The Democrat.

Washington Letter.

From our regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3rd, 1896.

Bryan's chances for election are daily growing brighter, according to all the information which reaches Washington. He is losing no friends and the gold democrats are constantly dropping back into line with more or less grace, and, notwithstanding the positive announcement that a gold democratic convention is to be held at Chicago about the first of Sept. to nominate another presidential ticket, there are few democrats hereabouts who believe that anything done at that convention will either jeopardize Bryan's election or play any important part in the campaign. The democratic managers figure that as soon as the campaign gets fairly started, it will be plain to everybody that it must be either Bryan or McKinley and that fully 95 per cent of the democrats will vote for Bryan, and that for every one of the 5 per cent who will vote for McKinley or a gold democrat, or not vote at all, Bryan will get the votes of at least ten silver republicans. The fact that Tammany hall has announced its intention to support Bryan and Sewall, notwithstanding the extraordinary efforts made by prominent gold democrats to get it to withhold action until the New York State Convention met in September, is a straw showing the drift of democratic sentiment in the stronghold of gold which will have much effect in Bryan's favor elsewhere.

Bryan's speech at the monster notification in New York City will not only set the keynote for the democratic campaign, but will set the pace for the republicans to follow, as Mark Hanna has said that the republican plan of campaign would not be settled upon until they have that speech before them. Mr Bryan ought to, and doubtless does feel highly complimented to occupy this position before the country. By the way, speaking of that notification meeting, the railroads running into New York City seem disposed to throw obstacles in the way of democrats who wish to attend that meeting. The democrats at Washington applied to the two railroads having direct lines to New York for a reduced fair for the meeting and were informed that no reduction would be allowed. This somewhat unusual action on the part of the railroads which are ordinarily only too anxious to offer inducements in the shape of reduced fare to any large crowd, has been much commented upon, and many think it only a part of the general plan of the moneyed and corporate interests to fight Bryan and Sewall; but it has not dampened the enthusiasm of the Washington democrats. They may not carry as many as would have gone had a reasonable reduction of fare been allowed them, but they will go, and will carry a considerable number all the same. No date has been set for the local ratification meeting, but it is expected that it will be after the New York meeting and that Mr Bryan will speak. Mr J R McLean, who was a candidate before the Chicago convention, will be asked to preside.

Representative Meredith, of Va., says of his state: "It is all one way in Va. A large number of the republicans and all of the populists are going to support the democratic ticket which will carry the state by a big majority. There will be no large defection of gold democrats from the ticket, and for every bolter there will be two acquisitions from the republicans."

Mr J G Shanklin, Indiana member of the democratic national committee, brings good news from his section. He says Indiana is certain to go for Bryan and Sewall by a large majority; that not more than one thousand gold democrats will bolt, while more than ten times that many silver republicans will vote the democratic ticket, and that there are good reasons for hoping that Ohio will go democratic, while the chances are in favor of Bryan carrying the whole Mississippi valley.

It may sound like the most rabid sort of rainbow chasing for democrats to be talking not only of the possibility but of the probability that Pennsylvania can be carried by Bryan and Sewall, Mr W J Brennan, who has just returned from a trip through the mining section of that state, said: "Free silver has made converts by the thousand in all that section. I talked with a great many of the men who worked in the mines, for, having been an employer of labor in the coal belt, I know many of them personally. They nearly all told me that they were going to vote for Bryan. For years the mine workers have experienced the hardest sort of luck, and with an average employment of not over one hundred days in a year, they have scarcely been able to make a living for their families. The farmers are almost as bad off, through the depreciation of farming lands and their products. Knowing Pennsylvania as I do, I have no hesitation in saying that, with the proper effort and organization, and the thorough canvass of the state by men who can explain the silver side of the controversy, it is debatable ground, and the republicans would be put to their best trumps to carry it for McKinley."

The newspaper, not the pamphlet that reads like an advertisement is the great medium for reaching people contemplating immigration to a new country. The DEMOCRAT has an illustration. Recently a gentleman from a Mississippi valley subscribed for the WEEKLY DEMOCRAT. A letter has just arrived in which he says; "Your paper reaches us every week, and we are very much pleased with it. One can get a very much better idea of a country than from any other source from a newspaper."

Most men who go to the polls in November will intend to vote for prosperity and good times. That is what everybody wants, but how to get them is where people differ. There is an immense crowd who believe a vote for Mr. Bryan will have the best effect that way, notwithstanding the continual shout, evidently campaign thunder, that it will mean ruin and calamity.

Congressman E O. Brookshire, says of Bryan: "William J. Bryan is a man of high character and superior intelligence and is inspired by a lofty patriotism. He symbolizes in the fullest measure what the West and South stand for, and if elected he will be an ideal president in the estimation of the common people, as was Mr. Lincoln, for, like Mr. Lincoln, he is one of them."

Congressman Arthur H. Taylor of Indiana, has this opinion of Bryan: W. J. Bryan represents the highest type of American manhood. He is fearless, honest and able. My service with him in congress and personal knowledge of his character warrants me in saying that he will make an ideal president."

