The Democrat.

STITES & NUTTING.
Editors and Proprietors.

THE FREER TRADE MOVEMENT.

Jacque St Cere, the well-informed Paris correspondent of the New York *Herald*, represents the recent change in the commercial policy of Germany as "a long step in the direction of free trade." The republican organs have been clamoring about it as a triumph of the McKinley bill, and by persistently putting forward the arrangements made with this country and omitting all reference to those made with Italy and Austria, and those in progress with Belgium, Holland and Switzerland, and in contemplation on the part of Spain, they have no doubt succeeded in creating an impression among their readers that the policy of high protection in this country is bringing the world by degrees down upon its knees to us. The press of Germany, Austria and Italy declare the new policy to be in the interest of cheaper living, and the almost universal favor with which it is received shows that the people have awakened to the folly of supposing high taxation to be promotive of prosperity. Strong pressure has been brought to bear upon England to join the continental trade league, but she persistently holds aloof, and throws her markets open to all the world, granting no favors and asking none. Her policy will prevail in the end, and the unnatural protection doctrine will be consigned to a bourne from which there will be no return. We do not mean that there is any likelihood that the civilized nations generally will adopt the English free trade doctrine in its entirety, and abolishing duties except upon one or two articles which are not necessaries, depend for revenue upon direct taxation. While this in theory may be the correct way of raising a revenue, not many governments are prepared to resort to it; and revenue tariff will continue for a long time to come, for the reason that no simpler and no more equitable way of raising money for public uses can be designed. The action which this country will take at the presidential will have a profound effect upon election the trade policy of every other nation. A verdict for tariff reform will give the movement for freer trade an impetus all the world over. If, on the other hand, this country declares for high protection, and thus puts itself in antagonism to the growing sentiment abroad, it may be accepted as a challenge by foreign governments to a commercial war. The governments of England, Germany, Austria, Italy, Spain, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland are committed to the policy of freeing trade of all needless shackles, and their influence wherever it extends will be exerted to that end. The economists of Europe concede the commanding position which this country will occupy in regard to foreign commerce under a more enlightened trade policy. With the abundant supply of raw materials, among which food products are a principal factor, and with the remarkable skill of American mechanics, there is every reason to believe that the United States may easily take the first place in the great commercial rivalry now in progress the world over if sounder principles prevail at home. The European nations are strengthening themselves for the struggle by reducing the cost of living to their people. It will be wise policy for this country to follow their example.—Seattle *Telegraph*.

ANOTHER VICTORY

At Tangent is a Literary and Debating society. On last Saturday evening it debated the following question:

"Resolved that a high protective tariff benefits the wage laborers in manufacturing and industrial pursuits.' There were three speakers on aside and their time was unlimited. A correspondent of the DEMOCRAT says: "After a lengthy discussion, the question was unanimously settled in the negative. These two interests, wool growing and labor, according to the gospel of high protectionists among those reaping the greatest benefits from high tariffs. It seems to me that if we can knock these two interests out of the list of those so blest by high tariff taxes that it leaves high protection about in the same condition as the soldier's old musket that was so well worn that there was nothing left but the touch hole.

The *Mountaineer* in a spirit of great despondency, asks: "Shall we give up growing wool?" Well, we are really afraid we will, if we permit McKinley or any of his coadjutors to make another increase of the duty on that article, and a still greater increase relatively on woolen goods. Since McKinley's bill went into operation wool has sold at from 2½ 4 cents less on the pound. That's one fact we would have the *Mountaineer* puzzle its partisan mentality on. Another fact is that since that bill has been in operation there has been an increase in the importation of wool to the amount of over thirty million pounds and a decrease in the amount of woolen goods of over $25,000,000. If the *Mountaineer* will study these facts with that degree of intelligence and nonpartisan feeling necessary to arrive at a correct conclusion it will repeat its question with a doubly increased emphasis. But it knocks its tariff views into smithereens, all the same.

The democratic convention at Portland Saturday was a noisy one, and the proceedings at times were entirely too boisterous to be taken as an example by the YMCA meetings, nevertheless the boys all meant to do right and conducted themselves in the way they did because they believed they were resisting an attempt to put a collar around their necks. it is most certain that the collar was an imaginary one, nevertheless they exhibited their democratic resentment all the same.

Of course democrats of Ohio have no grounds upon which to base a complaint against the republicans who now propose to so gerrymander the congressional districts of that state as to give them 17 of the 21 congressmen and the democrats 4. But President Harrison, who grew so righteously indignant, in his message over the democratic gerrymander in Michigan, should now send a message to congress calling attention to this proposed republican outrage. If he is conscientious he will. But the public may watch in vain for the message.

The origin of card playing is uncertain. It is said to have been brought to Viterbo in 1379. Cards were illuminated for Charles VI. of France, 1392, then depressed in mind. Cards were first taxed in England 1710.

