degree lower in honor than that of the president—was a self-made man. He never attended a college, but commenced life as a printer boy, and in a printing office received the rudiments of that education which gave him high rank as a scholar and literary writer. He could speak, it was said, no less than seventeen languages, all of which he acquired by hard application to study. So prominent had he become among his countrymen, that he needed no recommendations for office. President Hayes appointed him minister to Berlin without solicitation on the part of Mr. Taylor or any of his friends. Looking to this high example, let no ambitious youth be discouraged by the surroundings of poverty. Intelligence, energy and perserverance will accomplish the most brilliant triumphs.

PRELIMINARY to admission to the public schools of St. Louis, answers are required to a list of questions, some of which are at times too much for the intelligence of the unfleged citizens of the "future great city of the world," as witness the following:

A friend of mine, Miss J——, teacher of one of the primary classes, catechised a little ragamuffin a short time since with the following result:

"What is your father's name?"

"Don't know."

"Don't know your father's name?"

"No."

"Well, what do the neighbors call him?"

"Don't call him nothin'. They don't see him. He ain't never home 'cept nights."

"Then," as a bright idea occurred to her, "what does your mother call him?"

"Why, she calls him 'old fool.'"

At this point her researches into the secret history of that family ceased.

On another occasion a little candidate grappled successfully with every question on the list until the one, "What is your father's occupation?" was propounded, when he was forced to admit that he did not know what that word meant.

"I mean, what does he do?" said Miss J——.

"Oh! he builds fires."

"Ah! he's a janitor, then?"

"I don't know what *that* means, neither."

"Why, a janitor is a man that builds fires, and sweeps out, and takes care of a building."

"I guess he ain't that kind, then, cos he don't sweep none."

"Doesn't he? Well, *where* does he build fires?"

"I don't know," said the little fellow, very emphatically, and in a tone betraying considerable irritation, "he's dead."

GROVER OF OREGON.—Senator Grover, of Oregon, has not particularly distinguished himself during his political career; indeed, he is never heard of except he gets into some disreputable scrape or other; but his disreputable scrapes are generally frequent enough to save him from prolonged obscurity. First, he was mixed up with Tilden and Patrick in the shameful attempt to reverse the choice of the people of Oregon for President; then he was ground through a senate investigating committee on a charge of buying his seat; and now a legislative committee pillories him for plundering a variety of State funds while Governor. If Grover likes fame, he is getting plenty of it.—St. Paul *Pioneer Press*.

Be satisfied with a moderate rent to a good tenant.

RUPTURE!

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE

—EFFECTED BY—

CALIFORNIA ELASTIC TRUSS!

CALIFORNIA ELASTIC TRUSS COMPANY, W. J. HORNE, Proprietor.—Dear Sir:—I feel that I owe it to you and to humanity to write the fact that I have been SUBSTANTIALLY CURED of a bad case of rupture of thirty year's standing, by one of your incomparable Trusses, which I purchased from you three months ago. I cannot describe the suffering, both physically and mentally, that I have undergone during that period; and now I feel like a new being. I have worn all kinds of Trusses, both Steel and Elastic, and never received any permanent relief until I tried yours. Its simplicity of construction, and facility with which it can be adjusted, and the ease and perfect freedom to the motions of the body with which it can be worn without causing any irritation, are its chief merits, and it is a perfect supporter. I have not had any sign of a return of a Rupture since the first day I put it on, and feel that I am PERFECTLY CURED. It is invaluable, and the fact should be known to the world. You can refer any one to me on the subject of their merits. I am yours truly,

ALFRED J. BURKE,
Chief Mail Clerk S. F. Daily Evening Post.
San Francisco, July 20, 1878.

ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

San Francisco, July 9, 1878.

California Elastic Truss Co:

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