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WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE
H EO
SALT LAKE, DENVER, OMAHA, KANSAS CITY CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,
AND ALL EASTERN CITIES.
3½ DAYS TO CHICAGO
HOURS QUICKEST TO CHICAGO AND THE EAST
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PULLMAN AND TOURIST SLEEPERS, FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS. DINING CARS.
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For rates and general information call on or address Curran & Montelith, Albany, Oregon, or
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THE WEBFOOT ROUTE
Oregon Pacific Railroad.
F W HALDEY, Receiver.
TIME SCHEDULE. (except Sundays.)
Leave Albany 12:20 p. m; Leave Yaquina, 7:00 a.m
Leave Corvallis 1:05 p. m. Leave Corvallis, 10:35 a.m
Arrive Yaquina 3:35 p. m. Arrive Albany, 11:15 a.
Direct Line—
Quick Dispatch—
Low Freight Rates.
Between Willamette Valley Points and San Francisco
OCEAN STEAMER SAILINGS
FROM SAN FRANCISCO
Willamette Valley, Nov 5th, 14th, 23rd,
FROM YAQUINA.
Willamette Valley, Nov 9th, 19th and 28th.
Company reserves the right to sailing dates without notice.
RIVER STEAMERS.
Leaves Albany Every Tuesday, Portland Wednesday and Saturday 6 a m.
H D Day, Gen Ag't, Salmon Street Wharf, Portland
D R Vanatta, Gen Ag't, San Francisco, Cal.
R E Nulsby, General Supt.

FOR LET.—Three (3) work horses and one gentle horse for sale, or will trade for wood, oats, wheat or hay.
M SENDERS.

What Causes Pimples?
Clogging of the pores or mouths of the sebaceous glands with sebum or oily matter.
The plug of sebum in the centre of the pimple is called a blackhead, grub, or comedone.
Nature will not allow the clogging of the pores to continue long, hence,
Inflammation, pain, swelling and redness, later pus or matter forms, breaks or is opened, the plug comes out and the pore is once more free.
There are thousands of these pores in the face alone, any one of which is liable to become clogged by neglect or disease.

What Cures Pimples?
The only reliable preventive and cure, when not due to a constitutional humor, is
Cuticura Soap.
It contains a mild proportion of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, which enables it to dissolve the sebaceous or oily matter as it forms at the mouths of the pores.
It stimulates the sluggish glands and tubes to healthy activity, reduces inflammation, soothes and heals irritated and roughened surfaces and restores the skin to its original purity.
This is the secret of its wonderful success.
For bad complexions, red, rough hands and shapeless nails, dry, thin and falling hair, scaly and irritated scalps and simple baby blemishes it is wonderful.
It is preserving, purifying and beautifying to a degree hitherto unknown among remedies for the skin and complexion.
Sale greater than the combined sales of all other skin and complexion soaps.
Sold throughout the world.
POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

Women full of pains, aches and weaknesses find comfort, strength and renewed vitality in Cuticura Plaster, the first and only pain-killing, nerve-strengthening plaster when all else fails.

New Advertisements.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OREGON CITY, OR., July 11th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Henry M Herbert, of Green Basin, county of Marion, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 2873, for the purchase of the S ½ of N W ¼, sec 27, S E ¼ of N E ¼ and N E ¼ of S E ¼ of section No 28, in township No 10 South range No 5 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 24th day of January, 1894. He names as witnesses. Geo H Letellier, of Albany, Oregon; Henry Susens, of Albany, Oregon, J T Berry, of Berry, Oregon; H S Colver, of Green Basin, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of January 1894.
ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication.
U. S. LAND OFFICE, OREGON CITY, OR. July 11th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Albert S Colver, of Green Basin, county of Marion, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 2874, for the purchase of the S E ¼ of section No 26, in township No 10 South range No 5 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 24th day of January, 1894. He names as witnesses: Geo H Letellier, of Albany, Oregon; Henry Susens, of Albany, Oregon; J L Berry, of Berry, Oregon, H M Herbert, of Green Basin Or. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 24th day of January, 1894.
ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR. Oct 2nd, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Mrs Mellie Caipman, of Yaquina, county of Lincoln, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No 2951, for the purchase of the E ½ of S E ¼ and S E ¼ of N E ¼ of Sec 11 and N W ¼ of S W ¼ of Section No 12, in township No 10 South Range No 4 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agriculture purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of January, 1894. She names as witnesses: DeWitt D Smith, of Detroit, Marion Co, Oregon, O Fox, of Detroit, Marion Co Oregon, William L Laughead, of Green Basin, Marion Co, Oregon, Carlile H Laughead, of Albany, Linn Co, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of January, 1894.
ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Notice for Publication.
U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR. Sept 29th, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Henry M Herbert, of Green Basin, county of Marion, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No 2949, for the purchase of the W ½ of N W ¼ of S 28 and S ½ N E ¼ of section No 29, in township No 10 S Range No 5 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Tuesday, the second day of January, 1894. He names as witnesses: Wallace W Caskey, of Berry Ore, John C Roe, of Berry, Ore, T E Roe, of Berry, Ore, E V Smith, of Berry, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of January, 1894.
ROBERT A MILLER, Register.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

