The Democrat.

STITES & NUTTING.
Editors and Proprietors.

NOT SUFFICIENT.

If Bro. Morgan will take a half hour some day and talk to the wool buyers in the East End he will find the reason assigned for this is because of the dryness of the winter in Eastern Oregon and the consequent accumulation of dirt and grease on the fleece.—*Mountaineer.*

If this were the true reason for the low price of wool in Eastern Oregon, (but it is not,) it would not answer the question why Ohio wool, which is declared to be in the best condition is selling for from 3 to 5 cents less on the pound than last year. So is Michigan wool and so are all wools raised in the United States. If Bro. Michell would take the trouble to look up the matter he would soon discover that some how the manufacturer of woolens receives about all the benefits of protectionism, and all at the expense of the masses who consume these woolens. The wool man "is not in it" to use a street phrase.

Patrick Henry was born in Hanover County, Va., in 1736. He was chiefly educated in a school taught by his father. He read law and began the practice of his profession. In 1763 he was engaged to plead in defence of the people against a suit of the parish clergy. It was known as "The Parsons' Cause." Before a court, in which his own father was the presiding magistrate, he pleaded the case of the people with such extraordinary eloquence and vehemence that the clergymen rose and left the room, and Henry's father wept tears of triumph, while the people carried the young lawyer about on their shoulders. Elected to the Virginia legislature, he immediately took the lead against the Stamp Act and became famous. It was in his speech on the Stamp Act that he uttered the famous words, "Cæsar had his Brutus, Charles the First his Cromwell, and George the Third—" As Henry reached this point his opponents cried: "Treason! treason!" But the speaker finished by saying, "may profit by their example," and added, "if that be treason, make the most of it!" When pleading for the organization of the Virginia militia, before the Revolutionary war had begun, he closed with these memorable words: "Is life so dear, or peace so sweet, as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery. Forbid it, Almighty God! I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!" He was several times governor of Virginia. He died in 1799.

The great Pyramid of Egypt, or the Pyramid of Cheops, was built not less than 3,000 years before Christ, the exact date being unknown. It was built to be the tomb of King Cheops, investigation having pretty well established that all the pyramids were built simply as tombs of the Kings. The Pyramid of Cheops covers an area of between twelve and thirteen acres and is 450 feet high. Each of the sides is 746 feet. The weight of the stone in it is estimated at 6,316,000 tons. Its dimensions have been somewhat reduced by the removal of the outer portions to furnish stone for building in the city of Cairo. Thus despoiled the walls have lost their smooth finished surface, in which state they were left by their builders. Other pyramids have been treated in the same way, but otherwise they remain much as they were when first built.

The Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette* says that "the republican party of Ohio will, in its contest for governor in 1891, either win or lose the battle for the presidency in 1892." It may loose the presidency but can hardly win it. If Ohio, a republican state in every presidential election since that party was organized, should reject McKinley, the leader of the billion-dollar congress and the sponsor of the tariff law, which is the main issue in the canvass, there would be small hope indeed of the election of a republican president next year. The democrats understand this and should act accordingly. But if this long time republican state shall still prove republican there will be votes enough elsewhere to elect a democratic president.

There is a big row on hand among the republican leaders in Ohio. Sherman and Foraker are striving for the senatorship. Foster is pushing his claims which makes Sherman and Foraker hot. McKinley's friends intimate that he will be the senator in case he carries the state for governor. Harrison and his friends as well as Blaine and his are jealous of McKinley and fear he will be a dangerous candidate for president in case he should be elected governor. It is not impossible that in this struggle for the spoils a democratic legislature may result in giving us another democratic senator.

Crop reports from Minnesota, Dakota and Montana continue most favorable. There has been more rain this season than at any other corresponding period for several years, and wheat is in fine condition. Other grains are also above the average and the meadows and pastures are better than for years. The mild winter brought stock through in good order. Owing to the increased acreage and fine prospects it is feared the crops cannot be properly harvested, particularly in Red river valley, owing to the scarcity of hands.

