

Bedrock Democrat.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square or less, one insertion, \$1.00
Each additional insertion, .50
One square three months, \$3.00
Business Advertisements by the month—
Quarter column, \$5.00
Half column, \$10.00
One column, \$15.00
Ten per cent. additional on advertisements to which a special position is guaranteed.
The space of one inch, up and down the column, constitutes a square.
N. B.—All debts due this office are payable in Coin, unless otherwise expressly agreed.

CORRESPONDENCE from all portions of Eastern Oregon is solicited for the DEMOCRAT. All communications, to receive attention, must be accompanied by a responsible name. Personal communications will be charged as special advertisements.

N. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 10 State Street, Boston, 57 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, in the above cities, and are authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

JOB WORK.
We are now prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK on short notice and at reasonable rates.
N. B.—All Job Work MUST BE PAID FOR ON DELIVERY.

UNION NURSERY,
H. J. GEER, Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD respectfully call the attention of **FARMERS and FRUIT GROWERS** to my extensive and varied assortment of **Fruit Trees and Shrubbery**, both useful and ornamental, for which I will sell low for "MONISH."
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
Address, H. J. GEER, n17y
Cove, Union County, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
L. O. STERNS, T. C. HYDE,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Sterns & Hyde,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
L. O. STERNS will attend the Courts of the Fifth Judicial District, and of Idaho and Washington Territories.
Water Rights and Mining Litigation a SPECIALTY.
Collections promptly attended to.
June 18, 1873. n6y

ANDREW J. LAWRENCE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS of the State.
Baker City, Sept. 1, 1873. n17y.

I. D. HAINES,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT
Law, Baker City, Oregon. n17y.

J. M. SHEPHERD,
Attorney-at-Law,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

S. V. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
(And Notary Public.)
WESTON, OREGON.
Will practice in the Courts of this State and Washington Territory.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO LAND Business, and Collections. n13tf

JOSEPH H. SHINN,
Notary Public
AND
Conveyancer,
Will attend to Conveyancing and making ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.
Baker City, Sept. 11, 1872. n18tf

E. W. REYNOLDS,
NOTARY PUBLIC
AND
DEPUTY U. S. MARSHAL,
Office with John Brattain, Three Doors South of BEDROCK DEMOCRAT office, on side of the Street.
Baker City, Sept. 3, 1873. n17m4

Dr. E. P. Tierney,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE CITIZENS of Eastern Oregon that he has located in Baker City, and gives strict attention to his Profession.
Office opposite the corner Drug Store.
Private Residence, next door to the Catholic Church.
Baker City, Nov. 5, 1872. n26tf.

T. N. Snow, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.
OFFICE—At the City Drug Store.
MEDICAL EXAMINER
For the New York Life Insurance Co. n13tf

Mrs. R. C. Shepherd
IS AGENT FOR
Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines.
Baker City, Dec. 1, 1872. n30tf

R. M'INTOSH,
Respectfully offers his services to the Public
In the capacity of
CARPENTER, HOUSE-BUILDER,
JOINER AND
Cabinet-Maker.

All kinds and every
DESCRIPTION
Of Work in Wood neatly and promptly done.
Baker City, Jan. 1, 1873. n1

BUSINESS NOTICES.

DRS. PRICE & NEWSOM,



DENTISTS,
Have permanently located in
BAKER CITY, OREGON,
And are prepared to operate in all branches of the

DENTAL PROFESSION.
All work Warranted. Office One Door below the CITY DRUG STORE.
Baker City, Oregon. n17y

J. B. GARDNER,



WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
ESTABLISHED IN BAKER CITY IN 1867,
Keeps constantly on hand a well assorted Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY,
and is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.
Waltham and Elgin Watches at Factory Prices n3

Western Hotel.

THIS HOUSE has been enlarged and re-fitted, and is now the best Hotel on the Umatilla and Idaho stage route. Stages leave this House for above and below, and also for Clark's Creek Eldorado, Gem City and Sparta.
Connected with the Hotel will be found a first class

SALOON!
Liquors, Wines and Cigars of the best quality. Phelan's Improved Billiard Tables all in good order.

N. B.—Those indebted to either the Hotel or Saloon are requested to appear at the Captain's office and settle. n5v3tf.

Bohna & McCord's SALOON,
AT THE OLD STAND OF
Bamberger & Frank,
BAKER CITY, OREGON.

