The Democrat.

STITES & NUTTING.
Editors and Proprietors.

Ex-United State Senator Blair has declared himself a presidential candidate.

Gov. Boies stands out more and more clearly as a representative of the best and healthiest in political life. He is a democrat to whom democracy is something more than a jest.

At the New York convention yesterday a full Hill delegation was elected to the national convention. All contests were decided in favor of Hill. There was great enthusiasm among Hill's friends.

The democratic state convention of New York will be held to-day. It is solid for Hill and will elect 72 delegates instructed to support him. Ordinarily this would give Hill a big start. Many people say it will not now.

Congressman Scott, of Illinois, has introduced a resolution calling for a bill to repeal the sugar bounty. It ought to pass. The bounty is a barefaced robbery of the taxpayers. Its repeal would save $15,000,000 to the treasury and by so much help to prevent an impending deficiency.

If it be that the friends of Mr Cleveland are to be called mugwumps and thus to be denied a voice in determining who shall be nominated by the democrats for president, the Chicago convention would represent but a very small faction of the party.

When you see men who for years have been trying to get nominated for office and have failed because they were deemed unfit, starting out to organize a new party crying reform, it is safe to say that about the only reform these men have in their hearts is to secure some scheme by which they may still get office. If they are broken down politicians look out for them.

Democrats in their primary meetings on the 5th of March should see to it that delegates are elected who will insist on adopting the vive voce system of voting in making nominations. The great advantage of this method was seen in the result of the convention and elections two years ago. It shuts out all attempts at unfair wire pulling and trading. If, perchance, some delegate fails to vote for a candidate whom he had previously agreed to support, the blame rests on his shoulder alone, and not on that of the convention's as in the case of the ballot system. The bad faith is thus located while it could not be under the old system.

The Albany DEMOCRAT is still frothing over high tariff. The democracy had eight years rule in congress, and why did they not modify the tariff to suit the wearied cotemporary.—Mill City *Gazette*.

The DEMOCRAT had supposed that there was but one newspaper in the state that was so far gone as to suppose that one branch of congress could alone pass laws on the tariff question. For the information of the *Gazette* we will say that the democratic party has not had full control of the law making power of this government for more than thirty years. If the *Gazette* believes in the robber scheme of protectionism let it defend it. The fact that it has never offered any intelligent defense of that scheme leaves one to infer that its editor knows nothing about the question, or has too much manliness about him to defend a scheme that taxes one class for the benefit of another.

SENATOR HILL OPENING HIS EYES.

It will be remembered that when congress convened last December there were two views among democrats as to the best policy to be pursued in reference to tariff legislation. One line of policy proposed was to formulate an entirely original tariff bill covering all the ground of tariff legislation, while another line was proposed which consisted in attacking the McKinley law in detail, in its weakest points. On the 5th of December Senator Hill made a speech at Elmira, New York, which he said he had prepared after much thought and deliberation. In speaking of the two policies of tariff legislation as outlined above, he took strong grounds against that of attacking the McKinley law in detail, and declared in favor of an entire repeal of the McKinley bill, and a return to the tariff law of 1883. For this he was severely criticized by nearly every democratic paper in the country. Here is what he said:

Shall we break our party formation and go to pieces in debating some small amendments towards taxation for revenue only, or some confusing details of scandalous tariff schedules; or shall we rather voice a great people's rebuke of the two McKinley acts and demand their repeal?

Shall we nibble at rates and percentages as if that were the size of our quarrel with republican revolutionists, or shall we simply vote to repeal the two McKinley acts and destroy the bounty and subsidy system root and branch?

Then he was much opposed to offering "small amendments" such as one to put wool on the free list and reducing the duties on woolens to a mere nominal rate, another to put binding twine on the free list, another to put cotton ties on the free list as is now being done by Springer and the ways and means committee.

The speech created general surprise at the time and among other things the DEMOCRAT in the issue of January 1, 1892 said:

It is a matter of great surprise to not only those who support the governor for the democratic nomination, but to those who would have Ex-president Cleveland or some other man, that he should take a position so negative, so do-nothing, so patently untenable on the very face of it

The senator has evidently been devoting some attention to the subject, and has given it that searching investigation that the importance of the subject demands, and the DEMOCRAT is much pleased to be able to chronicle a radical change of opinion on the part of the senator At the recent New York state convention he was called upon to make a speech, and in the midst of his triumph he said:

"The cause of tariff reform has lately made great practical advance. Secretary Manning, in his report of 1886, advised congress to begin a practical tariff reform by a single act—an act for free wool. One year later the secretary's report was "writ large" in the message of the president. Now, five years later, one of the most enlightened economists, David A Wells, writes the chairman of the ways and means committee that the path of progress which Secretary Manning blazed first and alone is the true path. It is a maxim of sound policy, better fitted to win elections than lose them, better dividing into chapters the lessons of a long campaign of education, Abolish whenever you can one indefensible tax at a time. This is true progress.