And now we are told that Quay is to resign the chairmanship of the national republican committee and J S Clarkson will be elected to succeed him. This will be a great loss to the republicans. Quay is driven to resign on account of the corruption that has been traced to his very door. But Clarkson is no less dishonest and corrupt while he is less able as a campaigner.

For the strengthening and perpetuating of the republican party—"free sugar" is a dismal failure. That paper says the democrats are "free tradeys." Therefore democrats are in favor of "free sugar." They say "free sugar" is a great thing for the country, therefore democratic policy is a great thing for the country. This is the awkward dilemma into which their inconsistencies place them.

The North Dakota Alliance cut the sub-treasury plank out of its platform, and now, after a four hours' discussion, the leading lodge of South Carolina resolves against it without a dissenting voice. The farmer is weeding his crop.

The republicans are already claiming credit for the big wheat crop, promised at the West. As the campaign advances they will no doubt insist that the McKinley bill caused the short crops abroad. Their modesty is only equalled by their veracity.

Republican organs criticise the democrats of Ohio for adopting a plank in favor of a tax on incomes, saying this was one of the war taxes of which democrats complained, but these organs forget that a billion dollar congress makes it necessary to have war taxes. The blame falls upon Reed's congress.

One reason that Mr. Wanamaker should not be expected to give up his seat in the cabinet is because he obtains it by right of purchase.

NO TINPLATE MILLS YET.

One of the great manufacturing firms said to be preparing for the making of tinplate in this country writes to a Milwaukee correspondent that time alone can tell whether the industry will get a profitable footing in this country or not. They say that much harm has been done to the proposed industry by those papers which insist that the making of American tinplate to supply the trade has already begun, while in fact it is yet in the experimental stage. The letter says that such articles do much more harm than those which decry the industry and declare it can never be made a success, because the latter have some reason, at least, for their assertions, while the former are too easily proved to be absolutely false, and only intended for votes and political effect. "If the press, both for and against us, will let us alone," say the firm, "and await results, they will harm nobody and may do a great deal of good by the tacit encouragement they afford."

This is the first sensible statement that has yet come from the tinplate workers and boomers, and it is entitled to respect. This company say that they think they can make and sell tinplate at a profit. If they can do so at any time in the future every good citizen will rejoice. There has been no opposition to the establishment of the tin plate industry in this country. What the Journal and other papers have done was to expose the false claims of the McKinleyites, as to the present making of American tinplate. Tinplate can undoubtedly be made here. If American mills cannot make the steel plate base they can import it; if American mines do not produce the tin it can be imported; if necessary, skilled labor can be brought on from Wales. There is no reason why the dipping cannot be done under an American sky as well as under a Welsh sky. The only question is of economy in the matter.

In the meantime the people of this country are to be taxed $16,000,000 a year for the tinplate necessary to supply their wants while the experiments are going on and with no very great prospects of success, at least so far as cheaper plate is concerned. For months the importations have been doubled so as to pile up stocks of plate large enough to last one or two years, and upon which the increased prices under the new tariff can be charged while the old rates of tariff only are paid. A year's supply rushed in before the higher rates take effect will cost the American people $8,000,000. A great effort will be made to have some tinplate mills running for the next political campaign, and that is the chief aim of the McKinley tariff.—Milwaukee Journal.

IOWA.

The political tide in Iowa has set in early and strongly for the democratic party. Recruits from the republican party were never as numerous and they include many prominent men. One of them is Captain Langstaff of Dubuque, one of the prominent republicans who is this year actively working for Governor Boies and against prohibition. He was chairman of the committee on arrangements for the last Grand Army encampment, which was held in Dubuque, and is prominent in Grand Army circles. The statement that M C Woodruff, who was editor of the Dubuque *Times* when that paper was a power in republican Iowa, will this year support Governor Boies, is confirmed by that gentleman himself, who in an interview spoke as follows:

"Well, I can say that I have heard prominent republicans say, in effect, that they had become thoroughly disgusted with the party. There is a feeling that the leaders have been juggling too much with important public questions and that they have done this to such an extent that the people have lost confidence and do not longer propose to be hoodwinked by them. The party has become a party of great promises and small achievements. The republicans with whom I have conversed since the Cedar Rapids convention all said unequivocally that they could not support the ticket. They did not say this because they are in love with the democratic party but because they are tired of the republican party of Iowa and they do not hesitate to say that the once great party has become a party of small men and big pretensions. Prohibition is the dead weight which has and will again drag the republicans of Iowa down to defeat, and they will have nobody to blame but themselves. They know it has been a failure, but still they persist in juggling with it and instead of taking a manly stand they permit themselves to be driven to ruin by the cranks of the party. One of the best republicans in Iowa, a man who has held the highest office in the gift of the people and who was a delegate to the Cedar Rapids convention, told me a day or two since that republican defeat was in the air, and I coincided with him and said there was no doubt about it. The ticket, he also said, was a very weak one, the weakest that could have been nominated, and it seems to me it was nominated in the full expectation that it would be defeated."

Major Richmond, a prominent republican and Grand Army man at Council Bluffs, in announcing his intention to support Horace Boies said: "I cannot understand how a body of intelligent men will meet in convention and adopt such a platform as that adopted by the republicans at Cedar Rapids, knowing, as they most certainly do, the sentiment of the people on this question. When prohibition is made a test of party fealty, they can count me out. I should not be surprised if Horace Boies has 25,000 majority this year. I am for him. I shall also support Judge Kinne, for Weaver is an extremist on prohibition. This is a good year for democrats."—*Ex.*

"It is the old story of low tariff, low wages, high tariff, high wages," says an organ of protection. Is it, indeed? If low tariff means low wages, why is it that wages in free-trade England are higher by 40 to 45 per cent. than wages in the protected countries of the Continent? And why is it also that during the last fifty years wages and savings in Great Britain have advanced and pauperism has diminished at a greater rate than anywhere else in the world?

The political revolution in Kansas becomes easy of explanation when it is considered that twenty-two newspapers in the state are edited by women. And this enumeration does not embrace the many wives of editors who write editorials as well as society matter for their husbands' journals.

Many republican clubs have been formed in Ohio this summer, but since the organization of so many farmer's alliances there, it looks very much like spades would be trumps.

Mamma (tearfully): "It pains me, Tommy, just as much as it does you to have to whip you."

Tommy (also tearfully): "Mebbe it does, but not in the same place."

At the corner of Broadalbin and 1st street you will find G E Brownell always the lead in the grocery business.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Tremendous Cloudburst.

AUSTIN, Nev, July 28.—This town was visited by a cloudburst today and great damage was done. Clouds have overhung the mountain tops for several days, and shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon the steam whistles gave the people warning. In three minutes the gushing waters from the summit of the mountains had reached the main street, coming wave over wave, carrying everything before it, including boulders weighing over a ton. The city railway was torn from its bed, awnings were torn down and water mains were uprooted from three feet under ground. A majority of the business houses are filled with mud to a depth of three or four feet. The water roared terrifically as it came down. The streets present the appearance of volcanic eruption.

Smoked too Much.

BUZZARDS BAY, July 28.—There is a well authenticated rumor floating about this town that Edwin Booth is dying from the effects of too much smoking. He is such a slave to the weed that he cannot stop smoking, even though he knows it is killing him. Its effect upon his health is just as fatal, though not of the same character, as that which shut out the life of General grant. Joe Jefferson and ex-President and Mrs Cleveland have been striving to reform Mr Booth in this respect and for a while they partially succeeded, but the habit had too strong a hold upon him and his indulgences became more unrestrained than ever.

Run Over by a Train.

WALLA WALLA, July 28.—This morning J C Cummans attempted to drive a team across the railroad track beyond Minton, in front of a Union Pacific passenger train. The engineer could not see the man in time to stop and the train ran into the buggy, smashing it to pieces and killing one horse. The man was thrown to the ground violently, but escaped all injury.

