

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
One year, \$4 00
Six months, \$2 50

VOL. 5. BAKER CITY, BAKER COUNTY, OREGON, FEBRUARY 17, 1875. NO. 41.

One square three lines...
Business Advertisements
Quarter column...
Half column...
One column...
Ten per cent. additional on advertisements to which a special position is guaranteed.
The space of one inch up and down the column, constitutes a square.
N. B.—All debts due this office are payable in coin, unless otherwise expressly agreed.

CORRESPONDENCE from all portions of Eastern Oregon is solicited for the DEMOCRAT. All communications, to receive attention, must be accompanied by a responsible name. Personal communications will be charged as special advertisements.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State Street, Boston, 57 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, in the above cities, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. n31f

JOB WORK.
We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK on short notice and at reasonable rates.
N. B.—All Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. O. STERNS, T. C. HYDE,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Sterns & Hyde,
Attorneys and Counselors at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
L. O. STERNS will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idaho and Washington Territories.
Water Rights and Mining Litigation a SPECIALTY.
Collections promptly attended to.
June 18, 1873. n67

ANDREW J. LAWRENCE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS of the State.
Baker City, Sept. 1, 1873. n17y.

J. M. SHEPHERD,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

S. V. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
(And Notary Public.)
WESTON, OREGON.
Will practice in the Courts of this State and Washington Territory.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO LAND Business, and Collections. n131f

JOSEPH H. SHINN,
Notary Public
AND
Conveyancer,
Will attend to Conveyancing and making ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.
Baker City, Sept. 11, 1872. n151f

E. W. REYNOLDS,
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND
DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL.
Office with John Brattain, Three Doors South of BEDROCK DEMOCRAT office, on side of the Street.
Baker City, Sept. 3, 1873. n17m4

A. J. THIBODO, M. A. M. D.
M. A. Queen's University, Canada,
M. D. Trinity University, 1864.
Physician, Surgeon, &c.
Office and Residence, at A. H. Brown's former residence, nearly opposite the Bedrock Democrat Office.
Baker City, Oregon, Nov. 10, 1874-y

T. N. Snow, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
OFFICE—In the new Building immediately South of the Western Hotel.
MEDICAL EXAMINER
For the New York Life Insurance Co. n131f

J. P. Atwood, M. D.
(Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons New York and of the Medical Department of the Willamette University.)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Terms cash, or no patronage solicited.
Office one door north of City Drug Store. n231 BAKER CITY, OREGON. [tf

John F. Chord,
Carpenter and Joiner,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
Designs and Specifications Furnished. Estimates Made. Terms Liberal.
Baker City, Nov. 17, 1874. n28y

S J M'CORMICK,
Importer and Dealer in
Books, Stationary, Toys, Music And
NEWSPAPERS,
FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE AND SANTA CLAU'S
Headquarters, Fire-proof
Brick Building, 105 Front street, Portland,
n17 Oregon. [tf

Undertaker.
J. W. CLEAVER
Informs the Public that he is prepared to do all kind of work in the Undertaking Business on short notice and at reasonable prices.
Baker City, Oct. 1, 1873. n211f

Sewing Machines—A Grover & Baker, and a Florence, both new and the very best—for sale. For particulars, enquire at this office. n504f

New Drug Store.

H. N. MCKINNEY,
Corner of Main Street and Valley Avenue,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
Would respectfully inform the public that he has recently received a well selected and fresh stock of
Drugs,
Chemicals,
Paints, Oils,
Perfumeries,
Patent Medicines,
Soaps,
Wines,
Brandies,
Whiskies and
Cordials,
For medicinal purposes. Family Medicines carefully prepared. Prescriptions accurately compounded, at all hours of the day or night. Give us a call.
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
AT THE
NEW STORE,
First door above the Express Office.
Ladies Fancy and Millinery
Goods in Store, and Latest Styles received by Express every month, and for sale at most reasonable prices.
Dress Making
Done to Order, and at Short Notice by
MRS. L. J. HUSTON.
Baker City, April 18, 1874.—n51m6

