

Bedrock Democrat.

J. M. SHEPHERD, EDITOR.

Baker City, June 24, 1874.

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT
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OFFICIAL PAPER
For the Counties of
Baker and Grant.

THE PEOPLE PAY FOR IT.

For a number of years past it has been contended by the free and independent press of the country that the present national administration, as well as the heads of the different departments of the government at Washington, were misappropriating and wantonly squandering the money drawn from the people. The Administration press, with a few honorable exceptions, and the leaders of the Republican party have bitterly and persistently denied the charges made against the Administration, but the charges were so well stated and the facts adduced to substantiate the same were so patent to the people, that Congress was compelled to appoint committees of investigation, and some of those Committees conscientiously done their duty, and we now have reports from them which fully support the charges made, and even show a greater degree of criminality in this connection than was charged against the Administration, and this too by Committees where the friends of the Administration were in the majority, as is the case with all committees appointed by either House of Congress.

On our first and fourth pages will be found a portion of the report of the Committee of Investigation into the affairs of the Department of Justice, over which Geo. H. Williams, of Oregon, Attorney General of the United States, presides. From the facts stated in the report it will be seen that the funds of the government, which comes from the pockets of the people, is used by their public servants in a most lavish and unlawful manner. By counting up it will be seen that the cost of furnishing the Department of Justice the opportunity to ride in and about Washington has cost the nice little sum of about \$13,000 for three years. It will also be seen from the report that it is an easy matter to have a fine house in Washington, and it will be furnished—where the government can be made to pay the expense. The article referred to on our outside are taken from the New York Daily Sun, an independent paper. Such corruption as is shown by the report of this committee should subject the perpetrator thereof to imprisonment at least. It is understood that the other departments of the government are conducted on the same principle as is that of the Department of Justice. Still we find the President upholding and retaining in office the very men who are guilty of these gross frauds and criminal acts against the people, and in violation of the laws of the land.

GAME LAW.—For the benefit of the sporting fraternity we publish the following extracts from the Game Law:

Sec. 4. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to take, kill, destroy or injure, or to have in possession or offer for sale any grouse, pheasant or sage hen during the months of April, May, and prior to the 15th day of June of each year; and it shall be unlawful for any person hereafter to kill, destroy or injure, or to have in possession or offer for sale, any prairie chicken, during the months of March, April, May and June of each year.

Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons hereafter to take, kill or destroy, or to have in possession or offer for sale, any quail or partridge, during the months of April, May, June and July of each year, and any person violating, etc.

The Oregonian says "it will certainly be poor consolation to sportsmen to learn that section 4, above quoted, is now not in effect, for young grouse and pheasants are too small for any use, and the old birds are in no condition to grace the larder of the average Webfoot epicurean. One month at least will have to elapse before bird shooting can be indulged in either to profit or pleasure."

From the above it will appear that we, in Eastern Oregon, are more fortunate than our Webfoot neighbors. Young sage hens are now in their prime, and are fine shooting as well as good eating—there are plenty of them in our valley.

Grant's Financial Views—More Taxes.

The New York Sun says: "While the two Houses of Congress have been seeking to reach some settlement of the currency question, and committees of conference were actually engaged in an effort to reconcile differences of opinion, the President, departing from all usage and propriety, issues a sort of executive order from headquarters, menacing a veto unless his views shall be adopted."

If the opinions which he publishes in his correspondence with Senator Jones, for whom the President has conceived a great affection on account of his reputed wealth, were entirely correct, and accorded with the calm judgment of the country, they would be none the less offensive from their obtrusion on the public at such a time.

How is legislation to be preserved pure and independent, if the Executive may thus go outside of his constitutional functions and by a manifesto addressed to an individual, dictate what measures Congress may or may not pass? The principle involved if vital, and lies at the very foundation of free government, in which the executive, legislative and judicial departments are held to be separate in their spheres and independent in their action.

If the President may step out from his sphere, violate the Constitution with impunity, and trespass upon the rights of the legislative authority without rebuke, republican institutions become a mockery and an empty form. This presumptuous interference is another proof of that demoralization which has undermined political life, as it has invaded society, and struck down the cherished ideas which men were accustomed to look up to with a feeling of reverence.