ALBANY COLLEGE.....
Send for Catalogue.
Address, REV. E. N. CONDIT, Albany, Oregon

LAUNDRY FOR WOOD.—Will exchange laundry work for wood. Call on Richards & Phillips at the Albany Steam Laundry.

They increase appetite, purify the system and act on the liver. Ellis Bearls.

The Democrat.

ASSERTIONS PROVE NOTHING.

I am neither a democrat or a mugwump, neither a third party prohibitionist, nor a populist. I am a republican. At the same time, I am a citizen of the grandest government under the sun, and Grover Cleveland is my president. I do not, therefore, fall in line with the following editorial in the *Herald*:

"The Hawaiian Queen, refers to president Cleveland as the ruler of this nation, and a leading Indian newspaper, in speaking of the tariff bill, says that Cleveland is redeeming his promise to revise the tariff. Both expressions indicate a condition of affairs in this country that is totally incompatible with our constitution and laws."

The last sentence is an editorial ipse dixit, which needs proof. Mere assertions are not arguments and prove nothing. President Cleveland is either the ruler of this nation, or it has none. He was certainly elected as such. In what other way then could the Hawaiian Queen speak of him than as the ruler of the U S? And how does her reference to him as ruler of this nation indicate a condition of affairs totally incompatable with our constitution and laws"? What article and section of the constitution forbids Queen Liliuokalani or any one else from calling Grover Cleveland the ruler of this nation? What is a ruler? "One who rules, or governs." That is just what Grover Cleveland was elected to do—rule this great nation. And he is doing it well. He does what he believes to be the best for the country at large. He may err in judgment and make a mistake in his method of operation, as every one is liable to do; but up to this time he has done nothing which is "totally incompatible with the constitution and laws."

In my judgment, it would have been better to send a committe of three or five to investigate the condition of affairs on the Hawaiian Islands. As the matter stands now, it is utterly impossible to form a correct judgment of the course of events. The reports of Minister Stevens and J H Blount are utterly irreconcilable. If the facts are in accordance with the statements of Stevens, the Queen ought not to be restored to the throne; but if they are in accordance with the report of Blount, the provisional government ought never to have been recognized by Stevens, and the Queen ought to be restored. President Cleveland is trying to get at the facts in the case. When he gets them, he promises to lay the matter before congress. How much better could the editor of the *Herald* do?

It may be for the want of gumption but the fact is, I cannot see how a leading London newspaper's assertion that "Cleveland is redeeming his promise to revise the tariff," "indicates a condition of affairs in this country that is totally incompatable with our constitution and laws." I am unable to call to mind any article or sentence in the constitution which makes it totally incompatible with that document for a president to try to redeem his promises. If there is anything of this kind in it I think it ought to be made before congress takes a holiday, so that it will not be "totally incompatible with our constition" for Cleveland to redeem his promise. I am sure he does not wish to violate the constitution; and yet he is in honor bound to redeem his promise. Those who elected him expect him to keep his word; and those who are now howling, because he is trying to redeem his promise, would howl louder still, if he made no effort to carry out his tariff policy. That president Cleveland will take his course and let the howlers howl, is the opinion of a United States native. CITIZEN.

QUININE AN INFANT INDUSTRY.

