

One square  
Each additional  
One square three  
Business Advertisements  
Quarter column  
Half column  
One column  
Ten per cent. additional on advertisements  
to which a special position is guaranteed.  
The space of one inch up and down  
the column, constitutes a square.  
N. B.—All debts due this office are payable  
in Coin, unless otherwise expressly agreed.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
One year, \$4 00  
Six Months, \$2 50

VOL. 5. BAKER CITY, BAKER COUNTY, OREGON, APRIL 14, 1875. NO. 49.

CORRESPONDENCE from all portions of Eastern Oregon is solicited for the DEMOCRAT. All communications, to receive attention, must be accompanied by a responsible name. Personal communications will be charged as special advertisements.

**S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.**, 10 State Street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, in the above cities, and are authorized to contract for advertising at lowest rates.

**JOB WORK.**  
We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK on short notice and at reasonable rates.  
N. B.—All Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

**L. O. STERN'S,** T. C. HYDE,  
NOTARY PUBLIC.  
**Sterns & Hyde,**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at-Law,  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
L. O. STERN'S will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idaho and Washington Territories.  
Water Rights and Mining Litigation a SPECIALTY.  
Collections promptly attended to.  
June 18, 1873. n17y

**ANDREW J. LAWRENCE,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

**WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS** of the State.  
Baker City, Sept. 1, 1873. n17y.

**J. M. SHEPHERD,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

**S. V. KNOX,**  
Attorney at Law,  
(And Notary Public.)  
WESTON, OREGON.  
Will practice in the Courts of this State and Washington Territory.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO LAND Business, and Collections. n18f

**JOSEPH H. SHINN,**  
Notary Public  
AND  
**Conveyancer,**  
Will attend to Conveyancing and making ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.  
Baker City, Sept. 11, 1872. n18f

**E. W. REYNOLDS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
AND  
DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL.  
Office with John Brattain, Three Doors South of Bedrock Democrat office, on the side of the street.  
Baker City, Sept. 3, 1873. n17m4

**A. J. THIBODO, M. A. M. D.**  
M. A. Queen's University, Canada, 1851.  
M. D. Trinity University, 1851.  
Physician, Surgeon, &c.  
Office and Residence, at A. H. Brown's former residence, nearly opposite the Bedrock Democrat Office.  
Baker City, Oregon, Nov. 10, 1874. y

**J. P. Atwood, M. D.**  
(Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons New York and of the Medical Department of the Willamette University.)  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Terms cash, or no patronage solicited.  
Office one door north of City Drug Store. n23f BAKER CITY, OREGON. [f]

**John F. Chord,**  
Carpenter and Joiner,  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
Designs and Specifications Furnished.  
Estimates Made. Terms Liberal.  
Baker City, Nov. 17, 1874. n28y

**S. J. M. CORMICK,**  
Importer and Dealer in  
Books, Stationery, Toys, Music and  
**NEWSPAPERS,**  
FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE AND SANTA CLAUS' Headquarters, Fire-proof Brick Building, 105 Front street, Portland, Oregon. n17 [f]

**Undertaker.**  
**J. W. CLEAVER**  
Informs the Public that he is prepared to do all kind of work in the Undertaking Business on short notice and at reasonable prices.  
Baker City, Oct. 1, 1873. n21f

**Sewing Machines—A Cover** and a Baker, and a Florence, both new and the very best—for sale. For particulars, enquire at this office. n50f

**ADVERTISING: Cheap; good** Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET Book (nearly seventh edition), containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publisher's rates. GET THE BOOK. n89y

**New Drug Store.**  
**H. N. SPKINNEY,**  
Corner of Main Street and Valley Avenue,  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
Would respectfully inform the public that he has recently received a well selected and fresh Stock of  
**Drugs,**  
Chemicals,  
Paints, Oils,  
Perfumeries,  
Patent Medicines,  
Soaps,  
Wines,  
Brandy,  
Whiskies and Cordials,  
For Medicinal purposes. Family Medicines carefully prepared. Prescriptions accurately compounded, at all hours of the day or night. Give us a call. [f]

**MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,**  
AT THE  
**NEW STORE,**  
First door above the Express Office.  
**Ladies Fancy and Millinery** Goods in Store, and Latest Styles received by Express every Month, and for sale at most reasonable Prices.  
**Dress Making**  
Done to Order, and at Short Notice by  
MRS. L. J. HUSTON.  
Baker City, April 18, 1874. n51m6

**Western Hotel.**  
MAIN STREET, BAKER CITY.  
**REID & FLETCHER, Prop'rs.**  
THIS HOUSE has been enlarged and re-fitted, and is now the best Hotel on the Unadilla and Idaho stage route. Stages leave this House for above and below, and also for Clark's Creek Eldorado, Gem City and Sparta.  
Connected with the Hotel will be found a first class

**SALOON!**  
Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best quality. Phelan's Improved Billiard Tables all in good order.  
N. B.—Those indebted to either the Hotel or Saloon are requested to appear at the Captain's office and settle. n55x8f.

**HOTEL RESTAURANT**  
**de**  
**FRANCE,**  
**JOSEPH MANAUDAS, Proprietor,**  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

**THE PROPRIETOR HAS Bought** the Hotel Restaurant, next door to the Post Office, formerly kept by Seward & Whitcomb, and has fitted the same up in the best style as a Hotel, on the French Restaurant Style. He is prepared to accommodate the Public, and is determined to give entire satisfaction.  
The House is open from five o'clock in the morning until twelve at night, during which time customers will be supplied with the best of everything to be had in the

**MARKET.**  
Baker City, July 4, 1874. n56f

**Fred. A. Bohna's**  
**SALOON,**  
AT THE OLD STAND OF  
**Bamberger & Frank,**  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
**FRED. A. BOHNA**  
Respectfully informs the citizens of Baker City and the Public generally, that he has purchased the interest of Bob McCord in the above

**SALOON,**  
Where will always be found the very best  
**Wines, Liquors and Cigars.**  
Also  
One of the Finest and Best  
**Billiard Tables**  
To be found in the City. "Fred" will be pleased at all times to have his friends give him a call.  
**FRED. A. BOHNA.**  
Baker City, Jan. 20, 1875. n39f

**LIVERY STABLE**  
**MESSRS. KILBURN & PERKINS**  
Respectfully Inform the Citizens of Baker City and County, and the Public generally, that they have purchased the  
**Livery Stable**  
Formerly kept by John Eppinger, and that they are prepared to furnish customers with the best of

**LIVERY STABLE**  
**GRIER & KELLOGG**  
Having completed their New Stable, have now the finest and best regulated  
**Livery Stable**  
In Eastern Oregon,  
Where they will carry on the Livery Business in all its branches.  
**STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.**  
Baker City, Nov. 13, 1873. n19f

**Corner Drug Store,**  
**J. W. WISDOM, Proprietor,**  
Corner Main Street and Valley Avenue  
Southwest Side,  
**BAKER CITY, OREGON.**  
**KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND** a Full Assortment of all kinds of Goods, consisting in part of  
**DRUGS,**  
**MEDICINES,**  
PAINTS and OILS,  
WINDOW GLASS,  
VARNISHES,  
BRUSHES, and  
**WINES & LIQUORS**  
For Medicinal Purposes.  
**TOILET ARTICLES**  
Of Every Description.  
Prescriptions prepared at all Hours. City and Country Trade Solicited.

Best Brands of Family Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, &c., constantly on Hand, at the Lowest Prices.  
Baker City, Oct. 7, 1874. n21y

**J. B. GARDNER,**  
For Sale  
Watches  
**WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,**  
ESTABLISHED IN BAKER CITY IN 1867,  
Keeps constantly on hand a well assorted  
Stock of  
**WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY,**  
and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.  
Waltham and Elgin Watches at Factory Prices [f]

**PAP LEVINS,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
DEALER IN  
**WINE AND LIQUORS,**  
Tobacco & Cigars,  
TOGETHER WITH A  
General Assortment  
Of all articles in his line, which he is selling at Lowest Prices, for the Ready Pay.  
His house is located on Main Street, nearly opposite the Bank Block, Baker City, Oregon.  
Baker City, Nov. 11, 1874. n27f

