

Bedrock Democrat.

J. M. SHEPHERD, EDITOR.

BAKER CITY, OCTOBER 15, 1873.

THE BEDROCK DEMOCRAT Has the Largest Circulation of any Paper Published in Eastern Oregon.

OFFICIAL PAPER For the Counties of Baker and Grant.

WOOD.—We want, and must have, some wood at this office.

ELECTION RETURNS.—Baker City precinct polled 157 votes. Nesmith had 114, Smith 42—majority for Nesmith 72. On vote for Nesmith was thrown out on account of two votes being folded together. From appearances, the vote in this portion of the State will be very light—not over half of the voters going to the polls.

WINGVILLE.—Nesmith received 30 votes; Hi Smith 1.

CLARK'S CREEK.—Nesmith 21; Hi Smith 1.

MORMON BASIN.—One majority for Nesmith.

ELDORADO.—Nesmith 22; Hi Smith 5.

AUBURN.—Nesmith has 13 majority.

SPARTA, UNION Co.—Nesmith 23, Hi Smith 25.

There were no polls opened at Pocahontas or North Powder.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We are pained to have to give the particulars of a serious accident which happened to Hardin W. Estes, one of our county commissioners, and one of our best farmers, which occasioned the loss of one of his eyes. On last Friday he was dressing a sheep which he had killed for mutton, when the knife slipped and the point entered his left cheek penetrating up into the ball of the eye, and destroying it. Dr. J. M. Boyd was called in, but could do nothing in the matter but dress the wound, which he did, and at last accounts Mr. Estes was doing well and will suffer no disfiguration besides the loss of his left eye, which is a serious loss to our friend. He has the sympathies of all his neighbors and acquaintances.

LOST! BUT FOUND!—On last Wednesday two of our lady friends started on horseback for a short ride in the country, on business for the Festival which took place on last Thursday evening. They made two or three calls, and a heavy rain shower came upon them, and in the midst of it they came to a house—a man was standing in the door—but our ladies were so wet that he did not ask them in—it may be from fear of wetting his floor—but told them they could find shelter some miles further on where there was a house with a porch that they could get under and hold their horses. Our ladies traveled on and next come to a slough, and after passing around it they did not know where they were—were lost. When they left town they expected to return in two or three hours, but had not returned and the parties who owned the horses become uneasy.—They started after the parties—in fact, went to look for their horses—but, before they returned, the horses had brought Miss C—and Mrs. G—home safe, but mighty tired—between eight and nine o'clock at night. They say they will not go into the country again by themselves.

CHICKEN THIEVES.—On last Friday or Saturday night west some one with malice and forethought, and a hankering after chicken, entered our chicken house and stole the last chicken that we had that was fit to eat. We did not mention the fact because we thought it might be that the thief had made a mistake, and when he found out he had been into an editor's hen house that he would place our chickens—four in number—back where he found them, perched upon their roost. We have waited, but no chickens came back. We intend to get some more chickens this week, and we intend to catch the first infernal chicken thief that enters our henery, even if we have to do it with two charges of No 4 shot out of a double barreled Parker shotgun, and we will let him pull the triggers. It may have been a Chinaman that stole our chickens, but we do not believe it was. If it was a white man he is no better than a Chinese chicken thief.

The Baker City Literary Society meets on Friday evening, Nov. 21st.

The following is the assessed value of agricultural lands per acre, for 1873, in the different counties as found by the State Board: Baker, \$5.79; Curry, \$4.54; Columbia, \$3.13; Clatsop, \$3.94; Douglas, \$5.48; Jackson, \$2.27; Josephine, \$4.83; Lane, \$3.83; Marion, \$6.32; Multnomah, \$11.28; Polk, \$5.42; Tillamook, \$4.68; Umatilla, \$6.48; Union, \$4.62; Washington, \$5.21; Yamhill, \$5.43.

It will be seen from the above that Land in Umatilla county rates third in price per acre, and Baker county fourth. The land in Multnomah rates first and Marion second. In Jackson county the land is at the lowest rates.

