J. M. SHEPHERD, Editor.

Baker City, Nov. 3, 1875,

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT has the Largest Circulation of any Paper Published in Eastern Oregon. Circulation 900 copies.



ELECTION RETURN The following are the returns of the late Congressional election as far as we have received them, up to yesterday noon. Lane: Warren; Whitney: Dimmick: Multnomah, 1,077 Coos, Baker, Wasco, Jackson, Union, Umatilla, Clatsop, Lane, Linn, Columbia, Polk, Benton, Douglass, Marion, Yamhill, Clackamas, not heard from. Grant. Curry, Lake. Tillamook," 2,570 2,257

Lane's majority so far is 313. The returns, with the exception of Multnomah, are only reported and the probabilities are that his majority will be increased from three hundred to five hundred more, when the full returns are received.

Hard Times at the East. For several years the American people have been contending against increasing evil, and throughout this period a large pr portion of them have been casting about for a remedy, and, as if by some malign influence of occult origin, have contrived always to hit upon measures the effect of which was to enhance their sufferings. Perhaps the most important lesson of the past dec.de, if we would but take it to heart, is that democratic institutins are no protection against popular ignorance, but that, on the contrary, where such ignorance exists among republican communities, the greater the power of the masses the more calamitous will be the results of their political action. From the close of the war up to the present time two main causes have been in active operation to depress produc impoverishment. These two agencies are, the cu rency and the tariff, and between them they are responsidle for all the evils now complined of, outside of that national debt which be war of the rebellion necessitated. At the present moment the evils of a depreciated inconvertible currency are being demonstrated by competent hands throughout the country, but even now we seldom hear complaints of the tariff, and, so inconsistent are politicians, it not unfrequently happens that a convention couples a strong denunciat on of rag money with as emphatic an indorsement of "protectton to home industry." It is, however, important that in discussing these twin evils they should be considered together, since they operate together, and play into one another's hands perpetually, To illustrate: The effect of a protective tariff has been to afford an abnormal and unhealthy stimulus to certain branches of industry, which if left to natural laws would have grown only as the needs of commerce required them. This abnormal growth has been gain dat the expense of the many, who have been heavily taxed (robbed is perhaps the better word) to enrich the few. But the currency has been actively instrumental in promoting all the epils accruing from the tariff, for its effect has been to render values unstable, to di arrange commerce, to make legitimate business unsate, to fosthe currency together inspired the great excess of over production which was mistaken for prosperity at the time, but which is now beginning, to be seen or what it really was-the flush of intoxication, and not the glow of health. Together these agencies produced the wild era of railroad building which came to so disastrous a conclusion in 1873; a core usion precipitated by the farmers crusade, which was at bottom a blind protest against misunder tood causes. The Western farmers felt that they were not prospering. It was impossible that they should have prospered while their earnings were being reduced on both hands; first by the currency, which compelled them to buy at greenback prices and sell at gold prices; and second by the tariff, which compelled them to pay their neighbors a costant bounty for the privilege of paying the highest prices for their products. They, however, pitched upon the railroads as the cause of their sufferings, and thus contribute I so break down American credit abroad, and hasten the collapse which must have come sooner or later, even without their assitance. But when that crash came, upfortunately wisdom did not come with it. Then was not enough currency for the wants of trade, and that the panacea for anything was inflation. Thus for the second time the path was missed, and thus the masses who throughout have borne the brunt of these mischievous agencies, are committing themselves to a policy the sole possible result of which can be to intensify all the evils of the past. At this moment trade in the Eastern States is laboring under the depression which is the natural and inevitable result of over-production-that over-production being itself the direct consequence of the protective tariff. To cure this it is gravely proposed, not that the currency should be recognized ou a sound basis-but that there should be a further unlimited issue of paper promises to pay. The logic of this programme is peculiar. We are suffering from speculation and over-production, and to cure this we are advised to increase the causes which originated it. An inconvertable currency has already so disorganized business, that the country is in a state of semi paralysis, and is proposed to increase the burden by making the currency still more unstable than it is, We ol s rved not long since that the intelligence of the nation was on trial in the approaching I residential campaign and assuredly the truth of this must become more and more obvious to all who examine the situa ion The triumph of inflation and protection in the centennial of the republic would go far to demorstrate that after a hundred years of probation republican-

nations, and without which and chy and collais: can only be questions of time. - Sac. Union.

