BEDROCK DEMOCRAT,

J. M. SHEPHERD & SON. OFFICE IN THE

BEDROCK DEMOCRAT BUILDING. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION :

Months,..... 2 50

CORRESPONDENCE from all portions of Eastern Oregon is solicited for the DEMOCRAT. All communications, to receive attention, must be accompanied by a responsible name. Personal communications will be charged as special advertisements.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State Streat, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 761 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the Bedrock Democrat, in the above cities, and are authorized to contract for advertising tour lowest rates. 131f

JOB WORK.

We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK on short notice and at reasona-N. B.—All Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. O. STERNS, T. C. HYDE,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Sterns & Hyde, Attorneys and Counselors At-Law, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

L. O. STERNS will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idalio and Washington Territories. Water Rights and Mining Litigation a SPECIALTY. Collections promptly attended to, une 18, 1873.nGy

ANDREW J. LAWRENCE, Attorney-at-Law,

BAKER CITY, OREGON. WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS

VV of the State. Baker City, Sept. 1, 1873. n17y. J. M. SHEPHERD,

Attorney-at-Law, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

S. V. KNOX,

Attorney at Law, (And Notary Public,) WESTON, OREGON. Will practice in the Courts of this State and Washington Territory. OPECIAL AFTENTION PAID TO LAND

Business, and Collections. JOSEPH H. SHINN,

Conveyancer, Will attend to Conveyancing and making ABSTRACTS OF TITLE. Baker City, Sept. 11, 1872.

Notary Public

E. W. REYNOLDS, NOTARY PUBLIC

DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL. Office with John Brattain, Three Doors South of BEDROCK DEMCRAT office,

on side of the Street. Baker City, Sept. 3, 1873.n17m4

I. J. THIBODO, M. A. M. D.

M. A. Queen's University, Caunda, M. D. Trinity University, 1854.

Physician, Surgeon, &c. OFFICE and Residence, at A. H. Brown's former residence, nearly opposite the Bedrock Democrat Office. Baker City, Oregon, Nov. 10, 1874.-y

J. P. Atwood, M. D. (Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons New York and of the Medical Department of the Willamette University,)

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Terms cash, or no patronage solicited. Office one door north of City Drug Store. n23] BAKER CITY, OREGON. [tf

John F. Chord, Carpenter and Joiner,

BAKER CITY, OREGON.

Designs and Specifications Furnished. Estimates Made. Terms Laberal. Baker City, Nov. 17, 1874.

SJM'CORMICK.

Importer and Dealer In

Books, Stationary, Toys, Music And NEWSPAPERS,

FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE AND SANTA CLAUS' Headquarters, Fire-proof Brick Bullding, 105 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

Undertaker.

J. W. CLEAVER Informs the Public that he is prepared to do all kind of work in the Undertaking Business on short notice and at rasonable prices. Baker City, Oct. 1, 1873.n21tf

2 Sewing Machines --- A Crover & Baker, and a Florence, both new and the very best for sale. For particulars, enquire at this office.

DVERTISING: Cheap: good Systematic. -All persons who contemlate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET Book the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous revetion from publisher's rates. GET THE DEMOCRAT office. n38v

Bedrock Democrat.

VOL. 6. BAKER CITY, BAKER COUNTY, OREGON, JUNE 9, 1875. NO. 5.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, Corner Drug Store, AT THE

NEW STORE, First door above the Express Office. Ladies Fancy and Millinery Goods in Store, and Latest Styles receiv-ed by Express every Month, and for sale at

most reasonable Prices. Dress Making Done to Order, and at Short Notice by MRS. L. J. HUSTON.

Baker City, April 18, 1874.-n51m6 Western Hotel. MAIN STREET, BAKER CITY.

REID & CONSTABLE, Prop'r. THIS HOUSE has been enlarged and refitted, and is now the best Hotel on the Umatilla and Idaho stage route. Stages leave this House for above and be-low, and also for Clark's Creek Eldorado, Gem City and Sparta.

SALOON! Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best

quality. Phelan's Improved Billiard Tables all in good order. N. B.—Those indebted to either the Hotel or Saloon are requested to appear at the Captain's office and settle. no1v6tf.