Western Hotel.
REID & FLETCHER, Prop'r.
THIS HOUSE has been enlarged and re-fitted, and is now the best Hotel on the Umatilla and Idaho stage route.
Stages leave this House for above and below, and also for Clark's Creek Eldorado, Gem City and Sparta.
Connected with the Hotel will be found a first class
SALOON!
Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best quality. Phelan's Improved Billiard Tables all in good order.
N. B.—Those indebted to either the Hotel or Saloon are requested to appear at the Captain's office and settle.
n6531f.
RAIL ROAD HOUSE.
CLEMMENT & SICORD, Proprietors,
Baker City, Oregon.
The Proprietors respectfully inform the Public that they have purchased the Baker City Hotel, and have fitted it up as a First class Hotel, where they will be found at all times ready to attend to the wants of the
Hungry and Weary,
In a manner that will give satisfaction.
The Table will be supplied with the best the MARKET WILL AFFORD.
Give us a call, and then you can judge of our ability and capacity to please our customers.
n511f CLEMMENT & SICORD.
HOTEL RESTAURANT
de
FRANCE,
JOSEPH MANAUDAS, Proprietor,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
THE PROPRIETOR HAS BOUGHT the Hotel Restaurant, next door to the Post Office, formerly kept by Steed & Wilmcomb, and has fitted the same up in the best style as a Hotel, on the French Restaurant Style. He is prepared to accommodate the Public, and is determined to give entire satisfaction.
The House is open from five o'clock in the morning until twelve at night, during which time customers will be supplied with the best of everything to be had in the
MARKET.
Baker City, July 4, 1874.—n61f

LIVERY STABLE
MESSRS. KILBURN & PERKINS
Respectfully Inform the Citizens of Baker City and County, and the Public generally, that they have purchased the
Livery Stable
Formerly kept by John Eppinger, and that they are prepared to furnish customers with the best of
Single or Double Turn-outs,
Either night or day, with or without drivers, at the very lowest rates. First class Saddle Horses on hand. Horses boarded and the best of care bestowed. We keep nothing but the best of Stock and Buggies.
Our stable is at the upper end of Main Street, Baker City, Oregon.
Come and see us, Everybody, and we will do our best to please you.
KILBURN & PERKINS.
February 10, 1874.—n401f

LIVERY STABLE
GRIER & KELLOGG
Having completed their New Stable, have now the finest and best regulated
Livery Stable
In Eastern Oregon,
Where they will carry on the Livery Business in all its branches.
STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Baker City, Nov. 18, 1872. n131f

Corner Drug Store,

J. W. WISDOM, Proprietor,
Corner Main Street and Valley Avenue
Southwest Side,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
a Full Assortment of all kinds of
DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS and OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,
VARNISHES,
BRUSHES, and
WINES & LIQUORS
For Medicinal Purposes.
TOILET ARTICLES
Of Every Description.
Prescriptions prepared at all Hours. City and Country Trade Solicited.
Best Brands, of Family Groceries, Tobaccoes, Cigars, &c., constantly on Hand, at the Lowest Prices.
Baker City, Oct. 7, 1874. n221y

J. B. GARDNER,
For Sale
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
ESTABLISHED IN BAKER CITY IN 1867,
Keeps constantly on hand a well assorted
Stock of
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY,
and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.
Waltham and Elgin Watches at Factory
[n] Prices [tf.
S. A. GAINES. GEO. J. BOWMAN.
GAINES & BOWMAN,
Blacksmiths
AND
Manufacturers of Buggies & Wagons.

WE ARE GETTING OUR TIMBER
direct from St. Louis, Mo., and none but the very best is Purchased, and are therefore prepared to Warrant all our work.
We are now fully prepared to complete any
Buggies or Wagons
On short notice, and we can say we have the Very Best of Workmen in our employ.
Every one wanting a Buggy or Wagon will save time and money by giving us a call and examining our work for themselves.
Horse-shoeing.
Special attention is paid to Horse Shoeing. All repair work done on short notice. We are thankful for past Patronage, and still solicit a continuance.
GAINES & BOWMAN.
Baker City, March 11, 1874.—n441f

Blacksmithing
AND
WAGON MAKING,
In All the Various Branches
Carried on by the Undersigned, at their Shop, at the
Head of Main Street,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
He will do as good work, at as reasonable Prices, as any other Shop in the Country.
Plows
Manufactured to order.
S. B. MCCORD.
Baker City, Feb. 10, 1874. n401f

Buy Your Lumber at the
Old, Reliable
Ebell's Old Mill.
WE HAVE REFITTED THE Mill and make the best Lumber in the county, at prices to suit the times.
Any bills left at our Mill receive as prompt attention in the future as in the past. We saw everything from a Lath to the Heaviest Timbers.
Clear and seasoned Lumber always on hand.
Bills left with J. W. Wisdom will receive immediate attention. By strict attention to business, we hope can receive our share of public patronage.
An unlimited amount of Grain taken in exchange for Lumber.
ELLIOTT & VAN PATTEN.
March 1 1874.—n341f