Fire in Virginia City

VIRGINIA CITY, Oct. 27 .- Yeste day there was a destructive lire in Virginia City, destroying the Consolidated Virginia mili and works, O, hir works V. & T. buildings, California Bank, all the paper houses, telegraph office and all north of Taylor street. Cannot learn the full extent of the are. Only stated loss is over \$2,000 000. All Virginia stocks fell off yesterday, Consolidated Virginia

dropped from \$320 to 220. LATER. -The fate so long dreaded by the people of Virginia City has come at last. Two thirds of the city is now in smouldering ruins. The principle business part of the city containing mostly the valuable buildings was in the space of two short hours burned to the ground. The fire origin ted at about hall-past 2 A. M. in a small one story lodging house on the cast side of A. street, between Tay or and Union streets, kept by a woman named Kate Shay, better known as crazy Kate. The fire steam engine was soon on hand as also the hand engine of fire company No. 4, but all was of no avail. The progress of the flames was so great that before the steamer could get a stream on the fire. the doom of the city was sealed. A strong wind was blowing from the west at the time, which carried the flames and burning cinders for hundreds of teet, and twemy minutes after the alarm was given not less than thirty or forty, buildings were in flames. The damage is so great there is no attempting to give a detailed account of the losses. The best idea that can be g ven being that they are computed by millions. The fire extended from Taylor street on the south almost to the cemetery on the north, and from Stewart street on the west & G. street. Area of the ground traversed by the tiames is about three-quarters of a mile in length by a half mile wide. As the wind was blowing toward the northeast the spread of the fire in the op posite direction was comparatively slow. Something like a fight was made against it, on the west side of B. street it crossed over to Taylor and burned C. Bills livery stable, Eagle fire engine company's house and Wm. Wood's residence, the residence of Mark Stross adjoining Wood's caught tire but was put out by the hand engine of Eagle No 3, which was starioued by the Gould and Curry cistern at the commencement of the fire and kept the some position during the day, doing good service all the time. On the east of B. street the fire was chicked at Moores new three story brick building, it being the last that was destroyed . At II A. M., the fire appeared to be under control at a point opposite Marries, but burning the west side of C street. Blacks building on the corner of Taylor street was the last building destroyed on the cast of C. street. The flames ran down Taylor as far as Y. street, destroying the Methodist, Catholic and Episcopal churches. The Evening Chronicle and Enterprise officese, with near y all the princi p. I bu i e s houses in the city are in aspes. The

them. The men in the mine were so far as known all got out and among the general disasters we have not any loss of life to chronicle, of course all particulars cannot be learned in a few hours. It is possible and even probable that out of the Thousands who were rendered homeless, a lew may not have been able to escape. LATER -We learn that M. Malone of Gold Hill was killed by a falling wall on Union street between D. and C. streets. Mr. O. D. Williams while climbing a burning stairway in a building on B street discovered two small children asleep, apparently lorgotten and left to their fate taking one under each arm he rescued them from their pernous fate and placed them in the care of the Emmit Guards where the owners can find them. Anoth -

man whose name we could not learn was kineu

more than a year to come, but when it is consider,

powder was called in, and buildings blown up at

city, but the flunes leaped over all obstructions

and reached the new Gould & Curry Hoisting works,

a desperate and successful effort was made to save

and another was wounded by a faling wall. VIRGINIA CITY, Oct. 23 .- In interview ju t had with John Mackey, he says: I have been through all the mines this morning, and they are all right. There is no gas or ter speculation and gambling. Thus the tariff and fire in any way connected with the Gould and Curry mine. When the old side shaft was burned, now used as air shalt by the A des. the g s went through the Latrobe and turned and worked its wa into the mines. That gas is now all gone. Work will be commenced in the Gould and Curry to-morrow or day after. Work will be commenced in the way of hoisting ore in the Consolidated Virginia mine, and we will employ about 300 men immediately. We have been employing on the Consolidated Virginia 750 men. Four hundred of these, together with those employed at the Consolidated Virginia, must remain idle. If Ophir had not been burned, we could have hoisted through their shaft as well as through Gould and Currry. Things look more cheerful today than they did yesterday, and by spring everything will be running as well, if not better, than they were running before the fire. Many had not taken place.

> SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28 .- The work of obtaining and forwarding relief for Virginia City is now going on here. Wells, Fargo & Co. furnish transportation, and the Western Union Telegraph Co. means of communication free of charge. Two hundred pairs of blankets we e sent forward this morning. Wm. Sharon and J. S. Jones head subscripalready collected by the relief committee, did not learn. There are in training here with \$1,000 each. Mining companies, merchants, brokers, and in fact all classes, are and in Victoria Nell Flaherty, Valiand gham coming forward liberally. Several individual contributions have been sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. during the day. Boots and shoes, clothing, and other necessaries have also been forwarded. The subscrip..o. of the Pacific Stock Exchange now reaches \$3,500 with many prominent members to hear f.om. The order of F. & A. M. have. as yet taken no action in the matter, and stand ready, as longes and individuals, to respond freely as soon as the proper was nic requision for relief is received. The different lodges of Odd Fellows only a few weeks since contributed nearly four thousand dollars toward the erection of the new

education which is essential to the government of owned by t e order there having been detroyed by fire. They will again respend it an appeal is made through the grand mas ter, the only way in which appeals for help

from other jarisdictious can be made. A dispatch from Virginia says matters are much more cheerful. The women are doing noble work in relieving distress. Large numbers of men are aire dy at work clea

ing ground and rebuilding. Work has c mmenced on the Ophir shaft. Men are clearing away the rums of the Con. Virginia works. One engine was found good. The record vault of the courthouse is being dug out. The ruins of the bank of California are being cleared away, besides a large namber of workmen, are engaged for private parties. The members of firms have resumed business. Insurance adjusters are hard at work. The liabilities, as far as can at present be ascertained are about \$1,500,000.

STEAMER SUNK .- The Walla Walla Union, of Oct, 30th says, on lasi Saturday . ight at about 11 o'clock as the steamnr Owybee was going down the river she struck and sunk at Devil's Bend, about seven miles below Umatilla. She was alt rwards taken down to Celilo where she is being repaired and overhauled. The place where she struck is one of the worst on the river, and to run those rapids at the present low stage of water, is sufficiently difficult in day-time, but at right, it is no wonder that

the boat sunk. Since the sinking of the steumer Owyhee on the Columbia river, the Yakima has been the only boat on the line. She makes only triweekly trips and can not carry full loads at that. The consequence is that our grain is not going down the river more than about half as fast as it has been doing of late The disabled steamer is being regained, but we de not know how soon she will be teady to resume her trips. Neither have we been able to learn anything | the growth of wheat, average vield to the athat warrrants the belief that there will be more than one boat running on the river for the r main der of the season. Thus it will be seen that ou chances for getting our grain out of the country are gradually and surely growing less, and unless an oth r boat be put on to assist the Yakima, all the grain that goes down the river after the first of No vember will be very insignmeant, for the Yakima is a large boat and the river is getting so low that she will have to take very light loads,

THE PORTAGE AT THE CASCADES - The Willamett, Farmer, says, we publish diast week the State Grange resolution favoring improvement of the Columbia river at the Cascades. That resolution was adopted as the expression of the entire agricultural community of our State and they do right in considering the matter of eminent importance and in directing the attention of our members of Coug ess lhereto. The development of the great interior region, i s rica vaileys and wile ranges, depends on the improvement of the navigation of the less of the Hoisting works and mills is alone a Columbia. We have so often urged the matter calmity from which the city will not recover for that lengthy argument is unnecessary, It is thus that the O. S. N. Compan, favors the producer by ed that nearly every principal building house in bringing down freight at a price reasonable when town is also destroyed some idea of the blow it is the many handlings of it are teken into considerato the Comstock may be imagined. The spread of tion. The price is six dollars a ton tron Walfula to the fire was so rapid that nothing but a few articles | Port and and it has to be handled ten times in the of weating apparel, jewelry, etc, were saved by the transit Cheap as this seems for the work done, it fleeing inmates of the burning buildings, these are | could be done at haif that if the river navigation was scattered over the hill sid s west of town and in the free. It cannot be helped, and need not seem streets building were blown up. The light against strange, that while the present obstructions exist the fire was as v gorous as could be made, no efiu the Columbia river the upper country cannot be tion, to rob industry, and to bring about widesp ead lort being spared lostay its progress. The aid of settled and become populous and productive. The removal of these obstructions, or some means of different points toward the north and east of the avoiding them is a matter of the utmost import-