HOTEL RESTAURANT de

FRANCE, JOSEPH MANAUDAS, Proprietor, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

THE PROPRIETOR HAS Bought the Hotel Restaurant, next door to the Post Office, formerly kept by Stoord & Whitcomb, and has fitted the same up in the best style as a liotel, on the French Restaurant Style. He is prepared to accommodate the Public, and is determined to give entire satisfaction.

The House is open from five o'clock in the morning until twelve at night, during which time customers will be supplied

which time customers will be supplied with the best of everything to be had in

MARKET. Baker City, July 4, 1874.-n9tf

Fred. A. Bohna's SALOON, AT THE OLD STAND OF

Bamberger & Frank, BAKER CITY, OREGON. FRED. A. BOHNA

Respectfully informs the citi-zens of Baker City and the Public generally, that he has purchased the interest of Bob. McCord in the above

SALOON, Where will always be found the very best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. A150

One of the Finest and Best Billiard Tables To be found in the City. "Fred" will be pleased at all times to have his friends give FRED. A. BOHNA.

Paker City, Jan. 20, 1875. n39tf

PAP LEVINS. WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS, Tobacco & Cigars, TOOETHER WITH A

General Assortment

Of all articles in his Line, which he is selling at Lowest Prices, for the Ready Pay. His house is located on Main Street, nearly opposite the Bank Block, Baker City, Oregon. Baker City, Nov. 11, 1874.n27tf.

LIVERYSTABLE MESSRS. KILBURN & PERKINS

Formerly kept by John Eppinger, and that they are prepared to farnish customers with

Single or Double Turn-outs, Either night or day, with or without drivers, it the very lowest rates. First class Saddle Horses on hand. Horses boarded and the best of care bestowed. We keep nothing but the best of Stock and Buggles.

Connection with this shop by Geo. the expiration of the year, give such delinquent co-owner personal notice in writing or Our stable is at the upper end of Main

Street, Baker City, Oregon.

Come and see us, Everybody, and we will do our best to please you.

KILBURN & PERKINS. February 10, 1874.-n40tf

LIVERYSTABLE

GRIER & KELLOGG Having completed their New Stable, have now the finest and best regulated

Livery Stable In Eastern Oregon,

Where they will carry on the Livery Business in all its branches.

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD. Baker City, Nov. 13, 1872. n13tf

For Sale.

A NEIGHT-MEDIUM, cylinder Press, in good running order. Can take from 600 to 800 impressions per hour. (ninel, seventh edition), containing lists of Six fonts of type, all new except one which over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing has been in use about two years. Suitable

March 10th 1875. n44tf

J. W. WISDOM, Proprietor, Corner Main Street and Valley Avenue Southwest Side,

BAKER CITY, OREGON. EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND a Full Assortment of all kinds of Goods, consisting in part of DRUGS,

MEDICINES, PAINTS and OILS, WINDOW GLASS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, and

WINES & LIQUORS For Medicinal Purposes. TOILET ARTICLES Of Every Description.

Prescriptions prepared at all Hours. City and Country Trade Sollcited. Connected with the Hotel will be found a Best Brands, of Family Groceries, To-

baccos, Cigars. &c., constantly on Hand, at the Lowest Prices. Baker City, Oct. 7, 1874.n221v

Dr. C. J. Taft.

Having permanently located in BAKER CITY,

offers his professional services to the cipizens of Baker and vicinity, and will give special attention to Surgery and diseases of Women Office-First door south of Western

RESIDENCE- First building west of Catholie Church. May 12 1875n1tf.

T. N. Snow, M. D. Physician and Surgeon,

South Mountain, Idaho. MEDICAL EXAMINER For the New York Life Insurance Co-

Auction House, BAKER CITY, LEVENS & SMALL, Auctioneers.

Regular Sale Day, EVERY SATURDAY. Sales made in every portion of the County. March 17th, 1875.045tf."





ESTABLISHED IN BAKER CITY IN 1867, Keeps constantly on hand a well assorted Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business. Waltham and Elgin Watches at Factory

Wagon Making.

EO. J. Howman being a Wagon maker by trade, will continue to work at his trade at the Wagon shop adjoining the Blacksmith Shop of the late firm of Gaines & Bowman. He is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line at short notice and at reasonable prices. He can make Wagons or Buggies from the stump up, and uses none but the best of material, bought in the cast and shipped direct to him at Baker City. GEO. J. BOWMAN. May 10th 1875n1tf.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work entrusted to his care in his line, and all work war ranted to give satisfaction. I em-Respectfully Inform the Citploy none but the best of hands in
my shop.

