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The Democrat.

Democratic Platform.

The following is the democratic platform adopted at Astoria;

The representatives of the democratic party in convention assembled make the following declaration of principles and measures as their platform in the present campaign:

We declare our steadfast adhesion to the fundamental maxim of the democracy, viz: "Government by the people and for the people, honestly and economically administered, for the greatest good of the greatest number." We charge upon the republican party and its reckless legislation all the evils from which the people are now suffering, and assert that the low price of farm products, nonemployment of labor, general depression in business and stagnation of industry, are the results of the unjust and burdensome taxes, high protective tariff system, and other class legislation of the republican party, of which the demonetization of silver in 1873 and the contraction of our currency are instances.

We believe that all taxation should be equal and just, that unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation, and that the wealth of a nation should bear its just proportion of the burdens of the national government, and that we are in favor of an income tax.

We favor the call of a constitutional convention, to submit to the voters of the state a constitution embodying among other things what is known as the initiative and referendum.

We again declare our faith in and advocacy of the imperishable principles of the democratic party as reaffirmed by the Chicago platform.

We have an abiding faith and implicit confidence in the integrity, good faith and patriotism of President Cleveland, and believe that he will accomplish, so far as in his power, before the close of his term of office, all the pledges of the democratic party contained in the national platform, adopted at Chicago in 1892.

We indorse the repeal by congress of the odious federal-election law, and indorse its effort in behalf of tariff reform and to bring about more a prosperous condition of affairs.

We favor the speedy construction of the Nicaragua canal by the government and under government supervision and control.

We reaffirm the position that has ever been maintained by the democratic party, that gold and silver are equally the people's money. We are opposed to all measures of discrimination against silver, and demand free coinage to supply the demands of business, and that all money issued by the government be made a legal tender for all debts, both public and private.

We believe that the pension roll should be one of honor, and we favor liberal pensions to soldiers disabled in the service of our country.

We are in favor of the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

We denounce the act of the last legislature whereby was repealed what is known as "The Mortgage Tax Law," and we demand its re-enactment at the next session.

We demand that all property shall be assessed at its true cash value, and that there shall be deductions only for indebtedness which has a corresponding taxable credit.

We demand the enactment and enforcement of more stringent laws for the protection of the salmon and sturgeon fishing industry, and the abolition of all fishtraps, seines and wheels, and favor more extensive artificial propagation.

We are in favor of liberal appropriations for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, and the adoption of such measures as will tend most speedily to the opening of the Columbia river.

We are opposed to Chinese and all pauper immigration.

We favor a change in the law regulating the adoption of school text books which will invite healthy competition and prevent too frequent changes in the same.

We are in favor of laws for the protection of depositors in banks.

We are in favor of the abolishment of railroad and all other unnecessary commissions.

We favor fixed salaries for all public officers and the abolishment of the fee system, and are opposed to an officer receiving more than his constitutional salary.

We condemn as infamous the attempt of the last legislature to tamper with the purity of our elections by so amending the Australian ballot law as to take from it all its beneficent provisions, and we earnestly oppose any change or modification of said law.

We declare ourselves in sympathy with the just decision of Judge Caldwell, regarding the rights of labor in the recent controversy between the Union Pacific Railroad Company and its employes.

We arraign the last legislature for its waste of the people's money by extravagant and reckless appropriations, and hold the republican party of the state responsible for the shameless and vicious legislation of that body, and we call upon the honest voters of the state to relieve the common wealth of his incubus upon its industry and prosperity by taking the reins from the hands of such incompetent and unworthy servants. The people cannot hope for immunity from corrupt appropriations of public money so long as the party in power is controlled by the combination of spoilsmen, which has and will control the republican party of this state.

Irwin, whom the republicans have nominated for superintendent of public instruction, is another political preacher who should be left at home by a large majority. He is a first class dead beat and by the time he pays the money he owes Salem merchants he will have very little left for campaign purposes. He was superintendent of the Indian School under Harrison and the Statesman was instrumental in securing his removal. Now that paper will be called upon to support him and we have no doubt it will cheerfully respond, as Bob's job may depend upon its doing so.—Salem Democrat.

If Mr Irwin is that kind of man described above he should not be elected and the DEMOCRAT publishes the above to put voters on their guard.