Now, the senator is no longer afraid of "little amendments and in the brilliancy of the light' that has come to him by research he exclaims in sound democratic tones: "Abolish whenever you can one indefensible tax at a time." Well, said senator, We are truly pleased to see the senator add another to the many firmnesses which he already possesses to become a great democratic leader.

TO THE WOOL GROWER.

You have been told by the leaders of the cause of protectionism that they would impose an additional duty on wool for the purpose of protecting you against the competition of foreign cheap wool. The way this was to be done was to make the duty so high that no importer could pay this high duty and bring foreign wool into our markets and sell it as cheap as the home product. They told you that if they could keep out foreign wool it would curtail the American supply, while the demand would remain the same, resulting, according to the immutable law of political economy, in an increase in the price of American wool. You accepted this promise in good faith and elected a republican congress and a republican president. That congress gave you an increase in the duty on wool from 38 to 42 per cent. but the woolen manufacturer was present at that congress, with both eyes open, and he demanded that if the duty on wool was to be increased, that the duty on woolens must also be increased; and what do you think he demanded? Well his modesty restrained him, hence he asked an increase of only from 67 to 91 per cent. Now Mr Woolgrower, did it ever occur to you that woolen manufacturers and wool growers were the only two classes whose interests were here protected? Did it ever enter your mind that all the wool growers and manufacturers put together would not exceed five millions, while the consumers of wool and woolens outside of this five millions, exceed fifty-eight millions? The rights and interests of these fifty-eight millions were absolutely ignored by McKinley and his coadjutors. Was this right? Was it fair? Has it not been a cardinal doctrine of the American people since the organization of our government that the greatest good to the greatest number should be the rule in legislation? Is this not universally acknowledged to be a government of the people, by the people and for the people? Are not fifty-eight millions more nearly the people than the five millions? Why did you willingly enter into an arrangement to ignore all this vast army of equal citizens? But, now have you duly counted up the amount of your profits in that enterprise? Let us see. You were to be benefitted by keeping foreign wool out of our market. But the reports from the customs offices show that for the year ending December 31, 1890 under the old law there was imported into the United States 108,680,672 pounds of foreign wool, while under the McKinley law for the year ending December 30 1891 the amount imported was 139,317,571, being nearly 31,000,000 pounds more under the McKinley than under the old law. Do you not see that you were badly hoodwinked in the whole matter? Now let us see how the woolen manufacturers came out. He was to be protected by keeping out foreign woolen goods from the American markets. But these same customs officers report that woolen goods were imported for the year ending December 31, 1890, under the old law, to the value of $53,898,914, and for the year ending December 31, 1891, under the McKinley law, the amount was $34,010,534 or a decrease in one year under the McKinley law of $19,888,371. Somehow it appears that the manufacturer secured his protection for the duty imposed on woolen goods resulted in a falling off in importations while there was an increase in importations of wool. All the latter year wool has been selling cheaper than under the old law. Do you not see that you got much the worst of the bargain? It was a hog game of grab and like the little pig at the swill tub you "were not in it." The truth is just this. You have always received a better price for wool under a low tariff than under a high tariff. Your having a tariff on wool, wheat and corn, justifies the man who hopes to manufacture tin some time in the future to go up to congress and demand a protection that will count something for him and at your expense. Why not divest yourself of this hallucination under which you have so long labored and help get rid of a robber tax that avails you nothing but which you help pay every month in the year? Do some thinking for yourself now.

RHODE ISLAND COMING.

The democratic state convention of Rhode Island to elect delegates to the national democratic convention will be held in Providence March 2, the same day that the state ticket is selected.

"Amherst, Bristol, Warren and East Providence have elected delegates favorable to the nomination of Cleveland. In this town the delegation will be solid for Cleveland. Scituate, Foster, Gloucester and a few towns in the section where Congressman Page lives may send Hill delegates.

If the convention were held today Cleveland would capture every delegate, and there is little doubt that nine-tenths of the delegates will be for Cleveland.

Mayor Daniel A Pond, of Woonsocket will be the choice for governor by a large majority and will probably carry the state. The democrats also hope to elect their legislative tickets and county officers at the state election, which will be held the first Monday in April.

The democrats have made a clean gain of over six thousand in the state registration. Take from this the supposed gain of the republican electors on property and other qualifications and they will still have a net gain of 4000 and over. There is good reason to believe that the new legislature will be democratic in both branches, and the democrats confidently expect to elect their state ticket by clean majorities. Only a plurality is needed for presidential electors.