A Cold Blooded Murder.

SEATTLE, July 28.—Sheriff J H Wooley and Prosecuting Attorney John P Miller returned from Woolley last evening, after having fully investigated the causes that led to the shooting of George W Poor. They both unite in pronouncing the killing a cold blooded murder. Judge Miller said: This man Baird planned and schemed to entrap holden and shoot him if given a chance. When he shot Poor he thought he was shooting Holden. It was nothing less than a deliberate, cold b'ooded murder.

Voracious Grasshoppers

DAYTON, G July 28.—Grasshoppers are ruining the oat prospect in twenty counties along the Ohio and Indiana border line and the devastation is most marked in the region around the headwaters of the Wabash, Miami and Maumee rivers. The crop is ruined by small, green hoppers on farm after farm. Many growers, alarmed at the ravages of the pests, cut their oats green, but the hoppers followed it into the shock and are now in the corn.

Another Encampment.

SALEM, July 28.—It is not unlikely that the Second regiment, O N G, will go into encampment here three days during the week of the state fair. Colonel Lovell says it will take about $100 a day for subsistence for the men, and if this sum can be raised the encampment is assured. The boys want further instruction. The six companies of Marion and Linn counties are anxious for it, as are also the other companies of the regiment.

A Peculiar Murder.

PULLMAN, Wash July 27.—A young German named Paul was killed yesterday at Chris Martins ranch, near here, by a fellow workman named August. Paul arose early and awoke August, threatening him with a pitchfork if he did not get up. He then returned to his work, cleaning his horses. August ran out of the house and got a club and followed Paul into the stable, and struck him on the head twice while he was stooping and cleaning the horse's legs. Paul died in the evening August was brought to Pullman this morning by Martin, and will be taken to Colfax today for examination.

A Hotel Murder.

FRESNO, Cal July 27.—Last Saturday evening three men from Oregon registered at the Hotel de France, in Sanger, and requested rooms. They retired, but finding the rooms close and warm, removed their beds to the roof of the veranda in front of the building. About 1 o'clock Sunday morning parties sitting on a porch across the way saw an unknown man with a shot gun creep along the veranda roof and fire two loads of buckshot at the strangers. One man was dangerously wounded, one seriously and the other slightly injured. M Rogollo, proprietor of the hotel, is under arrest charged with the attempted murder.

A Shooting Affair.

SEATTLE, Wash, July 27.—A shooting affray took place between midnight and dawn this morning at Woolley, a small place in Skagit county. United States Customs Inspector Baird, stationed at that place, together with James Buchanan, shot and killed a deputy sheriff of King county named George W Poor, and wounded a notorious character known as "Cowboy" Terry. They arrested another inspector named Taylor Holden. The stories are very conflicting, each accusing the other.

Will not Stump Ohio.

BOSTON, July 27.—To a representative of the Herald, at Buzzard bay, Ex-President Cleveland said today in reply to inquiries concerning the report that he was to go soon on a speech-making trip in Ohio: "I do not expect to take part in the campaign there, nor in any other state, and I have never given the slightest intimation of an intention to do so. I am convinced that Governor Campbell and and all other fair minded political friends will decline to go upon the stump.

The Indian Style.

WELLS, Nev, July 27.—Two Shoshone bucks, Spruce Aleck and Laughing Charlie, fought a bloody duel this morning at the Indian camp near here. The trouble arose about a squaw. The bucks were hobbled together and fought with knives. Aleck will die.

An Indiana Earthquake.

EVANSVILL, Ind, July 26.—An earthquake shock was felt here tonight, beginning at 8:28 and lasting several seconds. The motion was apparently from north to south. Windows rattled and buildings swayed perceptibly. Many people fled in fright into the streets. Every open store in the business center was quickly vacated, and the congregations at all the churches rushed into the streets without waiting for the benediction. There were serious panics at several of the churches, and at the First Baptist a number of children fell down the steps and were hurt, none fatally. Dispatches from Mount Vernon, Newburg and other southern Indiana and northern Kentucky points, state they experienced stronger earthquake shocks than those felt here.