PATENT OUTSIDES.—The following papers published in Oregon use patent outsiders: The Yamhill Reporter, the Dalles Mountaineer, the Mountain Sentinel and the Baker City Herald.

The BEDROCK DEMOCRAT issues a supplement printed at San Francisco, in addition to the regular paper. The paper is filled altogether with articles and news pertaining to Oregon, and all the work on it is done in Baker City.

OUR ELDORADO LETTER.

ELDORADO, Oct. 10th, 1873.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—Writing on one topic becomes insipid and uninteresting to readers of a newspaper, particularly so, when repeated in the same local county sheet. We have written repeatedly to your paper since its establishment, giving to your readers, as far as we were able, the mineral and agricultural resources of this section of Eastern Oregon; its mines and the condition thereof; the Burnt River Ditch, its length, breadth and depth, number inches water running therein, and its capacity when all the water that can and will be turned into it will be running in said Ditch, the extent of the mineral region that the Ditch covers and the character thereof.—We have also told you of our rich rivers and creek valleys, their capacity for producing esculents and cereals; the unsurpassed range for stock of all kinds; the rich and nourishing quality of the grass; the mild and healthy climate, &c.; and we flatter ourselves that we have not written in vain. Willow Creek and Burnt River now can boast of hardy, thrifty settlers and farmers and their families, large herds of cattle cover our hills where they roam during the Spring and Summer months and keep fat; and when cold weather and storms come, immense stacks and countless tons of hay are ready for them, should heavy snows and cold rains fall, which seldom happens. There is plenty of room for more settlers with their herds of cattle, horses or sheep. Upper Willow Creek is, comparatively speaking, unsettled. The soil is rich and plenty as elsewhere, the water as pure as flows from any mountain range, no Minnesota, Nebraska or Kansas chilling blasts and intense cold to freeze to death, or parching heat and drought of Mexican and Arizona deserts. We told you a long time ago that to develop our mines, both placer and quartz, required capital. Capitalists from the East have come here and invested, and notwithstanding the disadvantages they have had to contend with, their ignorance of mines and mining, ditches and ditching, the kind of people they have had to deal with, the character of the Pacific Slope miner, merchant and laborer, in fact, we repeat, their partial ignorance of the manners and customs of the people here, and business generally, in spite of all these drawbacks, we can see that capital is slowly but surely making its mark. Water now runs over our once dry placers, large and deep cuts are made in our gulches and flats, where slumbers the glittering ore, goods of all kinds can be had at reasonable rates. "Those that sow shall reap." The man that works shall reap his reward, and the time is not far distant when miners, herdsmen, farmers and men of all professions will come here, willing to stay and follow their occupations and feel contented, for better placers are hard to find, finer vegetables and better grass does not grow, and fatter cattle do not graze elsewhere.—We will say, in conclusion, that business matters generally have been brought to a permanent basis, water will increase every year as the Ditch becomes soaked, and more water will be turned in, the rates of water will be reduced, the people will prosper, litigations will cease, confidence will be restored among the people, the mines will be slowly but surely

developed, discoveries will be made in both placer and quartz, money will be more plenty, and as time rolls on, this section of Eastern Oregon as an agricultural, grazing and mining country will rank second to none on the Coast. Day is already breaking, and the dawn of a new era is shadowing forth the full brightness that will burst forth in dazzling brilliancy and prosperity on this section of country and its people.—And where, not many years ago, the war whoop of the savage echoed in startling cadence from hill to valley, peace and plenty will reign supreme and the presence and power of the Caucasian be felt and acknowledged as in times of old.

RICHMOND.

OUR SALEM LETTER.