> GRAIN DAMAGED .- The Wallawalla Union says, some of our farmers who were over auxious to get their grain to market, haulod it to town through the rain, and then stacked it up along side of the railroad, in some instances with no covering whatever save the sacks, and in many other cases, with but very insufficient covering. Then it had to lay, of course, until its turn come, and by that time was as thoroughly soaked as if it had been piled up in Mill Creek. At the time the company had no warehouse in which to store it, and could of course give it no protection, but the owners chose to stand the damage on their grain rather than not have it on the ground. This, too, when there was no pos i lity of having the grain taken down for several days, as there was already a large amount ahead of them. Some of these will probably learn to their sorrow that good dry wheat is worth more in the granary than a wet and damaged article 18 when laying at the track.

SALT LAKE, Oct . 29 - The decision of the court in the matter of alim my pealeate lite Young vs. Young was delivered in the third district court this morning by Judge Boreman- The court previously o dered that defendant should appear personally in court. When the decision was rendered the affidavits of two physicians were sworn to, stating that the defindant was scarcely able to be out, that it was dangerous for him to leave his room, and for that reason they asked to be excused. The court gave a brief history of the case, and at the close spoke as follows: "The order of this granting alimony pendente late was not impropely made, and stands unr voked and not obeyed. No good reason is given for its not being obeyed. I am asked to enforce it. A court, in order to m untain i s dignity, self-respec and authority cannot allow its orders to be repudiated, disregarde 1 or denied: It is therefore the judgment of the court that the defend ou be imprisoned until the \$9,500 and costs of suit are paid, or released by the court, in accordmechanics and laborers will have to go to ance with the above order. Marshal Maxwell ar-California and return in the spring. This rested Brigham Young this afternoon, at the latt r's began the second delusive cry-the cry that there | they probably would have done if the fire | residence, where he now remains in custody of

THE TUBE. - The Seattle Dispatch of a late date says, "five running herses, all very well known, passed here last night on the North Pacific, en route t Victoria, to go into training for the Prince of Wales' birthday, the 9th of next month. They were Foster, Ned Bigham, Mowitch and a California three year-old and an Oregon colt whose names we for some race Tem Merry and Confidence. and two others. Altogether there will be a pretty large field, if all that are in training start. After the Victoria races Mr. Bigham will come here and run Foster against Tom Merry, if a purse of \$300 is raised. The race here will probably come off about the 14th, and will last two days."

USEFUL PRESENT .- Every family ought to have a good Sewing Machine. We have a beantiful new Silver Platen Wilcox & Gibls' Machina, that would be a beautiful, valuable and useful present to any man's wife, mother, sister or sweethear, which we will sell on easy terms. We win instruct the person ony ing how to operate the machine. It is one me had failed to secure that measure of popular | Odd Feliow's hall in Virginio City, the one of the nicest machines in our city.

Ridiculous Position

The Oregonian, in its defeat, conso'es itself or the ground that but a meagre vote has been cas. Taking the fact that every Democrat was satisfie that L ne would be elected, it is more than probable that the stay at homes were as largely from the Democratic party as from the Radical Bu the falling off of the Radicla strength was in Mult nomah and the returns in this county show the vote is much larger than it was at the special election of 1873. In that contest, Smith carried Multnomah county by near six hundred majority. Mr Warren has carried it by about 60. In Marion Mr. Smith got only about 60 majority, while Mr. Warren gets about 400. Yet with all this change. he will be the worst beaten candidate that has ever run in Orogor. The vote, while it is not full, will be larger than it was at the special election of 1873, and fully as large as could be expected. For our Radical friends to console themse'ves that the full vote was not b.ought out, and this being the cause of their defeat, is very p or consolation and we here notify them, in the language of one of their Federal officials, that on a fair vote, without Federal corruption fund, Oregon is Democratic by not less than 1,500 and is constantly increasing This dodge of off years and light vote has been word out, and our Radical friends may as well look things in the face and take them as they are,

CAPACITY FOR PRODUCING GRAIN.-The Wallawalla Statesman says, Hon. T. K. Mc-Cov. of Umatilla county, was in attendance at the Oregon State Fair, and mingled freely with the farmers of the Willamette Valley. Mr. McCoy speaks of the fair as a great success, and says the attendance was immense. The display of blooded stock was very fine, and the whole exhibition gave evidence of the substantial prosperity of our neighbors. Mr. McCoy made particular inquiries as to cre etc. He says the information thus obtained satisfies him that land in this section produces two bushels to one in the Willam et e Valley, and that with a suitable ontlet the odds are greatly in favor of our producers.