Quinine, as an infant industry, was not put on the dutiable list until 43 years after the passage of the first tariff law. Why an infant so tender and helpless should have been permitted to struggle along for 43 years before its parent (the government) began to "protect" it, is hard to tell. In 1832 it had established its ability to live without the "fostering care" of the government and had also become vigorous enough to demand the very protection which it did not need, but it joined in the combine of protected pets and in that year it secured 15 per cent protection. This it maintained until 1842 when being much stronger and abler to threaten politicians, the duty was raised to 40 cents per ounce, equivalent to 80 per cent advalorem at present prices. Democratic influence began to be felt about this time against high tariff taxation and in 1846 the duty was lowered to 20 per cent and in 1857 to 15 per cent, but in 1861 it went to 20 per cent, but now republicans got into power and the duty continued as follows:

In December 1861, 30 per cent, in March 1863, it was raised to 45 per cent, in 1866, 45 per cent, in 1867, 45 per cent, in 1869 45 per cent, in 1870, 45 per cent. Democratic influence began to assert its dominion over the public mind again and in 1872 the duty was reduced to 20 per cent. In 1879 it was put on the free list by a democratic congress and has been there ever since. A correspondent of the Memphis (Tennessee) Commercial thus shows up the truckling folly of listening to the cry of those who declare their business will be ruined by tariff reduction. Here is the clear headed Tennessean's argument:

The grand and lofty tumbling, the unseemly and unrighteous buck jumping at present indulged in by our long pampered pets, the protected manufacturers, reminds one of a game of football, as reported in the daily press.

They "get the ball on the toss" (where they have had it for forty years) "and begin the game with full backs"—fuller backs—and also with a V and one touch down," they always when a V for "one" they put down—and generally get it.

The "loose kicking" they are putting up just now recals certain amusing performances I witnessed in Washington during the congress of 1878 79.

Hon J C McKenzie of Kentucky, known more familiarly as "Quinine Jim," Kentucky's most gifted and lovable of all her silver tongued orators, had introduced his famous bill to put quinine on the free list, spurning the protectionists' theory that sickness, death and the grave ought to be taxed to satisfy the horseleech's daughter, who was still crying for "more."

The sick attacked brigade which came down from Philadelphia to lobby against the bill was "the talk of the town." They protested with tears in their eyes that if quinine was put on the free list, the only two manufacturing companies in the United States, to-wit: Powers & Weightman and Rosengarten & Sons, would have to shut up shop or starve to death; that after the manufacture of quinine was stopped in this country Europe might sell cheap till a monopoly was established and then quinine would go to $6 or $8 an ounce. But the democrats in that session refused to be bulldozed. Quinine was put on the free list. Powers & Weightman and Rosengarten & Sons continued and still continue business at the same old stand, while several other drug manufactories have been established and quinine has gone down to 50 cents and the world still wags. C E MERRILL.

WAGES AND THE TARIFF.

The McKinleyites assert that the higher the duty the higher the wages of American labor, and the lower the duty the lower the wages. This is untrue. Wages are highest in unprotected industries. Wages in the same industries, under the same tariff, vary greatly in the different states of the union. Therefore when they threaten to close their factories or to lower wages because their protective duty is to be reduced by the Wilson bill they are simply blackmailing their employees for votes or trying to frighten congress.

There is only one way in which the price of anything can be increased by the tariff. That is by limiting its supply by placing a tax or duty on it. There is no duty on labor, men are on the free list. Foreigners compete on even terms with natives. For many years the protected manufacturers imported the cheapest labor they could find in Europe. Some of them do it now, violating the contract labor law. No manufacturer pays higher wages than he is obliged to in the unprotected labor market.

It does not follow that higher rates of wages mean greater cost of labor. As a rule, high wages mean cheap products, because high priced men are much more efficient than low priced men. Secretary Blaine reported that this was so as to cotton operatives. American workmen are more skillful, intelligent and enterprising than foreign workmen, and American machinery is better. The average cost of a ton of paper in an American mill is $8.87; in the English mills it is $13.46, though wages are higher here.

In many cases under the McKinley law the protection on an American product is greater than all the wages or labor cost. The labor in mining a ton of coal costs from 60 to 70 cents; the mine owner is protected by a tax of 75 cents plus the cost of transporting the foreign product.