It has been estimated by competent civil engineers that the Mississippi River annually discharges 19,500,000,000 cubic feet of water into the Gulf of Mexico. Of this prodigious quantity the 1-2900th part is sediment. Thus it will be seen that the Mississippi annually deposits enough mud in the gulf to cover a square mile of surface to a depth of 249 feet.

BORN.

HAMMER.—On April 20th, 1894 in Lyons, to the wife of W F Hammer, nominee on the populist ticket for county clerk—a girl,

DIED.

PIERCE.—In Benton county, on April 17, 1894, of consumption, Mrs Jane Pierce, daughter of Mr Thomas Froman of this city.

WARREN.—Youngest son of Porter Slate, April 18, 1894, of scarlet fever.

Hon J J Daly, the democratic candidate for district judge was strongly urged by the Polk county delegation, and in the campaign will hew (it) to the line, let the chips fall where they may.

Hon L H Montanye has been practicing law in Albany many years. He is a temperate, steady man, and if elected prosecuting attorney will make a faithful official.

W H Holmes, of Salem is the democratic candidate for attorney general and if elected will make a safe, careful law officer of the state.

T L Davidson, of Marion county, was nominated by the democrats for state treasurer. He is a farmer, having a large farm near Salem. He is a large owner of fine sheep and stands by the Wilson bill.

We shall in the near future call the attention of the voters of Linn county to the sound planks found in the democratic state and county platforms. We shall also call attention to the salient features in the republican county and state platform.

Charles Nickell, editor of the Jacksonville Times, is the democratic candidate for secretary of state. Charley is one of the most successful newspaper men in the state. He was elected to the legislature two years ago and was found acting in behalf of his people on all matters of legislation. He will, if elected make a good secretary of state.

It is a fact worthy of note that no populist, populist paper, or speaker has yet arisen up to deny the charge made, time and again, in the Democrat to the effect that a tariff reform plank was proposed before the committee on platform in the populist state convention and was rejected by the committee and not allowed to come up before the convention.

Judge A S Bennett of the Dalles was nominated for supreme judge by the democrat. A better selection could not have been made. A ripe scholar, a mature judge of the law, a man whose integrity is beyond question, he would largely dignify the supreme bench by the force and character of his decisions. He was the democratic candidate two years ago, and ran some 3000 votes ahead of his ticket. There is a strong feeling among the people that the court should be divided, that there should be at least one democrat on the bench. Judge Bennett will prove a strong candidate.

The delegates from southern Oregon to the Republican state convention have returned home, covered with glory. They succeeded in nominating a very narrowgage man for a big office when they named Leedy for state printer. He knows very little about the printing business outside of publishing a small country newspaper and has occupied most of his time in villifying his more successful competitors. It is to be hoped that he will broaden out and endeavor to make himself fit for the office in case he is elected. Jacksonville Times

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One of the most earnest, devoted, and enthusiastic public school workers in the state is Prof D V S Reed, principal of the Eugene public schools. He is heart and soul in the work of educating the masses of the people. He is well and favorably know in Linn county and in Albany. He served two terms as county school superintendent and also was principal of the Albany public schools for a number of years As a school officer and teacher, he was the most systematic and thorough going of any ever called into such work in this county Without speaking as a partisan, we hesitate not to say that the people owe it to themselves and the interests they have in public school work to elect Mr Reed state superintendent of public instruction. We are informed that Mr Irwin, the republican candidate, is not a teacher or educator but was nominated by some kind of "pull."

There is not a democrat in the state who should not take pride in voting for Judge Galloway for governor. He is a man of staid integrity and sound democracy, a graduate of Willamette University, a scholarly man of the people, a native Oregonian, a farmer and breeder of fine stock, a careful man in business and a devoted friend of the masses. Elected county judge of Yamhill county four years ago against an adverse republican majority of more than 250, he entered upon the management of the business affairs of that county with an indebtedness of $27,000 which by careful business like methods, he has succeeded in paying off, and leaving the county in a very healthy financial condition with a tax levy of 13 mills for 1894. Not a voter in the state would subject himself to the charge of making a mistake should he, in his wise discretion, vote for Mr Galloway.