The Republican organization is rotten, impotent, and subservient.—No one knows this better than the President, whose personal contact with the foremost leaders has only served to expose their selfishness, cowardice and degradation. He knows they will bear his affront with the submission which they have borne other and frequent indignities, and that in fact they dare not resent any edict from the White House, however galling it may be to their pride.

Confident in his own power and of the pliant character of his party, the President has not hesitated to treat their opinions with contempt and to publish his own as the rule to be obeyed, be the humiliation what it may be to Mr. Morton and others like him, who have heretofore constructed platforms and prescribed the line of policy.

Whoever supposes there will be resistance to this insolent dictation does not understand the servile habits of the so called leaders, who have renounced convictions and surrendered manhood in order to conciliate him who now flings defiance in their teeth, and would almost seem to invite a dissolution of party ties.

Gen. Grant speaks with the voice of this peculiar influence when he recommends in presence of the suffering and derangement of business everywhere, that "an excess of revenue over expenditures" must be provided in order to continue the system of redeeming bonds twenty years in advance of their maturity, by which every material interest must be pinched for tribute, and the people crushed to the earth.

To achieve this result the President says: "I would do this by taxation where taxation can be best borne." He is not satisfied with the load now carried, but would compel agriculture and struggling industry to bear new burdens and to pay more taxes. This, coupled with the continuance of his own doubled salary, is Gen. Grant's way to resumption of specie payments. It is fully equal in wisdom to his former plan for resuming payment in silver coin, five dollars at a time."

LITIGANT LAW.—For the benefit of those who have never read the Litigant Law, we shall publish it next week. It is a good, just and proper law, and protects the interests of litigants. We are satisfied that when the people read and understand its provisions they will be in favor of its remaining on our statute books in full force. But as we said before we will publish the law in full so that the people may read and fully understand its provisions.

OFFICIAL VOTE.—For the official vote of Baker County for County officers refer to the local column.

WHERE IS JORDAN VALLEY?—It is stated that Jordan Valley is a remote place, belongs to Baker County, but is either in Idaho, Nevada, California or Oregon, and there is nobody who will venture to say exactly where it is. But Jordan is not without its importance. Those fellows who have been running for office for a few months have taken a deep interest in Jordan Valley since the election. Webber, Ison, Shinn and Boyd, all wonder how Jordan Valley would go! Well, it went. But somebody please tell us where that famous valley is situated, by whom inhabited, and what do the inhabitants pursue for a livelihood when not voting for Sheriffs and Clerks?—Baker City Herald.

In answer to the above the Owyhee Avalanche says: "As our Baker City neighbor is so lamentably ignorant in relation to one of the most fertile and beautiful localities in his county, we will endeavor to enlighten him; Jordan Valley is situated on Jordan Creek, which flows in a southwesterly direction and empties into the Owyhee river 80 miles from its confluence with Snake river, and 60 miles from Silver City. The Valley proper is about twenty miles in length and from half a mile to two miles in width. About one third of the upper portion of it is in Owyhee county, Idaho, the boundary line being some 20 miles from Silver City; the remainder of it is in Baker county, Oregon, about 140 miles south of Baker City, the county seat. It is about 55 miles from the Nevada, and 160 miles from the California line. Jordan Valley has a population of 75 or 80, chiefly engaged in farming, butter making and stock raising. Silver City affords a market for all their products. It has a postoffice, and a daily stage from Silver City to Winnemucca runs through the entire length of the portion of the valley which is situated in Baker county. The bottom lands of Jordan Valley produce wheat, barley, oats, potatoes, and other agricultural productions, in abundance; the surrounding foot hills are covered with a luxuriant growth of bunch grass, and afford one of the best stock ranges in the world. The people of Jordan Valley are a generous, whole souled community, whom we esteem very highly, and it would be to their interests, as well as ours, if they were annexed to Owyhee county. If there are any other localities in Baker County about which the editor of the Herald desires to be informed, it will afford us much pleasure to accommodate him."