The Public generally, that they have pur-

Horse-shoeing. I have a good Horse Shoer in my Shop, who understands the horses foot in all its different shapes, and original locators, their heirs, assigns, or lewill shoe to fit the horse. Our work in this line is warranted as good as the best.

Wagon Making and Repairing In all the various branches done in

Plows Manufactured and Repaired. In fact everything in my line made and repaired at reasonable prices. Thankful for past patronage I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

S. A. GAINES. May 10, 1875.nltf Buy Your Lumber at the

Old, Reliable

Ebell's Old Mill. WE HAVE REFITTED THE the county, at prices to suit the times.

Any bills left at our Mill receive as prompt attention in the future as in the past. We saw everything from a Lath to the Heaviest Timbers.

Clear and seasoned Lumber always on hand. Bills left with J. W. Wisdom will receive immediate attention. By strict attention to business, we hope to receive our share of

public patronage. has been in use about two journers for a business man, an amateur or printer. Will be sold at cost. Enquire at Bedrock exchange for Lumber. ELLIOTT & VAN PATTEN. An unlimited amount of Grain taken in March 1 1874.-n34tf.

U. S. MINING LAWS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That all valuable mineral deposits of lands belonging to the United States, both surveyed and ant, at the time of filing his application, or unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free at any time thereafter, within the sixty days and open to exploration and purchase, and the land in which they are found to occupation and purchase, by citizens of the United States and those who have declared their in-tention to become such, under regulations prescribed by law, and according to the local custom or rules of the miners, in the several mining districts, so far as the same are applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of the United States.

SEC. 2. That mining claims upon veins or lodes of quartz or other rock in place, bearing gold, silver, cinnabar, lead, tin, cop-per, or other valuable deposits haretofore located, shall be governed as to length along the vein or lode by the customs, regu-lations, and laws in force at the date of their location. A mining claim located after the passage of this act, whether located by one or more persons, may equal, but shall not exceed, one thousand five hundred feet in length along the vein or lode; but no location of a mining claim shall be made until the discovery of the vein or lode within the limits of the claim located. No claim shall extend more than three hundred feet applicant is entitled to a patent of two dollars per acre, and that no adverse claim exists; and there after no objection from third parties to the issuance of a patent shall extend more than three hundred feet applicant is entitled to a patent of two dollars per acre, and that no adverse claim exists; and there after no objection from third parties to the issuance of a patent of the proper officer. on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, nor shall any claim be limited by any mining regulation to less than twentyfive feet on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, except where adverse

or ledge, situated on the public domain, their heirs and assigns, where no adverse ledge, Studies and assigns, where the intervention of the United States, and the State, territorial, and local regulations not in conflict with said laws of the United States governing their possessory title, shall have the exclusive right of possession and enjoyment of all the surface included within the lines of their locations, and of all veins, lodes, and ledges throughout their entire depth, the top or apex of which lies inside of such surface included word vertically, although such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description a perpendicular in their course the entire depth, the top of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description approach of the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description required in other cases, and shall pay to the Receiver five dollars per acre for his claim, together with the state of Nevada, approved July 25th, ledges, and the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description required in other cases, and shall pay to the Receiver five dollars per acre for his claim, together with the state of Nevada, approved July 25th, ledges, and the such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far description required in other cases, and shall pay to the Receiver five dollars per acre for his claim, together with the requisite amount of labor has been required in other cases, and shall pay to the Receiver five dilary be confined to such portions thereof as lie between vertical planes drawn downward as atoresaid, through the end lines of their locations, so continued in their own direction that such planes will intersect such exterior parts of said veins or ledges: And provided parts of said veins or ledges: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall of the court, that several parties are entitled authorize the locator or possesser of a vein to separate and different portions of the or lode which extends in its downward claim, each party may pay for his portion of course beyond the vertical lines of his claim | the claim, with the proper fees, and file the to enter upon the surface of a claim owned

or possessed by another. That where a tunnel is run for the development of a vein or lode, or for the el shall have the right of possession of all veins or lodes within three thousand feet from the face of such tunnel on the line thereof not previously because of the several parties according to their respective rights. Proof of citizenship under this set of Tall 20th thereof, not previously known to exist, discovered in such tunnel, to the same extent as if discovered from the surface; and locations on the line of veins or lodes not appearing on the surface, made by other larties after the commencement of the tunnel, and while the same is being prosecuted with reasonable diligence, shall be invalid; but failure to prosecute the work on the tunnel for six months shall be considered as an abandonment of the right to all undiscover-I veins on the line of said tunnel.