J K Weatherford whom the democrats have named for congress in this district needs no introduction to our readers. Of this nomination and that of Mr Raly who was named in the second district, the Oregonian says:

Hon J K Weatherford was born in Unionville, Putnam county, Missouri, March 31, 1850. When 13 years of age, he left his native state and emigrated to Albany, where his youth was spent, a portion of the time in teaching school. In 1874 he began the study of law under the late N H Cranor and finished under Humphrey & Baldwin. He was elected to the office of superintendent of schools in 1874, and in 1875 was admitted to the bar. In 1876 he was elected on the democratic ticket as representative from Linn county, and held the position of speaker of the house during his term of office. In 1884 Mr Weatherford was elected to the office of senator, and in 1886 was chosen mayor of the city of Albany, which office he held for two terms. In 1890 he was again elected state senator, which position he now holds. He was the nominee for secretary of state on the democratic ticket in 1892, being defeated by a small majority.

James H Raly, the nominee for representative of the second district, is a native of Nebraska and is 39 years old. When a boy of 8 he camped with his parents about where the present St Charles hotel stands. He settled in Umatilla county in 1854 where he has since made his home. He ran a drug store a while, and won considerable distinction in Indian fighting. He was twice elected county surveyor and has been in Pendleton city council. He was first elected to the state senate in 1888, and during the last session was very active in the support of his bill to provide for building a state portage railway around The Dalles of the Colombia.

Of the democratic candidate for state printer the Oregonian says:

Captain John O'Brien, candidate for state printer, ran for that office four years ago. He is known chiefly as the presiden of the Portland Federated Trades' Assembly, and an orator of considerable ability and information on political and labor topics.

GARDEN SEEDS.—Every body should have a garden. Are you one who will. Then go to Stewart & Sox Hardware Co and make your selection from a fresh supply of all the seeds in the market, the largest stock in the city.

Foreign Service.

Senator Morgan has introduced a bill for the re-organization of the state department. The bill provides for putting the foreign service on a sounder footing. It makes both the consular and diplomatic services permanent, and provides that members thereof shall be transferred from point to point when the exigencies of the service require it. That the United States has much to gain by having an active and strong diplomatic and consular service is quite apparent. This service is vastly important and its benefits are contingent upon the efficiency and faithfulness of our accredited representatives. In the past these offices have been used to reward personal and political friends, resulting in the impairment of the service to that extent as to render it all but valueless. Under the Cleveland administration there has been a marked change for the better. Men for the diplomatic and consular service were selected for their personal merits and fitness with the inevitable result that the service has been restored to a safe and sound footing and made of some profit and benefit to the government. In order to determine the difference in the men sent abroad by Mr Harrison and those sent by Mr Cleveland one has only to glance over the consular reports. The consular reports under the Cleveland administration are studied documents carefully compiled and made up of information distinctly identified with the customs of the day, with finance and trade, information which is of great value to the American people and particularly to our business men. If all presidents would do like Mr Cleveland, select foreign representatives for their merits, there would be no need of such a law as Senator Morgan proposes and the government would reap many material benefits. The Morgan bill is an important measure and it deserves careful reflection and study.

Off Color.

Senator David B Hill is playing the demagogue to perfection. He is blowing hot and cold, reaching out in this direction and in that direction for one purpose and one purpose only—the presidential nomination in 1896. Whatever chances Hill had have been dissipated. His speech on the Wilson bill is so widely out of harmony with the sentiment of his party that he can never hope to become its standard bearer by popular choice. He is a Randall democrat and his late speech even went farther towards tariff robbery than Sam Randall ever dare go. It was a protection speech and would have won applause in any republican meeting He followed up his attack on tariff reform with an assault on the income tax. It is plain upon the face of it that he is scheming to get New York in the next convention by opposing the income tax bill and his attack on tariff reform is a straight out bid for the support of the pools and trusts. Hill has experienced a sweeping change in sentiment the past year or two. He used to be a pronounced advocate of tariff reform but he is now mounted on the tariff robbery nag and is preparing to run with weights up. Hill is done for so far as the presidency is concerned. He would not receive the support of his party if nominated and it borders on the improbable to contemplate his nomination. His conduct during the past two years has been such as to forever bar him from the confidence and respect of the democratic party.

The New Rule.