The most violent thunder storms in the world occur in French Guiana. The thunder there in an ordinary storm is almost deafening, while peal follows peal in quick succession.

With 1892 comes in the 400th anniversary of the beginning the very initial point of American history. It is a far cry from the October of 1492 to that of 1892.

Twenty-two newspapers in the state of Kansas are edited by women.

STRONGLY STATED.

The following is an extract from a speech made by Mr Cleveland on Jackson Day in New York City. It is worthy a most careful perusal:

"Mr President and Gentlemen: No one can question the propriety of the celebration of this day by the organization whose invitation has called us together. The democratic zest and enthusiasm of the celebration of the day grows out of the fact that the battle of New Orleans was won under the generalship of Andrew Jackson. It is well that there are occasions like this where we may manifest that love and affection for Andrew Jackson which have a place in every democratic heart.

It is useless to attempt an explanation of this love and affection; they are democratic instincts. So strong is our conviction that Jackson's democracy derived its strength and vigor from the steadfast courage, the honesty of purpose and the sturdy persistency which characterized the man, that we willingly profess the belief that the same conditions are essential to the usefulness and success of the democratic party in these latter days. Thus, wherever party principle or policy may lead us, we have constantly before us an unquestioned example of the spirit in which our work should be undertaken.

The democratic party has lately declared to the people that if it were trusted and invested with power, their burdens of taxation should be lightened, and that a better and more just distribution of benefits should be assured to them. There is no doubt that we have received their trust and confidence on the faith of our promises.

We, who are proud to call ourselves Jacksonian democrats, have boldly and aggressively attacked a political heresy, opposed to the best interests of the people and defended by an arrogant and unscrupulous party. The fight is still on.

We should be steadfast to the issue we have raised until it is settled, and rightly settled. The steadfastness we need will not permit a premature and distracting search for other and perplexing questions, nor will it allow us to be tempted or driven by the enemy into new and tangled paths. We have given pledges to the people and they have trusted us. The service we undertook was not to advise those waiting for better days that their cause was hopeless, or under any pretext to suggest a cessation of efforts. Our engagement was to labor incessantly, bravely and stubbornly, seeing nothing and considering nothing but ultimate success.

These pledges and promises should be faithfully and honestly kept. Party faithlessness is party dishonor. I hope, then, I may venture to state in this assembly that, even if there had been but slight encouragement for the cause we have espoused, there would be no justification for timidity and faint-heartedness. With the success we have already achieved, amounting to a political revolution, it seems to me that it would be the height of folly, considered purely as a question of party management, to relax in the least our determination and persistency.

If we suspect anywhere in our counsels compromising hesitation, or a disposition to divert the unity of party efforts, let us be watchful. The least retreat bodes disaster. Cowardice is often called conservatism, and an army scattered into sections invites defeat. I believe our countrymen are prepared to act on principle are in no mood for political maneuvering. They demand a plain and simple statement of political purposes. If, inspired by the same Jacksonian spirit, we hold the doctrine that party honesty is party duty, and party courage, party expediency, we shall win a sure and lasting success through the deserved support of a discriminating, intelligent and thoughtful people.

A GLANCE AT THE EXCHANGES.

The *Alliance Herald* tells how Andrew Carnegie gave his employes a New Years present and then cut down their wages for the coming year. The Yamhill County *Ledger* writes a long article rather against the idea of a future state of existence for the wicked. The Eugene *Guard* says the signs of the times point to Senator Hill as the coming democratic leader. The *Mercury* says "six months ago it was headed 'Hill as a Possibility.' Now it should read 'Hill as an Impossibility.'" The Democratic *Times* tells of the spirit of hate which always actuates the *Oregonian* towards the south. The Roseburg *Review* says it still holds to the good old idea that mortgages should be taxed. The Portland *Telegram* says that the oldest citizens concede that they have never seen the fires of democratic enthusiasm burning so brightly in Oregon as now. The Eugene *Journal* takes great pride in opposing the the Australian ballot law. The Junction City *Times* has no use for a democrat who will not discriminate in favor of his party, that is party perfirment, and a republican who will not stick by his friends is worse than a mugwump.

PERSISTENT FALSIFYING.

The *Oregonian* says:

Tammany sold out Hancock in 1880 and Cleveland in 1888 when it might have elected both. This is history.

So far as the above statement relates to trading off Mr Cleveland in 1888, it is notoriously false and no one knows it better than Scott. But that paper makes this statement quite frequently. Let us look at the facts: In 1884 when Mr Cleveland was elected, New York City, where Tammany has its only organization, gave him 43,064 majority. In 1888 when Mr Cleveland was defeated, Tammany gave him 57,174 maj. Doesthat look much like Tammany sold him out? No, it is false to the knowledge of every one. In 1888 Cleveland was defeated in Brooklyn and the rural counties of that state. These are facts and history as well.

