PORTLAND SAVINGS BANK,
OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

Paid up capital..... $200,000
Surplus and profits..... 67,000

Interest allowed on savings deposits as follows:
On ordinary savings books ....4 per cent per annum.
On term savings books .....6 per cent per annum.
On certificates of deposit:
For three months.....4 per cent per annum.
For six months.....5 per cent per annum.
For twelve months.....6 per cent per annum.

FRANK DEKUM, President
D. P. THOMPSON Vice-President.
H. C. STRATTON, Cashier

Bank of Oregon.

ALBANY, - - - OREGON.
CAPITAL, $50,000.
President.....H. BRYANT
Vice President.....H. F. MERRILL.
Cashier.....J. W. BLAIN

Sight exchange and telegraphic transfer on New York, San Francisco and all principal points in Oregon and Washington,
ollections m ade on favorable term

H. C. WATSON,
Attorney at Law,
ALBANY, -:- OREGON.
Office in the Strahan Block.

SEWING MACHINES.—Stewart & Sox are agents for the new Wheeler & Wilson No 9,

S. W. Paisley,
Albany, Oregon
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
Tobacco and Cigars.

DRIED APPLES.—Were worth 4c in St Paul on Sept 24, assure, go to Stewart & Sox, buy an apple paring machine and save your fruit

TIMBER MEN,—Call on Stewart & Sox for your supplies. They carry a full line of axes, wedges, sledges, mauls, steel rings, hand axes, frows, chingling horses, pevrels, wood and iron table blocks, and by far the best assortment of cross cut saws in the valley. Goods of the best and prices the lowest.

LOST—About Sept 1st, 1890, 2 miles north of Albany, one brown yearling lly, a natural pacer, with star in forehead, nd a alter broke. When left is was within oreel faced pony. Any one bringin the ome at Albany will be reasonable rewarded
JOHN SCHMEER.

ALBANY NURSERIES

WE HAVE ON HAND at our nursery on the Corvallis road, one-half mile from town, as fine a lot of fruit trees of all kinds as can be found anywhere on the coast. If you contemplate planting trees it will pay you to see our tock and get our prices. Catalogue free.
HYMAN & BROWNELL.

J. K. WEATHERFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ALBANY, OREGON

Poultry Wanted.
All kinds of poultry, alive or dressed at the Willamette Packing Company's store, Albany, Oregon.

L. HILL,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office—cor, F and Ferry Streets,
ALBANY- OREGON

MARVELLOUS DISCOVERY MEMORY
Mind wandering cured. Books learned in one reading. Testimonials from all parts of the globe. Prospectus post free, sent on application to Prof. A. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave. New York.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between W H Rowland, M D, and L C Stratton under the firm name of Pacific Medical Company has been this day dissolved by mutual consent: From and after this date L C Stratton will collect all outstanding accounts and pay all debts of said firm.
Dated at Albany, Or, this 18th day of Dec, 1890.
W H ROWLAND,
L C STRATTON.

2nd Store.
Best stock of 2nd goods in the Valley, and the most reasonable prices, both to buy and selling. I have on hand all kinds
FURNITURE, STOVES, TINWARE TRUNKS, BOOKS, PICTURES CLOCKS, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC.
Four west of S E Young's old store
L. COTTLIEB

FOSHAY & MASON,
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
Druggists and Booksellers,
Agts. in for John B. Alden's publications, which we sell at publisher's prices with postage.
ALBANY, OREGON

Red Crown Mills
SOM, LANNING & CO., PROP'S.
NEW PROCESS FLOUR SUPERIOR FOR FAMILIES AND BAKERS USE.
BEST STORAGE FACILITIES.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—By mutual consent the heretofore existing firm of Zaches & Son has this day dissolved partnership, John B. Zaches, junior member, retiring. All liabilities and assets will be carried by John Zaches.
Signed Dec 17, 1890 JOHN ZACHES, JOHN B ZACHES

A. J. WHITNEY,
Attorney At Law And Counsellor
AND—
Notary Public.
ALBANY OREGON

DR. G. A. WHITNEY,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College New York City.
Diseases of women a specialty.
Office rooms in Brick, Albany, Or.

J. A. CUMMING, PRESCRIPTIONS DRUGGIST,

EAST AND SOUTH,
—VIA—
Southern Pacific Route
SHASTA LINE.

Express Trains leave Portland Daily

South			North
7:00P M	Lv	Portland	Ar 9:35 A M
10:22P M	Lv	Albany	Lv 6:33 A M
10:15A M	Ar	San Francisco	Lv 9:00 P M

Above trains stop only at following stations north of Roseburg. East Portland, Oregon City, Woodburn, Salem, Albany, Tangent, Shedd, Halsey Harrisburg, Junction City, Irving, Eugene.