The Democrats in the House of Representatives have done well to adopt the new rule which enables the House to count as present, for the purpose of making a quorum, those who are actually present though refusing to answer the roll call. It is infinitely better than the discreditable suggestion of a fine

The only obstacle to the adoption of this rule before this has been the bogy of "Tom" Reed Although the Democratic majority has shown itself impotent, and although some such rule was essential to the transaction of the public business, its leaders dreaded to be accused of following the lead of ex-Speaker Reed. They did not even seem to know that Mr Reed did not invent his celebrated rule. And they did not realize that he never made the Democratic minority of the House over which he presided as Speaker, half so contemptible as he has daily made the Democratic majority of the present House. He has been holding it up to the country as unworthy, unequal to the country as unworthy, unequal to its task, unfit to be trusted, impotent.

Moreover, the new rule is not open to the chief objection against Mr Reed's. That was a rule not supported even by the ex-Speaker's own party. It transferred the power of the House to an individual autocrat. Under the new rule the House will exercise the power and the Speaker will continue to be its instrument. This illustrates the difference between the two parties as well as between the two rules.

Senator Hill's speech deserves nothing but execration. It is made in a malign and destructive spirit. Its tendency, so far as it has any effect on tariff legislation, is to render abortive the work of every reformer of this last generaton. It was delivered for the purpose of defeating the only plan or chance for even slight reforms won before Congress and the country. It had intent is to set back the wheels of progress thirty years

It is a denial of the faith preached by Senator Hill himself ever since he emerged from political obscurity. It repudiates all that is creditable in his past. It covers with shame the front of Democratic victory which he led in New York from the time when he assumed the acknowledged leadership of his party, For Senator David B Hill, there is no excuse for the wantonness of this treasury, nor for the corrupt political ambition, selfishness and greed in which it was engendered. His name is crossed out of the Democratic books. His place is among the camp followers of the Republican party. The Democratic party must gain its future triumphs not only without his aid but in spite of his gangrened and malignant enmity.

Thirteen miles southeast of San Diego, Cal, is the location of a spring whose waters have the wonderful power of restoring the hair to bald scalps. We cannot give a detailed history of the spring, its discovery and the remarkable "cures" it has wrought in an article suited to this department, therefore we will simply quote a statement made concerning it by the California Board of Health: "We must acknowledge that this water from the evidence that has been brought before us, has made hair grow on scalps that were entirely bald. * * * Of this we have had several examples on persons whom we have known for a number of years, and who, until after they had used the waters of this spring, had given up all hope of ever again having a full head of hair."

Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for dyspepsia, torpid liver, yellow skin or kidney trouble. It is guaranteed to give you satisfaction. Price 75c. Sold by Foshay & Mason.

SCIO DEMOCRATS.

SCIO, Oregon, Apr 17th 1894.

Editor Democrat:

The Scio Democratic Club met on April 14, and completed permanent organization with about 75 members.

They are a little slow about organizing both the other parties leading, having, formed little clubs some time ago. But that don't cut any figure, for the little clubs make a good deal of noise, which the democrats never do. but they only have one shot apiece when it comes to voting.

There seems to be a division of the democrats nowadays, being two kinds, as the opposition is pleased to repeatedly tell us. Now, this is bad, indeed, and is ominous of disaster if it is not stopped. Some are in favor of the administration, while some are strong against it, and still call themselves democrats. We would have it known that we in this country are Cleveland Democrats. We believe sincerely that he has acted and will continue to do so, in the best interests of the whole country with no heed to party bickering or thought of partisanship.

The party in both local and national matters should unite instead of drawing farther apart, as it seems to be doing day by day. There has always been cranks and visionaries outside the old parties, ones whose nurtured dreams that nothing on earth could satisfy, but I did not know there were any in our own party who expected the democratic administration to bring them immediate prosperity and everlasting happiness. But, sad to say, there seems to be such, and their very murmuring and discontent adds certain strength to the opposition, who are ever ready to make capital of this weakness. R E H.

A Democratic Platform.

Following is the platform of the Scio Democratic Club:

The democrats of Scio and Franklin Butte precincts adopt the following declarations of principles and measures:

Sec. 1. We affirm and again declare our faith and advocacy of the unperishable principles of the democratic party as promulgated by its early founders and as stated at Chicago by the last Democratic National Convention.