SALEM, O., Oct. 8th, 1873.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—A few items and scattering thoughts from the Capital may interest some of the readers of your valuable journal, hence we lay our humble offering upon your editorial table. The thirteenth annual

State Fair

opened last Monday, with very good prospects of financial success. The number in attendance up to the present date, 7th, is large, and the stock and articles for exhibition are numerous and of a superior character. The pavilion is not yet wholly occupied by articles on exhibition, yet things are rapidly coming in. The floral department is indeed well represented, and the various plants on exhibition are very beautiful upon which to gaze. Some fine blooded cattle are on exhibition; but we think Eastern Oregon would carry off the premium in stock. The Fair grounds are already occupied by peanut stands, whiskey shops, shows and circuses. Preaching is had on the grounds to counteract, as much as possible, the evil tendencies and corrupting influences for which Fairs are so much noted. The most interesting days of the Fair will probably be Friday and Saturday. The annual address by Rev. Thos. Condon, of the Dalles, will take place on Friday, which, no doubt, will prove very interesting and instructive.—The road leading from Salem to the ground is constantly lined with vehicles, carriages and wheelbarrows, and every conceivable motive appliance. The

Corner Stone

of the State Capitol will be laid on the 9th. This edifice, when completed, will be the largest and most magnificent in the State. The cost will be about \$600,000. The

Willamette University

stands just opposite to where the Capitol will be, and the contrast between the two will be bold and striking, and will at once engage the attention of transient visitors and travelers. This institution of learning now ranks as one of the finest and best on the Pacific Coast. The University has turned out some students who will compare favorably with those coming from Eastern colleges. The faculty is very efficient and every facility for obtaining education are ample. There are four literary societies in connection with the college, which are in flourishing conditions.

It has rained to-day very hard, and Salem seems almost flooded in consequence. The people on the Fair ground received a thorough wetting, yet incomers are quite numerous. It is to be hoped it will cease raining before Friday, so that the address by Thos. Condon can be listened to and enjoyed, as it is expected the address will be something very excellent.—The

Political Caldron

is now boiling with renewed energy. Smith and Nesmith are both on the war path doing warm work for their respective parties. Nesmith seems to be the favorite, and will no doubt poll a large vote throughout the State.

INCOLAS.

MILITARY EXECUTION.

Last of the Modocs.

We take the following from the Oregonian of Oct. 6th:

JACKSONVILLE, Oct. 4th.—After a hard days' ride of 98 miles I reached this place to send you the following, in seven hours from the time of leaving Fort Klamath.

This Friday morning was a beautiful day, and nothing particularly indicated this as hangman's day except the scaffold—a strong and heavy framework of pine timber, which stood with its six ropes dangling loosely in the fresh morning air. It is a structure of 30 feet in length, 20 in height, and the drop upon which the victims stood is 9 feet clear from the ground. It is on the open prairie, north of the Fort, facing north,

and is braced and bolted together very strongly.

All the arrangements for the execution had been admirably made by Post Adjutant Kingsbury, and precisely at 9 A. M. the troops were formed on the parade ground, the artillery and cavalry being mounted, when they took up their line of march to the guard house, where a wagon drawn by four horses, and containing the prisoners, took its position in the column. Arriving at the gallows, the military took up its position on three sides of the gallows, leaving an open space, disposed of as follows; Lieut. G. W. Kingsbury, Post Adjutant, immediately in front of the scaffold; about twenty feet distant on his left the Interpreter.—Directly in the rear of the Adjutant, about twenty paces distant, was the Commanding Officer, Gen. Frank Wheaton, and one pace on his left, Lieut. Adams, A. A. G., of the District of the Lakes, the three Medical officers of the Post and the Post Chaplain. On the right and rear of the Commanding Officer, were several officers casually at the Post, and a number of citizens. The reporters occupied a desk to the extreme left of the Medical staff. Six mounted patrols passed up and down the rear of the line on each side to keep the ever-curious in position of the raised platform. In the rear of the drop were stationed the three enlisted men immediately charged with the execution of the Modoc prisoners, under the direction of the Officer of the Day, who stood directly in the center of the platform.