ROSEBURG MAIL, DAILY.

4:00 A M	Lv	Portland	Ar 4:00 P M
12:20 P M	Lv	Albany	Lv 12:00 M
8:40 P M	Ar	Roseburg	Lv 8:20 A M

ALBANY LOCAL (DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY)

3:00 P M	Lv	Portland	Ar 10:00 A M
3:00 P M	Ar	Albany	Lv 8:00 A M

LEBANON BRANCH.

8:30 P M	Lv	Albany	Ar 9:15 A M
8:35 P M	Ar	Lebanon	Lv 8:40 A M
7:30 A M	Lv	Albany	Ar 4:20 P M
8:25 A M	Ar	Lebanon	Lv 3:40 P M

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Tourist Sleeping Cars,
For Accommodation of Second-Class Passengers, attached to Express Trains.

West Side Division.
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS.

MAIL TRAIN DAILY (Except Sunday.)

7:30 A M	Lv	Portland	Ar 5:30 P M
12:10 P M	Ar	Corvallis	Lv 12:25 P M

EXPRESS TRAIN DAILY (Except Sunday.

4:00 P M	Lv	Albany	Ar 9:20 A M
5:15 P M	Ar	McMinnville	Lv 8:45 A M

Through Tickets
To all points
EAST, AND SOUTH.
For full information regarding rates, maps, etc, call on Company Agent at Albany.
R. KOHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l G. F. and P. Agt

THE YAQUINA ROUTE
Development Company's Steamship Line.
225 MILES SHORTER.
20 HOURS LESS TIME
than by any other route.

First-class through passenger and freight line from Portland and all points in the Willamette Valley to and from San Francisco, Cal.

Boats make close connection at Albany with trains of the Oregon Pacific Railroad
T. E. HOGG, Receiver.

TIME SCHEDULE. (except Sundays.)

Leave Albany 12:30 P. M. Leave Yaquina, 7:00 A.M
Leave Corvallis 1:30 P. M. Leave Corvallis, 10:25 A.M
Arrive Yaquina, 6:30 P. M. Arrive Albany, 11:15 A. M

O. & C. trains connect at Albany and Corvallis. The above trains connect at Yaquina with the Oregon Development Company's Line of Steamships between Yaquina and San Francisco,
SAILING DATES.

FROM YAQUINA.
Willamette Valley, Oct 1st; Nov 9th; 20th; 30th.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO
Willamette Valley Oct 27th; Nov 5th, 15th; 25th.

The Company reserves the right to change sailing dates without notice.
N. B. Passengers from Portland and Willamette Valley points can make close connection with the trains of the Yaquina route at Albany or Corvallis, and if designed to San Francisco should arrange to arrive at Yaquina the evening before date of sailing.
Passenger and Freight Rates always the Lowest
Also apply to A R Chapman, Freight and Ticket Agent, Albany. C. C. HOGUE, G. F. and P. Agent, Corvallis.

Albany IRON WORKS
—Manufacturers of—
STEAM ENGINES GRIST AND SAW MILL MACHINERY IRON FRONTS AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY AND LIGHT WORK, IN IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.
Special attention paid to repairing all kinds of machinery
Patterns Made on Short Notice

ALBANY COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
ALBANY, OREGON.
1890, 1891.
First Term Opened September 16th, 1890
—A full corps of instructors.—
CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, COMMERCIAL AND NORMAL CLASSES.
Courses of study arranged to meet the end of all grades of students.
Special announcements offered to students from abroad.
REV. ELBERT N CONDIT

ACADEMY
—OF—
Our Lady of Perpetual Help,
ALBANY, - - - OREGON
Conducted by the Sisters of St. Benedict
Tuition in select day school ranges from $5 to $10.
For terms of Boarding School or any other particulars apply at the Academy or address Sister Superioress.

Conrad Meyer.
—PROPRIETOR OF—
STAR BAKERY
Corner Broadalbin and First Sts.,
—DEALER IN—
Canned Fruits, Canned Meats, Glassware, Greenware, Dried Fruits, Vegetables, Tobacco, Cigars, Sugar Spices, Coffee, Tea, Etc., Etc.
Also everything that is kept in a first class well graded grocery etc. Highest market price paid for
ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

IRON HARROWS low down but an iron harrow that will cut you first call on Stewart & Sox they will pay you not to forget this.

Administratrix Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL whom it may concern that on the 3rd day of November, 1890, I was duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Jerusha Moore, deceased, by the county court of Linn county, Oregon and all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me with the proper vouchers, at the law office of W H Bilyeu, in Albany, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.
Dated Nov 28th, 1890.
MARY J. BEARD,
(11 28) Administratrix of said estate.