Among the democrats who would like to go to the United States senate are ex-Gov. John W Davis, Congress Oscar Lapham, of the First district, and Charles H Page, of the Second district; Samuel Honey, Mayor of Newport; Hugh G Carroll, mayor of Pawtucket, and Thomas McGuire, jr, of this own. One plan is to send Congressman Page to the senate and elect Thomas McGuire, of this place, to his seat in congress.

The delegates-at-large to the national convention will probably be: Mayor Samuel R Honey, of Newport, Mayor Daniel S Pond of Woonsocket, and possibly ex-Gov. Davis, of Pawtucket, and Congressman Oscar Lapham.

Every city in the state now has a democratic mayor and city government.

THE WAY TO VOTE AT ALBANY PRIMARIES.

Democrats at the primary meetings of the four Albany precincts should bear in mind that their meetings are conducted differently from the manner heretofore prevailing. Under a law passed by the last legislature, all these meetings in cities of 2000 or more inhabitants, shall be conducted by judges and clerks. The judges are appointed by the county central committee and two clerks each by the judges thereof. They shall be sworn as are judges and clerks at a general election, and shall keep poll books and make returns as in general elections. As will be seen by notice given elsewhere these primary meetings will be held from one to six o'clock in the afternoon of March the 5th. The names of the judges and places of voting are named in the notice. In the other precincts of the county the primary meetings will be conducted as heretofore. Let every democrat in the Albany precincts turn out

WASHINGTON.
(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15, 1892.

Speaker Crisp is thoroughly in accord with the desire to make a calm conservative and business-like investigation of the Pension Office and its methods of doing business, and in selecting the committee authorized by the House resolutions he made good use of his knowledge of the members of the House and named men who will sit with the same impartiality on the evidence presented to them and as carefully sift it, in order to throw out that which in their judgment is based on hatred or personal prejudice, as they would if sitting as judges in a court of law. The democrats on the committee are Representatives Wheeler, of Michigan, Little, of New York, and Dungan, of Ohio; the republicans, Messrs Lind, of Minnesota and Brosius of Pennsylvania, all ex Union soldiers.

Representative Haar, of Massachusetts, is confident that the adoption of his resolution by the House authorizing the committee on Manufactures to investigate the so-called "sweating" system of tenement house labor, is a long step in the right direction, and he predicts that the result of the investigation will be some startling facts of special interest to those who wear "ready made" clothing. Before the House adopted the resolution it adopted an amendment directing the committee to inquire how much increase the McKinley bill has caused in the wages of workmen employed in industries protected by the terms of that bill. It also afterwards adopted a resolution offered by Mr Holman, restricting the cost of the investigation to $3,000.

Speaker Crisp has given some of the democratic members who have been careless as to their attendance on the sessions of the House a little lecture on their duties, taking his text from the lack of a quorum of democrats on the floor, which the other day enabled the republicans to compel an adjournment. A second lecture on this subject should not be necessary.

The senate committee on Agriculture will report a resolution providing for the appointment of a number of sub committees to make an investigation, a committee to each branch of the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining the present condition of agriculture in the United States, the prices of its products, and if there be any of which the prices are depressed, the cause of such depression and the remedy therefor. This resolution will be reported as a substitute for Senator George's resolution for an investigation of the depression in the cotton-raising states.

Representative Wheeler, of Alabama, has sent a cold shiver down the spinal columns of all the big office holders by introducing a resolution instructing the several committees in charge of appropriation bills to make reductions of 20 per cent in all official salaries of $5,000 or more—that would catch senators and representatives—and of 10 per cent in all salaries of $3,000 or more.

An attempt is being made to get the Ways and Means committee of the House to grapple with the cigarette evil by reporting a bill placing an internal revenue tax of $10 per 1000 on all cigarettes offered for sale, whether of domestic or foreign manufacture. A memorial showing that the excessive use of cigarettes has during the year killed 100 young men, and sent an equal number to insane asylums is being circulated in congress.

The manner in which the annual appropriation bill for the Military Academy was reduced by the House, sitting as a committee of the whole, before it was passed, in spite of the powerful influences brought to bear in favor of passing it as reported from the committee on Military affairs, has convinced a good many people who had doubts on the subject that when the democratic leaders said economy in public expenditures would be enforced by the House, they indulged in no idle talk. Republicans may sneer, but when the people's verdict is heard next November the democrats will get their reward.