Mr Springer, chairman of the wys and means committee, said in a speech at New York the other day:

"Of one thing the country may be assured, that no step backward in the cause of genuine tariff reform will be taken by the democratic members of the present house of representatives. Opposition to the objectionable features of the McKinley bill and a demand for tariff reform will be kept in view, and this issue will be put forward as paramount and overshadowing the others in the presidential campaign of 1892."

This does not not look much like democrats would now go back on their tariff views. It will be the last the party will do.

A dispatch from Columbus, Indiana, says:

In eight of the twelve county conventions in this part of the state yesterday, resolutions were adopted indorsing Isaac P Gray as a presidential candidate for 1892 and [illegible] C C Matson for governor of Indiana. In Bartholomew, Brown, Scott and Jackson counties Cleveland was preferred for president. In all counties there was a clamor for a tariff for 1892 similar to that of 1888. The democratic party will go into the next presidential canvass in excellent condition in Southern Indiana.

Mrs William H Crane has been the treasurer of her husband's theatrical company for more than ten years, and handles between $40,000 and $60,000 per month.

CONSTITUTION.

The following is the constitution adopted by the democratic societies of Oregon in convention, assembled at Portland January 9th, 1892:

THE CONSTITUTION.

We, the democratic clubs, societies and leagues of Oregon, in convention assembled, associate ourselves together under the following constitution:

First—The name of this association shall be the Democratic Society of Oregon.

Second—The objects of this association are as follows:

To foster the formation of permanent democratic clubs, societies and leagues throughout the state of Oregon, and insure their active cooperation in disseminating Jeffersonian principles of government.

To preserve the constitution of the United States, autonomy of the states, local self-government and freedom of elections.

To resist revolutionary changes and the centralization of power.

To oppose the imposition of taxes beyond the necessities of the government economically administered.

To promote economy in all branches of the public services.

To oppose unnecessary commercial restrictions for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many.

To oppose class legislation, which despoils labor and builds up monopoly.

To maintain inviolate the fundamental principles of the democracy, "Equality before the law; and

To co-operate with the co-ordinate organizations of the democratic party in support of democrats and democratic measures.

Third—All political clubs, societies and leagues in the state of Oregon, which concur in the objects of this association, are eligible to membership.

Fourth—The officers of this association shall consist of a president, vice-president at large, and also one vice-president from each county in the state; a secretary and treasurer who shall have the usual power of such officers, subject to the regulation of the executive committee, all such officers to be elected annually.

Fifth—The affairs of this association when not in convention assembled, shall be managed by an executive committee, consisting of fifteen members, together with the officers of this association, all of whom shall be ex-officio members of the executive committee, which shall have power to designate sub committees. Five members of the executive committee shall make a quorum.

Sixth—The officers of this association shall be elected at each regular convention, and there shall also at the same time and place be elected one vice president for the national association of democratic clubs, and four members of the general committee for said national association. All officers shall hold their officers until their successors are elected and qualified, unless sooner removed by the committee.

Seventh—The executive committee may fill vacancies in their own body and in any of the offices of this association, and are also authorized to admit clubs, societies and leagues to membership, but a convention shall have power to overrule any action of this committee. The exectutive committee may also raise funds by voluntary subscriptions to carry out the purposes and objects of this association, and shall have all the powers of the association, unless by special resolution limiting the same. The treasury shall be custodian of all the funds, and shall disburse the same only on the order of the executive committee, signed by the secretary and countersigned by the president or vice-presiden at large.

Eight—There shall also be organized in each county of this state an association of clubs, societies or leagues auxiliary to this association. There shall be organized in each voting precinct in the respective counties, a club society or league, auxiliary to the county association. The executive committee of this association shall recommend a uniform system of organization for the respective counties.

Ninth—The regular convention of this association shall be held at a place to be determined at each annual meeting. Notice of at least three weeks shall be given by the secretary to every member of this association

Tenth—The executive committee may, by a two-thirds vote, call a special convention of this association, of which three weeks' notice shall be given

Eleventh—In convention, the members of this association shall be entitled to representation as follows: Each club, society or leauge shall be entitled to five delegates, and one additional delegate for every fifteen members in good standing, but no club, society or league shall be entitled to more than twenty-five delegates.

Twelfth—At a convention of this association each delegate shall have one vote.

Thirtenth—This constitution may be amended at a convention upon a two-thirds vote.