Wages do not go up with increased duties. They did not in 1890. In 1860 the average tariff tax was 24 per cent; the average labor cost in protected articles was 25 per cent of the whole cost of the product. In 1880 the tax had risen to 46 per cent and labor cost had fallen to 22 per cent. To day the tax is 48 per cent and the labor cost probably not above 20.

The wage cutting and mill closing of the monopolis's are simply repetitions of their campaign scares.

OFF HIS BANGS.

And now comes an Albany man and declares that, as a result of free coal as provided for in the Wilson bill, an English vessel landed at Portland the other day with a load of foreign coal. We can not account for this stupidity except upon the ground of the extreme partisanship of this man. Does he not know that the importer of this coal had to pay just as much duty as has been laid on coal for the last twenty years? Does he know that for the nine months ending September 30, 1891, (under Harrison's administration,) there were imported 943,759 tons of coal? And this was long before the Wilson bill was thought of, and at a time when the protectionists felt so thoroughly entrenched in power as to have no fear of being ousted for a score of years? For the eleven months ending November 30th 1891 there were imported into this country 1,244,227 tons of bituminous coal (the kind upon which there is a duty.) Now compare this with this statement: For the nine months ending September 30, 1893 [under Cleveland's administration, mark!] there were imported 836,013 tons of bituminous coal. This shows that under Harrison there was more coal imported than under Cleveland. It is no new thing for coal to be imported into this country. It has been going on for years. It is a cheap way of making political capital, but the capital is very cheap after it is made as shown by the figures above. These figures are taken from the reports of the treasury department and cannot be disputed.

PUSH IT!

The democrats of the Ways and Means Committee have acted wisely in deciding to take up the tariff early. It should have the first place on the calendar and be pressed to a passage with no unnecessary delay.

There is no occasion for a long debate. The whole subject has been discussed, in general and in detail, for the past six years.

Talk in congress will change no members vote. The country has had talk enough. There is no sense in arguing after the verdict has been rendered, repeated and sustained by the tribunal of last resort. The people have demanded a reform of the tariff. Their mandate should be obeyed.

Business has a right to know as soon as possible what the changes are to be.

The senate Finance Committe has recognized the importance of dispatch and will proceed with the consideration of the bill without waiting for its passage by the house.

The time gained by the organization of congress in August, which resulted in a carefully prepared bill before the meeting in regular session, ought to be utilized now by a vigorous pushing of the measure to a final vote.

BE ACCURATE

The Bills are wonderful fellows at producing bills. Bill McKinley tried his hand at it, and now Bill Wilson gets in his work on the same kind of a bill. There is not much difference between the two bills. The Wilson bill will attempt to remove the tax from some of the articles in the McKinley bill and place it on other articles that are now on the free list, and that is all there is to it. The people, generally, are not so much concerned about the amount of the tariff tax as they are about getting the money to pay the tax. Both bills will produce about the same amount of revenue.—Salem *Independent*.

Much of this statement is challenged. We feel quite sure if our friend had compared the McKinley and Wilson bills he never would have said, "there is not much difference between the two bills," or that "the Wilson bill will remove the tax from some of the articles in the McKinley bill and place it on other articles that are now on the free list." There is a very radical difference between the two bills as may readily be seen by any one who will take the trouble to compare the two bills. At to the Wilson bill placing a duty on articles now on the free list, we must insist that our cotemporary shall name them. Let its readers know in what particulars the bills are alike and in what they are unlike. We feel sure that friend Mc has made his statement without consideration and investigation.

The *Tomahawk* is the name of a new eight page weekly paper just started in Portland. It says: "The Tomahawk is a weekly radical democratic paper. We stand on the Chicago platform with the heel corks so far imbedded in the planks that there will be no opportunity of moving. It will be our aim to help in the work of making the State of Oregon democratic." This is a very worthy purpose, and we wish the *Tomahawk* unbounded success both politically and financially.

See the New Improved Singer sewing machine. The best is always the cheapest. J W Sowder, agent. Office at E M French's jewelry store.

HOME AND ABROAD

William H Templeton has begun suit for divorce against his wife Mary A Templeton.

Wm A Mack the barber has moved to the Cusick Block just north of the Democrat office.

The delinquet tax sale of Linn county property will take place to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock.

An army of tramps was put off the cars at Oregon City last night. Albany should be ready for them.

