

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square or less, one insertion, \$2 50
Each additional insertion, 1 00
One square three months, 6 00
Business Advertisements by the month—
Quarter column, 10 00
Half column, 15 00
One column, 20 00
Ten percent. additional on advertisements to which a special position is guaranteed.
The space of one inch, up and down the column, constitutes a square.
N. B.—All debts due this office are payable in coin, unless otherwise expressly agreed.

CORRESPONDENCE from all portions of Eastern Oregon is solicited for the DEMOCRAT. All communications, to receive attention, must be accompanied by a responsible name. Personal communications will be charged as special advertisements.

S. M. PETENGLL & CO., 10 State Street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, in the above cities, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

JOB WORK.
We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK on short notice and at reasonable rates.
N. B.—All Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

UNION NURSERY,
H. J. GLER, Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD respectfully call the attention of **FARMERS AND FRUIT GROWERS** to my extensive and varied assortment of **Fruit Trees and Shrubby,** both useful and ornamental, for which I will sell low for "MONISH."
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
Address, H. J. GEER, Cove, Union County, Oregon.
n17y

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. O. STERNS, T. C. HYDE,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Sterns & Hyde,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
L. O. STERNS will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idaho and Washington Territories.
Water Rights and Mining Litigation a SPECIALTY.
Collections promptly attended to.
June 18, 1873. n6y

ANDREW J. LAWRENCE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS of the State.
Baker City, Sept. 1, 1873. n17y.

I. D. HAINES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT
Law, Baker city, Oregon. n17f

J. M. SHEPHERD,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

S. V. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
(And Notary Public.)
WESTON, OREGON.
Will practice in the Courts of this State and Washington Territory.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO LAND Business, and Collections. n13tf

JOSEPH H. SHINN,
Notary Public
AND
Conveyancer,
Will attend to Conveyancing and making ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.
Baker City, Sept. 11, 1872. n18tf

E. W. REYNOLDS,
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND
DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL.
Office with John Brattain, Three Doors South of BEDROCK DEMOCRAT office, on side of the Street.
Baker City, Sept. 3, 1873. n17m4

T. N. Snow, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
OFFICE—At the City Drug Store.

MEDICAL EXAMINER
For the New York Life Insurance Co
n13tf

Mrs. R. C. Shepherd
IS AGENT FOR
Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines.
Baker City, Dec. 1, 1872. n30tf

R. M'INTOSH.
Respectfully offers his services to the Public
In the capacity of
CARPENTER, HOUSE-BUILDER,
JOINER AND
Cabinet-Maker.
All kinds and every
DESCRIPTION
Of Work in Wood neatly and promptly done.
Baker City, Jan. 1, 1873. tf.

BAKER CITY MARKET.
John Eppinger Respectfully informs the citizens of Baker City that he has re-opened the
BAKER CITY MARKET,
Where, at all times, he will be prepared to furnish his customers with the
BEST OF MEAT,
Of all kinds, at most reasonable prices.
Baker City, April 11, 1874. n49tf

BUSINESS NOTICES.

DRS. PRICE & NEWSOM,



DENTISTS,

Have permanently located in **BAKER CITY, OREGON,** and are prepared to operate in all branches of the

DENTAL PROFESSION.
All work Warranted. Office One Door below the CITY DRUG STORE.
Baker City, Oregon. n7y

J. B. GARDNER,



WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
ESTABLISHED IN BAKER CITY IN 1867,
Keeps constantly on hand a well assorted Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY,
and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.

Waltham and Elgin Watches at Factory n3| Prices [tf]

Western Hotel.

MAIN STREET, BAKER CITY.

REID & FLETCHER, Prop'r.

THIS HOUSE has been enlarged and refitted, and is now the best Hotel on the Umatilla and Idaho stage route.

Stages leave this House for above and below, and also for Clark's Creek Eldorado, Gem City and Sparta.

Connected with the Hotel will be found a first class

SALOON!

Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best quality. Phelan's Improved Billiard Tables all in good order.

N. B.—Those indebted to either the Hotel or Saloon are requested to appear at the Captain's office and settle. n53tf.

Bohna & McCord's SALOON,

AT THE OLD STAND OF
Bamberger & Frank,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

Bohna & McCord Respectfully inform the Citizens of Baker City and the Public generally, that they have opened a New

SALOON,

Where will always be found the very best

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Also
One of the Finest and Best

Billiard Tables

To be found in the City. "Fred" and "Bob" will be pleased at all times to have their friends give them a call.

BOHNA & MCCORD.
Baker City, Feb. 10, 1874. n40tf

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON.