Droppings From the Mud-sills of the Goldbug Press.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:

"Bryan is a demagogue, a fool, and a million or more fools are with him." "Bryan is an anarchist, a shouter, and a leader of tramps." "The honest, gold-standard, respectable class own this country, and this vicious element that supports Bryan, should meet under the red flag, so that we may have an opportunity to shoot them down."

The above are specimens of the vile rot emanating from an un-American mob of partizans and newspapers. Tilden was abused, Hancock in like manner; Cleveland received his share. Hancock was ridiculed and his record as a Union soldier belittled. Cleveland was stigmatized as a hangman. Is it by venomous outbursts as the above that the republican party press expect to elect McKinley? It is poltroonery of the lowest order, and totally devoid of decency. It would be equivolent and as just, were this writer to supply a line and make a couplet of the Oregonian's assertion that "Bryan is a demagogue."

"If Bryan is a demagogue,
Then old Mark Hanna is a hog."

The gold standard, is a peculiar standard; in fact, it has not got a leg to stand on. When a cause is weak and lacks ground on which to base an honest argument, its advocates descend to abuse; but abuse is no argument, and body, brains and breeches of the gold standard are so dead that they are past resurrection. Of late years it has seemed impossible for any party to nominate a candidate in opposition to the republican party without witnessing a vile outburst of defamation. No other party is guilty of it to such an unlimited degree.

Bryan does not suit them; of course not. Do they expect the opposition to take counsel with the enemy and nominate a goldite? No doubt but what they did expect it; then, the financial question would have rested in statu quo, the unsettled manner in which it stands at present, and they could have proceeded in the same old way with tariff agitation. The tariff issue having sank out of sight—where it ought to remain—the fabulous fifty cent dollar scheme comes to the surface coupled with abuse of their opponent, the able, manly and conscientious Bryan. They have descended to their normal filth, their congenial sink of effete defamation. The republican leaders are now asking for a repetition of the prosperous times of 1892, under Harrison's administration. That is another peculiarity; but, possibly they mean it. In July 1892, the homestead riots occured, the result of the high McKinley tariff. With the success of the tariff bill, Carnegie and other steel workers promised their men a raise, but when the bill went into effect, they reduced the pay of the men, 15 per cent, hence the strike, and the arrival of Pinkerton detectives to shoot the men down, and the resulting riot. No civilized country in Europe would allow a band of mercenaries to assume police power. If that is republican party prosperity the sooner it is squelched the better.

Look at the manner in which the great coal strike in Great Britain was settled. No Pinkerton there nor militia either. It would be absurd to ever think that any other government but this, as at present conducted, would allow Carnegie, Hanna, Pullman, Huntington and others to organize trusts, pool their issues, keep small armies of paid detectives and assume an imperium in imperio. We are going down hill rapidly, the shadow of this plutocratic scheme to operate a government within a government has entered Coos county; justice is forced into the shade, and the purity of the ballot laughed at. This is as easy to demonstrate as it is to say that two and two make four. We charter a town to be dominated by a boss, and the whirligig goes around.

The other day, the recorder of the town alluded to was discharged; next, it may be the mayors's turn. As logging ceases here in the winter months, should it become expedient to close the coal mine for a period, the officers of this farcical municipality would be compelled to join the taborers and take to the railroad ties in a search for more fruitful pastures.

Let us become united in an effort to abolish fraud, local or general, then we may rise to that equitable position we once occupied; otherwise, we will sink beyond redemption. FAIR PLAY.

Coquille City, Aug. 7th.

Is Bryan a Windbag?

A man in the city yesterday was taking a great deal of pleasure in calling Mr Bryan a windbag. Henry Clay and Daniel Webster were also windbags Read one of Mr Bryan's speeches. They are clean and free from demagogery. Below we give some Bryan gems, certainly not the efforts of a windbag:

"They call that man a statesman whose ear is turned to catch the slightest pulsations of a pocket book, and denounce as a demagogue any one who dares to listen to the heart beat of humanity."

"The poor man who takes property by force is called a thief, but the creditor who can by legislation make a debtor pay a dollar twice as large as he borrowed is lauded as the friend of a sound currency. The man who wants the people to destroy the government is an anarchist, but the man who wants the government to destroy the people is a patriot."

"Some, who are ready to use the power of the government to limit the supply of money, in order to prevent injustice to the creditor, are slow to admit the right of the government to increase the currency when necessary to prevent injustice to the debtor. I denounce that cruel interpretation of governmental power which would grant the authority to starve, but would withhold the authority to feed our people—which would permit a contraction of our currency, even to the destruction of all prosperity, but would prohibit the expansion of our currency to keep pace with the growing needs of a growing nation!"

"The gentlemen who are so fearful of socialism when the poor are exempted from an income tax view with indifference those methods of taxation which give the rich a substantial exemption. They weep more because $15,000,000 is to be collected from the incomes of the rich than they do at the collection of $300,000,000 upon goods which the poor consume. And when the attempt is made to equalize these burdens, not fully, but partially only, the people of the South and West are called anarchists.

"I deny the accusation, sirs. It is among the people of the South and West, on the prairies and in the mountains, that you find the staunchest supporters of government and the best friends of law and order."