Bohna & McCord Respectfully inform the Citizens of Baker City and the Public generally, that they have opened a New

SALOON,
Where will always be found the very best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Also
Billiard Tables
To be found in the City. "Fred" and "Bob" will be pleased at all times to have their friends give them a call.

At the Standard Bakery,
Under the care of MR. ILLER,
On the corner, just opposite our Saloon, can always be found good and fresh

Bread and Crackers.
We are prepared to supply Festivals, Parties, Weddings, etc., with Cakes, Pies, &c., on short notice and at reasonable rates.
BOHNA & MCCORD.
Baker City, Feb. 10, 1874. n40tf

COSMOPOLITAN SALOON.

WILLIAM CONSTABLE WOULD respectfully inform the Public that he has opened the

Cosmopolitan Saloon,
Corner of Front Street and Court Avenue, opposite Virtue's Bank, where he will be pleased to see and wait upon his friends and the Public generally. His

BAR
is supplied with the very best of every thing in his line. He has a Fine Billiard Table for the use of his customers.
Baker City, Dec. 17, 1873. n32tf

PORTLAND ADVERTISEMENTS.

S J M' CORMICK,
Importer and Dealer In
Books, Stationary, Toys, Music And NEWSPAPERS,

FELMILIN BOOK-STORE and SANTA CLAUS'
Headquarters, Fire-proof
Brick Building, 103 Front street, Portland, n17
Oregon. [tf

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,
Dentist

DENTAL ROOMS, No. 89, First street, Portland, Oregon. The late and improved styles of work at reduced rates. Nitrous oxide for the painless extraction of teeth. n29tf

W. H. WATKINS, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE, Odd Fellows' Building, Residence, corner of Main and Park streets, Portland, Oregon. Special attention to diseases of the Eye and Ear. n29

BEDROCK DEMOCRAT.

The BEDROCK DEMOCRAT has more BONA FIDE, paying subscribers in Baker County, than has any other two papers published in the State. We put no man's name on our subscription list unless we have orders so to do. n1

For the benefit of subscribers in certain localities, we issue a second edition of the DEMOCRAT on every Monday morning, which contains all the news of importance received at this city up to Saturday noon.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The following platform of principles was adopted by the Democratic State Convention at Albany:

1. We declare our unflinching devotion to the Constitution of the United States and to the Union of the States thereby established, and we affirm that the people of the several States have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves as free, sovereign and independent States, subject only to the limitation of the Constitution, and that all powers not herein expressly granted to the National Government, are reserved to the States respectively, and we deny the right of the Federal Government, through the treaty power, to permanently domicile Mongolians with in any State without the consent of the Legislature thereof.

2. We declare that the greatest danger with which we are now threatened, is the corruption and extravagance which exists in our official places, and we do declare as the cardinal principle of our future political action, that retrenchment, economy and reform are imperatively demanded in all the governments of the people. Federal as well as State. We demand that the people claim ourselves the uncompromising foes of the salary-grab law politicians and land monopolists, whoever they may be and wherever they may be found, whether they are in or out of office, and we appeal to honest men everywhere, without regard to past party affiliations, to join us in branding, as they deserve, these corrupt leaders in the body politic and assist us to purge official stations of their unwholesome and baneful presence.

3. The present Federal Administration, by its utter inability to comprehend the dignity or responsibilities of the duties which it is charged by its election to perform, and its partisan interests, by its weak and inconsistent management of the National finances, by its unwarrantable interference with the local self government of the people — by its support of the corrupt governments which it has imposed by its power upon several States of the Union, by its complicity with corrupt practices in various quarters, and by its appointment of notoriously incompetent men to high official positions, has justly brought upon itself the condemnation of the American people.

4. That the persistent interference by Federal officials in local elections, and the use of force, to deprive the people of the voice of the people through the ballot box, deserve and receive our severest condemnation.

5. That corporations are the creations of law, their franchises and privileges are granted to subserve the public interests, and when these are abused, but to subserve the object of their creation, but for purposes of oppression and extortion, we declare it to be the right and duty of the legislature to control such corporations.

6. That we favor speedy return to specie payments, just and equal taxation for support of Federal and State governments, and that we are opposed to all disbursements for the assessments of Federal revenue for the purposes of protection.