Sec. 5. That the miners of each mining district may make rules and regulations not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or with the laws of the State or Territory in which the district is situated, governing the location, manner of recording, amount of work necessary to hold possession of a mining claim, subject to the following require ments: The location must be distinctly marked on the ground, so that its boundaries can be readily traced. All records of mining claims hereafter made shall contain the name or names of the locators, the date of the location, and such a discription of the claim of claims located by reference to some natural object or permanent monument as will identify the claim. On each claim located after the passage of this, and until a patent shall have been issued therefor, not less than one handred dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year. On all claims located prior to the passage of this act, ten dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made for each one hundred feet in length along the vein until a patent shall have been issued therefor; but where such claims are held in common, such expenditure may be made upon any one claim; and upon a failure to comply with these conditions, the claim or mine upon which failure occurred shall be open to relocation in the same manner as if no location of the same had ever been made: Provided, That the gal representatives, have not resumed work upon the claim after such failure and before such location. Upon the failure of any one of several co-owners to contribute his proportion of the expenditures required by this et, the co-owners who have performed the labor or made the improvements, may, at notice by publication in the newspaper published nearest the claim, for at least once a week for ninety days, and if at the expiration of ninety days after such notice in writing or publication, such delinquent should fail or refuse to contribute his proportion to comply with this act, his interest in the claim shall become the property of his co-owners, who have made the required expenditures: SEC. 6. That a patent for any land claim-

ed and located for valuable deposits, may be obtained in the following manner: Any person, association, or corporation, authorized to locate a claim under this act, having claimed and located a piece of land for such purposes, who has, or have, complied with the terms of this act, may file in the proper land office an application for a patent, under eath showing such compliance, together with a plat and field notes of the claim or claims in common, made by or under the direction Mill and make the best Lumber in of the United States Surveyor-general, showing accurately the boundaries of the claim or claims which shall be distinctly marked by monuments on the ground, and shall post a copy of such plat, together with a notice of such application for a patent, in a conspicuous place on the land embraced in such plat previous to the filing of the application for a patent, and shall file an affidavit of at least two persons, that such notice had been duly posted as aforesaid, and shall file a corpy of said notice in such land office, and shall thereupon be entitled to a patent for said land in the manner following: The Register of the land office, upon the filing of such application, plat, field notes, notices,

and affidavits, shall publish a notice that such application has been made, for the period of sixty days, in a newspaper to be by him designated as published nearest to said claim; and he shall also postsuch notice in of publication, shall file with the Register a certificatie of the United States Surveyorgeneral that five hundred dollars worth of labor has been expended or improvements made upon the claim by himself or granters; other specific made upon the claim by himself or granters; that the plat is correct, with such further description by such reference to natural natural objects or permanent monuments as shall indentify the claim, and furnish an accurate description, to be incorporated in the patent. At the expiration of the sixty days of publication the claimant shall file his affidavit, showing that the plat and notice have been posted in a conspicuous place on the claim during said period of publica-tion. If no adverse claim shall have been filed with the Register and the Receiver of the proper land office at the expiration of the sixty days of publication, it shall be assumed that the applicant is entitled to a pat-

SEC. 7. That where an adverse claim shall be filed during the period of publication, it shall be upon the oath of the person or persons making the same, and shall show vein at the surface, except where adverse rights existing at the passage of this act shall render such limitation necessary. The end lines of each claim shall be parallel to each other.