Captain Jack stood on the extreme right end of the scaffold, with Seonchin next to him, while Boston Charley occupied the extreme left with Black Jim next to him. This left two places in the center vacant—Barneho and Sloluck having been ordered returned to the stockade a short time before the execution, an order having been received by the Commanding Officer from the President commuting their sentence to imprisonment for life, and designating Alcatraz, Cal., as the place of their future confinement. Boston Charley and Black Jim were led on the scaffold first, and Seonchin next. They took their places with apparent indifference, evidently resolving to die as brave as they had lived.—Jack went easily up the stairway, but looked wicked and miserable. Their manacles had been removed, but their arms were securely pinioned.

At 9:45 the interpreters, Capt. O. C. Applegate and D. Hill, explained to the culprits the nature of the order to be read to them by the Adjutant, and at 10 A. M. that officer read the order promulgating the sentence of the Commission and the President's order therein, with the orders of the Secretary of War and Department Commander in the premises. The two reprobated prisoners, Barneho and Sloluck, were standing on the ground in front of the scaffold, and under guard. The reading occupied ten minutes. The order of commutation evidently pleased Sloluck and Barneho when explained to them, and they stepped lightly on their return to the stockade. The Chaplain then offered a fervid and earnest prayer, when at 10:15 the fatal nooses were placed around the necks of the victims. It was found necessary in this part of the ceremony to cut off a little of Jack's long hair, it being in the way of the rope.

Capt. Hays then bade farewell to the prisoners and the black caps were drawn over the heads of all the culprits. At 10:15 they stood on the drop, when the rope was cut at a signal made by Capt. Hayes' handkerchief. The bodies swung round and round several times, Jack and Jim apparently dying easily, while Boston and Seonchin underwent terrible convulsions. The two former seemed to die almost instantly, while the latter drew up their legs and let them fall repeatedly. At 10:28 their pulses were felt by Capt. Hays, and as I write this they were swinging lifeless in mid air. As the drop fell with a terrible, deadly thud, four poor and wretched human beings fell into eternity, and a half smothered cry of horror went up from the crowd of over 500 Klamath Indians who were witnesses of the scene. Wails of deep and bitter anguish issued from the direction of the stockade, from which the wives and children of the poor fellows had a fair view of the shocking scene. The coffins, six in number, had been placed directly in front of the gallows—two or three destined to be unoccupied, as the order commuting sentence of the two returned to the stockade had only been received at 10 o'clock last evening—and provisions had also been made for their burial.

Application was made this morning by the Sheriff of Jackson county for the custody of the Indians indicted by the Grand Jury of that county, but the application was refused by Gen. Wheaton.

The dead Indians were buried just west of the stockade. An examination showed that only the necks of Jack and Black Jim were broken. Hooka Jim and the remainder of the Modoc tribe are to go to Wyoming within ten days, in charge of government troops. Sheriff McKenzie's demand for Hooka Jim and band was refused, as also the writ of habeas corpus of Judge Prim.

Ki. Mathews rode from Fort Klamath to Jacksonville in six hours and fifty five minutes, using three horses, a distance of 92 miles. He beat all competitors 15 to 30 minutes. There were thirteen horses against him.

Born.

In this city, on Friday, October 10th, to the wife of Judge L. O. Sterns, a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Money Wanted!

DR. J. M. BOYD RESPECTFULLY informs all those indebted to him that his necessities compel him to have money to meet his liabilities, therefore he hopes those indebted to him, either by note or book account, will come and pay up. He must have money or somebody else will settle his business for him; and it will be easier to settle with me than with some other person.
DR. J. M. BOYD.
n2314.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the partnership heretofore existing between R. D. McCord and Peter Deisenroth was dissolved on the 19th day of September, 1873. R. D. McCord having withdrawn from the business by mutual consent.
R. D. McCord.
Baker City Oct. 13th, 1873. n2326.