"I may be in error, but in my humble judgment he who would rob man of his necessary food or pollute the springs at which he quenches his thirst, or steal away from him his accustomed rest, or condemn his mind to the gloomy night of ignorance, is no more an enemy of his race than the man who, deaf to the entreaties of the poor and blind to the suffering he would cause, seeks to destroy one of the money metals given by the Almighty to supply the needs of commerce."

Wm. J. Bryan is 5 feet 10⅝ inches tall, weighs 200 pounds and wears a 7⅛ or 7¼ hat.

All this stuff about insurance policy holders and bank depositors being paid in 53 cent dollars in case of free coinage of silver is mere talk to create prejudice.

Of all the unfair and dishonest statements the worst is the one often reiterated for campaign purposes that voting for Bryan is voting for a 53 cent dollar. It is not, it is voting for a 100 cent dollar. It would be nearer the truth to say that voting for McKinley is voting for a 188 cent dollar, for gold has appreciated. A silver dollar buys more than it did five years ago.

The Roseburg Review says: "Perry Edgar, of Riddle, who went to Cripple Creek, Colo., last June, has returned home, having found no location there that suited him. He will go to work again in Frank Cain's mine, near Salt Creek. Mr Edgar is a republican, but is enthusiastic for Bryan, and declares that the people of Kansas, Colorado and Missouri, where he has been visiting friends, are for the democratic candidate regardless of party affiliations.

At Pittsburg the following notice has been posted in Jones & Laughlin's mills, where 3000 men are employed: "All those in favor of sound money and desirous of getting an honest dollar for a day's work will of their own free will and accord, subscribe one dollar to the campaign funds of the republican national committee." This is a sample of 1896 politics. Sound money. Why that is what we all want. We are going to have silver and gold anyway. Why not have them on a parity, and free coinage is what will do the thing.

The Examiner gives a list of the Union League Club's committee to raise funds for the purpose of fighting free silver. The name of John D Rockefeller, head of the Standard Oil trust, is worth $125,000,000; next, Cornelius Vanderbilt is worth $60,000,000; C P Huntington manager of the S P R R Co, $60,000,000 J Pierepont Morgan, head of the bond syndicate, $25,000,000; Andrew Carnegie, the steel manufacturer, $20,000,000, the wealth of the first twenty-six named aggregating $556,500,000. Then come twenty-four, each worth over a million a piece; next twelve worth $250,000 apiece, and the remainder of the committee are all men of wealth. No wonder Hanna has little trouble in raising a campaign fund of $10,000,000 in Wall Street alone.

In a Salem window on a large card is placed 10 silver dollars. In plain print on the card are the words, "Ten silver dollars of 412½ grains, worth $10 the world over, because of United States credit." Underneath, on the same card, is a block of silver which is the melted product of 10 silver dollars, with the printed explanation, "Worth $5.24½ the world over, because of intrinsic value." On the same card is placed a $10 gold piece of 28⅜ grains, with the inscription, "Good for $10 the world over because of intrinsic value." Along with this is a piece of gold obtained by melting a $10 gold piece, and it is inscribed, "Good for $10 the world over because of intrinsic value." Therein is suggested the crime of 1873, which demonetized silver and appreciated the value of gold until the relative positions were as shown. Silver will always be a money of the people, and it is unquestionably the duty of the government to put it on an equal footing with gold by providing for its free coinage so that such a so-called object lesson would be impossible. This lesson should make the duty plain for voters to cast their ballots against any single standard scheme that keeps the intrinsic values of gold and silver so far apart. The amount of silver available for money is a little over 15½ times more than gold available for money, hence the natural relationship in an intrinsic sense is approximately 16 to 1 and with just laws that is what would be the result. A boy ought to be able to see that inasmuch as silver is bound to be an established money of our country as well as gold it should have an established relationship and be on a parity with gold backed by the government.

A Pointed Letter.

WASHINGTON, August 6, 1896.

To Bishop John P. Newman, Methodist Episcopal Church, Philadelphia—Dear Sir: I am pained to see in the public press a statement to the effect that you have joined the enemies of your country to oppress and rob the great mass of your fellow citizens. If the published quotations from your speech are correct you have indorsed the clandestine legislation of 1873, whereby one-half of the metallic money of the world was destroyed and the value of the other half doubled. You have also indorsed the schemes of the money powers of London and New York to control the gold of the world, advance its purchasing power, reduce the value of property and services and thereby build up a monied oligarchy on the ruins of the republic.

There is no excuse for a man of your intelligence to advocate the gold standard. You know that the purchasing power of gold has been advanced by fraudulent legislation and wicked manipulation fully 100 per cent; that the rich have been made richer and the poor poorer; that the Government of the United States is fast becoming a government of plutocracy.

In former days you mourned over the practices by which the earnings of the masses were transferred to a few. Now you even go so far as to advocate the election of William McKinley, who indorsed the policy of Grover Cleveland, John Sherman, of Pierpont Morgan and the Rothschilds on both sides of the Atlantic.

Do you know that William McKinley, or rather Mr. Hanna, who controls the action of Mr. McKinley, contends that the United States has no power "to coin money and regulate the value thereof," although the constitution expressly confers such a power?

