

# THE BENTON DEMOCRAT.

OFFICIAL PAPER FOR BENTON COUNTY.

SATURDAY, : : FEBRUARY 22

The Steamer Japan, on her last trip from China, brought the small-pox to San Francisco.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.—This is the one hundred and forty-first anniversary of the immortal Washington.

HUMILIATING.—It is a sad commentary on the American Republic that its Vice President is endeavoring to clear himself of an established charge of bribery.

ABATING.—The smallpox epidemic is abating in Boston. It is said that it has been more difficult to prevent the spread of the disease during this visitation than at any preceding one.

CAPITOL COMMISSIONER.—Samuel Brown, Esq., recently appointed Capitol Commissioner, resigned last Wednesday, and Gov. Grover appointed Samuel Allen, Esq., of Salem, to the position.

LARGE ENOUGH.—The Klamath Reservation contains 768,000 acres of land. This is certainly large enough for two small bands of Indians, without the proposed donation to the Modocs of 3,000 more on Lost river.

A GOOD MOVE.—A subscription is being raised in Portland to print a pamphlet, devoted to giving information of Oregon, for circulation in the East. Hon. W. L. Adams is the gentleman selected to write it.

RATHER CONTRADICTION.—At the beginning of the Modoc war, the California press asserted that it was gotten up by the Applegates. It now turns out that these gentlemen are the authors of the Peace Commission.

A GOOD LAW.—A bill is to be introduced into the New York Legislature providing that when a murderer is acquitted under the plea of insanity, he shall be imprisoned in an asylum not less than twenty nor more than thirty years.

FARMERS' MEETING.—The regular meeting of the farmers of Benton county, for the purpose of forming a Farmers' Club, will be held at the Court House, next Saturday, March 1st, at 11 o'clock a. m. Let there be a full attendance.

CAN MAKE A "PIECE".—It is suggested by a Southern Oregon paper that if the Modoc Peace Commissioners cannot make peace with Captain Jack they can make a "piece" by seizing that \$900 which the Captain is said to have in a Yreka bank.

THINGS REVERSED.—At the letting out of the paupers, a few days since at Trenton, Mrs. Lucy Locky, a very respectable white lady, was bid off by a negro. One of the beauties of Abe Lincoln's unconstitutional performances, and the practical working of the "mission" of the Radical party.

REFUSED TO CONTRIBUTE.—The Portland Herald says the proprietors of one of the large job printing establishments in that city refused to contribute a cent or even one pound of old type metal to the Greeley Monument Fund. This ungenerous action should not be forgotten by those who respect the memory of a fellow craftsman.

SAM. CLARKE has a card in the Oregonian, saying that he did not go East "lecturing," but to gain the strength he possessed before Bill Watkins attempted to shut off his wind. He informed a gentleman of this city that he was going East to bring himself into notice as a poet. Somebody has prevaricated, and we guess it's "Samuel."

The electoral vote, as counted by Congress, stood as follows: For President U. S. Grant, 286; B. Gratz Brown, 18; Thomas J. Hendricks, 42; T. J. Jenks, 2; David Davis, 1. The vote for Vice-President was as follows: Henry Wilson, 286; B. Gratz Brown, 47; N. P. Banks, 1; G. W. Julian, 5; J. M. Palmer, 3; E. Bramlette, 3; W. S. Groesbeck, 1; A. H. Colquitt, 5; W. Blanchen, 1.

ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.—In the English Parliament the following bills have lately been introduced: A bill for the purchase of the railroads by the Government; to remove the political disabilities of woman; for the abolition of capital punishment; providing that all treaties between Great Britain and foreign powers must receive ratification by Parliament; legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister; and looking to the establishment of a protectorate over the Fiji Islands.

## AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Our attention has been called to the fact that but twenty-eight Agricultural students are at present in attendance at the College. The State is allowed forty-four—each Senator having power to appoint two; but, from some cause, sixteen vacancies at present exist. In some instances, parents have addressed letters to Senators, in districts where vacancies have occurred, asking the appointment of their sons, but have failed to receive even a reply to their epistles. By a law passed in 1868, a Board was created, with power to fill all vacancies occurring in any Senatorial District, and we would call the attention of the College Faculty to this matter, that applications may be made to this Board, for appointments from districts in which Senators have neglected so important a duty. There are in this State hundreds of promising young men who would gladly avail themselves of this excellent opportunity for acquiring an education, and every exertion should be made to keep all the appointments filled. The College now has a full corps of instructors, prepared to conduct every department in the most efficient manner. A Military Department has already been organized, in charge of President Arnold, a thorough tactician. In the Agricultural Department a practical farmer has been employed, and as soon as spring opens students will be inducted into a practical knowledge of the science and details of cultivating the soil. Landscape gardening, fruit growing, and horticulture in all its branches, will be taught both theoretically and practically, by competent instructors. The services of an expert surveyor have also been secured, and practical instructions will be given in this department. In fact, every department of the College will be in charge of competent professors, and student taught practice as well as theory in every branch of study. A fine chemical apparatus was long ago procured, and has recently been supplied with chemicals, retorts, blow-pipes, etc., for analyzing soils and other substances. Work in the laboratory will receive especial attention. The present building can accommodate three hundred, as well as fifty pupils, and it is the imperative duty of those having the authority to see to it that each Senatorial District is fully represented. In addition to receiving instruction free of tuition, the students, during the greater portion of the term, are allowed a compensation for their labor on the farm, while receiving practical instruction, thus enabling them to earn sufficient, by a few hours' labor each day, to pay their incidental expenses. An energetic, industrious young man may in this manner receive a thorough education, embracing any course of study he may elect, virtually for nothing. Let the full quota of State students at once be permitted to enjoy these unequalled facilities for acquiring learning.

UTAH AFFAIRS.—The tribulation of the Mormon leaders, in view of decisive Congressional action against their peculiar institution, is becoming daily more manifest. Already removal from Utah is being discussed. One of their organs to-day says the strong arm of power is to be invoked to make them move on, but where shall they go? Where is it desired they shall next pitch their tents? Before, however, they figure closely on starting, how much, asks the Herald, will the Government give for the property they have gathered around them for the last quarter of a century? The priesthood are understood to be seriously contemplating the possible necessity of another pioneer expedition, but it is not generally believed that the Saints, as a body, can ever be induced to abandon their present homes. There is no doubt that Brigham is endeavoring to secure a new country for his kingdom, and it is intimated that negotiations have been renewed for the exclusive possession of one of the Sandwich Islands.

INDIAN INSOLENT.—The Jacksonville Times says that a number of men who own stock in the Modoc country have lost thousands of dollars every year in the killing of their cattle by Indians, besides buying their good will in leasing the land they had no legal right to claim. Louis Land, after taking up a ranch on the Government domain, had to pay the Indians horses, provisions, etc., to a considerable amount, before they would permit him to build a cabin. Other settlers, also, had to make similar compromises in settling on public land anywhere around Tule Lake.

The land on the line of the North Pacific Railroad between Red river and Missouri river is susceptible of the highest state of cultivation.

## AN EARNST PROTEST.

A special dispatch from Washington to the New York Times, dated February 5th, gives the instructions of the Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs to the Modoc Peace Commissioners. In these instructions, the Commissioner says, from the best information in its possession, the Department thinks it advisable to locate the Modocs upon either the Siletz or Grande Ronde Reservations. Where the Department obtained its "best information" we are at a total loss to conjecture, unless it came from the same brilliant intellects whence sprang the idea of making a treaty with, instead of hanging, Captain Jack and his band. Instead of being advisable, the location of the Modocs upon either of the Coast Reservations would be an unparalleled, high-handed outrage upon the citizens of the west side counties, and place an incubus upon the wealthiest and most populous section of our fair State. Already the few Indians now upon these Coast Reservations have been found insubordinate; they have, quite recently, lighted the brand of incendiarism, and threatened extermination to the settlers upon Yaquina Bay; the pioneer has been compelled to take his wife and little ones, at the dead of night, in mid-winter, and flee for protection against these poor, down-trodden wards of the Indian Department; and, while settlers are building blockhouses, and organizing militia companies, for mutual protection, the dignified Indian Department—thousands of miles away, and as ignorant of the true condition of affairs as a Digger Indian is of Latin—"deems it advisable" to locate in their midst one of the most desperate bands of savages that ever wielded a tomahawk or drew a scalping-knife, which has been preying upon the settlers of Southern Oregon for more than twenty years, and whose hands are already inebriated with the blood of nearly two hundred innocent white men. This proposed disposition of this intractable band of savages would virtually depopulate the western extremities of Oregon, and against frequent raids nothing but a strong guard of soldiery could protect the settlers along the west bank of the Willamette river. We call upon our cotemporaries on this side of the Willamette, as well as throughout Western Oregon, to solemnly protest against the consummation of this outrage.