Sec. 2. We believe that all taxes should be equal and just, and that the wealth of the nation should bear its equal proportion of the burdens of the government, and to this end we most earnestly favor the taxation of the income of the rich.

Sec. 3. We claim that a fixed system of salaries for all public officers should take the place of the fee system.

Sec. 4. We denounce the act of the last legislature of this state in repealing what is known as the "Mortgage Tax Law" and we denounce its re-enactment at the next session.

Sec. 5. We believe that the law allowing deduction of indebtness from assessments was founded on principle of justice, equity and that its repeal works a hardship and injustice upon debtors, therefore we denounce the re-enactment of said law by the next legislature.

Sec. 6. There being no adequate law on our statute books providing for the security of those depositing in banks in Oregon, we demand that the legislature at its next session pass such law in the premises as will be just and proper and calculated to secure general safety.

Sec. 7. We favor the amendment of the constitution of the United States so as to require U S senators to be elected by direct vote of the people.

Sec. 8. We demand the abolishment of the railroad commission.

Sec. 9. We condemn the last legislature of this state for its reckless squandering of the peoples money by extravagant and unnecessary appropriations and we demand that the employment of all unnecessary clerks during sessions of the legislature be prohibited by law.

Sec. 10. We demand the abolishment of the National Guards of this state.

R E HIBLER, Secretary.
S I SHORE, President.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The democrats of Linn county, Oregon, in convention assembled, adopt the following declaration of principles and measures as their platform in the coming campaign:

1. We reaffirm and again declare our faith and advocacy of the imperishable principles and doctrines of the democratic party as promulgated by its early founders and as stated at Chicago by the last national convention.

2. We charge upon the republican party and its reckless and illadvised legislation all the evils and troubles from which the people are now, and have been, suffering for a long time. The low prices of farm products, the non-employment of labor, the general and wide spread depression in business and the almost universal stagnation of all our industries, are, without doubt, the results of the unjust and burdensome taxes of their high and overprotective tariff system, and other class legislation.

3. We believe that all taxes should be equal and just, and that the wealth of the nation should bear its just proportion of the burdens of the government. To this end, we most earnestly favor the taxation of the incomes of the rich.

4. We claim that a fixed system of salaries for all public officers should take the place of the fee system.

5. We arraign the last legislature of this state for its reckless squandering of the people's money, by extravagant and unnecessary appropriations, and hold the republican party of the state responsible for the unquestioned bad legislation of that body. In order that the evils and burdens now so heavily resting upon the people of this state may be removed by legislation, we call upon the honest voters of Linn county and the state, irrespective of party, to join us in the overthrow of the republican party through out Oregon, at the approaching election.

6. The Democracy of Linn County favor sound money, the money of the constitution, every dollar of which shall be of equal intrinsic value and purchasing power and readily exchangeable at the wish of the holder and to that end favor such legislation by Congress as will bring about the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one.

7. We believe that the Act of the legislature providing for the election of an additional Judge for the third judical district of this State was wholly unnecessary, for the reason that one Circuit Judge can easily perform all the Judicial labors required in said district without inconvenience or being overworked; therefore, in order to avoid the unnecessary expense of such officer, we demand the repeal of said law by the next Legislature.

8. We denounce in unqualified terms the act of the last Legislature of this State whereby it repealed what is known as the "Mortgage tax law" and we demand its reenactment at the next session.

9. We believe that the law allowing eduction of indebtedness from assessments was founded upon principles of justice and equity, and that its repeal works a great hardship and injustice upon the debtor classes who are unable to withstand such burdens, therefore, we demand the reenactment of said law by the next legislature.

10. There being no adequate law on our statute books providing for the safety and security of persons who deposit money in banks in Oregon, we therefore demand that the legislature of this state, at its next session, shall pass such laws in the premises as will be just and proper and calculated to secure the general safety.

11. We hold that the people are the source of all civil and political power; we therefore favor amending the constitution of the United States so as to require all the United States senators to be elected by a direct vote of the people.

12. We demand the abolishing of the railroad commission and the specific contract law.

AN ALBANY JEWELRY STORE

Worth patronizing is that of Will & Stark. They carry the finest line of silverware, watches, clocks and jewelry generally in the valley, and satisfactory prices are always given for the superior quality of goods they keep in stock. Never buy without calling on them.