A Train Wreck in France.

PARIS, July 26.—A collision between excursion trains occurred at St Maule today in which 49 persons were killed and 100 injured. The guards van and three rear carriages of a fast train were wrecked. The cars are caught fire from gas. The injured occupants shrieked in despair. The other passengers hurriedly left the train and assisted in extricating the victims. Soldiers also aided the fire brigade to quench the flames and rescue the sufferers.

A Train wreck in Ohio.

DAYTON, O July 26.—This has been a day of gloom in this city, caused by the awful disaster to the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton excursion train at Middleton last night. Three persons were killed outright, William Matthew aged 13; Lydia Fryer, aged 22; and Frank Simeons, aged 17. Four of the injured are in a critical condition—Joseph Clavel, Frank Patterson, Joseph Sweverly, and another.

Killed by a Tramp.

LOUISVILLE, Ky, July 26.—This morning near Paris, a negro tramp attacked the family of Nathan S Conway, killing him and his wife fatally wounding a son and dangerously wounding another. The tramp himself was killed by a neighbor, who was attracted by the cries of the Conway family. The weapon used by the tramp was a rusty scythe, and without provocation.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of Chas H Spencer, deceased, has filed his final account in the office of the county clerk, of Linn county, Oregon, and the county court of, said Linn county, has appointed Saturday, the 12th day of September, 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of said day, as the time, and the court room of said county court, at Albany, Oregon, as the place, for hearing objections, if any, to said final account and the settlement of said estate.

H. F. MERRILL,
Admr., with the will annexed, of the estate of Chas H Spencer, deceased.

GEO W WEBER,
Attorney for the Admr.

Dated July 29, 1891. (7-31)

SPRING WAGONS.

Our Stock of Spring Wagons is the Largest and Most Complete on the Pacific Coast, and Comprises all the Leading Styles of

FOUR-SPRING PASSENGER WAGONS, SCROLL SPRING 'HANDY WAGONS," TAYLOR OR THREE-SPRING WAGONS, HALF-SPRING WAGONS, EXPRESS AND DELIVERY WAGONS, SPECIAL PARCEL DELIVERY WAGONS, ONE-HORSE BUSINESS WAGONS, ONE HORSE IRON AXLE WAGONS, ETC.

IT WILL PAY ALL PARTIES WANTING SPRING WAGONS OF ANY DESCRIPTION TO CALL UPON OR CORRESPOND WITH US.

We Guarantee Our Vehicles the Best, Our Prices the Lowest Quality Considered, Special Catalogues and Price List Mailed Free on Application.

Staver & Walker,

NEW MARKET BLOCK PORTLAND, OREGON.

—AGENTS—

W. C. DAVIS & CO., ALBANY, OREGON.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

SEWER NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO Pauline Hegele, Harper Cranor, J L Hill, J H Remington and H R Schultz, and to all whom it may concern, that on the 18th day of July, 1891 the common council of the city of Albany, Oregon, duly appointed L. C. Marshall, L. W. Deyoe and Julius Gradwohl as viewers to view the following described right of way for the construction of a sewer: Beginning at a terminal point point at the south west corner of lot 1 in block 102 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Oregon, and running thence north on the west boundary of said lot 10 feet, thence easterly and parallel with the north boundary of said block to the east boundary thereof; thence south on the east boundary of said block 20 feet, thence westerly and parallel with the north boundary of said block to the west boundary thereof; thence south on the west boundary of said block 71 feet to the western boundary of said block; thea southerly along said boundary to the place of beginning.