The state board of equalization will hear representatives from Linn County on next Friday Dec 15.

The monthly meeting of the Building & Loan Association occurs to-morrow evening in the W F office, where dues should be paid.

The Salem Democrat says Whitney L Boise was indicted as reported. An effort has been made to prove that he was not. Being chairman of the republican state central committee it would sound better if he is not.

A pertinent order issued at the last term of the county court was one authorizing the county judge to employ counsel and bring necessary suits or actions against either the county treasurer or the assignees to recover the $11,957.86 of county funds in the Job bank.—Corvallis Times.

On the subject of an injunction to restrain the building a soldiers home at Roseburg, District Attorney McCain says: "I have fully considered the matter of joining in the proceeding to restrain the location of the soldiers home at Roseburg, Or, and have arrived at the conclusion that the proceeding is not in the public interest and that it is not my duty to join officially in such proceeding."

FRIDAY

J N Duncan, attorney at law, at the Court House.

Charley Reed, of Benton county, has a deer park, already started with five white tailed beauties.

Schmaer & Callahan have moved their fish and game market to the Vierick building just south of the P O block.

Dr Alfred Kinney has been elected mayor of Astoria, a good selection, and showing that Astoria people are level headed.

A Chehalis, Wash, merchant has purchased 100 copies of one of the local papers for a year, to be used as a premium to purchasers of goods.

If the Democrat was to publish all the midwinter fair items sent it it would take several supplements to keep the matter before the public.

Regardless of dull times socially Albany is quite lively this fall. As it costs little to be sociable our people very properly try to do their duty in this respect.

A Salem man was followed up a street by a tramp, who made no effort to disturb him, but who simply acted suspiciously, and one of the papers takes half a column to tell about it.

O'Neil Bros received a telegram last Friday stating that the large straw stack at their mill at Capitola, Cal, had been burned, the work of an incendiary. Estimated loss, between $16,000 and $18,000.—Advance.

The sale of property for county taxes was in progress this afternoon at the front door of the court house, attended by a good many interested people. Several were buying property, while the county secured some.

From 100 to 163 tramps, according to different reports, passed through Albany this moon bound for the south. They got on the cars this morning at Oregon City, and said they were going to ride clear through, and they will.

Monroe Ward and A B Nickerson w tried before the recorder last Friday on the charge of using profane and abusive language on the street. The former was fined $5 and costs, while the latter was discharged.—Lebanon Advance.

The 10 per cent increase on the rate of premiums made by the Pacific Insurance Union on account of the valued policy law prevaling in Oregon, has been repealed by contract between the companies forming the Union. The insured who have already paid the increase are out in the cold.

A Salem paper objects to H R Kincaid Editor of the State Journal of Eugene for secretary of state, on the grounds that he has no enemies. It is always surmised that there is something wrong where a man has no enemies.

Here is some more wild figuring by the Statesman of Salem. About 4000 Oregonians visited the World's fair, and it is safe to say each spent $200 on the trip, making a total of $800,000 taken out of the state. And this estimate is low enough. And then the state of Oregon spent $40,000 in addition to this.

In these days it is seldom a white man gets the start of a hobo, but a S P freight train crew at Oregon City this morning rather paralyzed a company of this travelling gentry. A hundred and fifty of them got into an empty box car while the train was waiting, when the brakeman indifferently closed the doors and locked them in. The cars were at once side-tracked and the train pulled out, leaving its palace car passengers in blissful ignorance of their intentions.—Journal.

SATURDAY

Some wool was sold in Albany to-day for 10 and 11 cents.

Nevada will have plenty of laughs in it. At the opera house Dec 22.

The Apollo Club will meet at the residence of Dr J C Littler next Monday 7:30 p m.

Get your tickets reserved for "Nevada" at the opera house on Friday night of next week

The "Inventors" a drama written by a Salem man, will be presented in that city.

Get your holiday goods at Hodges & McFarland. The best stock to select from.

Pendleton will undoubtedly be the location of the Eastern Oregon Insane Asylum providing it is located.

One day last week wheat was sold in Harrisburg at 44½ cents; the same day it was quoted at 39 cents in Junction city. What caused the difference.—Courier.

In the game of foot ball at Corvallis yesterday between Corvallis and Monmouth the former won by a score of 28 to 0. It is now in order for Corvallis to play Forest Grove.