I thank you that you have told the people of your evil purposes This may have been indiscreet on your part, but I assure you that it will put honest men on guard against the wicked work you propose; and, perhaps, your evil boasting may prove a boomerang and a benefit to the cause of honest money and honest men. Yours truly.

WILLIAM STEWART.

MISFITS.

Hard times have nothing to do with institutions kept up by the people. $218 was recently paid for a wagon for the Soldiers home.

The "Battle of Waterloo" has been suggested as an appropriate McKinley campaign song. Mr. McKinley has been likened to Napoleon and his nomination was on the anniversary of his defeat.

A San Francisco police clerk, one belonging to Judge Campbell's court, and who was soundly thrashed not long ago by that irrepressible jurist, has been nominated for congress by the republicans. Thus men rise to greatness at a single jump.

Mayor Pennoyer is attending to his own business in an official way in a very decided manner, and it is interesting to notice that some people don't like it. No doubt that fact pleases the mayor.

Several big Chicago men circulated Mexican coins in Chicago as an object lesson. It proved a boomerang, and now several men are to be prosecuted for circulating foreign coins illegally. It was a very silly as well as dishonest object lesson.

The editorial association will meet in Astoria. An enterprising saloon keeper has sent copies of the Budget to editors over the state with his saloon advertisement marked. In about nine cases out of ten it will hit the mark.

Judge Burnett, of Corvallis, has issued the following toast to Bryan: "The people's money, both gold and silver, what was created by God, and united in holy constitutional bonds by the fathers, at a ratio of 16 to 1, let no man put asunder."

Attorney Skipworth the other day purchased two new axes, one for his office and the other for his residence, and placed them in the wood closet in the I. O. O. F. building for safe keeping. Some person stole both of them Friday or Saturday night.—Guard. The moral is plain.

What is the use of officials giving bonds anyway. The folowing from the Vale Gazette gives a common result: In a conversation Sunday with Wm. Hanley, a leading citizen of Burns, we were informed that it is probable the bondsmen of Gittings the defaulting sheriff, cannot be forced to pay any of the amounts embezzled on account of the careless manner of drawing up the bonds—one of which has no date at all upon it—and upon the illegal proceedings of the county court.

Mrs. Ollie Stephens in The Dalles Times Mountaineer gives a beautiful description of Newport and surroundings. Her good word for its healthfulness will be interesting to Albany people: First, above all it is one of the most healthful places on the Pacific coast. Funerals are almost unknown here. "Aunt," or Mrs. Kester says: "We never have funerals here; when we want one, we select the meanest man here and kill him."

The Salem Journal tells the following: In the closing argument of the state vs Ed Brown, Attorney W. H Holmes became quite poetical. The following extract is taken from that portion of the argument in which the attorney was speaking of the horses ridden by Brown and McDowell:

Brown rode a gray,
McDowell had a bay,
And Ramsden saw them
Many rods away.

A lady bicyclist is a wonderful thing in Bandon according to the Recorder: The first lady bicyclist that we ever saw on our beach, was here this season. She was a fine, handsome and attractive looking lady. She came here from Roseburg and was accompanied by her husband, a dashing young fellow, who also rode his bike. It would do a fellow good to see how she handled her bike and made it fly over the hard sand "like a thing of life," and even if she did tumble over on the hard sand, it would not hurt her, and if she fell among the small pebbles and agates they could not do her any harm.

The DEMOCRAT has received some resolution tracts from the Woman's Rescue League with headquarters at Washington, D. C. It is after the bicycle red hot. It has found that the bicycle increases immorality, is a curse creating invalids, that disease is most apalling from use of the bicycle, that it makes outcast women, that the bicycle run for Christ should be called the bicycle run for satan, therefore the League denounces bicycle riding by young women, because of imprudent associations in language and dress, and by married women as the tendency is to prevent motherhood, and they appeal to all to aid in denouncing the present craze. The DEMOCRAT believes entirely different from the Woman's League on most of its points and instead of denouncing feels like commending the bicycle properly and temperately ridden.

Look at This.

I have 48 lots with fair house. All kinds of fruit, all in one body, close to college and city public school, to trade for residence in Albany. Look this up. Good place to make money or for speculation. G. W. Maston.

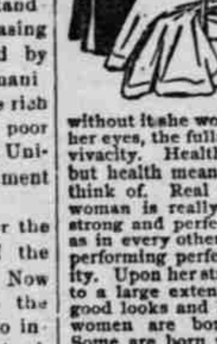
If you want a good and clean smoke buy cigars made by our Albany cigar factory.

Pure Drugs Fred Dawson's.

BORN.

DAWSON.—On Sunday, Aug. 9, 1896, on Calapooia street, between 5th and 6th streets, in Albany, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dawson—a girl.

BRODERS.—On Sunday, Aug. 9, 1896, on Calapooia street, between 5th and 6th streets, in Albany, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Broders—a boy.