The Bland free coinage bill, now on the House calendar, is the subject of much talk in and out of congress. It is favored on principle by a very large majority of the House, but whether a majority of the democrats believe it political wisdom to pass it at this time will very soon be known as a petition asking the committee on Rules to set a date for its consideration by the House is now being circulated for democratic signatures More than a hundred have signed.

It is expected that the Canadian reciprocity commissioners will return home this week, knowing just about as much as they did when they came. They had no authority to make a treaty, nor had Mr Blaine, even had he been so disposed.

OUR POSITION.

As has been before stated in these columns, the DEMOCRAT regards the issues upon which a man runs for president as far more important than the candidate himself. Not a single democrat of all those whose names have been mentioned in connection with the presidency—Cleveland, Boies, Carlisle Whitney Palmer, Pennoyer, Pattison, Russell, Gorman, Gray, Vilas, Hill, Flower and others but would be far preferable, if on a squared-toed tariff reduction platform than any republican on a "protection" platform. The DEMOCRAT entertains not the slightest fear as to what the platform of the national democratic convention will be on the great vital issue of tariff reduction. Hence it is safe to say that the DEMOCRAT will heartily support either one of the distinguished leaders above named if nominated. But this fact does not preclude the DEMOCRAT from urging the nomination of one in preference to others. This we will do without regard to criticisms of other newspapers that think such a course should not be pursued.

A delegate is not sent to a convention to represent his own opinions or to seek personal aggrandizement. He is sent to represent the wishes of the party. The rank and file of the democratic party of Oregon is overwhelmingly for Grover Cleveland, and we much mistake the temper of the people if they do not take such steps as to give their wishes effect at Chicago. A solid and enthusiastic delegation backed by the instructions of the party should be the outcome of the state convention.—*Review*

Grover Cleveland went to Ann Arbor yesterday and delivered an address before the faculty and students of the University on the subject, "Sentiment In Our National Life." He was met at the depot by 2000 students.

The Mayor of the city presented Mr Cleveland with the freedom of the city in a silver casket

McKinley gave the woolen manufacturers about 50 per cent advantage over the wool grower when arranging the duties on wool and woolens. Springer gives the woolen manufacturers 35 per cent advantage and still the *Oregonian* squeals.

It is said that the friends of Hill in Indiana are joining with the friends of Gray to secure a delegation instructed for Gray for president and Hill for vice president.

MISFITS.

In Butte, Mon., they put crape on the doors of wife beaters. The scheme is very effective.

San Francisco girls have plaster of Paris models of their feet made. The fadest fad yet reported.

Albany will be a wholesale city some day of considerable magnitude. Keep track of the fact.

Forty of the new half dollars are an inch and a half higher than forty of the old half dollar, a fact that will do away with counting half dollars by packages, and bankers are, very naturally, kicking some.

A most important case is now before the supreme court of the state of Oregon, involving the constitutionality of the act creating the office of county recorder.

The Coming Century, Mrs Duniway's magazine, though she had sold out, has suspended publication for the present century. So far as Oregon is concerned Mrs Duniway is not "in it," speaking metaphorically.

Spokane will get the Great Northern; but it took an immense number of subscriptions, of from $2500 down. Monteith & Seltenbach, formerly of this city, are in it for the liberal sum of $150 and W M Wolverton for $100.

General surprise succeeded the funeral of a rich man in England. At his request, four hundred of his intimate friends were invited to the funeral, but only twenty-nine went. The other three hundred and seventy-one were somewhat dejected eight days later when the will was read. It gave each person who attended the funeral a sum of money—$1000 to each man, and $1600 to each woman.

The following is clipped from an Eastern paper: A new sort of bed warmer was tried by Mr E E Charman, of Oregon City, Ore. He placed an incandescent electric light under the clothes to warm his feet, and was soon in a comfortable slumber. In about an hour he awoke with a start, and in an instant was as lively as a hen on a hot griddle. The electric light had set fire to the bedclothes.

Spokane is a great city and has men with massive brains. One of them runs the oper house. He cancelled the engagement with Patti because the brilliant idea came into his brain that it would take so much money away from the city the people would'nt have any left to go to other entertainments of less magnitude. As a result Patti gave up the Pacific coast trip entirely.

The suit of the Freestone Distillery Co. against A I Wagner and F P Talkington, involving sums due for four barrels of a certain brand of blended whisky, which was not up to sample, went against the distillery. The agent of the company was the only witness put on the stand for plaintiff. He gave the case away by admitting that he could not tell by tasting whether a certain brand would be according to sample or not. It was officially determined poor stuff according to the findings of Judge Boise, who is a good judge of law whether he is of poor whisky or not.—Salem Journal.