MISFITS.

Portland is full of candidates for mayor. These hard times produce Coxey armies and candidates for office.

If this Industrial army business keeps up the country will soon be filled with captains. When Capt Jones, record is looked up in a few years it will be found that he was at the head of company Z Podunk Industrials.

Those girls of Cromwell who have vowed never to marry a man, "who is not intelligent, honest, industrious, good natured, cleanly in person and apparel, healthy, sober, a church member and a total abstainer from liquor, profanity and tobacco," are liable to live in single blessedness for life.

It is proposed that the United States congress, in the name of the people, complete the explorations of the north and south polar regions, and make an annual appropriation of $25,000 for this purpose. Why not employ some of Coxey's armies for the purpose.

The increased acreage for hops in Oregon for 1894 amounts to about 5000 acres. Hops are on top now. Can they remain elevated.

The Salem Journal drops politics long enough to very truthfully remark that about the only big criminals convicted nowadays are convicted in the newspapers. The courts deal successfully only with the small ones. The big ones either are never dealt with or escape.

A gentleman in this city sold half a cord of wood in this city last week and received in pay three half dollars and a quarter. One of the half dollars proved to be an old coin worth $5.50 and the other has quite a premium on it. Pretty good price for the wood.—Eugene Register.

"The sunshine's on the river, an' the fly is on the hook,
The bait is in the basket, an' the minnow's in the brook.
Things is lazy,
Sort o' hazy,
Like the misty mountain top,
An' now I wish
Thet I could fish
An' fish
An' never stop."

Misfortunes never come singly. The Astoria Budgett proves the fact as follows: At present the Budgett force is slightly demoralized. O W Dunbar, the editor, is ill and not able to hold down his post, the assistant editor has gone off on a jamboree, one of the printers has joined Coxey's army and started for his home in Missouri, the devil had his finger cut off in the press, the democratic convention is in session, and the mischief is to pay generally; but we get there just the same.

A hotel register is an interesting piece of literature. What a mixture of penmanship, names from all over the world. Here's a page or two from the Revere House register. On it besides many from the state are J R Little, of Rochester, N Y, Andrew Mackay and G Millat Allan, of Glasgow, Scotland; L H Coffin, of New Britain, Conn; J M Foster, of Boston Mass; W F Eichleman, of Chicago; H W Bowman, of Los Angeles, and one or two from San Francisco, all the way from the home of Bobby Burns to the auriferous gate of the Pacific.

There being no Oregon lawyers smart enough, Youmans, arrested at Ashland for robbery sent to San Francisco for a lawyer Frank Cottern, and the result was the very heavy sentence of fifteen years. We have Albany lawyers who would have gotten him off on five years if not less.

Into the misfit column everything goes from a $100 suit down to a pair of overalls. Everything fits though misfits as to each other. Yesterday we placed a high quality suit at our front window. Cast your vote for it next June

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Boil down; boil down. When you write a letter for publication, go over it after you are through, and see how many paragraphs you can knock out. Then go over it again and see how many sentences you can leave out Then go at it again and see how many words you can leave out.—Ex.

The Salem Journal man is a good figurer. He says: The delay in getting the money on the $60,000 bonds authorized by the council is costing Salem about five dollars per day in good coin. That would employ several men on the police force or laborers on the streets, and our city can hardly afford to be at such loss. It does not help matters to locate the fault with the council, nor with the mayor, nor with individuals. The people pay the bill.

Vocal music is very nice to hear if the voice is good; but how horrid it looks on paper. Here is said to be a correct translation of a song by a sweet voiced college girl:

When the sun is brightly glo-ho-ing
O'er the se-een so de beer to me-ee,
And swe-heet the wee-hind is blo-ho ing,
Oh, ther-hen, oh, ther-hen
I the-hink
Of the-hee
I thee-hink
I thee-hink
I thee-he, he-hehehe-hink hohohohohoho
hoh of thee-eeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeee!!!

It is the opinion of a law firm in Portland that the county court has no power to extend the time of collecting taxes. It has been the universal custom for the county court to regulate the matter in this and most other counties, which is as the law ought to be; if left to any sheriff he must follow the spirit of the warrant in his hands. The county court can at least make its recommendation, and most sheriffs would be governed by it. If left to the present sheriff of this county he will undoubtedly give tax payers such time as justice and the financial situation demand. If is probable though, that the court will make a recommendation in the matter.