The Owyhee Avalanche says, the Central Pacific Railroad Company refuse to come down on their unjust and exporbitant freight charges from San Francisco to Winnemuc a, thinking that they have the people of this portion of Idaho completely in their power. They are mistaken. The is already in motion, and a narrowgauge railroad from the Columbia River to Grande Ronde Valley will take us out of the clutches of that soulless corporation. It behoovs our citizens to cooperate with the people of Eastern Oregon in this trasportation question.

List of Letters am dining unclaimed in the P.O., at Baker City, Oregon, Nov-

Bacon, J. M.

Clark, Andrew

Depenblock, R.

Greener, A. P.

Holt, Sam 3

Hughes, Peter F.

Hulett, F. W.

Osburn, J O.

Stevens, Mat.

Cox. C. A

1st. 1875: Arble, W. P. Brewl, Lena Cox, J. B. Dickson, S. 2, Eastabrook, Cal. Galbreath, H. Holmes, Thos. 3 Hooker, Myra Kean, Wm. Kooch, James B. Locher, George 2 Mason, O. M. 2 Micou, John Nickuen, N.S. 2 Ralph, Wm. Sumpter, Miss Della Strong, Mrs. Orvilla Wilson, James B. Weekert Jo

Keester, J. W. Kennard, F. M. McAlexander, A. Mauzey, Mat Mrs. 2 McCoy, James

Spencer, D. H. 2 Wilson, Eliza A. Walker, James Williams, J. A. Persons calling for any of the above please say advertised. G. H. TRACY,

ROBBERS ARRISTED .- We are informed that two men John Hefforin and J. B. Cox, were arrested three or four days since at Weston, Umatilla Co., on susp cion that they were the parties who robbed the stage near Umatilla, last Thursday week. At this writing we have not been able to get the full particulars. The two men mentioned spent part of last summer in our city, and we cannot say anything in their favor.

Extraordinary Opportunity for the Relief of the Afflicted.

The surgeons of the National Surgi al Institute ocated at Indianapolis, In jana, Pacific Branch, 319 Bu h street, San Francisco, l'ave finally yt ided to the many urgent apperis to visit Oregon and Washington Territory. Three or more of the surgeons will be at the Co-mopolitan Hotel, Portland, Oregon, on the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th 6th, of November,

They will have with them a great amount of sur-They will have with them a great amount of surgical apparatus, appliances, etc., and compent assistants and workmen to changd, lit, and make such apparatus as map be required. The will come especially prepared to treat all surgical casis: Paralysis, all kinds of Deformittees of the Face. Spine and Limbs, Diseased Joints, Diseased Eyes, Catarrh, Private Diseases, Piles, Fistula, etc. un acount of the great expense attending such a trip, they will not make another . the efore, all who wish to avail themselves of tee advantages o, the Instituture, without the long journey to San Francisco or Incianapolis' must do so at this time. No cases will be undertaken without a fair hope of relief. It is needless to say that the inststution is entirely responsible, and the largest and most popular of the kind in ineries, curing thousands annually. Ke member the time and place, and come early.

See Send to the Institute for circular.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SOCIAL PARTY

Will be given at the New York Ranch on THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 25, 1875. COMMITTEE OF INVITATION:

John Brattain, Baker City; M. Hyde, Virtue, Mine; W. W. Webber and W. Fernald, Rye Valley; C. Van Clay and T. Hoffman, Connor Creek.

Music-by R. D. McCord. TICKETS, including Supper, \$3,50.

T. C. HYDE.

Attorney-at-Law, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS W of the Stare. Office, corner of and Court Avenue, in the old Herald buri-

Collections promply attended to. Baker City, Nov. 1, 1875, n26tf

L. O. Sterns, Attorney and Counselor At-Law. AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

BAKER CITY, OREGON. L. O. STERNS will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idaho and Washington Territories. Water Rights and Mining Litigation a

SPECIALTY. Collections promptly attended to. Nov. 1, 1875.n26y

FASHIONS and GOLD COIN PRESENTS!