Beginning at a point on the western boundary of block 102 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the northwest corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 142 feet; thence southerly and parallel with the eastern boundary of said block 20 feet; thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 142 feet to the western boundary of said block; thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the east boundary of block 102 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the northeast corner of said block and running thence westerly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 142 feet; thence southerly and parallel with the eastern boundary of said block 20 feet; thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 142 feet to the eastern boundary of said block; thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point in block 102 Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 71 feet from the western and 102 feet from the southern boundaries of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 71 feet; thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 71 feet; thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the west boundary of block 102 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the southwest corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 71 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet, thence westerly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block; thea southerly along said boundary to the place of beginning.

And all persons claiming damages by reason of the appropriation of any such property or any part thereof, for such purpose or right of way for such sewer, are hereby especially notified to file their respective claims for such damages with the Recorder of said city before the said time so appointed by the said council for the said meeting of said viewers.

This notice is published by order of the council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made on the 18th day of July, 1891.

JOHN N. HOFFMAN,
City Marshal.

SEWER NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO W. H. Goltra, Ashby Pearce, S. Shuppe and P. J. Baltimore, and to all whom it may concern, that on the 18th day of July, 1891, the common council of the city of Albany, Oregon, duly appointed L. C. Marshall, L. W. Deyoe and Julius Gradwohl, as viewers, to view the following right of way for the construction of a sewer: Beginning at a terminal point on the western boundary of block 109, in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Oregon; 102 feet from the NW corner of said block, and running thence easterly and parallel with the N boundary of said block, to the E boundary thereof; thence southerly and parallel with the E boundary of said block 20 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the N boundary of said block to the W boundary thereof; thence northerly 21 feet to place of beginning, and that said council has fixed the 24th day of August, 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m of said day, as the time for said viewers to meet at the chamber of said council in the city of Albany, Oregon. And you and each one of you, and all other persons whom it may concern, are hereby further notified that the following described private property will be appropriated by said council as a right of way for the construction of such sewer:

Beginning at a point on the western boundary of block 109 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the north west corner of said block and running easarly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 132.5 feet, thence southerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 10 feet, thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block to the eastern boundary of said block, thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary of block 109 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the north east corner of said block and running thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 132.5 feet, thence southerly and parallel with the eastern boundary of said block 10 feet, thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 132.5 feet to the western boundary of said block, thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary of block 109 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 102 feet from the south east corner of said block and running thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 132.5 feet; thence northerly and parallel with the eastern boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 132.5 feet, thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point in block 109 in Hackleman's addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, which is 66.05 feet distant from the western and 101½ feet distance from the southern boundaries of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the west boundary of block 14, in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, and 101½ feet from the southwest corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet to the western boundary of said block, thence along said boundary to feet to the place of beginning.

And all persons claiming damages by reason of the appropriation of any such property or any part thereof, for such purpose or right of way for such sewer, are hereby especially notified to file their respective claims for such damages with the recorder of said city before the said time so appointed by the said council for the said meeting of said viewers.

This notice is published by order of the council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made on the 18th day of July, 1891.

JNO N HOFFMAN,
City marshal.

SEWER NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO MRS T. F. Young and Mrs S. M. Shields, and to all whom it may concern, that on the 18th day of July, 1891, the common council of the city of Albany, Oregon, duly appointed L. C Marshall, L. W. Deyoe and Julius Gradwohl as viewers to view the following described right of way for the construction of a sewer: Beginning at a terminal point at the southwest corner of lot 1 in block 13 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Oregon, and running thence north on the west boundary of said block 10 feet; thence east and parallel with the north boundary of said block to the east boundary of lot 2; thence south parallel to the west boundary of said block 20 feet; thence west parallel with the north boundary of said block to the west line thereof, thence north on said west boundary 10 feet to the place of beginning, and that said council has fixed the 24th day of August, 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock, a m, of said day, as the time for said viewers to meet at the chamber of said council in the city of Albany, Oregon. And you and each one of you, and all other persons whom it may concern, are hereby further notified that the following described private property will be appropriated by said council as a right of way for the construction of such sewer:

Beginning at a point in block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, which is 66.05 feet distance from the western and 101½ feet distance from the southern boundaries of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet, thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the west boundary of block 14, in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, and 101½ feet from the southwest corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet to the western boundary of said block, thence along said boundary to feet to the place of beginning.