Lumber—New Saw Mill.
MCCORD BROTHERS HAVE
their New Saw Mill in complete running order, and it is doing the best of work. It is located at
Pocahontas,
Where they are prepared to fill all bills for Lumber at short notice, and at as
Reasonable Prices
As any other Mill in the county. Orders or Bills for Lumber can be left at the Blacksmith Shop of S. B. McCord, in Baker City, and they will be promptly filled.
S. B. MCCORD,
R. D. MCCORD,
J. P. MCCORD.
P. S.—All business in connection with the Mill will be attended to by
R. D. MCCORD.
November 11, 1873.—n271f

Wanted,
30,000 Pounds of Wheat
at the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT Office immediately, for which the highest Cash price will be allowed. n281f

POETRY.

FOREVERMORE.
[Written at the request of a "Disappointed Lover" to show "Ollie" the other side of the question.]
Close up the heart's door,
The fond dream is over!
What fate can restore
Faith to the lover?
Henceforward, forever,
Dream again shall he never
Of his love—lost forevermore!
Bury the last hope,
Best hope of Earth—
Where its grave shall not open,
Till the world hath new birth!
Shovel the clods in
That shall hold it—forevermore!
Shut the halls of the past,
Look not longingly back
On the loved one who cast
The cloud o'er thy track!
Gaze not tearfully on her,
Across the dark river
That divides you—forevermore!
Earth hath no sorrow,
Hell hath no pain
For the heart, that no morrow
Can bring love again—
Throbbing despairingly,
Thro' a world wearily,
That is darkened—forevermore!

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT.
The fact has been noticed by all our readers that there has been a great improvement made in the appearance of the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT with the commencement of the year 1875. We had intended to enlarge our paper, but owing to the fact of the new postage law going into effect by which we are compelled to pay postage in advance on all our papers we send out of the county, and the hardness of the times, we concluded not to enlarge, but, instead, to set up the DEMOCRAT in smaller type, thereby giving to our readers as much reading matter as we could have done by enlarging our paper, and we are satisfied our subscribers are as well, if not better pleased with this arrangement than they would be to receive a large blank sheet with nothing in it. A small paper well filled is more profitable to all parties. During the year we intend to continue making improvements which will, before the end of the year, greatly increase the usefulness and influence of the paper. It is now considered, throughout the State, as the organ of Eastern Oregon in all matters pertaining to the interests of this section of the State, and we are determined that it shall still maintain that proud and enviable position.
The Mines
shall receive our attention in the future as in the past. In writing about, or giving information in relation to the mines of Eastern Oregon, we intend to give publicity to nothing but what we know to be reliable, thereby making the DEMOCRAT the medium through which will be sought correct information in relation to the mineral wealth of this portion of the State. In this connection we ask our friends to furnish us the facts in relation to the mines in the different sections where they reside, and we will be pleased to give them to the public. This will result in great good to our vast and rich mines, and cause capitalists to seek profitable investment with us for their surplus capital.
The Agricultural
facilities of this portion of the State will receive due attention, and from time to time we will give authentic accounts and descriptions of our valleys and their productions. What we publish on these subjects will be as we see and know them to be, and will be suitable and desirable to send to enquiring friends in the Eastern States who wish to acquire correct information in relation to this portion of Oregon.
The Local News
of this section of the State shall receive a large portion of our attention, and to add to this matter we ask our friends in the different sections of the State to keep us advised of passing events in their localities; by doing this they will confer a great favor on us and largely enable us to make them a better paper.
General News.
We have made arrangements by which we receive the latest news from all portions of the world in advance of the regular mails, which we will give to our readers in a short and condensed form, thereby making it unnecessary for subscribers to the DEMOCRAT to subscribe for Eastern papers to procure the general news of the day. In fact we intend to continue to make the DEMOCRAT a welcome weekly visitor to the residence of our farmers, miners and business men, who now so liberally patronize the paper. In politics we intend to pursue the same course we have heretofore maintained. We believe that the principles advocated by the
Democratic Party
are best adapted to the wants of our people, and the welfare and prosperity of our country. We will continue to condemn fraud and corruption in whatever form or place we may find them, and the more effectually to enable us to do this we ask the aid and support of all good and honest men. For the aid and patronage they bestow upon the DEMOCRAT, we will, to the best of our ability, return them the full value. Our subscription list is now large and constantly increasing, for which we thank our friends, and hope they will continue to aid us in extending the circulation of the paper, thereby enabling us to do more good in our endeavors to benefit the people both at home and abroad.
Although we have to pay postage upon our paper in advance, we have not changed our subscription price. Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT for your own reading and also send a copy to your friends—they will

gain more information from it in relation to Oregon than they possibly can from any other source, and they will thank you for your thoughtfulness of them.
To those who have paid regularly for their paper we return our thanks with our best wishes, but to those who have not did so we have no thanks to give—and think we would be better off without their names being on our list than with them, if we are to judge the future by the past.