This CUT shows the Upper Part of the Skirs (wrong edge out), which the "Elevator" fixed in. Yeu can raise your skirt while passing a mud-

vator" fixed in. You can raise your skirt while passing a must deplace, and then let it fall, or you can keep it raised. It keeps the skirt rom the Filth. It Loons the skirt in a Tasteful and Forthionable Manner. It draws all the fullness to the back, making the "straight front." It Saves more than Ten Times its Cost, it can be changed from One Dress to another. Price, 45 cents each. Mailed.

OR the Patterns and Cloth Models of the ENTIRE SUIT will be GIVEN FREE as PREMIUMI to any person who sends \$1.10 to us, as one year's subscription to the

A. BURDETTE SMITH'S

FINE ARTS and POLITE Literature. Single Copies 25 Cents.

Subscription Fries. Si a year, post-paid, including a premium of Two Dollars' worth of patterns free to each subscriber. We send our CERTIFICATES for this amount man receipt of subscription. (TW) of our DRESS ELEVATORS will be given IN PLACE of One Locar's worth of Patterns, if desired).

The "MONTHLY WORLD OF FASILION," the very finest,

most beautiful, attractive magazine to be found in this country, and every passon who begins with taking it, will NEVER discontinue it while it is published. \$4,500 00 in Gold Coin to Give Away

We will give \$2 000 in Gold Coin to 65 persons who seed us the largest number of subscribers to our "World of Fashion," at 33 each . before March 5, 1875. As follows: To the Getter-up of the largest

2d Largest Club, 100 in Gold Coin. Ho in Gold Coin. 3d Largest Club, 4th Largest Clud, 1.0 in Gold Coin. 1.0 in Gold Coin. 5th Largest Club, 6th Largest Club, 7th Largest Club, 110 in Gold Coin. 100 in Gold Coin. 75 in Gold Coin. 8th Largest Club, 9th Largest Club, 50 in Gold Coin. 10th Largest Club, 35 in Gold Coin. 25 in Gold Coin. 11th Largest Club, 25 in Gold and so on to the 65th Largest Club.

We will gite \$2,500 in Gold Coin to 133 persons who send us the largest number of subscribers to our "Bazaar," at \$1,18 each, before March 1, 1876. As f Hows: To the Getter-up of the Largest

\$580 in Gold Coin. 100 in Gold Coin. 150 in Gold Coin. 2d Largest Club 3d Largest Club,

QUARTER EONDS

OF THE Industrial Exhibition Co.,

FIVE DULLARS EACH.

\$5.00 WILL BUY A QUARTER Bond of the Industrial Exseries anottments every year, until it is

redeemed. The following Premiums show what any Bond may receive. A quarter bond would receive one quarter of the below named fremiums.

JANUARY & JULY. I premium of \$100,000 1 premium of 1 premium of 1 premium of 5,000 2,000 2,700 2,400 18.9 U premiums of \$500 each 10 premiums of 200 each 27 premiums of 100 each 48 premiums of 50 each 900 premiums of 21 each

\$150.000 Total. APRIL & OCTOBER. Cash 1 premium of \$35,000 p emium of 1 premium of 5,000 1 premium of 5,000 3 pr miums of \$1,000 each 10 premiums of 500 each 200 each 2,600 20 , remiums of 100 each 2,200 81,900 44 premiums of to each 3900 promiums of

\$160,000 The Company is not responsible for any mon y sent, except it be by check. Postal order, draft or express payagle to the or-der of The Industrial Exhibition Co. C reulars sont on appleation.

Address, INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION CO., No. 12 East 17th Street, NEW YORK CITY.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETO-I foree isting between the undersigned in the Brewery business, is this day disso ved by mutual consent. All debts, demands and liabilities against said firm will be settled by Louis Kastner, to whom

all debts and demands due the late firm must be paid. LOUIS KASTNER. J. M. LACHNER. Louis Kastner will continue the Brew-ery business, and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public. Baker City, Nov. 1, 1875 n2612

Railroad House, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

AVING THIS DAY PURCHASED this well known House; formerly owned by Fletcher & stevenson, the undersigned will con inue to keep up its good reputation, clean Rooms and Beds, and as good a TABLE as the Market offords.