**GAINES & BOWMAN,**  
Blacksmiths  
AND  
Manufacturers of Buggies & Wagons.  
WE ARE GETTING OUR TIMBER direct from St. Louis, Mo., and none but the very best is purchased, we are therefore prepared to warrant all our work.  
We are now fully prepared to complete any  
Buggies or Wagons  
On short notice, and we can say we have the Very Best of Workmen in our employ.  
Every one wanting a Buggy or Wagon will save time and money by giving us a call and examining our work for themselves.  
**Horse-shoeing.**  
Special attention is paid to Horse Shoeing. All repair work done on short notice. We are thankful for past Patronage, and still solicit a continuance.  
**GAINES & BOWMAN.**  
Baker City, March 11, 1874. n44f

**Blacksmithing**  
AND  
**WAGON MAKING.**  
In All the Various Branches  
Carried on by the Undersigned, at their Shop, at the  
**Head of Main Street,**  
BAKER CITY, OREGON.  
He will do as good work, at as reasonable Prices, as any other Shop in the County.

**Plovs**  
Manufactured to order.  
S. B. McCORD.  
Baker City, Feb. 10, 1874. n40f

**Buy Your Lumber at the**  
**Old, Reliable**  
**Ebell's Old Mill.**  
WE HAVE REFITTED THE Mill and make the best Lumber in the county, at prices to suit the times.  
Any bills left at our Mill receive as prompt attention in the future as in the past. We saw everything from a Lath to the Heaviest Timbers.  
Clear and seasoned Lumber always on hand.  
Bills left with J. W. Wisdom will receive immediate attention. By strict attention to business, we hope to receive our share of public patronage.  
An unlimited amount of Grain taken in exchange for Lumber.  
**ELLIOTT & VAN PATTEN.**  
March 1 1874. n34f

**Wanted,**  
**30,000 Pounds of Wheat**  
at the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT Office immediately, for which the highest Cash price will be allowed. n26f

**Wood Wanted.**  
**50 Cord of Wood Wanted** at the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT Office immediately, for which the highest Cash price will be allowed. n26f

## POETRY.

**THE OLD, OLD STORY.**  
And so you're married—caught at last!  
Well, here's your health my dainty Alice!  
You filled me—but what of that?  
I shall never bear you malice.  
"Poor"—that was it—ah! bitter word,  
It seems but yesterday you spoke it;  
I trust he wears a decent coat,  
And has a dollar in his pocket.  
I hope he brings what love demands,  
And keeps you, proud one, in a palace;  
I always was a graceless dog,  
A reckless fellow, Mistress Alice.  
But yet—who knows?—I might have grown  
Less wayward, and a shade more tender,  
And might have softened in the light,  
Dear girl, of your bewitching splendor.  
I might have learned in time perchance  
To ape the fashionable graces,  
And found delight in hisping tongues,  
And laughing eyes, and sunny faces.  
But there! 'I'll turn it to the wall,  
The face I worshipped madly, blindly;  
Nor bear withal so poor a heart,  
As breathe a word of you unkindly.  
I'll think you might have loved me yet,  
Had fortune placed me in your station;  
Or had I been a worthier man,  
And dearest, not a poor relation.  
I'll think, or better still, forget,  
Nor wrong you with a thout of malice.  
May peace, and bliss and joy be yours,  
And love and sunshine, dearest Alice!

From the Idaho World.  
**THE DELEGATESHIP.**  
**THE LATE ELECTION FRAUDS IN IDAHO.**  
Expose of the Rascalities of Gov. Bennett and his Peas.  
Details of Some of the Facts Recently Brought to Light.