7. That we are in favor of free trade and direct taxation.

8. That the free navigation and improvement of the Columbia river, the construction of a breakwater at Port Orford, the improvement of the Columbia and Willamette rivers, and the construction of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, are improvements demanded by the commercial interests of this State, and that the Federal Government ought by all proper means to assist these measures; that we are in favor of the bill now before Congress, generally known as the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad bill, and we also favor the early completion of the Oregon and California Railroad to the southern boundary of the State.

9. That we disapprove all measures in the interests of capitalists and monopolies against labor, believing that distinctions, if distinctions be made, should be in favor of the laboring class who constitute the mass of our citizens, the producers of the wealth and prosperity of our country. We therefore approve of the declared principles, and sympathize with the avowed object of the organization known as the Patrons of Husbandry, and with those of all other orders having for their object retrenchment and reform in public affairs, and the social advancement of the people; and we are opposed to a monopoly in the publication and sale of books used in the common schools of this State, and we are in favor of amending the existing laws in relation to such, so as to take away from the publishers of the Pacific Coast series of readers and spellers the special privileges in relation thereto which they now enjoy.

10. That the act relating to the fees of sheriffs and clerks ought to be so amended either by making such offices salaried, or by reducing the fees now attached to the same, as shall make the compensation received by such officers a fair remuneration and nothing more for the services required of them. That the Constitution be so amended that all printing for the State after the expiration of the term of the State Printer in office, when such amendment is passed, shall be provided for by letting the same to the lowest responsible bidder.

11. That the only legitimate object of government is the protection of its citizens in their lives, liberty and property, and the pursuit of happiness; that to accomplish this end direct means ought to be resorted to; that the good resulting from a departure from this rule is temporary, the evil lasting. We are, therefore, opposed to the State engaging in the purchase, leasing or speculation in property of any kind, except such only as is necessary for conducting the ordinary functions of the Government.

12. That we favor the immediate construction of a good and serviceable wagon road along the south bank of the Columbia river, from the mouth of Sandy river to the Dalles.

13. That the compensation of all officers should be only such as will be a just remuneration for their services.

14. That we are in favor of Congressional aid for the construction of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, and for continuing the Oregon Central Railroad from St. Joseph to Junction City.

Second Edition.

Look at the Supplement for first rate miscellaneous reading matter.

Republican Platform.

RESOLVED, 1. The Republican party of the State of Oregon, in Convention assembled, declare that the end of Government is to secure equal and exact justice to all citizens with as little infringement as possible upon individual freedom; that the government of the people by the people and for the people, interpreted and foreshadowed by the Declaration of Independence is the true American idea; that this idea can only be realized by the election of honest and capable men to public office, and by conducting public affairs with strict prudence and in accordance with the sound and approved maxims of business and political economy.

2. That party organizations are useful and necessary, but that while we are proud of the birth and history of the Republican party, we recognize no such allegiance to political associations as shall prevent our fair and candid criticism of the acts of all public men, and that every case of negligence, wastefulness or dishonesty on the part of those having control of public money, ought to be promptly investigated and severely punished, without fear or favor; that we expect of our State legislators and State officers, the strictest integrity and economy, the largest possible relief from the burden of taxation, the maintenance of public education, the preservation of the purity and freedom of the ballot box, the enforcement of such laws as will secure to all entitled to suffrage the right to its exercise and such as will at the same time exclude all fraudulent voting.

3. That we insist upon the right and duty of the State to control every franchise of whatever kind it grants, and while we do not wish that any injustice shall be done to the individual or corporation investing capital or industry in enterprises of this kind, we yet demand that no franchise shall be granted which is prejudicial to the public, in which the rights and interests of the State and the people are not carefully and fully guarded.

4. That while we recognize the full right of every citizen to express and act upon his convictions upon all questions of public or State interest, no person holding a Federal or State office has the right to seek to influence the action of his subordinates by exciting their fears of loss of place if their opinions or actions shall differ from his own, and that we are opposed to all interference or participation by them in the conventions of the people for the nomination of their candidates for office.