JOE respectfully solicits a liberal share of the Public Pa ton ge. JOSEPH M. LACHNER. Boker City. Ogn., Nov. 1, 1875, n26. f

HOTEL RESTAURANT de FRANCE.

WM. J. HARTMAN, Proprietor, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

WINE PROPRIETOR HAS Bought the Hotel Aestaurant, next door to

Manaudas, and has fitted the same up in the best style as a Hotel, on the French Restaurant Style. He is prepared to ac-commodate the Public, and is determined to give entire satisfaction. The House is open from five o'clock in the morning until twelve at night, during which time customers will be supplied with the best of everything to be had in

MARKET. Baker City, Nov. 1, 1875. n26tf

NOTICE.

A LL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE and Settle immediately, or he will pro-

ceed to enlorce collection.
J. P. ATWOOD.
Baker City, Oct. 27, 1875. nz614

Dissolution Notice.

THE LAW FIRM OF STRENS & HYDE I is this day also olved by mutual consent. All accounts due the a m must be paid to L. O. Ste ns. FORTHWITH, who will pay all domands against the same.

Baker City, Ogn., Oct. 26, 187. n. 5838

125 in Cold Coin-4th Largest Club, 5th Largest Club, 6th Largest Club, 7th Largest Club, 75 in Gold Coin. 8th Largest Club, 9th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 25 in Gold Coin. Largest Club, 11th Largest Clubs 25 in Gold Coin

315

as d so on to the 183 largest Club.
You get a premiting for every subscriber you send us. And every subscriber gets a premium. Both of these Gold Coin Presents offers will be found at full length in the September rumber; besides the names and P. O. addresses of 102 persons to whom we have just paid \$9,135 in Gold, according to

our pievious effers. You can write one or all of them, and they will tell you that we do exactly as we promise. YOUR BLAT way is to send your own subscription to either of our Magazines, when you will get the first number and your Certificates of Premiums, which you can show, and at once begin getting subscribers, or send 25 cents for one copy. Send Stamp for Fash-

ion Catalogue. A BURDETTE SMITH, 914 Broadway, New York City. 26 P. O. Box 5055.

BANKING HOUSE

JAS. W. VIRTUE. Baker City,

OREGON. Pays the Highest Price for GOLD DUST,

GOLD AND SILVER BARS, And Transacts a General

Banking, Collection AND

EXCHANGE BUSINE S. Interest alflowed on Special Deposits. County Orders Bought and Sold. A complete

Is in Connection with the Bank,

We make it a branch of our business to give Correct Information in regard the to Mining Interests of

Eastern Oregon. Dec. 1, 1874.n30y

ONCE MORE WE COME!! WITH

A New Stock of Goods

Fall and Winter, Larger and more attractive than ever before, bought since the great Financial panic, and which we offer at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING

Has been lergely increased and we can show as handsome a line of ready made goods in MEN'S AND BOYS BUSINESS and DRESS Suits, Overcoats, &c., as can be found in the County, at prices that cannot fall to satisfy.

Our Dress Goods Department Is well filled with a spleddid assortment of the leading styles and lashionable shades. Empress Cloths,

Satteens, Mohair, American Dress Goods, Plaid, Plair and Opera, of all colors.
Bleached and Unbleached Cotton Flannels.

Ladies' & Gents' Underwear. Hats and Caps.

In the leading Styles. Boots and Shoes.

We would call special attention to our stock of Mens' and Boys' San Francisco Boots which we have sold for a number of years past with satisfaction.

Every pair waranted. A Well selected Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES.

At astonishing low Prices. We have a large assortment of

Miners' and Farmers' Implements. Which we are selling at lower prices than ever before offere. in this Market.

Remember that our Store is in the FIREPROOF BANK BLOCK.

BAMBERGER & FRANK. Dec. 1, 1874.n30tf

W. C. Miller, WAGON MAKER.

Public that he has in Shop and on the way, a large Stock of Wagon Timber and is hereafter prepared to do all kinds of Repairing, or contract for putting up New Work, at prices to suit the Times,

He will do House and Sign Painting.
W. C. MILLER.
Baker City, Sept. 20, 1875, 212