Administratrix Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all whom it may concern, that on the 3rd day of November, 1890, I was duly appointed administratrix of the estate of Alvin Moore, deceased, by the county court of Linn county, Oregon. And all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me with the proper vouchers at the law office of W H Bilyeu, in Albany, Oregon within six months from the date hereof.
Dated this 28 day of November, 1890.
MARY J BEARD,
Administratrix of said estate.
W. H. BILYEU,
Attorney. (11 28)

The Democrat.

The value of the European potato crop is $600,000,000.

It is estimated that one-fourth to one-third of the wheat grown in the northwest is still in farmers' hands.

The celebrated star, Algol, has a diameter of 1,116,000 miles, or 256,000 times greater than our sun

It has been demonstrated that many, and probably most, of the stars are suns, greater by far than our sun as givers of both light and heat.

Much suffering is reported to exist among the people of northwest Kansas, and the railways have agreed to carry provisions free of charge.

The largest waves to be found are off the Cape of Good Hope, where, at times, there are not over half a dozen swells to the mile, but they are not at all dangerous compared with those of other waters.

Remark by the Kansas City Star: "A Green county farmer who deeded all his property to his children is hauling rails for a living. A father can support twelve children, but twelve children sometimes find it quite difficult to support one father?

Although whales grow to enormous size, sometimes eighty and even ninety feet long, the throat is so small that the animal could'nt swallow a bite as large as a tea biscuit. This applies to the common whale; the spermaceti has a mouth large enough to swallow a man.

The reason why wool and woolen goods felt and solidify more readily than any straight-fibred furs, is owing to the natural curl or frizzle possessed by wool. Each and every bend of every individual filament or wool assumes an inclination for travel independent of each other and of the general inclination of the perfect fibre.

The whalebone that the dressmakers and others find so useful is what may be called the jaw of the common whale. It has no teeth and lives on animalcule, little animals, that float in great numbers on the surface of the water. The whalebone is used as a sieve through which the food is strained.

English journals say that the custom of tree planting by school children on a certain day in each year has been imported from America into Australia, in accordance with the decision of the minister for public instruction. There, as here, the day will be known as Arbor Day.

The whale is no more a fish than the bat is a bird. Its young are born like the kittens and the puppies, but only one at a time. The young whale takes its nourishment from its mother's breast, just as the human baby does, and it is just as carefully watched and guarded by its parents.

The wire rope used in the tunnel at Glasgow, Scotland, is the longest and largest wire cable in the world. It was made at Cardiff, Wales, in 1885, and is 2460 fathoms in length or about two miles and 108 yards. It weighs 21½ tons and has nearly 100,000 fathoms of wire in its make up.

The most expensive thermometer in this country is in use at the John Hopkins University. It is known as Prof. Rowland's thermometer, and is valued at $10,000. It is an absolutely perfect instrument, and the graduations on the glass are so fine that it is necessary to use a microscope to read them.

Judge Hall a republican judge of Connecticut has decided that the blank space placed under the title of "Judge of probate" on the prohibition state ticket makes the ballot illegal under the state ballot law. Under Judge Hall's ruling this would throw out 3500 prohibition ballots in the state and elect Morris, democrat, by a large majority. Judge Hall's decision is more significant, as it gave a democratic candidate for office in East Lynn district.

The fast fishes, according to Prof G B Goode, are of pointed build, with close-lying fins, and are frequently predaceous. Food fishes, on the other hand, are often slow and easily caught, but are correspondingly prolific. The actual speed of fishes is not as yet well known; but, as dolphins have been observed to swim round and round a steamer going at full speed, their pace is estimated at twenty miles an hour or more.

When you see the bat darting about in the evening, he is taking his supper. He lives as the swallow does, on insects in the air, and, although his sight is very poor, his touch and smell are so sensitive that he has no difficulty in catching his prey, even when flying so very fast. When cold weather comes on the bat ceases to fly about in search of food. He doesn't need it. He seeks a well-sheltered nook, where he is not likely to be disturbed, and quietly takes a nap till next spring.

PRIZE WINNERS AT FRENCH'S.—

1st prize,	No 1273.
2nd prize,	No 952.
3rd prize,	No 1377.
4th prize,	No 707.
5th prize,	No 1387.
6th prize,	No 1421.
7th prize,	No 267.
8th prize,	No 1402.
9th prize,	No 1350.
10th prize,	No 1.

A LOVELY WOMAN

overheard one say of her, "By Heaven she's painted!" "Yes," retorted she indignantly, "and by heaven only!" Buddy health mantled her cheek, yet this beautiful lady, once thin and pale, and suffering from a dry, hacking cough, night-sweats, and spitting of blood, seemed destined to fill a consumptive's grave. After spending hundreds of dollars on physicians, without benefit, she tried Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; her improvement was soon marked, and in a few months she was plump and rosy again,—a perfect picture of health and strength.