A GLANCE AT THE EXCHANGES

The Portland *Dispatch* says the democratic party was never in better condition to carry the state than now. The Eugene *Guard* says there were too many orators and too much talk at the democratic convention at Portland. The daily *Plaindealer* is dead The Walla Walla *Statesman* "points with pride" to the fact that the bloody shirt is defunct. The *Commoner* says that the large crops of last year were due to Providence and not to the McKinley bill as claimed by republican leaders. The Lakeview *Examiner* says the main policy of the democratic party is and always has been for the greatest possible degree of individual liberty, for freer and broader commercial opportunities and relations, for an honest and economical government, for equal rights for all and special privileges to none. The *Oregonian*, with an unusual degree of candor, admits that the last hope of the republicans carrying New York for president is crushed out through the indefatigable watchfulness of Senator Hill,

When it was definitely settled that the New York legislature was democratic in both branches, Quay, Dudley, and other conscientious (?) republican leaders discovered, at once, that there was a plot to elect presidential electors by the legislature instead of by the people. Senator Hill who, to these leaders, is a devil incarnate, being asked about this report said:

"That story is silly, Senator Quay and Mr Dudley are no doubt very nice gentlemen, but they are hardly the men who would be acquainted with our plans. The story is almost too ridiculous for a denial. Whichever party in this state casts the greatest number of votes in the usual way will elect the presidential electors. There will be no change in the law in that respect."

So another one is spiked.

A physician who kept a nightly record of his pulse for five years reports that every year it falls through the spring until about midsummer, and then rises through the autumn to November or December. Then comes a second fall and a second rise, culminating in February.

The New York *World* has polled the legislature of that state on presidential preferences with the following result: Democrats, Hill 53; Cleveland 4; non-committal 26; Flower 1. Republicans, Blaine 50; Harrison 6; non-committal 17; Depew 1.

MISFITS.

WHEAT, 85 CENTS.

The state university has a glee club.

A large number of counterfeit half dollars are in circulation in Washington county, Oregon, especially in the neighborhood of Glenco, one merchant there having taken in as many as six in a day We publish this as news. It doesn't interest us personally.

If any city in Oregon needed a political revolution it was Astoria. Under the old rule it cost nearly $100,000 a year to run the city, with a population of 7,000 or 8,000, just about three times as much as the cost of running Salem, a city of about the same population. There must have been something rotten, and the people did well to order a change.

The West Side of Independence gives the improvements in that city during 1891 as $174,225. Among them are: Public school building, $25,000; Electric light plant, $20,000; Independence and Monmouth motor line, $20,000; Independence National bank building and fixtures, $18,000; Independence roller mills, $15,000; Prescott & Veness's sawmill, $15,000; Independence water works, $15,000; J F O'Donnell's hardware store, $8,000.

Following are the officers of the State Democratic Club: President, George E Chamberlain, of Albany. Vice-President at Large, John R Markley, of Corvallis Secretary, Charles N Wait, of Portland. Treasurer, J C Welch, of Portland. Executive Committee, F A E Starr, John J Kelly, Portland; Robert A Miller, Jacksonville; L D Deane, Portland; T J Black, Halsey; John Barrett, Robert Catlin, M G Munly, Portland; John Burnett, Corvallis; Ira L Campbell, Eugene; E C Russell, Portland; W F Matlock, Pendleton; D M Sears, Dallas; Dr S P Mullenix, Astoria; W E Craze, Harney county.

Here is a little undeserved newspaper fun from the Oregon City Courier, about a live young editor of splendid character: The young chap that does duty as editor of the Stayton Times evidently needs a thorough scrubbing with a flesh brush and a pair of horseshoes in order to drive the blood from his leathery cerebellum to his cowhide boots. In his last issue he raves thusly: "The Oregon City Courier quotes a line from the Times and follows it by saying: 'Society in that neck of the woods evidently has the taste of sucking calves; they should, for a change, chew one another's ears.' You vile, ignorant blackguard! Can't read the plain king's English! Chew ears? If we belonged to the same long-eared species as yourself we'd not only chew ears but bray from morning till night." Pray, Brother Walt Lyon, how would a mule-ear fricassee suit your tender diaphram? Pull yer vest down, won't you?

The meanest man in the world is undoubtedly the wife beater.

Right here let us remark early in the season that Albany should have a public park.

The Czar of Russia has an income of $12,000,000, which is more than the income of any editor or banker in Oregon.

There are no cats within the limits of Leadville, Col., the thin atmosphere at that altitude (12,000 feet) being fatal to them. They are, however, not required, the town being free from rats and mice from the same cause.

The matter has been fully explained at last. There were 2,976,270,885 cigarettes used in America during the last fiscal year. And yet people are at a loss to account for the epidemic of crack-pates which is devastating the country.

It is comical to a high degree to hear all the old ring organs praise Hermann when the single proposition of his to have a $300,000 appropriation for Siuslaw harbor and only a few thousand for the whole Willamette valley ought to damn him to private life.—Salem Journal.

From one end of Oregon to the other the newspapers are crying: "Better roads." Keep up the yell, and let the counties of Oregon back it up by liberal appropriations.

The county court of Marion county played a great joke on the newspapers there. It ordered the county court proceedings published at one cent an inch. The law is a farce anyway, and the county court there evidently thought they would have some fun.