5. That we are desirous of political reform, and for honest economy and purity in all official administration. That to secure this is the duty of every citizen; that to this end every good man should feel bound to participate in politics, and to make an end of bad men forcing their elections by securing a party nomination. That we believe there are as good men in the Republican party as out of it, and only the best men should be nominated for office, and only such are entitled to receive the support of the people.

6. That we sympathize with every movement to secure for agriculture and labor their due influence, interest and rights, and the Republican party will be their ally in every just effort to attain that end.

7. That the interests of this State demand in its commercial relations with the other States of the Union, both present and prospective, and will warrant a liberal expenditure on the part of our National Government in the improvement of our harbors and of our channels, and it is the true policy of our people that they should be so represented in Congress as shall the most effectively secure this result.

8. That true economy in the management of public lands of the United States, as well as the settlement of our vast domain and the development of its resources, demands liberal grants of the public lands to aid in the construction of railroads and other public works, with such limitations and restrictions as will secure the ultimate sale to actual settlers.

9. That we are in favor of Congressional aid to the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad; for the improvement of the Columbia River at the Dalles and Cascades; to aid the extension of the Oregon Central Railroad from St. Joe, through the counties of Polk and Benton, to its junction with the Oregon and California Railroad, and the improvement of the Willamette river.

10. That we favor Congressional aid for the construction of a wagon road from some point in Rogue river valley to the nearest practicable point on the coast and that we favor the immediate construction of a good and serviceable wagon road along the south bank of the Columbia river from the mouth of Sandy to the Dalles.

11. That we are opposed to the purchase or leasing by this State of the canal and locks at the falls of the Willamette river.

12. That we demand the repeal of the litigant law, Portland Police bill, the unconstitutional acts increasing emoluments and Judicial officers, the acts increasing the fees of clerks and sheriffs, and the modification of the school laws so as to relieve the people of the school book monopoly.

13. That we are in favor of the speedy payment in full of all just claims of citizens and volunteers for supplies furnished and services rendered in the suppression of Indian hostilities in Southern Oregon in the years 1872 and 1873.

14. That we are in favor of such legislation to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors as will restrain the abuses growing out of indiscriminate license, and operate as a needful check upon the growing evils of intemperance.

15. That we are in favor of opening Willamette valley to settlement.

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Chairman Committee.

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CHEYENNE, April 12.—The Cheyenne Ledger has the following from its correspondent at Red Cloud Agency, dated April 7th:

The United States Commissioners returned from Spotted Tail to-day, having accomplished absolutely nothing. Their pow-wowing at the Agency has rather complicated matters between the Government and the Indians. The Indians at Spotted Tail refuse absolutely to have their agency removed. They say they are tired of seeing Commissioners and have invited the present delegation to leave in language more forcible than polite. It is understood that the Commissioners will proceed East at once and ask for a strong military escort and return within a month and move the agency. The visit of the Commissioners has only served to destroy the moral effect produced by the troops. The Indians, who are keen observers, have noticed that there is a hitch somewhere in the working of things relating to them. They expect one thing from the military and are led to believe something else from Peace Commissioners. Spotted Tail accused the Commissioners in council of seeking to stir up trouble between his people and the northern Indians, and in the language of the interpreter, said he wanted them to "dry up." He says he has been moved around and pestered so much by these "flies" from the Great Father that he wants his words written down this time to show to all of them who come begging around here, after that he won't talk to them any more. No doubt Spotted Tail and Red Cloud are acting in accord. The former at the largest council after a few words spoken in an excited manner, waved his hand to the people and they all left. The same scene occurred at Red Cloud. A show of counting Indians has been made here—that is, the Agent called in the head men and took there word for the number they had. So far, six thousand have been registered. There are probably four thousand or less. Several bands have refused to either be counted or change the number for which they have heretofore drawn rations. Some of them, after they had handed in their numbers, came next day and claimed that they had forgotten their women and children, and wanted to register them. The Peace Commissioners arrived at Cheyenne yesterday.

SALT LAKE, April 9.—An old man, supposed to be Bender of Kansas, was arrested in the southern portion of this Territory some weeks ago, and arrived here last night and is now in jail. Parties here, who claim to have known him, have identified him as Bender of Kansas. A young man supposed to be his son, held in custody at Salt Creek, will be brought here.