The strength which the prohibitionists have developed in California at the elections which have been held in that State under the provisions of the new Local Option Liquor law will surprise those who have formed their opinions of the social habits of Californians from the general tenor of the stories of California life which have appeared in print.—On the 20th of May fifteen elections had been held to decide whether licenses for the sale of intoxicating drinks should be granted in as many different localities, and in eleven of them the prohibition party was successful. In Santa Cruz, where the population is principally composed of emigrants from the New England States, the contest was very exciting many prominent ladies appearing at the polls to canvass for the success of the anti-license ticket, which proved victorious. In San Francisco—on the Sunday following the election in Santa Cruz—there was a public thanksgiving in all the churches favoring the prohibition movement, in recognition of the progress of the temperance cause, as indicated at the polls. There are some very stringent provisions in the California law. It not only forbids the sale but also the disposal in any way of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors in small quantities, and makes it a misdemeanor for any person "to sell or give or offer to sell or give" the same. A literal construction of the law would seem to make it unlawful for a man to offer his guest in his own house a glass of wine of his own manufacture.

LATE NEWS.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The Committee of Investigation of the District of Columbia affairs reported that they believe the Board of Public Works adopted a vicious and erroneous method of letting contracts, and condemn this loose way of doing business. They recommend the establishment of an unvarying rule for what Government should pay toward the expenses of the District. They are convinced that the Board's accounts are inaccurate and unreliable the provisions of the law requiring their verification not having been complied with. The Committee recommended an appropriation of one million dollars to place the District

Government on a cash basis as to current expenditures, and the abolition of the Executive, Secretary, Legislature, Board of Public Works and the office of Delegate in Congress.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—A shooting affray occurred about 11 A. M., today, on Washington street opposite the postoffice, between Charles De Young, of the Chronicle, and B. F. Naphaly, of the Sun. Eight shots were exchanged, and neither of the principals was hit, but one of the bullets, however, struck a little boy named Henry Mitchell, a messenger for the Western Union Telegraph Company, who was crossing the street at the time. He received a flesh wound in the leg. The affair has caused intense excitement, and public indignation is loudly expressed.

PROVIDENCE, June 16.—Four ballots for U. S. Senator were taken today. The last resulted: Burnside, 40; Barstow, 18; Dixon, 27; Chefield, 12; scattering, 12.

ROBERT GIBBENS.—The Oregonian says: "This individual who enjoys the very unenviable reputation of having shot down the lamented C. F. Schoppe, in a very cowardly manner, while that officer was in the faithful discharge of his duty, still remains in the city jail. There was no Police Court held yesterday in consequence of the municipal election, and consequently no disposition whatever was made of the case. It was thought that a preliminary examination would be held, but we think there is but little probability of that, as we understand Gibbensen proposes to waive an examination. In that event the prisoner will be sent to the county jail and the case be referred directly to the Grand Jury, now in session. Yesterday morning we were favored with a brief interview with the prisoner. His face and the side of his head is much swollen and bruised from the heavy blow dealt him by the expiring officer. Gibbensen appears to be very contrite, whether real or feigned, we cannot, of course, tell. Most bitterly does he regret that he killed Mr. Schoppe, as he entertained a high opinion of that gentleman. The man's nerves are wholly unstrung, and he shakes from head to foot as with an ague fit. He feels morally certain that he must expiate his crime with his life, and attributes the whole matter to the baneful influence of intemperance, to which he has allowed himself to become addicted."

A bet between two well known citizens of Salem was paid by the loser playing a hand organ through the streets, and the winner following taken up a collection for the benefit of the Orphans' Home. A large crowd gathered and over \$100 was collected.

Trouble Among the Patrons.