A petition has been circulated and generally signed, addressed to the City Council, asking that awnings be taken down. It will be presented tomorrow night, and should be granted. Awnings are frontier affairs and eye sores to any city. First street would at least appear twenty feet wider with them down and present a much more metropolitan appearance. Down with the awnings.

Today is Washington's birthday, a deserved monument to the greatest "father of his country" any nation ever had. Though the capital of the U. S., one of its states, about thirty counties, many towns and thousands upon thousands of babies have been named after Washington the respect paid to his memory is none too great. The more one studies his life and the history of his times the bigger place does he get in one's heart. His greatness is not tradition, but history. The little hatchet story was undoubtedly fiction, but his life work, the integrity and grandeur of his character is verified by history.

Lish Applegate, known by everybody, was invited to be present at the Portland republican convention, now a chestnut. He did'nt go; but wrote the following note to Boss Ayer, which shows how a man feels after being kicked out of office: In answer to your favor I have to say that it is very unpleasant to be compelled to answer your most respectful request in the manner which candor requires. I must tell you then, that I have received a character of treatment at the hands of the present administration which would render it very improper for me to undertake such work as this to which you invite me. The fact is I have been dismissed and expelled by the M E conference and excommunicated by the pope of America, Bishop Newman, all of which proceedings were promptly sanctioned and confirmed by his excellency the president of the United States. The good old party, therefore, being no longer dragged down and encumbered by my earthly and worldly weight will now rapidly rise up, purified and sanctified, ready and prepared to meet the millenium; while I in the meantime may be permitted, perhaps, to stand afar off and see the Lion eat straw like an ox.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

NO ADVANCE SUGAR.

A B Meliwain Offers Some Bottom Pric

He makes the following reductions in sugar for cash:

17 lbs dry granulated for $1 00.
20 lbs extra C white for $1 00.
22 lbs extra C golden for $1.00.

Here are some wholesale prices:

100 lbs extra C @ 4⅛ cts.
100 lbs extra C white @ 4¼ cts.
100 lbs dry granulated @ 5⅛ cts.

He will also sell a five gallon keg of pickles for 90 cents.

Honesty is the Best Polic

This is a patent med cine advertisement but your attention the moment may save you much suffering as well as money.

We cure that cough
We cure that tickling.
We cure that hacking.
We cure that throat.
We cure Croup.
We cure Bronchitis.
We cure La Grippe Cough
We help you to sing and speak.
We are not the S. B. Lozenges.
We are a pleasant Cough Syrup.
We are put in 50 and 75 cent bottles.
We are the S B. Cough Cure.
Guaranteed by Forbay & Mason.

Allen Bros always keep their customers supplied with fresh butter and eggs.

Everlastingly in it.
F E Allen
If not, why not.

Stewart & Sox sell the very best patent tempered shears and scissors.

Smoke the celebrated Havana filled 5 cent cigar at Julius Joseph's.

Go to J W Cobb, successor to Pointer & Smiley, Flinn Block, for your job printing of all kinds

Dr M H Ellis, physician and surgeon, Albany, Oregon. Calls made in city or country.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Postponed Two Months.

CORVALLIS, Or Feb 23.—In the matter of the confirmation of the sale of the Oregon Pacific railroad, Judge Flinn appeared in court and filed a petition before Jude Pipes in behalf of Zeph Q Job, the purchaser, asking for a continuance of sixty days to raise the balance of the money and alleging that he had made arrangements to have the money here at the time specified, but that a suit begun in the United States court interfered and upset his plans. It was further alleged that the money was to be procured from parties in New York and London, who are still ready and willing to furnish the cash, so soon as the case now pending in the United States court is settled satisfactorily to them. J R Bryson appeared in behalf of the Farmer's Loan & Trust Company and filed a motion that the $25,000 paid in to be forfeited and another sale to be ordered. The motion was denied and the petition of Job granted.

Completely Dispersed!

WASHINGTON, Feb 23.—The secretary of state has received the following from Minister Ryan, of Mexico, regarding the condition of affairs in that country:

According to the advices of the Mexican government, Garza's bands, organized solely in Texas, are completely dispersed in consequence of the pursuit set on foot by the United States forces. Whenever the forces have crossed into Mexico, the precautionary measures instituted by this government were sufficient to preserve the people and railways from harm.

Wants To Be a State.

WASHINGTON, Feb 23.—Judge Bennett, chairman of the Utah territorial republican convention, today, proposed to the senate committee on territories a bill for local government in Utah and favored the admission of the territory as a state, on the ground the ground the people wanted statehood or nothing. John Henry Smith, of Salt Lake, also favored the sisterhood measure. This closes the hearing.

A Terrible Crime.