ON THE WAR-PATH.—When the news of the Modoc war first reached Camp Harney the Snake Indians in that vicinity raised a red flag, and despite efforts of the officer commanding the post, kept it up for several days. Finally the red rascals were informed that unless it was taken down their chief would be hung, and they took it down. Much fear is felt in that section that should the difficulty with the Modocs not be settled before April, the Snake Indians will give the people of Grant county serious trouble. The Indians at Camp Harney have already refused their rations, and there are not enough troops there now to protect the Government property should the Indians see fit to commence hostilities. Camp Warner is in no better condition. It is positively stated that there is not a single warrior among the Snakes who has not either a Spencer or a Henry rifle.

SHOCKING, IF TRUE.—The Salt Lake Mining Journal reports a lecture delivered in that city by a Mr. Wandell, who, in speaking of a little girl who was rescued from death at the Mountain Meadow massacre, but whose mother was killed in that fearful slaughter, said: "She had recognized her mother's dress on a Mormon woman at Cedar City. The child was at once suspected of knowing too much to be permitted live. A council of the Priesthood was at once called, who took her to a convenient place, and after considering her case, doomed her to die. A priest, who had received his 'endowments,' was ordered then and there to execute the sentence. He seized her, dashed her upon the ground, planted his knee upon her abdomen, with his left hand seized her by the hair, and with the other hand drew his knife and cut her throat."

The California Mutual Life Insurance Co., of San Francisco, has ceased business, in consequence of a law of that State requiring the payment of \$12,500 annually into the Guarantee Fund, rendering its business unprofitable.

Portland has twenty-one places of public worship; twelve Masonic Lodges; seven Odd Fellows' Lodges; three Groves of Druids; two Tribes of Red Men; nine Benevolent Societies, and eleven library and literary societies.

## WOMAN SUFFRAGE CONVENTION.

The Oregon State Woman Suffrage Convention, which assembled at Portland last Friday, adjourned on Saturday evening, after a varied and rambling performance of two days. It adopted a platform, the first plank of which adopts the Declaration of Independence and the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments as the creed of the party. It resolved to cling hopefully to the famous splinter inserted among the planks of the Republican platform by the dominant party of the voting sex, in which the demands of women for "additional rights" are guaranteed "respectful consideration." It demanded of Congress an act enabling women to perform certain things which they cannot do without Congressional enactment. Susan Anthony was commended. The Convention offered its hand and heart in holy marriage to the Oregon State Temperance Alliance; but whether the Alliance is just ready to take such a heavy contract in matrimony has not yet transpired. It is young, and should not be imposed upon by these manly women. Mrs. Beatty, a colored female of "strong" proclivities, made a speech, commencing 3,000 years ago, and put the entire audience to sleep before she got down to the present age. As the last announcement on the programme, Mrs. A. J. Duniway was introduced and proceeded to address the large assemblage on the subject of "Freedom," in which she advocated in the strongest terms the granting to women everywhere equality before the law, which she urged they were deprived of at present. The speaker made the prediction that within the present Administration the Republican party would, finding that their power was waning, grant to woman the right of suffrage. This would be done to enable them to secure a fresh lease of power. She expected to ratify this announcement within three years. After taking up the usual collection, the Convention adjourned sine die.

## LEGISLATION FOR UTAH.

Following is a synopsis of the bill introduced by Merritt, of Idaho, for regulating political and social affairs in Utah: First—The United States Marshal is to serve all process of the United States Courts. Second—The District Attorney is directed to prosecute all offenses against the laws of the United States, as well as the Territory. Third—Grand and petit jurors are to be drawn by the United States Judge, Marshal and District Attorney. Fourth—In prosecutions for polygamy proof of cohabitation, declaration or acknowledgment of more than one wife is sufficient. Fifth—Mormon Courts to be restricted in their jurisdiction. Sixth—The election law to be amended, so as to give free expression to the ballot and allow only male citizens to vote. Seventh—No polygamist to be allowed to be naturalized. Eighth—Inspectors of Election, Justices of the Peace, Notaries, etc., to be appointed by the Governor. Ninth—All land grants made by the Mormon Legislature to be annulled. Tenth—All acts of Mormon Legislation in contravention of the organic law of the Territory to be disapproved by Congress.