In selecting your holiday goods do not fail to call on Hodges & McFarland. They have a fine line of goods, embracing a large stock of plush goods, including an elegant line of perfumeries, etc.

Thomas Holt, first sergeant company A, Third infantry volunteers, Seminole war of '836 35, lives in Albany. He has just received a pension for services in that war, with back pay from passage of the act.

A couple sixteen year old youths, well matched as to size in order to settle which was the better man, last night, stripped and entered a ring in the third ward and fought several rounds with boxing gloves until one was satisfied he was second best.

The Carnaval of Nations is assuming immense proporitons. A gala time is promised during the holidays. Keep your small change for one of the jolliest occasions of your life. One hundred people in costume in the grand march will make an imposing spectacle.

Sixty-eight of Portland's unemployed men yesterday determined not to brave a winter in a big city, and at 2 o'clock this morning left in a Southern Pacific freight train for warmer climes where more favorable conditions exist. They were granted free transportation over the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon.—Journal.

County Treasurer Wallace this morning received a check for $5454.40 for Linn county's portion of the state school fund. This will soon be distributed among the districts of the county. In addition to the state fund there will be about $1000 of county money to distribute making about $1.25 per pupil for distribution.

There will be two meetings of Oregon Pacific employers to night, one at Yaquina Bay and one at Albany. The men do not like the looks of matters and are hostile, there are even rumors that tracks will by blown up. The proper course will be to learn first what the court will do with the matter. In all probability there will be no confirmation without the employees being protected.

To fully substantiate the fact that Rogue river farmers are making a good thing this year by growing hogs let us cite this: Last Monday Jack Anderson drove 66 hogs to Medford which in weight averaged 301 pounds each. These were sold to the Southern Oregon Packing Company at 5½ cents per pound—and Mr Anderson went home with over one thousand dollars in his inside pocket as a result of the sale. How does this compare with forty-cent wheat?—Medford Mail.

PERSONAL

THURSDAY

Rev W R Stevenson, of Portland, is in the city.

Mr E A Parker is confined to his home with the grippe.

Mr Ed Goin, of Scio, was in the city during the day.

Mr Conrad Meyer went to Portland this noon on business.

Ex-Freight Agent Wardlow, of the Oregon Pacific, was in the city today.

Judge Burnett, of Corvallis, was in the city today on his way to the Capital city.

Mrs Walter Monteith is in Corvallis, the guest of her niece, Mrs John Simpson.

Mr C E Stanard, one of Brownsville's live young business men, was in the city today.

Mr E L Thompson and family of Portland, are in the city the guests of Hon K A Irvine.

Millard Hayes, of Corvallis, is in the city today on his way home from a trip to Silverton.

A pleasant surprise party was tendered C N Whipple at the residence of E E Parrish Tuesday evening.

John Shea the well-known producer of that healthiest of vegetables, the succulent onion, was in the city today.

Mrs T J Overman returned this noon from a several months trip east. She was met in Portland by Capt Overman.

County Clerk Payne went to Salem this noon with the tax roll for 1893, the last to be presented the Secretary of State.

A very inexperienced burglar entered the printing office of the O A C at Corvallis, stole $2 and left $500. A very poor job.

Mr Ellis Knox, who is in San Jose for the benefit of his health, according to a letter just received, is now confined to his room by illness.

The little daughter, of J E Knox, of Portland, who has been in the city a couple months the guest of Mr Geo Knox, returned home this noon

Licenses have been issued for the marriage of J T Falrover and Jennie E Cardwell, and Fred W Stahlman and Fannie V Smith, all of Linn county.

The young people of the U P church last night at L E Blain's organized a social club with Hugh Fisher as President and Elliot Irvine as Secretary.

Died at ten o'clock Sunday night at the residence of James Cain in Corvallis, James A Caldwell, one of Benton County's pioneers at the advanced age of 71 years.

According to the Rochester, N Y Union, in its account of the divorce suit against Mr Mulcahey, that gentleman gets a salary of $7,000 a year. On this basis his wife was granted $150 a month for alimony.

C C Hogue was in town this morning, but denied that any certified check for $200,000 had been sent him from New York to be put at the sale next Friday. He will be on hands to see the fun.—Times.