The Roseburg Plaindealer says: This is the age of 'rings'. It seems almost impossible for any movement to be made in politics, religion, commerce, trade, industry, morals, society, art, or science, without developing a 'ring'. Even our good friends, the Patrons of Husbandry, seem to be getting under control of the 'ring' masters. We noticed in the New York World, a few days since, a significant reference that in nearly all the States most thoroughly identified with the Grange movement some scandal was vaguely hinted at, and that invariably the officers and organs of the order, instead of at once insisting upon the fullest and freest investigation into the alleged troubles, undertook to cover up every circumstance with a veil of impenetrable mystery, giving as a reason that the Grange movement was a secret organization, and that there was no necessity for washing dirty linen in public. The Iowa Grange furnishes a case in point. It has been repeatedly charged that there was a 'ring' in that body whose members profited by the commercial transactions in which it was necessarily engaged, that investigations which had been made into corrupt and extravagant management had resulted in most damning discoveries, but that the reports were 'buried' and the records containing them burned. And now upon the reiteration of this charge, never disproved, comes the report that an officer of the Grange is a heavy defaulter, and the summoning of a special meeting, with locked doors, to consider his case. This course is injuring the order irreparably, both within and without. The men whom nepotism, corruption and extravagance caused to combine are dealing gently with the same evils in their own organization. The rank and file of the order are saddened and sickened with suspicious worse than the truth. The whole result is dissatisfaction and possible disaster, and is chargeable upon those who most ardently profess their devotion to the principles of the order and their desire for its advancement.

The Council Bluffs Globe says the grass have come by millions in that section of Iowa, and are destroying the growing crops. They have great fondness for wheat and are reaping the fields for miles. The only hope is left for them to develop their wings and fly away.

NOTICE.—Hereafter no certificate of publication for Legal Notices will be issued from this office until the Printer's Fee is paid.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND BALL,
TO BE GIVEN BY THE
IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN,
OF
BAKER CITY,
On the Evening of the
3D OF JULY '74.

Committee of Reception:
J. P. ATWOOD, L. O. STERN, A. SICORD.

Floor Managers:
D. H. JACKSON, R. H. CARDWELL,
T. C. HYDE, E. S. MCCOMAS,
W. W. WEBBER.

Suitable Music will be at the service of the guests.

A superb Supper will be served, that the hungry may dine and be happy.
All are cordially invited to attend.

Tickets, including Supper, \$5 00.

Dissolution Notice.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT the Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mormon Basin, Baker county, Oregon, June 15th, 1874.

ALFRED GREEN,
JOSEPH COPELAND.
JOSEPH COPELAND will continue to carry on the business, and will collect all debts due said firm, and pay all debts contracted by them.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Grant County, and to me directed and delivered, for a Judgment rendered in said Court, on the Second day of June, A. D. 1874, in favor of John McCullough and M. S. Helman and against Eli Imman, for the sum of Six Hundred and Twenty Dollars, (\$620.00) Damages, together with Twenty-eight (\$28.00) Dollars, Tax costs, and all accruing costs, I have levied on the following property, to-wit:

That certain tract of land bounded as follows: Commencing at a stake Eighty Rods from the North East corner of Section Twenty-six in Township Thirteen South of Range Thirty-three East of the Willamette Meridian, in Grant county, Oregon, running from thence forty-five and one half rods South, thence one hundred and sixty rods West, thence forty-five and one half rods North, thence one hundred and sixty rods East to the place of beginning, containing Forty-five and one half acres more or less.

Also, the following described tract of land, situated in said County and State: Commencing at the South West corner of Section Twenty-five, in Township Thirteen, South of Range Thirty-three East of Willamette Meridian, thence running East three Hundred and Twenty Rods to Section corner, thence North Eight Hundred and Forty-three and one half feet, thence West Three Hundred and Twenty Rods to Section line, thence South along said Section line Eight Hundred and Forty-three and one half feet, to the place of beginning, and containing One Hundred and Two and one quarter acres, more or less.

Notice is hereby given, that on the

Twenty-fourth day of July,

A. D. 1874, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said Eli Imman and to the above described property, at the Court House door, in Canyon City, in Grant county, Oregon, at Public Auction, for cash in hand, Gold Coin, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.

W. P. GRAY,
Sheriff.

Order to Show Cause.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Baker County.

In the matter of the guardianship of Estate and person of Sarah Lowe, minor.

Order to show cause, on application of Guardian, for order of sale of Real Estate.

