

J. M. SHEPHERD, Editor.

Baker City, Oct. 29, 1875.

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT has the Largest Circulation of any Paper Published in Eastern Oregon. Circulation 900 copies.

Return of the Pilgrim President.

Now, that the election is over, it will not be charged that we publish the following article, from the New York Sun, for political effect. We publish it to let our numerous readers see how the President and other public officers are squandering the people's money these hard times, and that they may read the facts, and ponder over the result of such negligence of official duties in high places. We are satisfied our people will not hold those blameless who are guilty of such neglect of their important official duties to the injury of the whole people.

"Measured merely by dollars and cents, this absence has cost the country pretty dearly. The present salary is at the rate of \$137 per day in round numbers, or \$10.70 for every hour of the ten estimated to be a full day's work in ordinary pursuits, or \$5.70 for every hour of the twenty-four, working, sleeping, or resting. He has thus drawn from the Treasury \$18,084 without having rendered any service whatever except to fill an official post at Long Branch and to justify the record by a pretended execution of them as 'done at Washington.'

"It is thus seen that for more than that a third of the whole year Grant has utterly abandoned the public trusts in order to gratify his personal tastes for pleasure, and without any alleged or actual cause whatever to justify so culpable a neglect of duty, or to excuse so gross a defiance of the common law of propriety. This conduct is the more reprehensible from the fact, that he is now receiving double the pay allowed to any former President, and that it was procured by his own impudently, and in addition to other emoluments which exceed three-fold those voted to Mr. Lincoln.

"The effect of this example is not to be estimated in money only, large as the charge on the Treasury is at a time of unprecedented distress, and when every dollar has more than its usual value. It has demoralized the public service most seriously. The Cabinet felt justified in following in the footsteps of their chief, and during the whole past summer they have been gazetted as junketing about the country, at horse races, weddings, clambakes, regattas, and everywhere but at the place where duty commanded them to be. For several weeks together there was not a member of the Administration at Washington, and rarely more than two for a few days consecutively. And recently there has been no authorized officer at all to sign the papers of the Interior Department.

"As a necessary consequence of this glaring abuse, the business of the country requiring prompt attention and the personal care of those charged with the chief responsibilities, has suffered far more than can be safely stated from the want of precise data. It has come to be assumed that the machinery of government, except for routine and details, is stopped during the summer because of this absenteeism, which, beginning with the President and Cabinet, extends to all the heads of bureaus, and includes the chiefs of divisions in every department.

"Practically, therefore, the Government has been in the hands of subordinates from June to October. Grant originated this scandalous system, and he has lived up to it since 1870, extending it every year. The temptations offered by the want of supervision, and the loose modes of accountability thus accepted, have done much to encourage the venality, frauds, and speculations which have grown to be so enormous, and are daily disclosed in one form or another.

"EXHIBITION OF CHEEK."

The Salem Mercury says, the Oregonian takes us to task for asserting that the Radical party was responsible for our present currency system; and calls us "cheeky" for making the assertion. Will that paper please inform its readers what political party was in power when the greenback system was inaugurated, if it was not the Radical party? And at what particular period within the last twelve years, during the time that the irredeemable paper currency and the odious National Banking system has been foisted upon the country, what other political party than the Radical, has had control of governmental affairs, or a voice in shaping its financial policy? Our present unsatisfactory financial system is the work of the Radical party, and none other. They declared that a National debt would be a National blessing, the legitimate fruits of which are now felt in nearly nine hundred millions of State municipal indebtedness and a grinding system of taxation upon the industry and capital of the country. They inaugurated the system of legal tenders, or greenbacks, with which they are going to revolutionize the finances of the world. They had to overrule the Constitution to carry out their scheme, but arguing that the end would justify the means, they proceeded to fasten their financial policy upon the American people. And when the Supreme Court of the United States had vindicated the Constitution, and were about to burst their paper bubble, a Radical Congress and President came to the rescue and packed the Court to reverse its action. The bubble was allowed to be blown along until the laws of trade and commerce yielded under its pressure, resulting in the financial crash of 1873. From that time the public, becoming alarmed, began to agitate a change of the financial policy of the Government, and a change of rulers. The Radical party, foreseeing that their days were being numbered, began to reshape their policy, and mounted the hobby of specie payment in the passage of the Resumption Act.