WILLIAM CONSTABLE WOULD respectfully inform the Public that he has opened the

Cosmopolitan Saloon,

Corner of Front Street and Court Avenue, opposite Virtue's Bank, where he will be pleased to see and wait upon his friends and the Public generally. His

BAR

is supplied with the very best of every thing in his line. He has a Fine Billiard Table for the use of his customers.

Baker City, Dec. 17, 1873. n32tf

Kastner & Lachner
PROPRIETORS OF THE
BAKER CITY BREWERY,
On the East side of Powder River,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
April 20, 1874. n51y

PORTLAND ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. J. M'ORMICK,
Importer and Dealer In
Books, Stationery, Toys, Music and NEWSPAPERS,
FRANKLIN BOOK-STORE AND SANTA CLAUS' Headquarters, Fire-proof
Brick Building, 105 Front street, Portland, n17 Oregon. [tf]

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,
Dentist
DENTAL ROOMS, No. 89, First street, Portland, Oregon. The late and improved styles of work at reduced rates. Nitrous oxide for the painless extraction of teeth. n29tf

W. H. WATKINS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE, Odd Fellows' Building. Residence, corner of Main and Park streets, Portland, Oregon. Special attention to diseases of the Eye and Ear. n29

J. P. Atwood, M. D.

(Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons New York and of the Medical Department of the Willamette University.)

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Terms cash, or no patronage solicited.
Office one door north of City Drug Store. n23| BAKER CITY, OREGON. [tf]

RAIL ROAD HOUSE.

CLEMENT & SICORD, Proprietors,
Baker City, Oregon.

The Proprietors respectfully inform the Public that they have purchased the Baker City Hotel, and have fitted it up as a First-Class Hotel, where they will be found at all times ready to attend to the wants of the

Hungry and Weary,

In a manner that will give satisfaction. The Table will be supplied with the best the

MARKET WILL AFFORD.

Give us a call, and then you can judge of our ability and capacity to please our customers. n51tf

CLEMENT & SICORD.

New Drug Store.

M'KINNEY & BOYD,

Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall, Main Street, BAKER CITY, OREGON.

Would respectfully inform the public that they have recently received a well selected and fresh Stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Perfumeries, Patent Medicines, Soaps, Wines, Brandies, Whiskies and Cordials,

For Medicinal purposes, Family Medicines carefully prepared. Prescriptions accurately compounded, at all hours of the day or night. Give us a call. n8

LIVERY STABLE

MESSRS. KILBURN & PERKINS

Respectfully inform the Citizens of Baker City and County, and the Public generally, that they have purchased the

Livery Stable

Formerly kept by John Eppinger, and that they are prepared to furnish customers with the best of

Single or Double Turn-outs,

Either night or day, with or without drivers, at the very lowest rates. First class Saddle Horses on hand. Horses boarded and the best of care bestowed. We keep nothing but the best of Stock and Buggies.

Our stable is at the upper end of Main Street, Baker City, Oregon.

Come and see us, Everybody, and we will do our best to please you.

KILBURN & PERKINS.
February 10, 1874. n40tf

LIVERY STABLE

GRIER & KELLOGG

Having completed their New Stable, have now the finest and best regulated

Livery Stable

In Eastern Oregon,

Where they will carry on the Livery Business in all its branches.

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Baker City, Nov. 13, 1872. n13tf

Blacksmithing

AND
WAGON MAKING.

In All the Various Branches

carried on by the Undersigned, at his Shop, at the

Head of Main Street,

BAKER CITY, OREGON.

I will do as good work, at as reasonable Prices, as any other Shop in the Country.

S. B. MCCORD,
Baker City, Feb. 10, 1874. n40tf

S. A. GAINES, GEO. J. BOWMAN,

GAINES & BOWMAN,

Blacksmiths

AND
Manufacturers of Buggies & Wagons.

WE ARE GETTING OUR TIMBER direct from St. Louis, Mo., and none but the very best is purchased, we are therefore prepared to Warrant all our work. We are now fully prepared to complete any

Buggies or Wagons

On short notice, and we can say we have the Very Best of Workmen in our employ.

Every one wanting a Buggy or Wagon will save time and money by giving us a call and examining our work for themselves.

Horse-shoeing.

Special attention is paid to Horse Shoeing. All repair work done on short notice. We are thankful for past Patronage, and still solicit a continuance.

GAINES & BOWMAN.
Baker City, March 11, 1874. n44tf

PAY UP!!

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO A. H. BROWN are respectfully requested to come forward and settle their accounts, either by Cash or note, immediately.

A word to the wise is sufficient.
Baker City, March 26, 1873. n46tf

1 Of the Celebrated Standard

Organs—new—for sale. For particulars enquire at this office. n50tf

BEDROCK DEMOCRAT.