BOISE CITY, March 30, 1875.  
Every person in the Territory is well aware of the fact that the Hon. S. S. Fenn was the candidate of the democratic party last fall for Delegate to Congress. It is equally well known that Gov. T. W. Bennett first announced himself as an independent candidate for the same position while the Republican Territorial Convention was in session, for the purpose of coercing that convention, and that it subsequently endorsed Bennett as its candidate; and that Bennett and Fenn were the only candidates before the people of Idaho for the delegateship. It is also universally known that Fenn received a majority of the votes cast at said election; and that E. J. Curtis, Secretary of the Territory, and Joe Pinkham, U. S. Marshal, whose duty it was to honestly canvass the election returns from the several counties in the presence of the Governor and candidate, in so canvassing, rejected or threw out the returns from three or four counties on the ground of informality and declared Bennett elected; and that Fenn served upon Bennett a notice of contest, to which the latter has answered; and that for some time evidence was being taken in the matter. But the details, as shown by the election returns made by the respective clerks of the county commissioners of the several counties to the Secretary of the Territory, and the frauds perpetrated by the Gov. and his pals that have been brought to light by the evidence, and the illegal and corrupt action of the board of canvassers in declaring Bennett elected, are not so generally understood. I propose to spread before the public a few of the rascally tricks brought out by sworn testimony of which Bennett and his gang were guilty. The returns from all the counties as made out by the county commissioners' clerks and forwarded to the Secretary of the Territory, show the vote to have been as follows:

	Bennett	Fenn
Ada County	539	383
Alturas	200	82
Boise	383	578
Idaho	25	183
Nez Perces	87	423
Owens	490	430
Owyhee	688	497
Shoshone	10	45
	2385	2381

To which should be added the county of Lemhi, as follows:  
Bennett—134. Fenn—102.  
In which county the returns in the Secretary's office show as follows:  
"F" W. Bennett—134 votes.  
S. S. Fenn—102 votes.  
Fenn's majority, excluding Lemhi County 136 votes; including Lemhi, as should have been done, Fenn's majority was 164, as shown by the returns.  
The returns from Nez Perces county were thrown out by the Board of Territorial Canvassers ostensibly because the county canvass was made by a board of canvassers as provided in the general election law, and not by the board of county canvassers who, by an act passed January, 1869, were given concurrent jurisdiction with the board of county canvassers provided in the general election law; but really the vote of Nez Perces was rejected because that county gave 333 majority for Fenn. If there were no solitary doubt existing as to the motive that influenced the Board of Territorial Canvassers in rejecting the returns from Nez Perces, it would be removed in the presence of the testimony taken in that county in the matter of contest, which shows conclusively that the board of canvassers in said county acted in good faith, and that the returns of the last election were canvassed and made by a board constituted in precisely the same manner and almost exclusively by the same individuals who canvassed the election returns for Delegate to Congress in the years 1870 and 1872; and that E. J. Curtis, as Secretary of the Territory, received, and said Secretary and the S. Marshal Pinkham canvassed the re-

turns of Nez Perces county so made without objection; and yet refused to canvass precisely similar returns of the last election.

The returns from the county of Idaho, which show 163 votes for Fenn and 23 for Bennett, were rejected on the ground that they were not made out in abstract, on separate sheet, as required by law; but the same Board of Territorial Canvassers received and counted the returns from Ada county, giving Bennett 181 majority, and open to the same objection.

The county of Lemhi was rejected for the same reason. The testimony of John Hogan, clerk of the board of county commissioners of Lemhi county, shows by all the returns made from the several precincts, that the votes in that county were cast for T. W. Bennett and S. S. Fenn, for Delegate to Congress; and that he (Hogan) intended to so return them; and if anything else were shown it was a clerical error. Mr. Hogan has been for a long time clerk of the county commissioners of Lemhi county, and would not be likely to make two errors of the kind described. It looks more reasonable that after the returns left his hands directed to the "Secretary of Idaho Territory" they were tampered with by some party or parties, and the "T" in the name of Bennett changed to an "F," and the name of Fenn changed by annexing an "e" thus—Fenne.