The report of Recorder Henton published elsewhere makes a good showing for Albany. The indebtedness on the general fund is only $3535, considerably less than a year ago.

Few of our native trees have orderiferous wood like the sandal-wood of the islands in the Pacific Ocean; but a few of the coniferæ on the Pacific slope have sweet scented woods. The fine church at Matlakatla, built by the civilized Indians of Alaska, is as fragrant as if incense were continually floating through the air, from the wood of the great arbor vitæ—*Thuja gigantea*—of which it is built. Libocedrus decurrens, found further south, is known as "incense cedar" from its fragrance. The yellow cypress, *Cupressus nuthaensis*, and the Monterey cypress, *Cypressus macrocarpa*, have also scented wood.

There are three factories in the United States which make about 10,000 corn cob pipes a day. This creates quite a demand for the cobs in sections where they grow the kind that is suitable.

The largest barometer ever made is said be the one in St Jaques tower in Paris it is 41 feet 5 inches high.

ADS HERE

Parker Bros, grocers.

New cloaks at W F Read's.

Latest styles of hats at W F Read's.

Reduction in summer goods at W F Read's

Apple parers for sale at Stewart & Sox s.

Fine groceries at Conn & Hendricson's.

Latest sheet music at Will & Link's.

Parasols and sun umbrellas at less than cost at W F Read's.

Gold spectacles and eye glasses, all styles and prices, at F M French's.

The finest line of pocket knives in the city at Stewart & Sox's.

Bargains in gold watches at French's, "The Corner Jewelry Store."

A full line of Warner's corsets, best in the world for the money, at W F Read's.

J. W. Bentley, leading boot and shoe maker, just east of Revere House.

Silk umbrellas in natural wood handles cheap at French's Jewelry store.

Go to Klein Bros and have your shoes repaired while you wait.

Patronize home industry and buy handmade harness, warranted, from O C McFarland, at Dalbrulle's old stand.

Go to C W Cobb, successor to Painley & Smiley, Flinn Block, for your job printing of all kinds

E W Achison & Co handle the celebrated Portland cement walls for cemetery lots. These walls can be furnished at half the cost of anyother and are far superior.

Fresh crisp celery at Allen Bros.

KELLOGG SCHOOL.—The Kellogg school of dress cutting at corner of First and Baker in the Ralston house is now open. Lessons not limited. Ladies are invited to call and examine the system.

Ladies, do you wish your hair to stay in curl, if so get a bottle of French curline at Mrs Hyman's

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Gave Up its Dead.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan 12.—A curious incident of the sea giving up its dead has just come to light. Saturday, while the wrecking schooner Lucy Lowe was dragging Port Townsend harbor for her lost anchor, she raised an old worm-eaten boat from the bottom of the bay. When the boat was lifted to the surface it turned over, and the remains of a human skeleton with the clothes on fell from it into the water. Investigation developed the fact that the old boat thus raised was a Whitehall boat, formerly owned by Bartlett & Co, and the skeleton was the remains of Thomas Drummond, who pisappeared over two years ago.

Important Bills Passed.

WASHINGTON, Jan 12.—The Oregon senators were quite successful today, both securing the passage of bills, Senator Dolph having his bill for the life-saving station, near the mouth of the Rogue river, put through with scarcely any opposition. Senator Mitchell's bill appropriating $325,000 for two revenue cutters on the Pacific coast was passed, but it caused considerable discussion, which was engaged in by four senators from the Pacific northwest.

The Medford City Election.

MEDFORD Or Jan 12.—The city election today; held under the new election law, passed off quietly and gave good satisfaction. There were only 225 votes cast. The following officers were elected for the coming year:

Mayor, J A Whiteside; councilmen, W B Roberts, Dr E B Pickell, E J Montague and W P Wood; recorder, J H Faris; marshal, L C Rodenberger; treasurer, G H Haskins.

Settled After Many Years.

WASAINGTON, Jan 11.—The commission which was appointed to determine the north line of the Warm Springs reservation in Oregon have reported that the line run and surveyed by T B Handley, in the year 1871, from the initial point up to and including the twenty-sixth mile thereof, thence in a due course to the summit of the Cascade mountains, is the boundary. There has been a long dispute over this matter, trying to prove from the claim by the Indians, that in 1856 one R R Thompson blazed an oak tree, and said that would be the line. The settlers have gone on to the lands south of the blazed tree, and their lands have always been in dispute. Troubles have grown out of the matter, and resulted in Senator Mitchell having the commission appointed to settle the boundary. A strip of land several miles wide was in dispute.

Almost Frozen to Death.

WALLA WALLA, Jan 11 Daniel Brown was found almost frozen to death this morning in a hay stack, two miles west of the city. He was brought to the hospital, and Dr Blalock found his right hand and both feet badly frozen. They will probably have to be amputated. He came from Seattle, and when he reached Wallula last night had 25 cents which he gave the brakeman for a ride to Walla Walla, between two box cars on the bumbers. When near the city he got so cold he jumped off and went to the hay stack.