Why is one woman attractive and another not? It isn't entirely a question of age or features or intellect. The most admirable and attractive thing about an attractive woman is her womanliness. Everybody admires a womanly woman. Everybody doesn't realize just what it is that makes her womanly. She must have health, of course, because without it she would lose the brightness of her eyes, the fullness of her cheeks and her vivacity. Health brings all these things but health means more than most people think of. Real health must mean that a woman is really a woman. That she is strong and perfect in a sexual way, as well as in every other. That she is capable of performing perfectly the duties of maternity. Upon her strength in this way depends to a large extent her general health, her good looks and her attractiveness. Some women are born stronger than others. Some are born with what is called "constitutional weakness." It is easier for some women to retain health and strength than it is for others. Some seem able to do anything they like, whenever they like, without serious results. Still, there is no reason why women should not enjoy perfect health. Those who do not, need only take the proper precautions and the proper remedy to become perfectly well and strong. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any derangement of the distinctly feminine organism. It is absolutely certain. There are some who have neglected themselves so long that a complete cure is next to impossible, but even these will find comfort and improved health in the use of the "Favorite Prescription." It has cured hundreds of women who have received no relief whatever from years of treatment with good physicians. It is absolutely unique in the history of medicine. Such a remedy can be discovered only once. There is nothing in the world like it, nor has there ever been. Hundreds of things that every woman ought to know, are contained in Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, which will be sent *absolutely free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Bryan at New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The crowd that gathered at the Jersey station of the Pennsylvania railroad to greet the Bryan party was not as large as had been expected, 1000 in all probably paying their way to the ferry-house in order to see the redoubtable orator of the West. But it was a crowd that made the 50 Jersey City policemen display every bit of their ability in subduing those who were enthusiastic to the core. It was a crowd that was as cosmopolitan in its nature as it was evidently democratic in its proclivities and sympathies. The majority of the men stood with their coats off to relieve themselves of the terrific heat.

Bryan to Read His Speech

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 11.—On top of the intelligence that Bryan's voice will not be in good trim for the speech at Madison Square Garden tomorrow evening, comes the further news that he contemplates reading it from manuscript. This will be a decided departure in the methods of Bryan. It is reported his determination is due to the desire to have its effect attributed rather to the contents than to the manner of delivery.

A Walla Walla Murder

WALLA WALLA, Aug. 11.—August Roman, a Frenchman, about 45 years old, was murdered by some unknown persons within the city limits, either Monday morning or last night.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased was murdered by persons unknown. It is supposed that when Roman started for the mountains he fell into the hands of hobos, who, thinking he had money, took his revolver away from him and murdered him.

Fearful Heat.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Another day of the fearful heat which is oppressing this section has added a page of fatalities and suffering more remarkable than its predecessors. In New York city, in Brooklyn and all adjacent towns, and throughout the states of New York and New Jersey, today's reports of deaths and prostrations overshadow the record of any day in many years. In this city alone the death list for 24 hours has footed up at midnight more than 100 names. Brooklyn adds about 20 to the list, and the heat victims in suburban towns bring the total up to 150

A Low Price

WOODBURN, Or., Aug. 11.—The Hopgrowers' Association held a meeting today in Barrow's hall. Among other business transacted, the association decided to pay only 25 cents per box for picking, and $1.25 per day for measurers and others working by the day. It is thought plenty of pickers can be secured at this price. There will not be more than half a crop. A great many yards have not been cultivated, and will not be picked at the present price.

Continued Heat

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The deaths caused by the heat in Greater New York is 100, and additional victims are being reported hourly.

The prostrations are almost innumerable, and no accurate statement of them can be made. Ambulances and patrol wagons have been running about all day, the sound of their gongs becoming familiar. Street-car horses have dropped in their tracks by scores. Out of door work has been largely suspended, and many factories are temporarily closed.

Great Enthusiasm.

DELPHOS, O., Aug. 10.—Mr Bryan left Chicago on the Pennsylvania Central a little before midnight. At South Chicago and other suburban stations large crowds surrounded the train and gave vent to their enthusiasm by the aid of fireworks and brass bands. Bryan was feeling unusually good over the meeting at Chicago with A J Warner, of the Bimetallic league, and George E Peck, of Wisconsin. Peck was recently against Bryan, but has changed front and assured Bryan that he will carry Wisconsin. Everywhere they have been greeted by immense enthusiasm.

In St Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—The deaths in this city due directly to heat since August 1, number 85. It is noted that fully four-fifths of these deaths have been of adults, but very few women. Most of the heat victims have been among the laboring classes, and at least two thirds of the fatalities have been among those addicted to drink.

A Feeler.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The Standard has a dispatch from Madrid, which says:

"The government has prepared a memorandum, carefully worded, so as not to give offense to President Cleveland and the American nation, detailing the history of the Cuban trouble and of Spain's relations with the American republic, and suggesting to the powers mediation with the view of pressing America to a stricter observance of neutrality.

He Was a Liar

DENVER, Aug. 10.—A special to the News from Grand Junction, Col., says Senator Henry M Teller, accompanied by his wife and children, arrived in this city today. When asked by a bystander in the hotel lobby what truth was in the report started by Senator Thurston that Bryan was employed by a silver syndicate, he said:

"Thurston knows better than that; he had no business to assert such a falsehood I felt like calling him down myself, but I understand it will be done by Bryan.