But of all the frauds perpetrated at the election and on making returns thereof by the clerks of the boards of county commissioners and in the canvass of the same by the Territorial Board, those affecting the vote in Oneida county are the most glaring. In that county the evidence shows that the prefix "Hon." was a dodge of B. F. White, Auditor of said county, and the unscrupulous and ignorant tool of Bennett—he having placed such prefix to Fenn's name in the poll books sent to the precincts of Clifton and Paris, at which places Fenn received 246 votes; and left Fenn's name unchanged in the poll-books for the remaining precincts. The evidence in that county also shows that three hundred and forty-four [344] votes were polled at Ross' Fork, Engle Rock, Pleasant Valley, Blackfoot, and Market Lake, in which precincts not exceeding 115 white persons reside; that at Ross' Fork, where there was returned 127 votes for Bennett and none for Fenn; at Pleasant Valley, where was returned 65 votes for Bennett and none for Fenn; and at Market Lake, where was returned 33 votes for Bennett and 18 for Fenn, no precincts were established by the county commissioners. Still, White and the board of canvassers received and counted those fraudulent returns, made by voting Fort Hall Reservation Indians, mules, and jack-rabbits; but they rejected the returns from Marsh Valley, a regularly established precinct, that gave Bennett two votes and Fenn 21, because the voters held the election in that precinct six or seven miles from the place ordered by the county commissioners, and also because the election officers sent up as returns the ballot-box and votes cast in the precinct, when Mr. White, the aforesaid county auditor, put ballot-box, votes and all, into the stove in his office, and burned them up. White also destroyed the returns from Malad, a regularly established precinct, for some alleged informality, but really because it gave a majority for Fenn.

The evidence shows that Fenn received over 400 majority of the legal votes cast in the Territory.  
To make public the contemptible efforts of Bennett and his hounds to defy the will of the people and wrest from them and the contestant, Mr. Fenn, their rights, it might be stated that it is on record that Gov. Bennett wrote to H. O. Adams, Notary Public in Nez Perces county—to whom a commission had been sent to take depositions in behalf of Fenn—protesting against his proceeding to take the depositions, and also sent him a motion to dismiss the matter. And at the time the Governor's protest and motion were placed in the hands of Adams he was informed and assured that if he would dismiss the taking of the depositions Gov. Bennett would appoint him [Adams] District Attorney for the First Judicial District, in the place of Judge Clark, resigned, at a salary of \$1500 per annum, and more than twenty-one months to serve! But Adams, although a political friend of Bennett's, was an honest man, and spurned the base proposition, and proceeded and took the depositions. The motive of Bennett in this dirty little transaction will be better understood when it is known that had Adams declined to take the depositions, the evidence in relation to the election and the returns from Nez Perces county could not have been taken within the time prescribed by congressional enactment for a contestant to gather up his testimony.

These frauds were all boldly and bunglingly perpetrated—most wretchedly planned and worse executed. It is very apparent that where these concocted villanies in the election returns failed to connect on the outside they were "doctored up" to suit Bennett's purposes after passing into the hands of the corrupt creatures who fawningly do his bidding.  
A letter from Bennett to Fenn has been published in the Statesman, in which the overzealous Governor wants to "stipulate" in regard to the contest; but Bennett was very careful not to publish in his paper Fenn's manly and independent reply.  
Bennett ignores the fact that the people of Idaho have any rights involved in the contest for the delegateship, but seems to entertain the opinion that the candidates are the only parties interested. He also forgets that candidates cannot "stipulate" away the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, which makes Congress the judge of the qualifications of its own members.

I append the stipulating letter of Bennett's and the sensible reply of Mr. Fenn to the same:  
**Letter of Governor Bennett.**  
BOISE CITY, January 5th, 1875.  
HON. S. S. FENN—Sir:—From your notice of contest served upon me, and from the public statements of your friends, I am led to believe that you are of the opinion that the election returns of the several counties of the Territory, as canvassed on the 30th day of November, 1874, by the Territorial board of Canvassers, are legal and sufficient of themselves to have warranted said board to have returned you as the person elected Delegate to Congress from this Territory; and that said returns should have all been counted, and that the refusal of the board to count any or all of said returns was illegal and fraudulent. It is perhaps equally well known that I am of the opinion that some of said returns are illegal, and were properly rejected from the count by the board of Canvassers, and that the action of the board was in all respects legal, and honest. To the end that neither of us shall be put to unnecessary trouble, and expense, and that justice may be done to the board of Canvassers, and between you and me, I submit to your consideration the following propositions:

First—I will stipulate in writing with you to submit the returns aforesaid to the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Territory, for their decision, as to the legality of the returns, and that the action of the board of Canvassers. Each of us reserving the right, by ourselves or by our attorneys, to discuss before the Court the questions of law involved. And in case said Judges shall decide that all of said returns should have been counted by the board of Canvassers, and such count shows that you received more votes than I did, I will issue to you a certificate of election as Delegate to Congress, and will make no contest whatever. And in case said Judges decide that some of said returns are illegal, and were properly rejected from the count of the board of Canvassers, and a count of such as are legal and proper to be counted shall show that I received more votes than you did, you shall withdraw your notice of contest, and make no further contest.  
Second—In case you refuse to accept the above proposition, I will agree to stipulate in writing with you that the Secretary of this Territory shall forward by express to the Clerk of the House of Representatives of the Forty-fourth Congress, the original election returns, precisely as they were before the board of Canvassers, and that said returns shall be submitted to Congress as they were submitted to the board of Canvassers, and from said returns Congress shall decide which of us is entitled to the seat as Delegate from this Territory; each of us reserving the right to discuss before Congress the legal questions involved in the case.  
I am confident that the board of Canvassers acted honestly, and legally, and am willing to rest my case upon that confidence.  
If you are confident that the action of the board of Canvassers was illegal and fraudulent, as charged by you, I think you should be willing to stand by that confidence, and accept one or the other of my propositions. Will you be kind enough to favor me with an early reply to this communication, so that in case of your refusal to accept either of the above propositions, I may at an early day answer your notice of contest as provided by law.  
Respectfully,  
T. W. BENNETT.

## Letter of Governor Bennett.

BOISE CITY, January 5th, 1875.  
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I am confident that the board of Canvassers acted honestly, and legally, and am willing to rest my case upon that confidence.  
If you are confident that the action of the board of Canvassers was illegal and fraudulent, as charged by you, I think you should be willing to stand by that confidence, and accept one or the other of my propositions. Will you be kind enough to favor me with an early reply to this communication, so that in case of your refusal to accept either of the above propositions, I may at an early day answer your notice of contest as provided by law.  
Respectfully,  
T. W. BENNETT.

The true object of Governor Bennett's propositions, in his letter above, is so gaudy-like in texture that the most simple-minded can at a glance penetrate it. He is adverse to letting the matter slip entirely out of the hands of the ring; and says plainly to Fenn:—"If you will do so-and-so, I will take the delegateship; or I agree to do so-and-so—and likewise take it!" But he was cleverly checkmated in the stipulating business, as will be seen in reading the

Reply of Hon. S. S. Fenn.  
Hon. T. W. BENNETT—Sir:—Your communication bearing the date January 5th, 1875, was delivered to me on the following day, and has been duly considered.  
In reply I will state that I respectfully decline both propositions made in your communication. My duty to the people of the Territory as well as to myself requires that I should not rest the right of the people of this Territory to a representative in the Forty-fourth Congress, and my right to a seat in that Congress as their Delegate, solely upon technical grounds; but also upon the broad ground that I received a majority of the votes cast within this Territory at the last general election for that office, as is well known to the people of this Territory, and has been often admitted by yourself, your friends, and the members of the board of Canvassers who canvassed the returns of said election on the 30th day of November, 1874.  
Respectfully,  
S. S. FENN.

SAVE MONEY.—It is well worth saying, and you can save it in buying a Sewing Machine, and get one of the best and most perfect machines in existence. The Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine has reached a point of excellence and perfectness equalled by no machine in use, and the constantly and rapidly increasing demand, which is almost beyond their manufacturing capacity to supply is convincing evidence that the merits of this machine are appreciated.  
Machines will be delivered at any Railroad Station in this county free of transportation charges, if ordered through the Company's Branch House at 327 & 329, Superior St., Cleveland, Ohio.  
They send an elegant catalogue and chromo circulars, free on application.  
This Company want a few more good agents.