Dissolution Notice.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETO-fore existing between G. W. Lake and Thos. Lake, of Malheur City, is dissolved by mutual consent.
Either party is authorized to settle and collect the accounts.
G. W. LAKE.
THOS. LAKE.
Malheur City, Oct. 14th, 1873.—n2326.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE OF SALE ON EXECUTION.
BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Baker, upon a judgment rendered in the Justice Court for the Precinct of Shasta, on the Fourth day of June, A. D. 1873, in favor of G. W. Lake and Thomas Lake, and against Anthony Moore and Brothers, for the sum of One Hundred and Ninety-seven Dollars and Seventeen cents, coin, to me directed against the property of the said Anthony Moore and Brothers, I have levied upon and shall expose at Public Sale to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1873,

At Two o'clock, P. M., at the Court House Door, in Baker City, Baker County, Oregon, the following described property, to-wit: That certain Flumes situated in the Mormon Basin Creek, known as the Moore and Perry Flume, and used to work what is known as Perry and Moore's Mining Ground, near the mouth of Mormon Basin Creek. All the right, title and interest of the said Anthony Moore and Brothers, or either of them, in and to said property, will be sold as aforesaid, to satisfy said execution and costs and accruing costs.
Dated at Baker City, this 15th day of October, A. D. 1873. JAMES H. SHINN, Sheriff. n2326.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Grant, and to me directed and delivered, for a Judgment rendered in said Court, on the Second day of June, A. D. 1873, in favor of John McCullough, and Ninety-three cents, Plaintiffs, and against Robert Marshall and Henry Bertrand, Defendants, for the sum of (\$178 33) Seventy-eight Dollars and Eighty-seven cents, and Ninety-three cents, Damages, together with Thirty-seven Dollars and twenty-one cent, Tax Costs, and all accruing costs, I have levied on the following Property, to-wit: Two-thirds interest in that certain Water Ditch, running water from Big Creek to Fox Gulch, Burnt River Mining District, Grant County, Oregon; Also, the one undivided Two-thirds interest in the mining Claims, in said Mining District, County and State aforesaid, known as the Marshall, Oldfield and Pucket Claims, with the Tools and Implements and Machinery pertaining thereto, and in Grant County, Oregon.
Notice is hereby given, that on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1873, at the hour of Two o'clock, P. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said Robert Marshall, in and to the above described property, at the Court House Door, in Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon, at Public Auction, for cash in hand, in United States Gold Coin, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.
WM. P. GRAY, Sheriff, Grant County, O. n2327.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Grant, and to me directed and delivered, for a Judgment rendered in said Court, on the Twenty-fifth day of September, A. D. 1873, in favor of Thomas How, and against George W. Anderson, for the sum of (\$80 72) Eighty and Ninety-two cents, Damages, together with (\$93 36) Sixty-six Dollars and Thirty-six cents, Tax costs, and all accruing costs, I have levied on the following Property to-wit: The undivided one half of the Warm Spring Ranch, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances belonging thereto; the above described property being situated on John Day River, at the head of John Day Valley, in Grant County, Oregon, and known as the "How and Anderson Ranch."
Notice is hereby given, that on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1873, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of George W. Anderson, in and to the above described property, at the Court House Door, in Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon, at Public Auction, for cash in hand, in United States Gold Coin, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.
WM. P. GRAY, Sheriff. n2327.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Grant, and to me directed and delivered, for a Judgment rendered in said Court, on the Second day of June, A. D. 1873, in favor of J. P. Martin, Edward Martin and D. B. V. P., J. P. Martin, and against I. J. Haguwood, for the sum of (\$176 50) Eleven hundred and Seventy-six Dollars and Fifty cents, Damages, together with (\$89 87) Thirty-nine Dollars and sixty-seven cents, taxed costs, and all accruing costs, I have levied on the following Property, to-wit: The Saloon and Lot fronting Washington Street, on the West side of said Street, bounded on the North by Neil McCarty's saloon, on the South by J. R. Roy's house and lot, and known as Haguwood's saloon; the above property being situated in Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon.
Notice is hereby given, that on the 20th Day of November, A. D. 1873, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., I will sell all the right, title and interest of said I. J. Haguwood in and to the above described property, at the Court House Door, in Canyon City, Grant County, Oregon, at Public Auction, for cash in hand, in United States Gold Coin, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.
WILLIAM P. GRAY, Sheriff. n2327.