TORONTO, Feb 22.—The chief of police of this city last night received information of a very sensational murder. It appears that a few nights ago a peddler sought lodgings at a hotel in Loretto, a small village in Adjala county. He found a party of villagers in a jolly mood, drinking and smoking around the barroom fire. They demanded a song from the peddler, who hesitated to comply, saying he knew nothing but Orange songs. The crowd, however, insisted and the peddler complied, but the sentiment of the song so exasperated the crowd that they set upon and beat the man to death. Suddenly sobered by their murderous deed, they shut up the house and spent the rest of the night in cutting up the body and putting it in the stove.

Recorders All Right.

SALEM, Or Feb 22.—In the supreme court today an interesting suit was ended. The case of Elliott vs Oliver is a mandamus proceeding brought by the appellant, as recorder of conveyances for Union county, to recover certain records which the appellant claims the right to and custody of by virtue of his office. The constitutionality of the office of recorder of deeds was not passed upon, the court declining to consider so grave a question where the record itself was defective, but the opinion contains a brief dictum that the law creating the office of recorder in Union county is probably constitutional. The tendency, said Judge Strahan, of this decision is to leave the condition of affairs under the various acts creating recorders in the several counties undisputed.

A Long Voyage

ASTORIA, Feb 22.—The American ship Tillie E Starbuck, whose non-arrival has caused some anxiety, arrived in this evening, 153 days from New York, and when her anchor went down in the harbor Captain Curtis remarked: "This ends the longest sea voyage I ever made." The vessel, which is one of the fastest sailers in this trade, was twelve days making the first 800 miles out of New York, and this bad beginning was felt all the way, as vessels a week or two ahead of her at Cape Horn made rattling passages up the coast.

Whisky Did It.

WALLA WALLA, Feb 22.—Dr D H Broucher, a physician of Prosser, Yakima county died in the jail here Sunday morning. Broucher came to town Saturday and immediately began drinking heavily. About 2 o'clock Sunday morning he was taken with an epileptic fit and fell on the sidewalk with such force as to produce concussion of the brain. He was picked up by the police and taken to the city jail. A physician was summoned, but nothing could be done to save the man. He died at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Spokane Gets the G N

SPOKANE, Feb 22.—Preparations are being made today to commence work on the Great Northern. There was unusual activity about the engineers' quarters this morning. Draughtsmen were busy preparing maps, and engineers were getting ready to cross-section the line for contractors. Engineer W F Robinson, who has been in the city for several weeks, will leave tomorrow for Meade with a party and be assigned to work between Meade and the east city limits.

Beats Arizona.

ROCHESTER, N Y, Feb 21.—The shooting of an express messenger on a New York Central train, the rifling of a safe, the flight of the robber on the engine of another train from which he had driven the crew at the point of a revolver, a running fight from the engine for miles, followed by another engine filled with railway men, and the final capture of the desperado by a sheriff's posse in a swamp, after a wild pursuit across the country, are some of the sensational features of the most desperate attempt at train robbery in the history of the Central railway, and which cast in shade, as an exhibition of coolness and nerve the famous exploits of the Jesse James band or the other outlaws of western name.

The man is believed to be the much wanted Oliver Curtis Perry, who robbed Express Messenger Moore near Utica last fall.

How Tammany Will Go

ALBANY, N Y Feb 21.—Tonight it is understood Tammany decides not to go to the Chicago convention under instructions for any one. Prominent Tammany men said possibly it would be better politics for Hill to go to Chicago simply as democrats, and not with him as the iron bound cohice of any organization, and possibly too, Tammany may prefer to go as a powerful organization, not determined to press any one man, but at the same time with a warm and, if needed, earnest friendship for Hill Then the power of each might be greater upon the delegates from other states.

Was Delighted

PORTLAND, Feb 21.—H E Hartley, a new comer to this state, who has taken a trip up the West Side road to Corvallis, across to Albany and out to Ashland and back, is delighted with what he saw. He says the fall sown grain is looking fine and up the West Side the farmers are speeding the plows at a great rate, some of them having four or five teams employed and making efforts to get in a larger acreage than usual. Prospects for a good crop are very favorable, and the railroad men report that the freight business is improving and future prospects bright.

Another Rabbit Drive

TRAVAR, Cal Feb 21.—The largest rabbit drive in this section of country since 1888, was held today about two miles west of Traver. About 1 o'clock hundreds of vehicles and 400 mounted horsemen commenced the line of march under the personal supervision of J N Bowbay. The line extended four miles in width. Great excitement prevailed on reaching the wings of the corral, which were one and one-half miles apart. About 4000 scalps were secured.