All their acts looking to a resumption of specie payment are as arbitrary as was that of their irredeemable currency. The Oregonian, while reading us a lecture, gives an "exhibition of its cheek," by asserting that "a victory for the Democracy will be a victory for irredeemable currency without stint; a victory for the Republican party will be a victory for specie." And "The only party in the United States that is anything like solid for specie instead of irredeemable shillings, is the Republican party."

A victory for the Democracy will mean a resumption of specie payments at as early a time as is practicable without embarrassing and disorganizing the financial interest of the country, together with a complete abandonment of the present odious National banking system, which entails tax upon the industry of the country of \$20,000,000 annually for its support, in payment of the interest upon the bonds of those banks.

While, on the other hand, a victory for the Radical party, will mean a forced resumption without regard to the wants of commerce and trade; or more likely, a total disregard of all their pledges to the people on the financial problem, and a perpetuation of the National Banks, with the unjust taxation for their support, together with a repetition of the frauds and corruptions which have heretofore characterized the Administration of the Radical party in the United States.

It is announced from Washington that Lieut. Col. FRED GRANT is expected in that city to take an active interest in the new banking house in which he is a partner. It must not be supposed, however, that the United States army is to be deprived of this distinguished ornament to the service. As his arduous duties in travelling over the world at the public expense, and improving the tone of society in the national capital by his residence there, have been not adequately rewarded by his rapid promotion over the heads of deserving officers who have risked their lives in actual warfare, we are informed that he has concluded not to resign his commission in the army, but will continue to draw pay as usual under a grant of a year's leave of absence, which can be renewed indefinitely—so long as his pay remains in office. Among the blessings that might be reckoned on as compensation for the excitement which would attend the re-election of President GRANT, we may include the certainty that a third term of ULYSSES would give the country likewise a third term of FRED and GEORGE GRANT, and of CASBY, and of all the DENTS and their relations the remotest degree of consanguinity.

CORONENSE VENTILATION.—The best practical statement I have met about ventilation, says Colonel Waring in the last Atlantic, was contained in the remark of a mining engineer in Pennsylvania: "Air is like a rope; you can pull it better than you can push it." All mechanical appliances for pushing air into a room or house are disappointing. What we need to do is to pull out the vitiated air already in the room; the fresh supply will take care of itself if means for its admission are provided.

It has been usual to withdraw the air through openings near the ceiling; that is, to carry off the warmer and therefore lighter portions, leaving the colder strata at the bottom of the room, with their gradual accumulation of cooled carbonic acid undisturbed. Much the better plan would be to draw this lower air out from a point near the floor, allowing the upper and warmer portions to descend and take its place.

An open fire, with a large chimney throat, is the best ventilation for any room; the one-half or two-thirds of the heat carried up the chimney is the price paid for immunity from disease, and large though this seems from its daily draft on the wood-pile or coal bin, it is trifling when compared with coal bills and with the loss of strength and efficiency that invariably result from living in unventilated apartments.

The IMPREPRESSIBLE MCGINLEY.—We learn from the Reno (Nev) State Journal that the McGinley Troop has already elected a new Opera House, \$2 feet deep by 25 feet front, with a fine stage, etc. Old Mac is irrepressibly enterprising and gives his money a chance.

Late Cassiar News.

The Oregonian says, the following is the latest news from Cassiar, collated from Victoria papers: The news from the mines is up to the 6th of October. The weather was thin clear and pleasant with cold nights. A great many of the miners were leaving daily, who had worked out their claims, or who had been working for wages; others intended to leave in one or two weeks, and some were trying to hold on as long as the weather would allow them to work. It was generally thought that they would be able to work until the latter end of the month.

On McDame's creek a good many were stopping until the very last. This creek has been so high during the summer and so liable to sudden freshets, that it is believed that the best time to work the bed of the stream will be early in the spring and late in the autumn. Upon the benches those who were getting pay intended to remain until about the 20th, and several expected to stay until the ice drove them away.