A Foolish Man.

BAKER CITY, Or., Aug. 10.—Edward Boyer, of Upper Burnt river, aged 24, shot and killed himself in the presence of Miss McClannahan his affianced, because his parents opposed their marriage. He left letters explaining his action.

Fatal Heat.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The report of fatalities resulting from heat in various sections of the country indicate that the present hot spell will be as disastrous in effect as a national calamity or plague. The death roll of today exceeds 128 in the principal places. Following is the reported fatalities:

New York and vicinity, 50; Philadelphia, 18; Washington, 16; Baltimore, 19; Bayonne, N J 3; Newark 3; Albany, 12; Jersey City, 1; Pittsburg, 1; Rochester, 1; Chicago, 15; Louisville, 1; Memphis, 1; Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 5; San Antonia, 1.

London Markets.

LONDON, Aug 9.—The Chicago failure of Moore Brothers, and the troubles in Eastern Europe combined to make the past week on the stock exchange one of the most depressed in a long period. With the exception of Colonials and corporation stocks not likely to be affected by political disturbances, almost every description of stocks was lower. Mines were depressed. Foreign securities were flat on apprehension of a new policy by Russia towards Turkey. Spaniards were exceptionally weak on account of difficulties connected with the finding of money for the Cuban campaign.

A Triple Lynching

HAHNVILLE, La., Aug. 9.—There was a triple lynching in town just before 11 o'clock last night, and the bodies of three Italian murderers were found swinging from the rafters of a shed near the courthouse this morning. One of the men is Lorenzo Saladino, who assassinated Jules Gueymard at Freetown last Tuesday night, and the others were Decino Socorro and Angelo Marcuso.

A Wrecked Steamship

MONTEREY, Cal., Aug. 9.—The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer St Paul, bound for San Francisco ran ashore at 10:30 o'clock last night, near Moss beach, and is now wedged on the rocks on which she struck The 40 passengers on board were safely landed at 4 o'clock this morning, and most of them took the afternoon train for San Francisco.

Fastest Yet.

ST LOUIS, Aug. 9.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, after three preliminary trials, cyclist E E Anderson wheeled a mile in 1:03 over a plank path He was paced by a locomotive pulling a coach, and rode a wheel geared to 92. Anderson could have beaten this time a few seconds, but he mistook the signals and slowed up a little too soon.

Several Drowned.

DETROIT, Aug. 9.—A heavy wind and thunder storm, which swept over this city this evening, resulted in the drowning of at least three men in the Detroit river, and several yachtsmen had narrow escapes after the capsizing of their craft. Two others were drowned during the afternoon from other causes.

CROWNED WITH HONOR.

The Great Presbyterian, Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., of New York.



What Paine's Celery Compound Has Done for the Eloquent Preacher.

From no one class of men has Paine's celery compound received more unstinted praise for its wonderful powers of making the sick to be well again than from ministers of the gospel in every denomination.

Rev. Father Ouellet, Rev. Dr Meek, the editor of the "Central Methodist," Rev. Dr. Baird, Rev. W. J. White, D. D., of the Georgia Baptist, are among the hosts of clergymen who have gratefully published, that their experience might be of benefit to others, the ever true story of how this greatest of all remedies makes people well, building up the shattered nerves, enriching the thin blood and rooting out disease.

Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York city, is a man crowned with honor. Before going to the celebrated church where he now preaches in New York he served in prominent pulpits in Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg and Kansas City. He has written much and well on themes of public interest, presided over the Centennial General Assembly in Philadelphia, and has been often a commissioner and chairman of leading committees, and an exceptionally forcible debater in all the church courts.

His large charity has made him a welcome representative of his church to other churches and to his brethren of other lands.

Dr. Thompson is a prodigious worker. He is one of the many thousands who have discovered what Paine's celery compound does for those who are worn out by labor, who are suffering from some stage of nervous exhaustion, and who require a health-giving remedy that will speedily replenish the system with proper nutriment.

Writing from New York on June 23, Dr. Thompson said:

"I think to the use of Paine's celery compound is due the fact that after a winter of exhausting work I have been able to carry my duties through the enervating springtime with unusual ease and comfort."

To the multitude who suffer from the enervating effects of the warm weather in this climate, this plain, straightforward statement from so eminent and fearless a clergyman should be heeded.

Paine's celery compound has put an end to an enormous amount of sickness and disease.

It began at the very outset of its splendid career to cure men and women of kidney troubles, liver complaint and nervous prostration. Its speedy and lasting cures of all these nerve and blood disorders were not slow in spreading its reputation through every state in the country. Physicians everywhere greeted the great remedy as the most enlightened, most skillful means that could be employed for invigorating the "run-down" system.

Thousands of wholly disinterested men and women saw their neighbors and townspeople made well by Paine's celery compound.

This epoch making discovery in medicines due to the patience, thoroughness and zeal of the great Dartmouth College scientist, stands today unquestioned as the greatest brain and nerve strengthener and restorer the world possesses.

Thirtieth Year.

ALBANY COLLEGE.