The BEDROCK DEMOCRAT has more BONA FIDE, paying subscribers in Baker County, than has any other two papers published in the State. We put no man's name on our subscription list unless we have orders so to do.

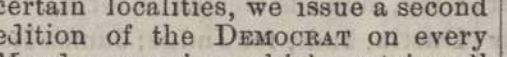
For the benefit of subscribers in certain localities, we issue a second edition of the DEMOCRAT on every Monday morning, which contains all the news of importance received at this city up to Saturday noon.

Second Edition.

Look at the Supplement for first rate miscellaneous reading matter.

VICTORY! VICTORY!!

CROW! CHAPMAN, CROW!



The Whole Democratic State Ticket Triumphant by from One Thousand to Two Thousand Majority!!

The following telegraphic dispatch was received by R. H. Cardwell, W. Fargo & Co.'s Agent at this city on Saturday morning, by which it will be seen that by adding the majorities received by the Democratic State ticket in Baker County of 150 and of Union County of 125, that Governor Grover leads Tollman 983, and some others on the ticket received a much larger majority, which may reach near 2,000. Hurrah for Oregon! The dispatch is as follows:

"PORTLAND, JUNE 4.—2:30.—The latest figures elect the whole Democratic State Ticket. Grover beats Tolman west of the Cascades 200.—Wasco gives Grover over Tolman, 181; Umatilla 377. Umatilla and Wasco give La Dow over Williams 417.

In Baker county the whole Democratic ticket, except Sheriff, is elected. Union county elects the whole Democratic ticket, except one Representative and it may be County Clerk.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, May 25th, 1874.

A Great Man's Resentment.

Grant's resentments are bull headed. For instance: A gallant Hungarian soldier, who was on the staff of Gen. Sickles during the war, and who was wounded, and suffered eight months imprisonment in Libby, was solicited by a Parisian journalist, a friend of his, to write, for publication in pamphlet form, in Paris, sketches of prominent generals of the late Union army. The Parisian wrote the officer that he hoped to make a little money by the sale of these sketches, and that he would feel deeply obliged if his Hungarian friend would write them. The latter complied, and forwarded the sketches to Paris in due time, they came back in printed form; but the officer was mortified and indignant to notice that the authorship was attributed to him as "an officer on the staff of Gen. Grant." He at once wrote to the Parisian, telling him of the awkward position he was placed in, and demanding to know why he had referred to him as a member of Grant's staff, when he had expressly told him that he was of the staff of Gen. Sickles. The indiscreet Parisian replied, deploring his act, and saying that he had set him down as Grant's staff; because he thought the sketches would meet with a reader sale. Prior to this, however, the Parisian had forwarded copies of the sketches to Gen. Grant, who, understanding enough of the French language to know, when he saw his own name on the title page, that it must contain something with reference to himself, asked Gen. Badeau, a good French scholar, to find out what the devil the stuff was all about. A translation was soon forthcoming, and it was carefully perused by

Grant, who affected great indignation that the author should have set himself down as an officer on his staff. It is possible, however, that he was more offended because the author had, while giving him due credit for his military successes, failed to designate him as the greatest general the world ever saw. The Hungarian officer hastened to Grant, and made what, to ordinary mortals, would have been a satisfactory explanation. He read the letter of his French friend, and expressed regret at the mistake. But all was of no avail, Grant never forgave him; and, from that day to this, although this brave officer has been urged by prominent Senators and Representatives for some position in the gift of the President, the latter has invariably declined to appoint him, on the ground that he once represented himself as an officer on his, Grant's, staff, whereas, in reality, he was only an aide de camp to a corps commander. This may seem an almost incredible story; but it is a true one. On a par with it was the President's exhibition of ill temper when a large and highly respectable delegation from the South Carolina Tax-payers' Convention called to respectfully represent the oppressed condition of the best citizens of the State under negro domination.

Decoration Day.

Although, in many points in the South, and even in New York, the Grand Army of the Republic have concluded to make no distinction between the graves of Union soldiers and those of Confederates, on Decoration day, the members of the Order in Washington have determined that they will decorate the graves of Union soldiers ONLY. The fact is that the Order here is made up of clerks in the departments, who are ready, at all times, to go to any extreme to prove the intensity of their radicalism. In this way they hope to win favor with their superiors, and to retain their positions. By refusing to even allow the decoration of a few confederate graves at Arlington, they hope to win a reputation for being "trooly loil," which will avail them while the present administration is in power.