SEC. 3. That the locators of all mining locations heretofore made, or which shall hereafter be made, or any principle. each other.
SEC. 3. That the locators of all mining locations heretofore made, or which shall hereafter be made, or any nuneral vein, lode be the duty of the adverse claim within thirty days after filing his claim, to comwith the proper fees, where upon the whole proceedings and the judgment roll shall be certified by the Register to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and a patent shall issue there on for the claim, or such portion thereof as the applicant shall appear from the decision of the court, to rightly pocertificate and description by the Surveyor-general, whereupon the Register shall certiin case of an association of persons unincorporated of the affidavit of their authorized agent, made on his own knowledge or upon information and belief, and in case of a corporation organized under the law of the United States, or Territory of the United States, by the filing of a certified copy of their charter or certificate of incorporation; and nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the alienation of the title conveyed by a patent for a mining claim to any person whatever.

SEC. 8. That the description of vein or lode claims, upon unsurveyed lands, shall designate the location of the claim with reference to the lines of the public surveys, but need not conform therewith, but where a patent shall be issued as afore-said for claims upon unsurveyed lands, the Surveyor-general, in extending the surveys, shall adjust the same to the boundaries of such patented claim, according to the plat or description thereof, but so as in no case to interfere with or hange the location of any such patented

SEC. 9. That sections one, two, three, four and six of an act entitled "An act granting the right of way to ditch and cagranting the right of way to ditch and canal owners over the public lands, and for other purposes," approved July 26th, 1866, are hereby repealed, but such appeal shall not affect existing rights. Application for patents for mining claims now pending may be prosecuted to a final decision in the General Land Office; but in such cases where adverse rights are not affected thereby, patents may issue in pursuance of the provisions of this act; and all patents for mining claims heretofore issued under the act of July 26th, 1866, shall convey all the rights and privileges shall convey all the rights and privileges conferred by this act where no adverse ights exist at the time of the passage of SEC. 10. That the act entitled "An act

to amend an act granting the right of way to ditch and canal owners over the public lands, and for other purposes," approved July 9th, 1870, shall be and remain in full force, except as to the proceedings pre-scribed by sections six and seven of this act for obtaining patents to veins or lode claims; but where said placer claims shall be upon surveyed lands, and conform to legal subdivisions, no further survey or plat shall be required, and all placer mining claims hereafter located shall conform as near as practicable with the United States system of public land surveys, and the rectangular subdivisions of such surveys, and no such location shall include more than twenty acres for each individual claimant, but where placer claims cannot be conformed to legal subdivisions, survey and plat shall be made as on unsurveyed lands: Provided, That proceedings now pending may be prosecuted to their final determination under existing laws; but the provisions of this act, when tot in conflict with existing laws, shall apply to such cases. And Provided Also, That where by the segregation of mineral land in any legal subdivision, a quantity of agricultural land less than forty acres remains, said fractional land may be entered by any party qualified by law, for homestead or pre-emption purposes, SEC. 11. That where the same person, association, or corporation, is in possession of a placer claim, and a vein or lode included within the boundaries thereof, application shall be made for a patent for he placer claim, with the statement that it includes such vein or lode, and in such case (subject to the provision of this act and the act entitled "Au act to amend an act granting the right of way to ditch and can lowners over the public lands and

canal owners over the public lands, and for other purposes," approved July 9th, 1870) a patent shall issue for the placer

second section of this act, is known to exist within the boundaries of a placer claim, an application for a patent for such placer claim, which does not include an application for the vein or lode claim, shall be construed as a conclusive declaration that the claimant of the placer claim has no right of possession of the vein or lode claim; but where the existence of a vein or lode in a placer claim is not known, a patent for the placer claim shall convey all valuable mineral and other deposits within the boundaries thereof.

other deposits within the boundaries thereof.

SEC. 12. That the Surveyor-general of the United States may appoint in each land district containing mineral lands as many competent surveyors as shall apply for appointment to survey mining claims. The expenses of the survey of vein or lode claims, and the survey and subdivisions of placer claims into smaller quantities than one hundred and sixty acres, together with the cost of publication of notices, shall be paid by the applicants, and they shall be at liberty to obtain the same at the most reasonable rates, and they shall also be at liberty to employ any United States deputy surveyor to make the survey. The Commissioner of the General Land Office shall also have power to establish the maximum charges for surveys and publication of notices under this act; and, in ease of excessive charges for publication, he may designate any newspaper published in a land district, and fix the rates to be charged by such paper; and, to the end that the Commissioner may be fully informed on the subject, each applicant shall file with the Register's sworn statement of all charges and fees paid by said applicant for publication and surveys, together with all fees and money paid the Register and the Receiver of the land office, which statement shall be transmitted with the other papers in the case, to the Commissioner of the General Land office, which statement shall be transmitted with the other papers in the case, to the Commissioner of the General Land office, which statement shall be transmitted with the other papers in the case, to the Commissioner of the General Land Office. The fees of the Register and the Receiver shall be five dollars each for filing and acting upon each application for prient or adverse claim filed, and they shall be allowed the amount fixed by law for reducing testimony to writing, when done in the land office, such fees and allowances to be paid by the respective parties; and no other fees shall be charged by them in such cases, Nothing in this act shall be construed to enlarge or affect the rights of either party in regard to any property in controversy at the time of the passage of this act, or the entitled "An act granting the right of way to ditch and canal owners over the public lands, and