And all persons claiming damages by reason of the appropriation of any such property or any part thereof, for such purpose or right of way for such sewer, are hereby especially notified to file their respective claims for such damages with the recorder of said city before the said time so appointed by the said council for the said meeting of said viewers.

This notice is published by order of the council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made on the 18th day of July, 1891.

JNO N HOFFMAN,
City Marshal.

SEWER NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO L. M. Carl, F. E. Allen, Geo. W. Young, Mrs. E. A. McFeron, L. Flinn and Edward Ford, and to all whom it may concern, that on the 18th day of July, 1891, the common council of the city of Albany, Oregon, duly appointed L. C. Marshall, L. W. Deyoe and Julius Gradwohl as viewers to view the following described right of way for the construction of a sewer: Beginning at a terminal point at the S W corner of lot 1 in block 14 in Hackleman's second addition to the city of Albany, Oregon, and running thence N on the W line of said block 10 feet; thence E and parellel with the N line of said block to the E boundary thereof; thence S on said E boundary 20 feet; thence W parellel with the N boundary of said block to the W boundary thereof; thence N on said W boundary 10 feet to the place of beginning, and that said council has fixed the 24th day of August, 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m of said day, as the time for said viewers to meet at the chamber of said council in the city of Albany, Oregon. And you and each one of you, and all other persons whom it may concern, are hereby further notified that the following described private property will be appropriated by said council as a right of way for the construction of such sewer:

Beginning at a point on the western boundary of block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 101½ feet from the north west corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary of block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, which is 66.05 feet distant from the western and 101½ feet distant from the northern boundaries of said block and running thence easterly and parellel with the northern boundary of said block 66.05 feet; thence southerly and parellel with the eastern boundary of said clock 10 feet; thence westerly and parellel with the northern boundary of said block 66.05 feet; thence northerly to the point of beginnng, then

Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary of block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 101½ feet from the north east corner of said block and running thence westerly and parellel with the north boundary of said block 132.1 feet; thence southerly and parellel with the eastern boundary of said block 10 feet; thence easterly and parellel to the northern boundary of said block 132.1 feet to the eastern boundary of said block; thence northerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary of block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 101½ feet from the south east corner of said block and running thence westerly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 132.1 feet; thence northerly and parellel with the eastern boundary of said block 10 feet; thence easterly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 132.1 feet to the eastern boundary of said block; thence southerly along said boundary to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point in block 14 in Hackleman's 2nd addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, which is 66.05 feet distance from the western and 101½ feet distance from the southern boundaries of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet, thence westerly and parallel with the southern boundary of said block 66.05 feet, thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point in block 13 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, which is 103 feet from the southern and 67 feet from the western boundary of said block and running thence easterly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 67 feet; thence northerly and parellel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 67 feet; thence southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at a point on the western boundary of block 13 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 103 feet from the south west corner of said block and running thence easterly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 67 feet; thence northerly and parellel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parellel with the southern boundary of said block 67 feet to the western boundary of said block; thence southerly along said boundary to the place of beginning.

And all persons claiming damages by reason of the appropriation of any such property or any part thereof, for such purpose or right of way for such sewer, are hereby especially notified to file their respective claims for such damages with the recorder of said city before the said time so appointed by the said council for the said meeting of said viewers.

This notice is published by order of the council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made on the 18th day of July, 1891.

JNO. N HOFFMAN,
City Marshal.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Strayed from my place, 5 miles east of Albany, a light roan milk cow, about 7 years old, a split and underbit in right ear, swallow fork in left. Was giving milk when she left. Will reward the finder.

JOSEPH BILYEU,
Albany, Oregon.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn County.