This proposed action by Congress has created quite a breeze in Mormon-dom. Efforts are being made by the Priesthood to stave off legislation, until better arrangements are made to defeat the efforts of the Government in executing the laws. Special dispatches have been sent to the papers East, over the Deseret Line, deprecating the President's policy. It is positively asserted that these dispatches are made up by parties interested in Mormonism, and are far from expressing the sentiment of the people.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.—The entire public debt of the United States, exclusive of Pacific Railway bonds, is \$2,260,943,639 69. Cash in the Treasury, \$98,285,058 39. Of this debt \$1,756,016,000 00 bears interest in coin; \$16,608,000 00 bears interest in currency; \$488,319,649 96 bears no interest. The amount of outstanding bonds issued to the Pacific Railway, \$64,623,512 00. Interest due and unpaid on Railway bonds, \$323,117 56. Interest paid on these bonds by the Government, \$18,509,280 90. Interest repaid by the Railways by transportation of mails, &c., \$4,118,432 75.

A Bulletin correspondent gives a partial list of murders committed by the Modoc Indians since 1850, numbering 150, and says he could add scores, if space permitted.

After all obligations are paid, Horace Greeley's two daughters will each receive \$100,000.

## PACIFIC SLOPERS.

A statue of Col E. D. Baker is to be erected in Washington. Travel on the Upper Columbia will be resumed next Monday. Two more steam fire engines are to be purchased for Portland. Union town is the newly elected county-seat of Union county. Heavy rains have fallen around Jacksonville, and miners are busy.

When a man dies in Helena, Montana, they advertise for sealed proposals to bury him.

Sailing vessels average ten trips a year, each between Coos Bay and San Francisco.

Joseph Coxon, charged with the murder of Hasbrouck, is in the Yamhill county jail.

A new telephone office has been established at Rock Point, 13 miles north of Jacksonville.

The M. E. Church South contemplate the building of a church at Harriessburg next summer.

S. G. Reed recently sold two of his Short-horn calves for \$2,200. Raising fine stock pays.

Oregon papers are requested to notice the death of Amos A. Stoddard at East Cleveland, Ohio, January 24th.

## FLASHES OF LIGHTNING.

Caldwell, Senator from Kansas, will resign.

Disastrous floods have occurred in Pennsylvania.

The Goat Island bill exhibits signs of approaching death.

Cuba has given her adhesion to the new Spanish Republic.

Gen. Grant will start on his Southern tour March 20th. Nearly all the Cabinet will accompany him.

The French Government will not permit Pardonet, the Kansas Emigration Agent, to lecture in France.

The Poland Credit Mobilier Committee has reported. They censured none but Oakes Ames, and recommended his expulsion.

Judge Boardman denied the application for a new trial of Stokes; but Judge Davis granted him a hearing before a full Bench.

It is said that existing corruptibility of Congressmen, and Brigham Young's money-bags, may prevent any definite action on Utah affairs this session.

## MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, near Corvallis, on the 18th inst., by Rev. Joseph Emery, Mr. George W. Biddle, of Corvallis, to Miss Libbie Stilson.

Compliments of the happy couple received. Accept the printer's blessing, and prayer for a life of unalloyed happiness.

## DIED.

In King's Valley, Benton county, Oregon, February 11th, 1873, Mrs. Mary Watson, aged 64 years, 2 months and 27 days. Pacific Christian Advocate please copy.

Mrs. Watson was a member of the M. E. Church, a native of Kentucky, and emigrated from Illinois to Oregon in 1847.

## NEW THIS WEEK.

DENTISTRY. DR. E. O. SMITH, OF ALBANY, Will Pay a Visit to Corvallis on MONDAY, MARCH 3, 1873.

Parties desiring First Class Dental work, should give him a call.

ROOMS AT THE CITY HOTEL. 2-44tr

RESTAURANT! A NEW IDEA!

FRESH YAQUINA BAY OYSTERS

HOT LUNCH AT ALL HOURS OF THE NIGHT.

SERVED IN THE BEST OF STYLE. . . . AT . . .

ALLPHIN'S RESTAURANT, MAIN ST., CORVALLIS. 2-44tr

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Benton. J. C. Avery, Plaintiff, vs. E. E. Taylor, Defendant. Motion for leave to issue an execution upon the judgment in said cause. To E. E. TAYLOR, the above named Defendant.

IN the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the motion of the plaintiff, now on file with the Clerk of said Court, in the above entitled proceeding, on or before the first day of the next regular term of said Court following the publication of this summons for six weeks, to wit: on the second Monday, the 4th day of April, 1873. And if you fail to answer the motion of plaintiff as herein required, he will apply to the Court for leave to issue an execution against you for the sum of \$39 and also \$181 70, costs and disbursements, on a period of five years having elapsed since an execution was issued thereon, and plaintiff will ask for costs and disbursements of this proceeding against you.