Judge Hanford Mentioned.

WASHINGTON, Jan 11.—The latest news of the appointment of a circuit Judge for the ninth circuits that Judge Hanford, of Seattle, now United States district judge for Washington, may be agreed upon and promoted to the circuit bench. President Harrison is very much pleased with the decisions that Judge Hanford has rendered during his term on the district bench, and thinks very favorably of promoting him to the circuit bench, if the Pacific coast delegation can agree upon him.

A Stage Robber.

PHOENIX, Ariz Jan 11.—A special to the Republican, says that the Florence and Globe stage was held up by one highwayman nine miles west of riverside, Ariz. Wells Fargo's box and two bars of silver bullion were taken, but the mail was untouched. The robber is described as tall, with a dark, heavy mustache. He wore no mask. The same stage was robbed near this point ten dayf ago, and Wells Fargo,s box taken' supposedly by the same man.

The Body Found.

ROSEBURG, Jan 11.—At midnight last night, a message was received here from Oakland, conveying the intelligence that the body of Dr J C Shambrook, who was drowned while crossing the Umpqua at Kellog's, Tuesday evening, December 8, had been found. Particulars so far forwarded are very meager. The reports say the body was taken from the river at Rapp's ferry, fifteen miles below where the drowuing took place. As Dr Shambrook was the county coroner, the necessary inquest will be held by the justice of the peace.

Killing their Prisoners.

EAGLE PASS, Tex Jan 11.—The Mexican government has a law which permits its guards to shoot prisoners who attempt to escape, and this has been observed down the river on the Mexican side to such an extent that those who were thought to be in sympathy with Garzo, to the number of 80 or 100, have fallen victims to their captors.

A Terrible Accident.

MCALLISTER, I T, Jan 9.—The excitement, intensified almost to insanity, because of the mine explosion, shows no abatement. All day yesterday and today 5000 people were around the shaft of the mine, crowding, gesticulating and shrieking. This morning the company ordered sixty-five, and a local undertaker ordered a carload of coffins. All the mines in the vicinity have shut down; and the miners and women of Krebs are working to rescue and perform offices for the dead, and to relieve the suffering of the wounded. Forty-one dead bodies have been recovered.

Waits for Register

WASHINGTON, Jan 10.—The Oregon delegation has recommended Dr John W Watts for register of the land office of Lakeview, Or. This ends quite a little episode connected with the appointment to a vacancy. Some time ago Senator Dolph said to Senator Mitchell:

"If I find a vacancy, will you join me in recommending Dr Watts for the place?"

"Oh, yes," replied Mitchell.

"Well," said Dolph, "Warren Truitt register at Lakeview, will be made judge of Alaska, and we will put Watts in his place."

"Hold on," said Mitchell, "We had better see Hermann."

A Revolting People.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan 10.—Rumors are current that a revolt has taken place among the Seventh and Second regiments. It is commonly believed the revolters were suborned by followers of General Roca. The government has taken measures to suppress the insurrection. The First regiment and Third artillery have been ordered to reinforce the Buenos Ayres garrison. Cartridges were se ved to all the men, but it is feared that despite these preparations the insurgent, are so strong they will march from Rasoario Mendeza and La Plata upon Buenos Ayres.

Nate Gird Did It.

PORTLAND, Jan. 10.—C L Thompson, a young man who racently came to Portland from San Francisco, where he was employed as clerk in a clothing house, was stabbed in the right side in the region of the lower floating rib last night by a man named Nate Gird. The stabbing took place in the Hotel Delevan, on Fourth and D streets, in a room occupied by Mattie Jtephens. It appears that this woman was the cause of the trouble, as Gird, who had been her for several years, suspeced her of being intimate with Thompson.

San Jose Champions.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 10.—The championship series is over. San Jose holds the pennant. The record was a tie at end of the first game today, but the second game broke up in a row, which ended in Umpire McDermott giving San Jose the game by a score of 9 to 0, thus making that club champion of the Pacific coast. In the first game San Jose was completely shut out, not scoring a single run.

Ignited Dynamite

BELLAIR, O Jan 9.—In a stone quarry on Rock Hill; a mile west of here, the employes placed forty sticks of dynamite around the fire today. It ignited, and John Walters, with a board pitched the dynamite away. It went off with terrific force Walters was blown 100 feet across the road and probably fatally injured. John Smith and seven Italians were seriously injured.

The Ohio Senatorship.

COLUMBUS, Jan 12.—The senate and house voted seperately for United States senator today. In the senate Sherman received 18 votes and James E Neal 8. In the house Sherman received 93 and Neal 29. A resolution to investigate the eligibility of United States Senator Brice, was discussed in vigorous speeches in the house, but action was postponed until Wednesday afternoon.