Disfranchising Four States.
The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Sun of Jan. 20th. says, now that the plot against the South and against the liberties of the American people has been fully developed, it may be well to enquire when and by whom it was originated. It may be clearly traced back to a date anterior to the October elections, when the slander mill was running up to its full capacity of manufactured outrage dispatches, and a Grant newspaper, which proved short lived, was established in New York to print them.
Attorney-General Williams, through his emissaries in the South, led off in this nefarious scheme for maintaining the supremacy of the Radical party and securing Grant a third term. If other means failed it was determined to place the South once more under bayonet rule. Early in October, 1874, the Watchman, a weekly newspaper, printed at Mobile, and edited by a colored man named Phillip Joseph, advocated increasing the powers of the President, the proclaiming of

Marital Law in the South.
and the establishment of drum-head courts martial. This service the President rewarded a short time ago by the nomination, at the request of Joseph, of L. W. Parsons to the Judgeship vacated by Busted. In so doing he ignored the whole Alabama Delegation, even to Spencer, his willing tool, and Judge White, who now aims to lead the carpet-baggers in the House, but who having failed to secure his re-election wanted the place himself.—The President had been greatly perplexed over this appointment, but when Phillip Joseph came to Washington with a petition signed by negro Ku Klux, and demanded the appointment of Parsons, as a man "upon whom the colored people could depend," it was made forthwith.
The slander mill outrages having failed of their effect in the North, and the carpet-baggers finding when Congress assembled that they were rather looked down upon and despised by respectable Republicans, recognized that all was lost unless they made a desperate move. Having first secured an organ the National Republican of this city, a paper which has laid claim to serving the President in that capacity, they held a caucus and resolved that, unless the Republican party followed out for the next two years Attorney-General Williams' policy toward the South, they would leave the Southern States to take care of themselves, and that would be the end of republicanism down there, at least. Most people regarded this as mere idle vapor on the part of a lot of adventurers, who saw place and power slipping from them, and were ready to resort to desperate means to retain them. Democrats laughed, while conservative Republicans regarded their proceedings with silent contempt. But the carpet-baggers meant business, as has been proved by recent developments. They have arrayed on their side the President, with the army and navy at his back, and the revenues of the country at his command. They control, through Attorney-General Williams, the United States courts, they have the custom houses and the post offices of the South; and finally, with the aid of Senators Morton, Conkling, Sargent, and others, they have fully committed the Republican party to their policy of

Proscription, Oppression, and Hate.
The Southern States have 108 Congressmen in the two Houses. Forty-six are Democrats, and the remaining 62 are carpet-baggers and scoundrels. Of this number perhaps a dozen are honest, fair minded men; so that fifty carpet-baggers representing only ignorant negroes, actually control the Republicans in Congress, and have committed the Republican party to a pernicious policy, which, if it does nothing more, will revive sectional prejudices, create an antagonism of races, place a blight on agriculture, and embarrass trade and commerce.
Everything has favored this plot from its inception. When it was decided to consider the appropriation bills during the recess, and the Committee on Appropriations was authorized to sit for that purpose, it was expected that the Democratic members would fall to attend its sessions; and this proved to be the case. Gov. Swann came over a few times from Baltimore, but alone could accomplish nothing, and the other Democratic members of the committee remained at their homes. So the Radicals cooked up the appropriation bills to suit their purposes, and when they were introduced on the first day of the session not a Democratic member knew anything of their contents. Moreover, they have been allowed to pass without scrutiny and almost unchallenged. It is already known that the Naval Appropriation bill contains a very convenient fund, which Secor Robeson can expend when and where he sees fit. It is reasonable to suppose that the other bills have been made useful in a similar way, and how useful the country will never know, perhaps, until a Democratic Administration authorizes and carries out a thorough investigation of all the departments.
The Plot to Re-elect Grant.
Grant struck the key-note of his third term campaign in those portions of his last annual message, written by Attorney-General Williams, endorsing the slander-mill outrages, raising anew the cry of Ku-Klux and White League, and recommending the appointment of a committee to investigate the South. On the reports of this committee