TIME TO CALL A HALT.

There is in every community a considerable class of men who violate every principle of decency and morality. These social lepers are in the habit of assuming that all men are of their own low standard. They do not have sense enough to know that such assumption is an insult to every decent man That a majority of the married men of the country are true to their vows, I must believe, or face the horrible doctrine that the mass of our men have no regard for the most sacred obligations

It is quite common to hear that women are responsible for the present conditions. That if they would demand as clean a record for men as both they and men do for women the whole condition would soon be changed. I do not believe this, but think the men are responsible. Almost every day men can be heard vilifying the whole male race. Do men ever protest? Very seldom, and then in a weak and apologetic tone that stultifies itself. By their silence they admit the charges. How then are women to judge whom they shall condemn and whom receive? Are they not consistent in refusing to separate where all seem willing to submit to the terrible charges heaped on them?

The blackguard lawyer in Washington City has done decent men a lasting service, in that he has made these charges publicly in open court and they have been repeated over the land by the press.

Self respecting editors have been impelled to resent his foul calumny. Now let private individuals follow their example and rebuke such utterances wherever heard.

If there is to be any social separation between the decent and the indecent men, it must be made by the men as it is made between the two classes of women by themselves. The women can assist by upholding the honor of their husbands and sons, whenever assailed in this general way.

These are plain words but the time has passed for mincing words in this connection. No man can insult the wife, mother or daughter of a true man by general insinuations about female faithlessness without meeting a rebuke. Let the ladies who believe in their male relatives and friends pursue the same course and this form of indirect slander will be materially checked. C.

If you want a reliable dye that will color an even brown or black, and will please and satisfy you every time, use Buckingham's Dye for the whiskers.

TELEGRAPHIC.

A Big Scheme.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Representative Davis, a populist of Kansas, has introduced in the house a long bill relating the woes of the unemployed and directing the secretary of war to immediately enlist 500,000 in an industrial volunteer army, to serve for the period of one year after enlistment. The army is to be fed, clothed and paid as regular soldiers. It is to be employed on public works, such as canals, rivers and harbors, public highways, etc. To defray the expenses of this army, the secretary of the treasury is to issue $50,000,000 of legal tender notes and certificates and other forms of currency.

A Big Strike.

PITTSBURG, April 20.—Tomorrow at noon the great coal strike, which has been pending several months, will be inaugurated. Opinions differ as to the number of men who will be engaged. The president of the United Mine Workers estimates 200,000 men as being engaged. Secretary and Treasurer Park McBride is quoted as placing it at 100,000 The strike will be confined to the bituminous regions of the United States.

A Hidden City.

MAPMI, Mexico, April 20.—The reported discovery of a wonderful deserted city in a remote section of the Sierre Madre mountains, in Durango, has been verified by Maurice Lentow and a party of explorers. They found a secret entrance to the city, and made an exhaustive exploration. They returned laden with curiosities from abandoned residences and temples. The population of the city could not have been less than 25,000.

A Sample.

CLEVELAND, O, April 20.—Five hundred striking sewer diggers and street car track workers marched to a place where 100 men were at work on a sewer, to drive the men out of the ditch. The men were armed with clubs and sticks. A patrol wagon loaded with police was hastily sent to the scene. The contractors announced that no attempt would be made to resume work today.

Getting Bigger.

OMAHA, April 20.—Kelly's army is still in camp at Weston, on the Rock Island road, 14 miles east of Council Bluffs. Fully 3000 men crossed the bridge, two thirds of them in a body, to bring influence to bear upon Governor Jackson and the railroad authorities, to secure transportation East for the army.

Handled Roughly.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Peffer resolution for the appointment of a reception committee for Coxey's army, to be known in senate parlance as "the committee on communications," came up in the senate a few minutes before 1 o'clock, but in those few minutes it received some very rough handling.

A Hard Time of It.

OMAHA, April 19.—Kelly's army of industrials, wet, bedraggled and chilled to the bone, broke camp and started from the Council Bluffs Chautauqua grounds for the East. During the night the ranks began to swell by the arrival from Nevada of 65 men,