Published by order of Hon. A. J. Thayer, Judge of said Court, said order bearing date of February 19, 1873. J. C. AVERY, Plaintiff. By John Burnett, Assignee. 44w

## LEGAL ADVERT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of John B. Henderson, All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, with proper vouchers, to me at my office in Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Those indebted to the estate are notified to make prompt payment. G. W. HODCK, Administrator. February 15, 1873. 2-43w4

## Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of two decrees and executions thereon, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Benton county, to me directed and delivered against Joseph Hunt, Anna Hunt, W. H. McFarland, John Hunt, Bernard Hunt, and Henry Tolle, and in favor of Jehiel S. Kendall, wherein said decrees are directed to sell certain premises, to wit: Lot seven (7), in block six (6), in the city of Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, together with the Brewery, and all the fixtures used thereon, and connected therewith, for the purpose of paying for gold coin, and, out of the proceeds of such sale.

First—To pay to Joseph Hunt the sum of two hundred and eighty-one and seventy-nine hundredths dollars (\$281 79), with interest at ten per cent. per annum from the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1873.

Second—To pay to Bernard Hunt the sum of one hundred and eighty-one and thirty-three hundredths dollars (\$181 33), with interest at ten per cent. per annum from the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1873.

Third—To pay to Jehiel S. Kendall one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300) in United States gold coin, with interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1873.

Fourth—To pay to Henry Tolle the sum of one hundred and seventy, and eighty-nine hundredths dollars (\$170 89), with interest at ten per cent. per annum from the fifteenth day of January, A. D. 1873.

Fifth—The remainder, if any, to pay to W. H. McFarland.

Together with the costs and disbursements of this sale, I have viewed upon the above described real estate and on.

Tuesday, the 11th Day of March, 1873.

I will sell the same at public auction, to the highest bidder, for gold coin in hand, to satisfy said several amounts, as by said decrees are ordered and directed. Sale will take place in front of the Court House door, in the city of Corvallis, in said county and State, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., of said day, that is to say, at two o'clock p. m.

Sheriff of Benton County, Oregon. February 7, A. D. 1873. 2-42w4

## Administratrix' Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been appointed Administratrix of the estate of John B. Henderson. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, with the proper vouchers, within six months from the date of this notice, to the undersigned, at her residence, about eight miles west of Blodgett's Valley, in Benton county. Persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment. SUSAN HENDERSON, Administratrix of the Estate of John B. Henderson, deceased. Corvallis, Oregon, February 8, 1873. 2-42w4

## Estray Notice.

TAKEN UP BY THE SUBSCRIBER, a living two miles north of Corvallis, in Benton county, Oregon, on the 28th day of January, 1873, one sorrel mare, with white face, right hind foot white, about fifteen hands high, and about six years old. No other marks or brands perceivable. Appraised at \$40. JEHIAL STEWART. Corvallis, Oregon, February 7, 1873. 2-42w4

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between E. Q. McCandlish and J. A. Hanna this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted to the late firm will please make payment to J. A. Hanna immediately, as all the business must be closed, he assuming all liabilities. E. Q. McCandlish, J. A. HANNA. Corvallis, Jan. 15, 1873. 2-41ml

J. A. HANNA, DEALER IN SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, ETC. ETC. FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY. LEGAL TENDERS BOUGHT AND SOLD. A Real Estate Agency, For the Sale and Lease of Property. J. A. HANNA. Post Office, Corvallis, Oregon. v2m2y1.

NOW IS THE TIME! P. P. GREFFOZ. TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE CITY HOTEL, CORVALLIS, OREGON.

Has just received a fine assortment of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c.; which he offers for sale at low prices.

SOLE AGENT FOR CRESCENT SPECTACLES

Particular attention given to repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c. at reasonable prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. no. 11, July 6th.

NEW BARBER SHOP!

HALE BACKENSTO, : : : Proprietor.

MAIN STREET.

Shaving, Shampooing, Hair Cutting, Dyeing, Etc.,

In the Highest Style of the Profession.

To the Ladies: Particular attention paid to Ladies' Hair Cutting, Dressing and Curling. Corvallis, July 8, 1873. 2-41tr

JOHN DUNCAN

SADDLES & HARNESS.

Carriages trimmed and Job Work done up on short notice and at reasonable rates. MAIN STREET, CORVALLIS, OREGON. v2m2y1.