On Thibert's creek few men were remaining, and only one company intended to winter there. Generally the creek claims upon the lower portion are nearly worked out, and it was too late in the season to open bank claims. Six miles up the creek a company were sinking in deep ground at the mouth of Boulder creek, and getting very fair prospects. The entire creek for a long distance has been staked off for operations next spring. On Boulder creek itself some good diggings have been found with very coarse gold.

A great portion of Dease creek is considered to be worked out in the bed of the stream. Near the town, at the lower end, however, there are a great many claims, only half of which have been worked and which have paid well this year. About three miles above this is another stretch of about a mile in length, where the claims are rich, and have only been worked on one side of the stream. About two miles farther are some rich bank claims, which will require one or two seasons more ere they are worked out.

On Trout creek three claims were paying well, and two or three on Quartz creek. All of these parties intend to work as long as the weather will permit.

The new discoveries on Sayee creek have created some excitement, and a great many will go down there upon the ice in the spring. But little is known of this stream except that four men took out about 88 ounces of gold in about a month. The gold is very coarse, and indicates a heavy deposit somewhere.

Henry Liman, with three other men, was there when the party left, and his report will be looked for with a good deal of interest.

It is estimated that the number of miners during the present season has been about 800. The yield of gold from the different streams may be safely put down at \$600,000, and probably will exceed that sum considerably. Of this, Dease creek has probably turned out \$250,000; Thibert creek, \$150,000 to \$175,000; and McDame creek, \$200,000, including its tributaries—Trout, Quartz and Saw creeks. There has been no fall freshet this year, and the season has been extremely favorable for working on this account, especially for McDame creek.

Not less than \$150,000 came down on the Otter, mostly in the hands of miners.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The district attorney of Brooklyn has entered a nolle prosequi in all suits growing out of the Becher-Tilton scandal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A circular statement, issued by the mercantile agency of Dan, Barlow & Co., for the first three quarters of the current year, gives the following interesting facts: Whole number of failures during this period was 5,331; amount of liabilities, \$123,174,503. Of these failures 561 were in Massachusetts; 1,022 in New York State, 648 of which were in New York City; 193 in Texas; 419 in Pennsylvania; 172 in Michigan; 165 in California. The number of failures last year, during the same time, was 4,271, with liabilities of \$115,421,000. In the Dominion of Canada, during three fourths of this year, there were 1,569 failures, with liabilities amounting to \$31,911,544.

Who says that women are not treated with becoming consideration in Michigan? At the Eaton county fair recently there were awarded the following premiums: To the girl not over 20 who showed the best sample of mending, Miss Emma Robb, \$5. To the woman with the longest hair, Mrs. Viola Helms, being 3 feet 9 inches in length, \$5. To the woman who had been longest without a new dress, Alice Fuller, \$10. To the girl who made the best bread, Allie Roller, \$5. To the prettiest baby under 3 years, Mrs. Shiner, \$5. The premiums offered to the best seller, the politician who never told a lie, the wife who never reined her husband, the old maid who never wanted a husband, and the handsomest woman were not competed for.

Political orators in the West indulge in some high flown assertions in regard to their firmness of principle. The following is a moderate specimen: "Build a worm fence around the Winter's supply of Summer weather, skim the clouds from the sky with a teaspoon, catch a thunder cloud in a bladder, break a hurricane to harness, ground, sluce an earthquake, lasso an avalanche, pin a napkin on the crater of an active volcano—but never expect to see me false to my principles!"

As a gentleman was being introduced to President Grant at the public reception in Salt Lake City last week, and when his Excellency was in the act of reaching forth his hand, a stalwart minor standing by placed a specimen of one thereof, saying at the same time; "Mr. President, that's from our mine. Of course you have heard of our discovery." But that ain't a very good specimen, and it'll stay in town a few days. I'll get you a darned sight better one." Ulysses thanked him, the crowd laughed, but the honest miner was in dead earnest.