A Notable Wedding

TACOMA, Feb 21.—A matrimonial event which will interest many people of Tacoma will take place in Portland Thursday, March 3. Herbert S Huson, the well known capitalist of this city, and recently assistant principal engineer of the norihern Pacific, will wed miss Labinia Whalley, daughter of J W Whalley, a well known resident of Portland. The ceremony will take place at St Stephen's chapel, and will be followed by a reception from 1 to 3 p m at the residence 393 West Park street.

A Statue of Brigham Young

SALT LAKE, Feb 21.—The Brigham Young Memorial Association has let a contract to Sculptor Dollin for a statue of the great Mormon leader, to be erected in the southeast corner of the Temple block and to

Salem Hilarious.

SALEM, Feb 23.—The Salem Baseball Club incorporated today with a capital stock of $10,000, and will back a Salem team in the Pacific Northwest League. The stockholders met tonight and elected J C Smith president, C A Reity secretary, and "Pap" Lytle manager. Manager Lytle starts east tomorrow to sign players and make up a team.

A Portland Man Insane

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 23.—Louis Burke, gardener from Portland, became violently insane en route from Portland to San Francisco on the Steamer Oregon. He attempted to kill one of his fellow passengers and had to be locked up. Two policemen had a hard struggle in handcuffing him on his arrival here. He was sent to the home for inebriates.

An Earthquake.

SAN DIEGO, Feb 23.—At 11:17 this evening there was a severe shock of earthquake with vibrations from east to west. Buildings rocked in a terrific manner bringing thousands of people on the streets. The damage, if any, is not known as yet. A second shock, which was very light, was felt at 11:40.

WHAT THE GOVERNORS SAY.

The New York *World* has been interviewing democratic governors.

Governor Russell of Mass, says:

"I tell you," said the Governor, bringing his hand forcibly down upon the table, "if Mr Cleveland is nominated, I can pledge the vote of Massachusetts to the democratic national ticket. There is no doubt about it. I could go into details with you and show you how I know that the democratic strength this fall is to be increased thousands and thousands of votes. The vote of this state is ready to fall into the lap of the national democracy, and I cannot believe that they will wantonly throw it away, and I still believe that Mr Cleveland will be nominated, and nothing that has been done or that is likely to be will prevent it."

Gov. Eagle of Ark. says:

"If Hill secured a solid delegation through intrigue it would in my judgment have a tendency to defeat him before the convention.

"I am inclined to believe it would also prevent Cleveland's nomination, for the reason that it would not be prudent for the democracy to nominate either Cleveland or Hill with a factional fight going on in their state between the two men."

Gov. Winans of Michigan says:

"I think, of course, that a solid delegation for Hill in New York would be something in his favor, but in my mind it is extremely doubtful whether it would be able, with even that prestige, to get the necessary two-thirds majority required in the democratic national convention.

"I think the natural result of the whole matter will be the defeat of both Cleveland and Hill and the nomination of a western man."

Gov. Fleming of W. Va. says:

"I do not think a solid Hill delegation from New York means Hill's nomination.

"I think it would prevent Cleveland's nomination, not because the people are any the less attached to him, but the convention would desire to nominate a candidate who could surely carry and unite the party in his own state."

Gov. Burke of N. Dak. says:

"As an outsider I should think that a solid Hill delegation meant Cleveland's defeat in the convention, but I do not think Hill will get the nomination. As a republican I should be pleased to see Hill nominated. I regard Cleveland as the strongest man with the masses in the democratic party, but in the event of his defeat in the national convention, then the nominee will be a western man. In my judgment Senator Palmer will be the man in that event."

Gov. Peck of Wisconsin says:

"A solid Hill delegation from New York would not affect the other states if the feeling in them was against Hill.

"It might result in Cleveland's nomination. No one man can force himself into the presidential chair. If the people want Hill they will find him, and he will not have to carry a sandwich sign notifying the democracy that he is in the race.

PEORIA.

Owing to the fine weather farmers in this vicinity are busy plowing and sowing their spring grain.

Quite a fight ensued one day last week between two light weights. The cause as far as can be learned was, who was to get the girl.

Peoria is very proud of their new doctor, Dr Killemquick, who has his office in the Kinkston Block, room 27. He is death on the grippe.

Uncle Tommy Clemens is still on the sick list.

W R Garrett has returned from a visit to John Turner's, of Harrisburg.

Mr Underwood will start for the east with his family the 27th of the month.

James Githens was up and spent Sabbath with his parents.

The Green Back Literary Society gave a very enjoyable entertainment Tuesday night, which was the last night. Quite a large crowd was present.

John Miller met with an accident last Friday, which came near breaking his leg, by his horse falling down on him, spraining his ankle.