H. C. Moran and T. A. Morris, Plaintiffs.
vs
John T. Davis, Defendant.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled action, I will on

Saturday, the 29th day of August, 1891,

at the court house door, in the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, at the hour of 1 o'clock p m of said day, sell at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest bidder, the real property described in said execution and order of sale as follows, to wit:

Lots one (1) and (2) in section (19) township thirteen (13) south of range one (1) east of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, containing fifty three and two thirds acres more or less.

The proceeds arising from the sale of said real property to be applied: First: The sum of one hundred seventeen and fifty one hundredths ($117 58) dollars on the above named judgment, which said judgment has been heretofore transferred to one J. S. McKechnie, and by him credited with all costs and disbursements, and the sum of one hundred and ninety five ($195 00) dollars on June 29th, 1891. Second, if after the payment of the above named amount, and the costs of and upon this writ, there be a surplus remaining, apply such such surplus to the payment of the judgment heretofore rendered in said court on the 16th day of March, 1891, in favor of J. S. McKechnie and against J. T. Davis, above named, which said judgment was enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office on the 25th day of March, 1891, and amounts to the sum of $325 09, and interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 16th day of March, 1891, and for the further sum of $26.60 costs and 3d, if after the payment of the judgment last above named, there still be a surplus remaining from the sale of said real property, apply such surplus to the payment of a judgment heretofore rendered by this court on the 16th day of March, 1891, in favor of A. F. Hamilton and against J. T. Davis, above named, which said judgment was enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office on the 25th day of March, 1891, and amounts to the sum of $229 45 and interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 16th day of March, 1891, and for the further sum of $25 45, and $10 attorneys fee, which said judgment has been heretofore transferred to one J. S. McKechnie,

Dated this 29th day of July, 1891.

M. SCOTT,
Sheriff of Linn county, Oregon.
(7 31) By C. E. SCOTT, Deputy.

SEWER NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO MRS S. M. Shields and Mrs M. E. Farrell, and to all whom it may concern, that on the 18th day of July, 1891, the common council of the city of Albany, Oregon, duly appointed L. C. Marshall, L. W. Deyoe and Julius Gradwohl as viewers to view the following described right of way for the construction of a sewer: Beginning at a terminal point at the SW corner of lot 1 in block 12 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Oregon, and running thence N on the W boundary line of said block, 10 feet; thence E parallel with the N line of said block, to the E line of lot 2 in said block; thence S parallel with the W line of said block 20 feet; thence W parallel with the N line of said block to the W line thereof; thence N on said W line 10 feet to the place of beginning, and that said council has fixed the 24th day of August, 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock, a m, of said day, as the time for said viewers to meet at the chamber of said council in the city of Albany, Oregon. And you and each one of, and all other persons whom it may concern, are hereby further notified that the following described private property will be appropriated by said council as a right of way for the construction of such sewer:

Beginning at a point on the western boundary of block 12 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 101.5 feet from the southwest corner of said block and running thence easterly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 134 feet; thence northerly and parallel with the western boundary of said block 10 feet; thence westerly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 134 feet to the western boundary of said block, thence along said boundary southerly to the place of beginning, then

Beginning at point on the western boundary of block 12 in the eastern addition to the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, 101.5 feet from the northwest corner of said block and running thence due easterly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 134 feet; thence southerly and parallel with the eastern boundary of said block 10 feet, thence westerly and parallel with the northern boundary of said block 134 feet to the western boundary of said block, thence northerly along said western boundary to the place of beginning.

And all persons claiming damages by reason of the appropriation of any such property or any part thereof, for such purpose or right of way for such sewer, are hereby especially notified to file their respective claims for such damages with the recorder of said city before the said time so appointed by the said council to the said meeting of said viewers.

This notice is published by order of the council of the city of Albany, Oregon, made on the 18th day of July, 1891.

JOHN N. HOFFMAN,
City Marshal.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn:

JOHN DIAMOND, Plaintiff
vs
Margaret E Findley, Alexander Findley and Susan Findley, his wife, Samuel Findley, Jennie Foujade and Henry Foujade, her husband, Nancy Wilson, Hugh Findley, John Findley, Etta Findley, Hattie Findley and Ella