An Immense Price.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan 12.—An evening paper states that J Malcom Forbes, of Boston, has agreed to pay Senator Stanford $150,000 for Arion, the 2-year old Electioneer colt who made the world's record of 2:10¾ on Stockton kite track a few months ago.

Let Them Dance.

UMATILLA, Or Jan 12.—At an Indian village a mile east of here the Umatilla Indians have been holding religious dances several days. A few strange Indians have arrived from Yakima and other places. All seem peaceably inclined and no trouble is feared.

OREGON DEMOCRACY.

PORTLAND, Or, Jan. 11th, 1892.

Editors Democrat:

The organization of democratic clubs throughout this state is timely and will prove a great help in preparing for the political campaigns that are coming slowly but surely upon us. The issues that will be made by the two great political parties will be in themselves the most interesting and weighty that have been before our people for years. To solve the political problems involved will require patient study and a learned and forcible presentation of them. To be masters of the situation the democracy must make themselves familiar in detail with every political issue. The club rooms should not only be opened for reading and discussion, but should be the resort of every democrat who will labor for the promotion of democratic measures. The most intelligible democratic newspaper will rule the reader. One great question will be the tariff and but few of our newspaper writers seem to comprehend the subject. The coming will be a campaign of intellect as against mud throwing of the past. Of this great tariff question there is no better exponent in or out of Oregon than the Albany DEMOCRAT. Tariff articles and tariff discussions that have filled the columns of the DEMOCRAT have been the ablest presented in our state. And it is a source of just pride to the democrat who reasons, to find an editor among us who can expose the sophistry of the supercilious Oregonian on this subject. For it is a fact well understood, that for great pretensions, masterly false and reckless statements, plausible platitude, and consummate ignorance of the subject of a high protection tariff, the editor of the Oregonian, as its champion in Oregon, is an amusing attraction. In the approaching contest he will find his level, and be no longer considered the *Thunderer* of reason on the tariff issue by his heretofore thoughtless readers. He has become very transparent. The DEMOCRAT has done more to enlighten the newspaper reader on this subject than any other paper, and it is to be hoped that its influence may be extended all over the state. In the DEMOCRAT there has yet to appear a falsification of history or prevarication in statement on this subject. Here is where the DEMOCRAT has the advantage in carrying conviction with its reasoning. It is the duty of democrats to extend the area of usefulness of the DEMOCRAT for upon this issue depends our success. We speak from the card, for we have read with greater satisfaction criticisms and leading articles on the tariff in the Albany DEMOCRAT than in any other paper. And we venture this is the verdict of its many readers. It should go into every democratic family and be on the table of every democratic orator.

PORTLAND.

Pimples.

The old idea of 40 years ago was that facial eruptions were due to a "blood humor," for which they gave potash. This all the old Sarsaparillas contain potash, a most objectionable and drastic mineral, that instead of decreasing, actually creates more eruptions. You have noticed this when taking other Sarsaparillas than Joy's. It is however now known that the stomach, the blood creating power, is the seat of all vitiating or cleansing operations. A stomach clogged by indigestion or constipation, vitiates the blood, result pimples. A clean stomach and healthful digestion purifies it and they disappear. Thus Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla is compounded after the modern idea to regulate the bowels and stimulate the digestion. The effect is immediate and most satisfactory. A short testimonial to contrast the action of the poor Sarsaparillas and Joy's modern vegetable preparation. Mrs. C. D. Stuart, of 409 Hayes St., S. F., writes: "I have for years had indigestion, I tried a popular Sarsaparilla but it actually caused more pimples to break out on my face. Hearing that Joy's was a later preparation and acted differently, I tried it and the pimples immediately disappeared."

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla

Largest bottle, most effective, same price.

—FOR SALE BY—

STANARD & CUSICK ALBANY

MRS. GRAHAM'S

Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream

Is not a cosmetic in the sense in which that term is popularly used, but permanently beautifies. It creates a soft, smooth, clear, velvety skin, and by daily use gradually makes the complexion several shades whiter. It is a constant protection from the effects of sun and wind and prevents sun burn and freckles, and black heads will never come while you use it. It cleanses the face far better than soap and water, nourishes and built up the skin tissues and prevents the formation of wrinkles' It gives the freshness, clearness and smoothness of skin that you had when a little girl. Every lady, young or old, might to use it, as it gives a more youthful appearance to any lady, and that permanently. It contains no acid, powder or alkali, and is as harmless as dew and as nourishing to the skin as dew is to the flower. Price $1 00, at all drugists and hairdressers, or at Mrs Gervaise Graham's establishment, 103 Post street San Francisco, where she treats ladies for all blemishes of the face or figure. Ladies at a distance treated by letter. Send stamp for her little book "How to be Beautiful."