The Godly Harlin

is no more successful as an editor than he was as a teacher of theology, a Cabinet Minister, or a U. S. Senator. Having occupied several positions of importance under the government, he assumed the editorial harness with an overweening confidence in his ability to resuscitate the moribund Chronicle, and make it one of the leading Republican organs of the country. His expectations have been grievously disappointed. The paper has lost, and is continually losing, money; many of the editors and reporters have not been paid, in full, for months; and it is with the greatest difficulty that the company raises the wind sufficiently to pay its paper and composition bills, as they fall due. This state of affairs is mainly to be attributed to a lack of tact, both in the editorial and the business management of the paper. I am led to these remarks by an editorial in the Chronicle, in reference to the incoherent two column advertisement of Representative David B. Mellish, of New York City, now, as you have, of course, heard, in the Government Insane Asylum here. The Chronicle's editorial was in answer to the generally expressed opinion, in all circles, that the Chronicle Company was culpable in accepting \$175 from a crazy man, when his wild manner, as well as the extraordinary character of his advertisement, furnished unmistakable evidence of his demented condition. The reply of the Chronicle is characteristically weak and evasive. I use the word "characteristically" because the same paper made a very similar excuse when its conductors borrowed, and forgot to return, two hundred dollars worth of paper from the Government Printing Office. The editorial to which I refer disavows having intentional taken the money from Mr. Mellish, and states that the foreman of the composing room, in the absence of the editor, accepted Mellish's advertisement. It is only necessary to

say that one of the editors of the Chronicle, who is also Speaker of the House of Delegates of the District, accepted the money of Mr. Mellish, and GAVE HIM A FORMAL RECEIPT THEREFOR, in which it was specified that the advertisement should be inserted on the first page of the paper six times. Mr. Mellish inserted a copy of this receipt in his wild production; a fact which the pious Harlan seems to have forgotten. He also forgets that the advertisement appeared on two successive days in the Chronicle, and consequently was not suppressed after one insertion, as he states. Harlan had better return to Iowa. True, he has been mustered out of service by his constituents; but there is not a ghost of a show of his getting an office from the President.

Poor Mellish,

by the by, is a newspaper man of varied attainments. He served his time as a printer in the office of the Worcester (Mass.) Spy; and afterwards read proof, in New York, satisfactorily to his employers. While at proof reading, he devoted all his spare time to acquiring a knowledge of Pitman's phonographic system of verbatim reporting, and at length became very expert. He served two years on the New York Tribune, as general news and shorthand reporter, after which he held for ten years the position of stenographer to the Board of Police of New York City; meanwhile writing articles for the press. This is his first term in Congress, and it will be his last. The poor fellow has gone crazy on the subject of finance. His case may be set down as a hopeless one. There is almost every indication that his mind is permanently affected. There are scores of other members of Congress who have become demented on the same question, but the damned fools don't know it. That's what's the matter.

P. S. Since writing the above, the news comes that Mellish is dead.

A. F. B.

ROME, May 28.—The Voce De Verita confirms the report of the Pope's recovery from sickness.

Cardinal Vannelli Calsori is dead.

The Italian Parliament will probably be dissolved in August. Deputies of the Left will then issue an address to the nation.

It is thought that the Pope will sanction the participation of Catholics in the next general election.

MADRID, May 29.—Gen. Loma has assumed command of the first corps of the Republican army of the North.

PARIS, May 29.—The Left Centre held a meeting to day to consider the means of opposing the Bonapartists. M. Favre advocated an alliance with the Right Centre in order that the organization of the Septennat might be completed, the electoral laws passed and a dissolution of the Assembly be then voted. It is considered that the elections would be more moderate if held under a settled Government. The meeting adjourned till Monday, when the final action will be taken as to the course necessary. The Committee of the Assembly having the subject under consideration unanimously approve the postal conventions between France and the United States, but have decided to hear the statements from De Cazes and the Postal Director, before making a report to the Assembly.

The Roman Catholic pilgrims from the United States, who landed from the steamer Periere, arrived yesterday, and were received by the Archbishop of Paris, who delivered an allocution and gave them his blessing. They departed this morning for Rome.

LONDON, May 29.—A report in the afternoon papers about a terrible mining disaster at Clay Cross proves to be unfounded.

Correspondence at the British Foreign Office arising out of the capture of the Virginis, and the subsequent execution of her passengers and crew, is officially published. It contains a dispatch of May 7th, 1874, sent by Earl Derby to Layard, British Minister at Madrid, in which the former says: "In view of grave difficulties besetting the Government of Spain, her Majesty's Government has hitherto been unwilling to press for an answer to its demands for an acknowledgement of wrong done, and for compensation to the relatives of victims who were subjects of Great Britain. We now trust that there will be no further delay on the part of the Spanish Government."

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The President has issued a proclamation extending to New Foundland the provisions of the Treaty of Washington. The products of her fisheries will be admitted to the United States free of duty after the first of June next.