IT APPEARING TO THIS COURT, that from the petition this day presented and filed by L. H. Haines, the guardian of the estate and person of Sarah Lowe, minor, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate, belonging to his said ward, that such sale is necessary and would be beneficial to said ward, and that said real estate should be sold: It is hereby ordered, that the next day of the said ward, and all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on Tuesday, the 9th day of July, A. D. 1874, at one o'clock P. M., at the Court Room of this Court, at Baker City, in the County of Baker, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, described in said petition as follows: One third interest, undivided, in the Canyon Creek Ditch and water right and appurtenances (subject to right of dower, therein of Mary Anne Lowe, mother and only next of kin, of said ward) said property being situated in Baker County, Oregon; and it is further ordered, that service of this order be made by publication thereof, three successive weeks, in the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, a weekly newspaper published at Baker City, in Baker County, Oregon.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1874.

J. D. McFARLAND,
County Judge.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Baker County.

Sarah F. Boothby, Plaintiff,

vs.

Reason R. Boothby, Defendant.

To Reason R. Boothby, abovesaid Defendant.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, now herein on file against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the first day of the next Regular Term of the above entitled Court, to be held in the Court House in Baker City, Baker County, Oregon, commencing on Monday, 5th day of October, A. D. 1874. And if you fail to appear and answer, the Plaintiff will take a decree against you for the dissolution of the bands of matrimony existing between you and the Plaintiff, upon the grounds set forth in said complaint; to wit: cruel and inhuman treatment, and personal indignities toward Plaintiff thereby rendering life burdensome.

Publication of this summons is ordered to be made for six consecutive weeks, by order of Hon. L. L. McArthur, Judge of said Court.

JAS. W. VIRTUE,

BAKER CITY, OREGON,

BROKER AND ASSAYER

DEALER

In Gold Dust,

—AND—

GOLD AND SILVER BARS,

—ALSO—

EXCHANGE ²/₃ GREENBACKS.

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MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

AT THE

NEW STORE,

First door above the Express Office.

Ladies Fancy and Millinery

Goods in Store, and Latest Styles received by Express every Month, and for sale at most reasonable Prices.

Dress Making

Done to Order, and at Short Notice by

MRS. L. J. HUSTON.

Baker City, April 18, 1874.—n5lm6

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FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU!

The only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE,

And a positive remedy for

GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIARRHEA,

TES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY,

Non-retention or Inconvenience of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the

BLADDER and KIDNEYS,

SPERMATORRHEA,

Leucorrhoea or Whites, Disease of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Coliculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposits and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S

Extract Buchu

Permanently Cures all Diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys and Dropsical

Swellings, Existing in Men,

Women and Children,

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE.

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined."

Price, One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane St., New York.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

Send stamp for Pamphlets, free.

Crane & Brigham,

Wholesale Agents, San Francisco, Cal.

To The

Nervous and Debilitated

OF BOTH SEXES.

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr. J. B. DRYOT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed.—Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the Guide to Health. Price, 10c.

J. B. DRYOT, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y.

January 21, 1874—ly

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

to all those who are in arrears with the Academy Company for tuition, to call on

Mr. W. F. McCarty, at the Post Office, and settle their accounts, and save COST.

Baker City, April 9, 1874.

A. H. BROWN,

President.

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT.

The Old, Reliable and Well Established

DEMOCRATIC PAPER

OF

Eastern Oregon,

Can and will furnish more good reading matter and reliable Local and Foreign news, than any other paper in Oregon,

For Less Money.

50 CENTS

Will pay for the Bedrock Democrat for the Next Three

Months.

Send along your half dollars, or give your name to any of our agents, or to the County Central Committee, man of the Precincts, or to any of the Democratic candidates and you will receive your paper. Everybody can and will take it. The price we charge only pays for the white paper upon which the DEMOCRAT is printed.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

You are certain to get your paper and magazines, and need have no fears of either of them giving out or dying before the end of the year.

The BEDROCK DEMOCRAT now has a larger paying subscription list than any other two papers published in

EASTERN OREGON,

and is constantly and rapidly increasing in circulation, and is the best

Advertising Medium

East of the Cascade Mountains. It is the Live, Peoples' Paper—it is owned by no King or Clique—and works for the interests of the People, the Democratic Party, and of Eastern Oregon.