Judge Emerson of the Second Judicial District for this Territory, is reported to have recognized the Attorney General and Territorial Marshal elected by the Legislature, in opposition to other parties who had been nominated and commissioned as such by law. The same question came up before Judge McKee here to-day, but no decision was made, the Judge here not having as yet recognized either of the parties.

Several miners who left here last Fall for French Guinea, have returned disgusted with that country, and glad to get away with their lives.

Mining prospects are excellent for the ensuing season.

It appears from the estimates of the Commissioner of Pensions that there are only 39,000 survivors of the Mexican war. Pensions are demanded for them.

John Stewart trotted twenty miles on the Oakland course on Saturday, April 4th, in 58 minutes and 59 seconds. He appeared to be little fatigued after such a terrible performance.

Paper cuffs are said to have originated in newspaper attacks.

The Cure of Santa Cruz is forbidden to remain in France.

"Warm enough up here."

Jack Starlight was stopping in a country village, and one Sunday last summer, having nothing to occupy his time, he came to the sensible conclusion that he had better go to church in the evening; and so after supper he wended his way to the "meetin' house."

It was a very warm evening, and Jack thought, as he was a stranger, he would go into the gallery. There were few people up there, so he seated himself in a front seat and prepared to listen. The minister was preaching one of those red hot sermons country ministers delight in and was happy.

Jack was not. The gallery was getting warmer every minute. The people in the body of the church looked comfortable, and our hero considered it was cooler down there and concluded to try it.

Just as he started, the minister was in the midst of a terrible warning to young men, and the noise he made attracted the dominie's attention. Thinking Jack was about to leave the church, the clergyman stopped in his sermon and said:

"Young man, you may not be aware of it, but you are going straight to hell!"

Jack stopped, looked back, and seeing that he was the person addressed, replied, "Is that so? I was going down where you are; but if that is the case I'll stay where I am, for it's warm enough here."

Jack coolly then sat down again, amid the rather loud smiles of the younger portion of the congregation. The minister gave out the next hymn immediately.

THE FIVE DAUGHTERS.—A gentleman had five daughters, all of whom he brought up to some useful and respectable occupation in life. These daughters married, one after another, with the consent of their father. The first married a gentleman by the name of Poor; the second a Mr. Little; the third, a Mr. Short; the fourth, a Mr. Brown; and the fifth, a Mr. Hogg. At the wedding of the latter, her sisters, with their husbands, were present. After the ceremonies of the wedding were over, the old gentlemen said to the guests:

"I have taken great pains to educate my daughters, that they might not well their parts in life; and from their advantages and improvements I fondly hoped that they would do honor to their family; and now I find that all my pains, cares and expectations, have turned out nothing but a Poor, Little, Short, Brown, Hogg."

THE RADICAL NOMINEES.—The Salem Mercury says: "Another convention has met and placed its candidates before the people for their suffrages."

Richard Williams, the Radical candidate for Congress, is but little known in the political world and will be elected to remain at home as practice his profession.

J. C. Tollman, the candidate for Governor, has less qualifications for the position than any one we know of in the State who has been making pretensions for the place. He is not known outside of Jackson county, and has only held the position of County Judge of that county at a time when the county had but a very small population and its wants were very few in number. He is not a talker and does not possess that flippant and empty energy so necessary for the executive of a growing and rising State, but the people need have no fears of being governed by him.

C. M. Foster, candidate for Secretary of State, is not known outside of Baker City and will be easily led to the slaughter on the first Monday in June.

D. G. Clark, the nominee for Treasurer, is but little known and will be entirely forgotten after the election.

E. M. Waite may have done the State printing by jobs, as he said last Wednesday night in accepting the nomination, but the people of Oregon have too good sense to allow him to make any more "jobs" out of it.

Mr. Rowland the nominee for Superintendent of Public Instruction, is known to but few people of Oregon, and we think from one to two thousand majority of the voters of the State will fail to know him on the first Monday in June.

The Independent Convention that met at Salem, on the 15th of April, made the following nominations for State officers: Mr. Campbell, of Polk for Governor; for Congress T. M. Davenport, of Marion; for Secretary of State, James H. Donthett of Wasco; for Treasurer, Demus Beach of Linn; and for State Printer Wm. M. Hand of Wasco. The above are all Republicans, but Jas. H. Donthett, and he has been known for years as a sore head Democrat.

San Domingo has annulled the Seneca Bay Convention.