Mr J R Wetherbee has tendered his resignation as general secretary of the Young Men's Christian association of Salem to accept the chair of physical training in the state university at Eugene.

Geo W Geer of King's station, Linn county, was before the board of pension examiners yesterday for the purpose of making application to have his monthly allowance of $8 increased. Mr Geer served in the Minnesota regiment and had his right arm badly wounded in the second day's conflict at the battle of Gettysburg. He has other physical disabilities which cause him much trouble.—Salem Statesman.

FRIDAY.

Mr Walter Peterson, of Lebanon, was in the city today.

Bob Donavan, the pioneer drummer, was in the city today.

Miss Eva Cowan returned this noon from a visit at Toledo.

Capt Plummer, of Cape Foulweather light house, was in the city today, steering for Portland.

Hon Jason Wheeler and wife, who left recently on a trip to California, stopped off at Grants Pass, where Mr Wheeler has been somewhat ill with rheumatism.

Mr Clem Irvine went to Corvallis today to referee the foot ball game between Corvallis and Monmouth. The latter eleven recently played in Forest Grove, where the ground was fairly wiped with them. They did not make a point.

Hon D P Thompson, who started life in Oregon City, as a wood chopper, recently delivered a lecture in that city on "Turkey and the Turks," giving experiences obtained as U S minister to that country. He wore a fez and scarf presented him by the Sultan

Mr H F Merrill received a private letter from Rev G W Hill this morning, dated at Honolulu. It was written aboard the steamer China with Honolulu in sight, and mailed immediately on arrival, so that it contained no news of the affairs on the island; but referred to the pleasant trip with mention of the character of life on an ocean steamer. The missionary party were all jubilant over the prospects, the trip proving an inspiration to them for the future.

SATURDAY

W H Raymond, the insurance man, is in the city.

Mrs Bordie St Clair is visiting with her mother, Mrs Cheadle.

Col Hogg is in San Francisco, as reported. He changed his mind about coming to the sale.

Rev E N Condit went to Portland this noon, where he will preach tomorrow in the interest of the college.

The Y P S C E of the Presbyterian church gave an enjoyable social at the residence of J M Irving last evening.

The hilarious conduct of County Clerk Payne today was caused by this being his half century birthday.

Miss Addie George returned this noon from Portland, where she had been to attend the wedding of her sister.

R J Moses will sell his household goods at public auction to-morrow and will leave next week for San Francisco where he will work in a barber shop during the midwinter fair.—Harrisburg Courier.

Miss Clyde Logsdon has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs D J Trapp, at Chitwood, Benton county. She also visited friends in Portland and Albany during her absence.—Roseburg Review.

When told that the employes would not get their pay on account of the low bid, the Blair faction man bidding the road in said that was nothing to him, that the road would be built further east and it would be a big thing for the country. The men think a job has been put up and that there is a pig in the fence.

Last evening a very enjoyable and profitable entertainment was given by Miss Helen Crawford at the residence of her father Geo F Crawford. A program of much merit was presented. The principal feature was a parlor presentation of Cinderella by Mrs Dr Love as the god mother; Grace Love as Cinderella; Lilly Crawford as the Prince, and Mrs Coffman and Helen Crawford as the sisters. Those fortunate in being the guests of the evening had a rare treat in this. Recitations were heard from Misses Crawford, Lilly Crawford, Josie Laselle and Grace Love; Miss Richards rendered a violin solo with skill, and Misses Josie Laselle, Lilly Crawford and Grace Love and Mrs Coffman presented a Delsarte exercise of merit. The rest of the evening was spent in sociability.

Were Frightened.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec, 15.—The Herald's correspondent at Rio sends word that the night of December 10 the city was thrown into a panic by a storm of shot and shell, which lasted 50 minutes. The missiles came from rifles and rapid firing guns on Cobra's island and fell all over the city, but especially in Carioca, Pavadrila and Travessa streets, and on other points where theaters are situated. The playhouses were just being emptied of throngs of patrons and the effect was tremendous. Scared women fled shrieking for shelter.

Money Not Wanted

NEW YORK, Dec 13.—Millions of dollars were offered on call today in Wall street by well known brokers at 1 per cent without being taken. One broker had $2,700,000 to lend at that rate, and was unable to put out a dollar. It was thought the gold shipments would stiffen ratesfor money.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A Fearful Accident.