The other day when a Vicksburg boy had trouble with his neighbor's boy, and came out first, he realized that something must be done at home, and he slid into the house and said: "Mother, you know how good and kind you have been to Mr. next door?" "Yes, I have tried to be a good neighbor to her." "Well, do you know that she says you clean your teeth with wash brush, and that father ought to have a pension for living with you?" He slid out, and when Mrs. B. reached the gate on her way to the house to ask why her boy must be pounded up in that way, she heard a shrill voice calling out: "Vile wretch, don't you enter that gate or you'll get scalded!" She returned home, and the young statesman dropped down under a shade tree, kicked up his heels, and softly chuckled: "That settles her!"

Mrs. Lincoln, since her arrival at Springfield, Ill., on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Edwards, has manifested much of her usual cheerfulness, and shows much gratification in meeting old friends, many of whom called upon her. She rides out frequently and takes deep interest in the changes since her former visit to Springfield. Her mind however, shows no signs of improvement.

When our girls feel cold streaks playing up and down their backs they may know that they have got the dum fummies.

Extraordinary Opportunity for the Relief of the Afflicted.

The surgeons of the National Surgical Institute, located at Buchanan, Pa. In Lane, Pacific Branch, 319 Bush street, San Francisco, have finally yielded to the many urgent appeals to visit Oregon and Washington Territory. Three or more of the surgeons will be at the Commodore Hotel, Portland, Oregon, on the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, of November, 1875.

They will have with them a great amount of surgical apparatus, appliances, etc., and competent assistants and workers to charge it, and make such apparatus as may be required. The will also especially prepared to treat all surgical cases: Paralysis, all kinds of deformities of the Face, Spine and Limbs, Dissected Joints, Bleeding Eyes, Catarrh, Private Diseases, Piles, Fistula, etc. A number of the great expense attending such a trip, they will not make another. The effort, all who wish to avail themselves of all the advantages of the Institute, and the long journey to San Francisco or Philadelphia must do so at this time. No cases will be undertaken without a fair hope of relief. It is needless to say that the institution is entirely responsible, and the largest and most popular of the kind in America, curing thousands annually. Remember the time and place, and come early. Send to the Institute for circular.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GRAND BALL WILL BE GIVEN BY W. L. RIGGS, AT THE Crossing of North Powder, ON FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 29, 1875.

The Music will be the best that can be procured, with Prof. Gitchell as leader. A good supper will be prepared. TICKETS, including supper, \$3.00. A general invitation extended to all to attend. Oct. 20, 1875. n2412

New Drug Store.

J. B. GARDNER, Corner of Main Street and Valley Avenue, BAKER CITY, OREGON. HAVING PURCHASED THE BEST Choice Ligatures, Syringes and Cordials, Willow Ware, Confectionery, etc., all for sale. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, Cheap for Cash. Baker City, Oct. 29, 1875. n2617

WHY PAY \$30-\$40 FOR SEWING MACHINES REDUCED PRICE, \$35.

Home and Home Shuttle Sewing Machines. REDUCED TO LIVE AND LET LIVE PRICES.

THESE MACHINES ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY other, and all new sewers, straight needle, two threads, shuttle, lock stitch, the simplest and cheapest, and the lightest running of the class machines in the market. To see is to convince yourselves. THE HALL TREADLE For Sewing Machines. The most important improvement ever made. It saves labor and preserves health. No more diseases and deaths, side or back-aching from using sewing machines. No teaching required! A child can run it. Always starts the right way. Never goes backwards and breaks things can be stepped instantly. With it on your machine, you can do the work you can do with no other fifty (50) stitches can be in in with one pressure of one foot. It can be applied to any sewing machine.

The Hall Treadle Sewing Machine. Must be seen to be appreciated. For a farmer or mechanic to see it, is to buy one. It is an indispensable article in every farm house, shop or school.

The Hall Treadle Sewing Machine. Is an accomplishment in every workshop. The HALL TREADLE is applicable to all machinery requiring a foot power. Sewing Machine Grinding, Sawing, and other work. Dealers, etc. send for Circulars.