Sample Bottle mailed free to any lady on receipt of 10 cents in stamps to pay postage and packing. Lady agents wanted

MRS. GRAHAM'S

Face Bleach

Cures the worst cases of Freckles, Sunburn, Sallowness, Moth-patches, Pimples and all skin blemishes. Price $1.00. Harmless and effective; a sample can be sent; Lady agents wanted.

The Druggist in this town who first orders a half dozen or more half doz of my preparations will have his name added to this advertisement.

My preparations are for sale by wholesale druggists in Chicago and every city west of it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Inquire at northeast corner of Eight and Lyon Sts, near S P depot.

WANTED.—Highest price paid for hides at the chair factory, Albany, Oregon.

FOR SALE—House and corner lot in H's 3d add. $750. Apply to I W Davis.

MONEY TO LOAN —Home capital to loan, in sums to suit, on Albany and Linn county real estate or good personal security. W E McPherson, First Street opp. Masonic Hall, Albany, Or.

S. N STEELE & Co., Albany, Ore Loan money on good real estate security in Linn and adjoining counties

FISH POULTRY, GAME, fresh from Portland and other places always on hand at our market, near corner of Second and Ellsworth streets.

GEORGE SLAVGHTER

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

The conditions of that certain chattel mortgage, executed and delivered by Walker, Walden & Co., per John Walker, to Price & Robson, (a partnership firm composed of H W Price and John Robson,) dated the 20th day of May, 1891, to secure a promissory note therein mentioned, in the sum of seven hundred and seventy-one and 75-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from May 20th, 1891, until paid, together with reasonable counsel fees in case of action being taken to collect said note or any portion thereof, in and upon the personal property hereinafter described, having been broken, and the conditions thereof violated, we, the undersigned mortgagees, have as provided by said mortgage taken possession of the following described personal property, covered by said chattel mortgage, and now being near what is known as Cedar Flat, in Linn county Oregon, and consisting of one Clipper engine, eight horse power, and one shingle mill complete; one buncher, and belts and tools used in manufacturing shingles; one sorrel horse about 8 years old; one gray horse about 9 years old; one set of harness and wagon; one yoke of cattle and logging truck; and on Friday, the 15th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at what is known as Walker, Walden & Co's shingle mill, situated near what is known as Cedar Flat, about 14 miles northeast from Lebanon, in Linn county, Oregon, we will sell the above described personal property to the highest bidder for cash, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy the said sum of $771.75 now due said firm of Price & Robson, together with interest thereon at 10 per cent per annum from May 20th, 1891, and an additional sum of $75 as a reasonable counsel or attorney's fee for instituting and prosecuting this proceeding for the collection of said note, and the costs of this action to be taxed, and the overplus if any there be, either of money or property, left after satisfying the said claims of Price & Robson, will be turned over to said Walker, Walden & Co., or their personal representatives.

Dated this the 2nd day of January, 1892.

PRICE & ROBSON,
Mortgagees.
per John Robson.

G W WRIGHT,
Attorney for Mortgagees.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court for Linn County, State of Oregon:

H A FRANCE, Plaintiff.
vs.
ORVILLE FRANCE, Defendant.

To Orville France, the above named defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court next following the expiration of the publication of this summons to wit: the 14th day of March, 1892. and if you fail to answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in her complaint, viz: for the solution of the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and the custody of the three young or minor children, and for such other and further relief as may be equitable

This service is made by publication by order of Hon R P Boise, Judge of said Court, duly made at Chambers in Salem, Oregon, Dec. 14th 1891.

L. H. MONTANYE,
Att'y for Plaintiff
(11-18)

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT FOR STREET WORK.

TO D P MASON, PRESIDENT, AND Geo E Chamberlain, Secretary and Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of the Albany Collegiate Institute, of Albany, Oregon: You and each of you are hereby notified that the grading and graveling of the east half of Ferry street, and the south half of Ninth street, abutting the west and north line of the grounds owned by the Albany Collegiate Institute in said city, heretofore ordered by the Common Council of the city of Albany, Oregon, has been completed, and you and each of you are hereby further notified that the council of said city will, on the 26th day of January, 1892, at the hour of 7 o'clock p m of said day, meet at their chamber in said city, and assess the costs of and expense of grading and graveling said streets, adjoining said property.

Done by order of the Common Council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made January 12th, 1892.

Albany, Or., Jan. 13th, 1892.

N J HENTON,
Recorder of the city of Albany.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given to all parties that in accordance with law I have posted trespass notices on my premises forbidding parties hunting on the same. In disregard of said notices parties have constantly trespassed on the premises, and in consequence a valuable horse has been injured by discharge of firearms. This is to notify any and all parties, that I have made up my mind to prosecute any party who trespasses further on my premises to the full extent of the law, and that I will give $25 reward to any person who will name the party who shot my horse.

Lebanon, Or., Dec 30th,