Rev McFarland will hold quarterly meeting at the church next Sabbath, the 28th.

Quite a blaze caused some excitement on the top of Mr Ziegler's house, but by the quick work of both Engine Co's and Hook & Ladder Co was soon extinguished with out much damage.

After selling out all their sheep Githens & Lamar have started to raising goats for a change. They wish to get all the goats they can possibly buy.

Miss Annie Githens will go to Albany Saturday, where she will go to school during the spring term.

Chris Slagle is talking of putting in a steam ferry on account of the current not being swift enough to carry the boat across.

The Peoria ground hog was out and saw his shadow, and went back to hole up for six weeks. CHAMPION.

SEE HERE

Parker Bros, grocers.
F. M. French keeps railroad time.
Buy your groceries of Parker Bros
Apple parers for sale at Stewart & Sox's.
Fine groceries at Conn & Hendricson's.
Latest sheet music at Will & Link's.
New cream cheese just received at Conrad Meyers.
C W Cobb, job printer, Flinn Block, does first class work.
E W Aennon &Co are selling monuments at Portland prices.
The finest line of pocket knives in the city at Stewart & Sox's.

Just 24.

In just 24 hours J. Y. S. relieves constipation and stop headaches. After it gets the system under control an occasional dose prevents return. We refer by permission to W. H. Marshall, Brunswick House, S. F.; Geo. A. Wenzel, 521 California St., S. F.; Mrs. C. Melvin, 106 Kearny St., S. F., and many others who have found relief from constipation and sick headaches. J.W. Vincent, of 6 Torrence Court, S. F. writes: "I am 60 years of age and have been troubled with constipation for 25 years. I was recently induced to try Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. I recognized in it at once an herb that the Mexicans used to give us in the early 50's for bowel troubles. (It came to California in 1849,) and I knew it would help me and it has. For the first time in years I can sleep well and my system is regular and in splendid condition. The old Mexican herbs in this remedy are a certain cure in constipation and bowel troubles." Ask for

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla
FOR SALE BY—
REED & STANARD ALBANY

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn.

J E CARTER, Plaintiff
vs
F A BURKHART, Defendant.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled action, to me directed and delivered, I did on the 29th day of January, 1892, at the suit of the above named plaintiff, levy on and attach all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to the real property hereinafter described, and will on

Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1892,

at the Court House door, in the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, at the hour of 1 o'clock p m of said day, sell at public auction for cash in hand to the highest bidder, said real property described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the N W corner of block 15, Hackleman's 2nd addition to Albany, Linn county, Oregon; thence easterly and parallel with the south boundary line of said block 66 feet; thence southerly and parallel with the west boundary line of said block 110 feet; thence westerly parallel with the north boundary line of said block 66 feet, thence northerly on the west boundary line of said block to the place of beginning. Also the N ½ of the Donation Land Claim of C P Burkhart and wife, Notification 695, in tp 11, S R 3 W, of the Willamette Meridian, in Linn county, Oregon.

The proceeds arising from the sale of said real property to be applied, first, to the payment of the costs of and upon this writ, and the original costs amounting to the sum of $29 95; second, to the payment of plaintiff's claim amounting to the sum of $115.98, and third, that the overplus, if any there be remaining after the payment of the sums above, to be paid into the above entitled court to abide the further order of said court.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1892.

M. SCOTT,
Sheriff of Linn county, Oregon.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free Into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Brewering qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

LADIES Will C. Reed's MAGIC SCALE is a perfect Ladies' Tailoring System of Science Measurement, by which you can cut all your own and children's garments, including sleeves and waistcoats, from tape in 5 minutes, perfectly, without rule or figuring. Easily Learned, Cheap, Simple, Durable, Practical. Over 250,000 sold. Sent on Thirty Days' Trial. If to use a year, or longer, before discovered superior and entirely worth more than cost, FREE. Don't fail to investigate. AGENTS WANTED this before buying. The Reed Magic Scale Co., Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned executor of the last will and testament of W S Noble, deceased, has filed his final account in the office of the county clerk of Linn county, Oregon, and that the county court of said Linn county, has appointed Monday, the 7th day of March, 1892, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the time, and the court room of said county court as the place for hearing objections if any to said final account and the settlement of said estate.

Dated January 23th, 1892.

GEO W WRIGHT, Att'y for Executor. ANDREW J NOBLE, Executor.

CITATION.

In the County Cout of the State of Oregon, for Linn county:

In the matter of the estate of Henry Grasser, deceased.

To all the heirs known and unknown in the above entitled estate. Greeting:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby cited and required to appear in the county court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Linn, at the court room thereof, at Albany, in the county of Linn, on Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the foren