SEC. 14. That where two or more veins intersect or cross each other, priority of title shall govern, and such prior location shall be entitled to all ore or mineral contained within the space of intersection. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the subsequentlocation shall have the right of way they are said space of intersection for the through said space of intersection for the purposes of the convenient working of

purposes of the convenient working of said mine: AND PROVIDED, ALSO, That where two or more veins unite, the oldest or prior location shall take the vein below the point of union, including all the space of intersection.

SEC. 15. That where non-mineral land, not contigious to the vein or lode, is used or occupied by the proprietor of such vein or lode for mining or milling purposes, such non-adjacent surface ground may be embraced and included in an application for a patent for such vein or lode, and the same may be patented therewith, subject to the same preliminary requirements as to the same preliminary requirements as to survey and notice as are applicable un-der this act to veins or lodes: Providto, That no locations hereafter made of such non-adjacent land shall exceed five acres, and payment for the same must be made at the same rate as fixed by this act for the superfices of the lode. The owner of a quartz mill or reduction works, not owning a mine in connection therewith, may also receive a patent for his mill site, as provided in this section.

also receive a patent for his mill site, as provided in this section.

SEC. 16. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed: PQCVIDED. That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to impair, in any way, rights or interests in mining property acquired under existing laws. Approved May 10, 1872. Mineral Lands Open to Exploration,

surveyed and unsurveyed, are open to ex-

Occupation, and Purchase.

The mineral lands in the public domain,

ploration, occupation and purchase, by all citizens of the United States, and all those who have declared their intention to become such. Status of Lode Claims Previously Located.

The status of lode claims located previous to May 10, 1872, is not changed with regard to their extent along the lode of width of surface. Manner of Locating Claims.

Any person who is a citizen of the United States, or who has declared his intention to become a citizen, may locate, record and hold a mining claim of fifteen hundred linear feet along the course of any mineral vein or lode subject to location; or an association of persons, severally qualified as above, may make joint location of such claim of fifteen hundred feet, but in no event can the location of a vein or lode exceed fifteen hundred feet along the course thereof, whatever may be the number of persons composing the The miners of each distric may make

rules and regulations not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or of the State or Territory in which such districts are respectively situated, governing the location, manner of recording, and am't of work necessary to hold possession of a claim. The location must be so distinctly marked on the ground that its boundaries may be readily traced. This is a very important matter, and locators cannot exercise too much care in defining their loca-

In order to hold the possessory right to a claim, of fifteen hundred feet of a vein (Continued on Fourth Page.)

One square or less, one insertion, \$2 59 One square three months, 6 00 Business Advertisements by the month—

to which a special position is guaranteed. IF The space of one Inch, up and down the column, constitutes a square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

N. B .- All debts due this office are payable in Coin, unless otherwise expressly agreed. CONTRACTOR OF STREET, STREET,

SEC. 13. That all affidavits required to be made under this act, or the act of which it is amendatory, may be verified before any officer authorized to administer oaths within the land district where the claims may be situated, and all testimony and proofs may be taken before any such officer, and, when duly certified by the officer taking the same, shall have the same force and effect as if taken before the Register and Receiver of the land office. certificate and description by the Surveyorgeneral, whereupon the Register shall certify the proceedings and judgment-roll to
the Commissioner of the General Land
Office, as in the preceding case, and patents
shall issue to the several parties according
to their respective rights. Proof of citizenship under this act of July 26th, 1866, and
July 9th, 1870, in the case of an individual,
may consist of his own affidavit thereof, and
in case of an association of persons unincorister and Receiver of the land office.