it was proposed to begin anew the work of reconstruction, with a view to remanding the South to a military rule. Here occurs, however, the first hitch in the programme. The report of the sub-committee sent to Louisiana is not what was expected of them. It exposes the rottenness of the Kellogg usurpation, the illegality of the Returning Board, and the frauds committed by it. The Alabama Committee will submit two reports. The majority report will be as partisan as even Attorney-General Williams could wish. The Mississippi committee has not yet returned. The intention was, and still is, to reconstruct those three States so as to hold them by the bayonet in the next Presidential election. If the preliminary movements are successful, Arkansas will be included, and a reign of terror inaugurated throughout the South.
Bayonets and Fraud.
But bayonets are not alone to be used to control the South in the interest of Grant. Early in the present session bills were introduced in the House by White of Alabama and Whitley of Georgia, to legalize repeating and to place the absolute control of elections in the Southern States in the hands of the creatures of Landulet Williams. Under White's bill, the voter is permitted to vote anywhere in the Congressional district. A negro from Wilcox may vote in Mobile, or one from Pike may vote in Montgomery. He proposes a Federal supervision of the votes. His Supervisors are to receive and count the votes, and make a return of the election. In other words, the whole machinery of elections is to be taken out of the hands of the States and placed in the hands of managers to be appointed from Washington. Whitley's bill is of similar tenor, though less skillfully drawn, and is to apply only to the Southern States. An attempt was made to secure action by the Judicial Committee on these bills during the absence of Mr. Potter in New Orleans, but it failed. They are now in the hands of Gen. Butler, who has been authorized to report them, and they are likely to be adopted as party measures and passed.
The Civil Rights bill is another carpet-bag weapon. No one pretends to say that either the original or the emasculated bill can give to the negro any rights he does not now possess. But the chief and only value of the Civil Rights bill, in the estimation of its advocates and supporters, is that it may incite hatred between the races and serve as a fire-brand in the South.
The Radical leaders in Alabama are so encouraged at the turn of events that they are openly boasting they will have the State under martial law inside of thirty days, and that they then intend shooting the Democratic leaders and turning all Democrats out of office. Grant's message on Louisiana will give the carpet-baggers further encouragement. It clearly indicates that there is to be no letting up on this third term nor upon the south.

JOURNALISM.—A news paper, as a general thing, is a good criterion by which to judge of a community. When you pick up a news paper and see it well filled with business advertisements and sprightly articles, you may be sure the locality in which it is published is a live business place and is in a growing and prosperous condition. A newspaper is also, as a general thing, a criterion of the moral standing of a community. But we are sorry to say that in some instances, if a community was to be judged by the newspaper published in their midst the judgement of the public would be against them. We know this to be the case in relation to Boise, Idaho and Silver cities, the people of which are as moral and well behaved as can be found on the Pacific coast, but the papers published at these localities do not indicate such a fact. At the present time, the World, Statesman and Avalanche are a disgrace to decent journalism and cast reproach upon the communities where they are published. These papers, in times past, have had considerable to say about the low and degraded standard of Oregon journalism, and in some isolated instances, at the time, their strictures to some extent, may have been well merited, but we must say that never in our life before have seen newspapers degrade themselves as low as the above named Idaho papers have lately brought themselves. Decent people should not permit them to be read by families or children.
The Best Men.
One difficulty with the Democrats is, that they had been down so long as to have driven all their best men to the Republican party.—Sacramento Record.
In answer to the above the Salem Mercury says: "Their best men?" God save the mark! Men who always desert their friends when trouble comes and their money and influence is all gone. Men who are seeking for the "loaves and fishes" of public office, without one single principle of honesty, integrity or consistency of purpose. Men who are always to be found on the winning side, without reference to their past political record. We have a few of these first-class sons-of-guns, in our mind's eye now. Grant, Butler and Logan belong to that class. But the "best man" of them all is Oregon's Representative in the Cabinet—George H. Williams. Once a blatant Democrat, who did not hesitate to preach the most ultra pro-slavery doctrines, but when the Democratic party "was down" and had no power to give him an office, he was "driven," by his love of plunder, from it. Discarding his pro-slavery sentiment, as easily as he did that of his party, he has become one of the most bitter, venomous and remorseless persecutors of the helpless Southern people.—These "best men" lost to the Democrats, invariably turn up as leaders amongst the Radicals.