JAS. W. VIRTUE

BAKER CITY, OREGON.

BROKER AND ASSAYER

DEALER

In Gold Dust,

—AND—

GOLD AND SILVER BARS,

—ALSO—

EXCHANGE $\frac{1}{2}$ GREENBACKS.

Office—First door north Odd Fellow's Hall [n19v21f]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Virtue Gold Mining Company

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California; Location of works, Baker County, Oregon.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the Fourth day of October, 1873, an assessment (No. 3) of Seventy-five cents per share was levied upon the capital stock in United States gold coin, payable immediately at the office of the company, No. 426 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the

Twelfth day of November, 1873, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the

Fifteenth day of December, 1873, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Directors.

G. F. BALCOM, Secretary, Office—No. 426 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. n2327.

Summons.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Grant County.

H. Cole and Peter Cohl, a partnership doing business under the firm name of Cole & Company, Plaintiffs,

against
W. R. Fountain, Defendant.

To W. R. Fountain, Defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby commanded and required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you, in the above entitled action, within ten days from the date of the service of this Summons upon you, if served within this county, or if served in any other county within this State, then within twenty days from the date of the service of this Summons upon you, or if served upon you by publication, then by the First day of the County Court, to be held on the First Monday in January, 1874, being the Fifth day of January, 1874, and if you fail to answer, or want judgment, you will take Judgment against you for the sum of Fifty dollars, and for their costs and disbursements.

WILHELM S. LASSWELL, Atty for Plaintiff.

State of Oregon, County of Grant—ss. Let the within Summons be served by publication in the BEDROCK DEMOCRAT, the Litigant Organ for Grant County, Oregon, for six consecutive weeks.

Signed F. C. SELLS, Co. Judge, n2329 Grant Co. Oregon.

Summons.

In the Justices Court for Shasta Precinct State of Oregon, for Baker.

Henry Dickman, Plaintiff,

against
August Engalls, Defendant.

To August Engalls, the above named Defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for the Precinct of Shasta, County and State aforesaid, on the Twenty-fourth day of November, A. D. 1873, at Ten o'clock, A. M., of said day, to answer the above named Plaintiff, in a civil action, and if you fail to answer, or want thereof, Judgment will be rendered against you in favor of Plaintiff hereto, for the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-nine Dollars and Twelve cents, (\$129 12) with the costs and disbursements in this action expended.

You will also take notice that this Summons is published by order of the undersigned, duly made on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1873.

GLENN LOWE, Justice of the Peace for Shasta Precinct. n2323

1873. THE 1874.

Fall & Winter Campaign!

New Store Building

and

New Goods,

in J. W. Virtue's New Bank Block.

BAMBERGER & FRANK,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Enter the Field this Winter with the

LARGEST STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS

Ever Offered in this Market, which are determined to sell for

Smaller Profits

Than any other House in Eastern Oregon. Our Stock embraces every thing in the line of

Dry Goods,

Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

Groceries,

Tobacco and Cigars,

and Everything pertaining to a Complete Stock of

General Merchandise.

Our Stock of Liquors

Is well supplied with the Best Brands of WHISKY, BRANDY,

GIN, WINE, etc., etc.

And we offer the same at Lowest Figures.

TO THE FARMERS!

Farmers wanting anything in the line of Reapers, Mowers, Thrashers, Feed Mills, Wagons, Horse Rakes, Harrows, Plows, or

OTHER AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Wholesale Department

Is kept in our New FIRE PROOF CELLAR. Give us a Call at Virtue's New Bank Block on Front Street, Baker City, Oregon.

BAMBERGER & FRANK.

Baker City, Oct. 1, 1873.—n21f