LOUISVILLE, Dec 15.—A few minutes past 10 o'clock this morning the falsework and that part of the middle span of the Louisville and Jefferson bridge which was in place gave way, and, with all the workmen, was precipitated 110 feet into the water below. There was only a moment's warning, and those who escaped going down with the mass of iron and timber started for the piers after the first trembling that indicated the giving way of the false work. The accident was a horrible one, and is the last of a long list of catastrophies which have marked the construction of this bridge. Five were killed outright, three fatally injured and seventeen are missing.

Gone Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 15.—The steamer Alameda sailed for Australia, via Honolulu, this afternoon. Of the 150 cabin passengers 59 are from Honolulu. They are nearly all business men, who are hurrying home so as to be on hand whenever the final test of strength between the United States and the provisional government comes. Among them is L A Thurston, the present minister extraordinary and envoy plenipotentiary to the United States. He is hurrying home so as to personally lay the full statute of the case before the provisional government.

A Direct Tax Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Dec 15.—Crain of Texas offered to the house today a resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to authorize congress to levy a direct tax in proportion to the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation under the laws of the various states.

Eight Were Killed.

DUNKIRK, Dec 15.—About 7 o'clock tonight a bad wreck occurred on the New York & Pennsylvania near here, resulting in eight deaths and many injuries. A freshet, weakened by rains, gave way precipitating the baggage and smoker into the creek.

Missed The Robbit.

SEATTLE, Dec 15.—A P Taylor, a carpenter, accidentally shot himself in the abdomen this afternoon, while trying to shoot a rabbit with a revolver, and will probably die.

Vorhees Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec 14.—There was only one matter of national importance in today's session of the senate, and that was the introduction by Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, of a bill providing for the coinage of the seigniorage, or profit from the silver coined and purchased under the Bland and Sherman acts, at the rate of $2,000,000 a month. The bill also provides for the provides for the purchase, after that coinage is completed, of $2,000,000 worth of silver bullion a month; the withdrawal of all notes of less denomination than $10; the withdrawal of the $2.50 and $5 gold coins, and the appointment of five commissioners to an international conference for the establishment of a ratio between gold and silver.

A Farmer Assaulted.

HILLSBORO, Dec 14.—August Kempf, a well to do farmer living in the foothills about eight miles north of this place, was brutally assaulted on the evening of December 12. Mr Kempf is a batchelor, his companion being a hired boy aged about 18. The boy had left the house with a lantern to attend to the chores at the barn when Kempf's attention was called by a rap at the door. No sooner was it opened than two men commenced beating him over the head. Managing to free himself, Kempf escaped into the adjoining room and by a back door made his exit from the house, leaving the alarm. The frightened the robbers escaped, having secured nothing.

It Was Murder.

ASHLAND, Or, Dec 14.—Last September those dispatches reported the accidental shooting of James Smith by Thomas Godfrey, at Deer Lick, on the Siskiyou mountain, south of Ashland. Godfrey claiming the shooting was accidental and the coroner's jury not finding otherwise. A little later, developments led to suspicions that Godfrey killed Smith to avoid paying the latter money due him. Yesterday the grand jury indicted Godfrey for murder. Godfrey left the country in ample time and is hardly liable to be apprehended.

An Earthquake.

ALMON, Ill, Dec 14.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here at 10 minutes after 1 this morning followed by a much more severe shock at four minutes after 12. Again, at 20 minutes after 1 o'clock, there was another rumbling. Buildings of every description trembled violently, crockery and dishes rattled and books and loose articles were shaken from the tables.

Western Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec 14.—Hermann, Ellis, Wilson, Doolittle and other western republicans voted, while their eastern colleagues were silent, on the Arizona bill today. They said: "We cannot have too many Western states."

Hermann's donation bill passed today, also his bill validating the supreme court script locations, of which there are many in Oregon, where the general land office has refused patents.

The Farmers of Georgia.

SAVANNAH, Ga, Dec 14.—The farmers convention today declared in favor of an economical improvement of waterways and harbors; commends to congress the connection of the Mississippi river and the Great Lakes by a ship canal and the improvement of the Mississippi and the important harbors of the Gulf and Atlant