CALENDAR FOR 1896-7

1896—Sept. 16—College Year begins		Wednesday
Nov. 26-27—Thanksgiving Day recess, Thurs. and Fri.		
Dec. 21—Term examinations begin		Monday
Dec. 23—First Term ends		Wednesday
Winter Vacation of Twelve Days		
1897—Jan 5—Second term begins		Tuesday
Feb 22—Washington's Birthday a holiday,		Monday
April 6—Term Examinations begin		Tuesday
April 8—Second Term ends		Thursday
Arbor Day Vacation of Four Days		
April 12—Third Term begins		Tuesday
June 8—Final Examinations begin		Tuesday
June 13—Baccalaureate Sermon		Sabbath forenoon
June 13—Address before the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A.		Sabbath evening
June 14—Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees		Monday afternoon
June 14—Junior Orations		Monday evening
June 15—Graduating Exercises of the Conservatory of Music		Tuesday forenoon
June 15—Popular Entertainment		Tuesday evening
June 16—Commencement		Wednesday
June 16—Alumni Re-union		Wednesday evening

Four Courses of Instruction leading up to degrees. Well equipped Business and Music courses, with appropriate diplomas. Catalogue free.

For further information, address

WALLACE HOWE LEE, President, Albany, Or.

The Indestructible "Maywood" BICYCLE.



PATENTS Feb. 24, 1891 May 17, 1891 Oct. 3, 1893 Jan. 1, 1895 Jan. 21, 1896 Others Pending

The "Maywood" is the *strongest and simplest bicycle* ever made. Adapted for all kinds of roads and riders. Made of material that is *solid, tough and wiry*; simple in construction easily taken apart and put together; has few parts; is of such wiry construction that its parts will hold together even in an accident; no hollow tubing to crush in at every contact; a frame that cannot be broken; so simple that its adjusting parts serve as its connecting parts; a one-piece crank in place of a dozen parts; always ready to give reliable and rapid transportation. FRAME—Improved double diamond, guaranteed for three years. Made of ⅝-inch cold rolled steel rods (toughest and strongest metal for its weight known); joined together with aluminum bronze fittings in such a manner that it is impossible to break or any part work loose; a marvel of novelty, simplicity and durability; the greatest combination of ingenuity in bicycle mechanism known, to build a frame without brazen joints and tubing, as you know that frames continually break and fracture at brazen joints, and tubes when they are buckled in cannot be repaired. WHEELS—28-inch, warranted wood rims, piano wire tangent spokes and brass nipples. HUBS—Large barrel pattern. TIRES—"Arlington" Hosepipe or Morgan & Wright Quick Repair, or some other first-class pneumatic tire. BEARINGS—Ball bearings to every part, including wheels, crank axle, steering head and pedals. CUPS AND CONES—Best quality tool steel, carefully tempered and hardened. CHAINS—High grade hardened centers, rear adjustment. CRANKS—Our celebrated one-piece crank, fully protected by patents; no cotter pins. REACH—Shortest, 28 inches; longest, 37 inches. GEAR—64 or 72. FRONT FORK—Indestructible; fork crown made from gun-barrel steel. HANDLE BAR—Reversible and adjustable; easily adjusted to any position desired; ram's horn furnished if ordered. SADDLE—P. & F., Gilliam, or some other first-class make. PEDALS—Rat-trap or rubber; full ball bearing. FINISH—Enameled in black, with all bright parts nickel plated. Each Bicycle complete with tool bag, pump, wrench and oiler. Weight, according to tires, pedals, saddles, etc., 27 to 30 pounds.

$40 is our Special Wholesale Price. Never before sold for less. To quickly introduce the "Maywood" Bicycle, we have decided to make a special coupon offer, giving every reader of this paper a chance to get a first-class wheel at the lowest price ever offered. On receipt of $35.00 *and coupon* we will ship to anyone the above Bicycle, securely crated, and guarantee safe delivery. Money refunded if not as represented after arrival and examination. We will ship C. O. D. with privilege of examination, for $35.00 and coupon provided $5.00 is sent with order as a guarantee of good faith. A written binding warranty with each Bicycle. This is a chance of a lifetime and you cannot afford to let the opportunity pass. Address all orders to

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162 West Van Buren Street, Bx 21 03, CHICAGO, ILL.

Coupon No. 21 03
GOOD FOR
$5.00
IF SENT WITH ORDER FOR
No. 5 Maywood ...Bicycle...

FOR SALE.—Mr. Ed Schmeer wishes to sell the furniture and fixtures of the Delmonica restaurant by the piece. Any-one wishing to buy will do well to call at once.

BINDER FOR SALE.—A buckeye binder, in use five years. Good for several years service. Call and see the machine on Locke farm, one mile south of Corvallis. C. C. KENYON.

Notice for Publication

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR.
July 9th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under Sec 2301 R S, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Linn county at Albany, Oregon, on August 28th, 1896, viz Isaac M Roush; H E 10707 for the N ½ of N E ¼, and E ½ of N W ¼ of Sec 24, Tp 10 S R 5 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: L C Ives, H O Lewis, A T Ives, E E Curtis, all of Detroit, Oregon. ROBERT A MILLER, Register

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR,
July 9th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Linn county at Albany, Oregon, on August 28th, 1896, viz: C H Cusick; H E 10720 for the W ½ of the N W ¼ of Sec 20 and E ½ of N E ¼ of Sec 19, Tp 10 S R 5 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: J C Roe, J C Monroe, J L Berry, all of Berry, Oregon, and J W Cusick of Albany, Oregon.

ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR.
July 8th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Marion county, at Salem, Or., August 25th, 1896, viz: John A W Heidecke; H E 11169 for the S ½ of N E ¼, N ½ of S E ¼ of Sec 36 T 10 S R 7 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: N J Ferrell, Frank Haas, E. G. White and C. J. Olmstead all of Detroit, Marion Co. Oregon.

ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR.
August 4th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county clerk of Linn county, at Albany, Oregon, on Sept. 19th, 1896, viz: Domosthenes Clifford; H E 8803 for the S W ¼ of Sec 24, Tp 10 S, R 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: D Neal, Albert Neal, W H Small, Chas Riester, all of Jordan, Oregon.

ROBERT A. MILLER, Register.

Notice.

U S Land Office, Oregon City. Oregon,
July 23, 1896.

Complaint having been entered at this office by John Y Crocker against Jacob Peale for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 9508, dated Sept 10th, 1891, upon the S E ¼ of N W ¼ and N ½ of N W ¼ Section 24, Township 10 S Range 1 W, in Linn county, Oregon with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at U S Land Office Oregon City, Oregon, on the 5th day of September, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

ROBERT A MILLER, Register,
WM GALLOWAY, Receiver.

CITY TREASURERS NOTICE NO. 3.

Notice is hereby given that funds are on hand to pay outstanding warrants of the Issue of 1896, from No. 122 to 149 inclusive. interest on such warrants will cease with the date of this notice.

Albany, Or., July 30, 1896.
E A PARKER, City Treas.

U S Marshals Sale,

Under and by virtue of a writ of execution to the undersigned, the United States marshal for the District of Oregon directed, issued out of the United States Circuit Court for the District of Oregon, and bearing test the 11th day of August, 1896, in a cause therein wherein Bank of California is plaintiff and James L Cowan, doing business as the Bank of Lebanon is defendant, upon judgment recovered therein by the said plaintiff against the said defendant on the 23rd day of October 1893, for the sum of six thousand five hundred and ninety-six and 92 100 dollars ($6596.92) and $164.86 costs, whereby I was commanded and directed, among other things, for the purpose of making the said moneys and the costs accruing on execution, to sell the following described property as the property of James L Cowan, and the estate, title and interest of him, the said James L Cowan held on the 21st day of September, 1893, the date upon which the said property was levied upon in attachment upon a writ of attachment issued in the said action.

I will, on the 25th day of September, 1896, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., at the front door of the County Court House of the County of Linn, State of Oregon, in the city of Albany, sell

The northwest quarter of block thirty-three of the city of Albany, Linn County, Oregon, as the said block is numbered and designated on the recorded maps and plats of said city on file in the office of the county Recorder of said county, and being the maps and plats thereof in common use, as the property of the said James L. Cowan, and the estate, title and interest of him, the said James L. Cowan held or held therein on the 21st day of September, 1893, that being the date upon which I heretofore levied upon the said property under the writ of attachment issued in the said cause. Terms of sale cash, sale to be made subject to redemption, as provided by law.

HENRY C GRADY,
United States Marshal,
Per George Humphrey, Deputy.

Timber Land Notice.

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY,
June 3rd, 1896

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892. Perry G Hibbard, of Detroit, county of Marion, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3009 for the purchase of the N ½ S E ¼ and S ½ N E ¼ of section No 11 in Township No 10 S, Range No 4 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1896. He names as witnesses: J O Fox, J B Moore, both of Detroit, Marion county, Oregon, and H Cannady, A L Bills, both of Niagara, Marion county Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 26th day of September, 1896

ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY OR.
July 7th, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Oregon City, Oregon, on August 25th, 1896, viz: J B Wirt, guardian of Ella Wirt, insane; H E 8102 for the S ½ of S W ¼ and S ½ of S E ¼ of Sec 4 Tp 12 S R 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: J K Charlton, Mrs Wm Woolsley, both of Lebanon, Or., E L Bean, T W Curran, both of Albany, Oregon.

ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that C. C. Hogue has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of J. M. Irving, deceased, by the County Court of Linn County Oregon, and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to the undersigned at his office in Albany Oregon, duly verified with the proper vouchers, within six months from the date hereof.

C. C. HOGUE, as administrator of the estate of J. M. Irving deceased,
Dated Albany Or., July 3d, 1896.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the county court of Linn county, Oregon, as the administrator of the estate of J F Price deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me duly verified as by law required within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated this 6th day of June, 1896.
WEATHERFORD & WYATT, J A PERRY
Attys for Admr. Administrator

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HOUSE MOVING, Carefully, promptly, at the lowest price. Call on or address G W Taylor, 4th and Madison Sts Albany.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

FOR SALE.—A fresh ⅞ Jersey cow, by O. C. Aubrey.