HALL TREADLE MANUFACTURING CO. 17 New Montgomery St. San Francisco. n25m3

Dissolution Notice. THE LAW FIRM OF STRENS & HYDE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm must be paid to L. O. STRENS, FORTHWITH, who will pay all demands against the same. L. O. STRENS, T. C. HYDE. Baker City, Ogn., Oct. 29, 1875. n25n28

FASHIONS and GOLD COIN PRESENTS!

Smith's "Instant Dress Elevator." No. 375. This Costume wins the admiration of all. It is one of those styles that is sure to please, especially as it is appropriate for any occasion, and requires less work to make than any other cut of equal beauty. It is one of the leading costumes of our city. The stonied lady will find it possesses just the secret charm that makes the slight or portly figure never so advantageously adorned. The waist is the regular tailors shape; the overskirt is draped to form a wide fullness at the bottom. Requires 15 yards of 27-inch goods for entire suit. No. of waist, \$7.25; pattern, with cloth model, 25 cts. No. of overskirt, \$7.25; pattern, with cloth model, 25 cts. No. of underskirt, \$7.25; pattern, with cloth model, 50 cts. Mailed on receipt of price.



A. BURDETTE SMITH'S Monthly "World of Fashion," FINE ARTS and POLITE Literature. Single Copies 25 Cents.

Subscription Price, \$3 a year, post-paid, including a premium of Two Dollars' worth of patterns free to each subscriber.

We send our CERTIFICATES for this amount upon receipt of subscription. (Two of our Diamond ELEVATORS sent in PLACE OF ONE Dollar's worth of Patterns, if desired.)

OF FASHION, the very best, most beautiful, attractive magazine to be found in this country, and every person who begins with taking it, will NEVER discontinue it while it is published. \$4.50 00 in Gold Coin to Give Away!

Industrial Exhibition Co., FIVE DOLLARS EACH. \$5.00 WILL BUY A QUARTER Bond of the Industrial Exhibition Company of New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Grant county, and to me directed and delivered, for a judgment rendered in said Court, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1875, in favor of J. W. Starr and W. A. Hartley, and against J. W. Starr and Calaway Johnson, for the sum of Five Hundred and eight dollars and nineteen cents, damages, together with Forty-five dollars and forty cents, tax costs, and all accruing costs, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

CENTENNIAL!! NO. 1 FOR THE CENTENNIAL. BUT HOW IS THE PROPRIETOR OF THE HOME NURSERY TO GET RID OF HIS STOCK OF FRUIT TREES and SHRUBBERY.

W. C. MILLER, WAGON MAKER. RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE Public that he has in Shop and on the way, a large Stock of Wagon Timber and is hereafter prepared to do all kinds of Repairing and Contract for putting up New Work, at prices to suit the Times, the old Stand.

4th Largest Club, 125 in Gold Coin. 5th Largest Club, 100 in Gold Coin. 6th Largest Club, 75 in Gold Coin. 7th Largest Club, 50 in Gold Coin. 8th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 9th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 10th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 11th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 12th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 13th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 14th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 15th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 16th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 17th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 18th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 19th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin. 20th Largest Club, 25 in Gold Coin.

BANKING HOUSE OF JAS. W. VIRTUE, Baker City, OREGON. Pays the Highest Price for GOLD DUST, GOLD AND SILVER BARS, and Transacts a General Banking, Collection and EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

ASSAY OFFICE Is in Connection with the Bank. We make it a branch of our business to give Correct Information in regard to the Mining Interests of Eastern Oregon. Dec. 1, 1874. n315y

ONCE MORE WE COME!! WITH A New Stock of Goods FOR Fall and Winter. Larger and more attractive than ever before, bought since the great financial panic, and which we offer at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!!

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING Has been largely increased and we can show as handsome a line of ready made goods in MEN'S AND BOYS BUSINESS and DRESS Suits, Overcoats, etc., as can be found in the County, at prices that cannot fail to satisfy.

FAMILY GROCERIES. At astonishing low Prices. We have a large assortment of Miners' and Farmers' Implements, which we are selling at lower prices than ever before offered. In this Market. Remember that our Store is in the FIREPROOF BANK BLOCK. BAMBERGER & FRANK. Dec. 1, 1874. n3017