This wonderful "Golden Medical Discovery," now world-famed as a remedy for consumption, which is really lung-scrofula, is not only an acknowledged remedy for that terribly fatal malady, when taken in time and given a fair trial, but also for all forms of Scrofulous, Skin and Scalp Diseases, as White Swellings, Fever-sores, Hip-joint Disease, Salt-rheum, Tetter, Eczema, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas and kindred ailments. All scaly, crusty, itching, troublesome eruptions yield readily to its curative powers. It invigorates the liver, enriches the blood and promotes all the bodily functions. It is the only liver, blood and lung remedy, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee that it will do all that it is recommended to, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded.

$500 REWARD offered for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head, by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

An Old Oregonian.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Samuel E Maf who was secretary of state in Oregon from 1862 to 1870, has been in Washington for two or three weeks past. Today a minister informed the members of the Oregon delegation that May was at the point of death and had been sent to the hospital for more care, and it was believed that he would not live more than three days. The minister also took up a collection to pay his hotel bill, which Mr May was unable to settle.

Bold Highway Robbery.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—The boldest case of highway robbery reported to the police occurred right in the center of the city about 8:30 this evening. Henry F Bailey, a young man, while going up Ninth street, between H and I streets, was held up by three men, one of whom presented a pistol and commanded him to throw up his hands. The robbers secured $7 in cash and a valuable gold watch.

A Serious Matter.

SALEM, Jan. 2.—On complaint of a neighbor, Benjamin B Herrick, a farmer living near Silver creek falls, was arrested and brought to Salem to answer to a charge of rape of his own 14-year-old daughter, Minnie. About a month ago she gave birth to a baby, and suspicion pointed to her father as the agent who accomplished her ruin. Herrick was released today under bonds of $500 to appear before a justice of the peace here Monday for examination.

Hemmed In.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Major-General Schofield has received a telegram from General Miles at Pine Ridge agency stating that the troops are gradually but surely hemming the Indians in on all sides. From Pine Ridge as a central point he is in person directing operations. Troops now available for service consist of twelve regiments of infantry five regiments of cavalry and several batteries of artillery.

A Horrible Suicide.

ANACONDA, Jan. 2.—Fred A. Litter, of this city, committed suicide in a shocking manner today. His wife and two children reside in Helena, and he asked to be permitted to ride to that city, which was not granted. Just as the train started he laid on the track, with his neck on the rail, and before he could be reached the train passed over him, severing his head from the body. A letter found in his coat showed that the act was premeditated.

Prompt Justice.

NEWTON, Miss. Jan. 2.—Farmer Fox, while returning from Meridian, was held up and robbed by a white man named Sharp and a negro named Burnside. The officers arrested the negro and a mob hanged him. It is now rumored that Sharp was later captured and mobbed.

An Earthquake.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Two distinct earthquake shocks, with but a few seconds intervening, occured here at two minutes past noon today. The shocks were of unusual vigor Vibrations were nearly north and south.

A Jail Break.

CHEHALIS, Jan. 1.—The second jail break within three months occurred last night from the county jail, and five persons succeeded in effecting their escape. They succeeded in cutting a hole eight and a half inches by thirteen in the jail floor, which is nine inches thick, using a small file obtained while working on the chain-gang to make a saw out of old iron. Once through this floor it was an easy matter to dig down below the sills of the outside walls, which are only four feet below the ground, and burrow along the outside.

An Indian war inevitable.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D: Jan. 1.—The Upper Brules are now in open rebellion After two months of unrest and uncertainity the Sioux have shown their hand. Three thousand of them, under the leadership of such cunning fellows as Big Rod, Kicking Bear, Little Wound, Short Bull and Jack Red Cloud, and even old Red Cloud himself, have turned upon the government. American Horse is now the only remaining loyal chief, but his following is small and it would make no difference whether he counseled war or peace. Squads of Indians have been leaving for the warpath today.

Will Test the McKinley Bill.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1,—Marshal, Field & Co., the well-known drygoods men, have begun suit in the United States circuit court for the recovery of duties paid under protest under provisions of the McKinley tariff bill. They began action on the alleged unconstitutionality of the act, and say they will carry the case to the United States supreme court.

A Kansas Blizzard.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 1—A blizzard set in last night and continued with great severity during the day over northern Missouri and Kansas. Kansas is covered with a blanket of snow from four inches to a foot thick, which in many places has drifted to such an extent as to seriously cripple railway traffic. All incoming trains from the west are delayed, some four hours.

Death of Allen M Thompson.

SALEM, Jan. 1.—Allen M. Thompson, the brother of D P Thompson, of Portland, died at his home in Salem this morning at 11 o'clock of paralysis after a long illness. He was about 50 years old, and came to Oregon in 1859 from Ohio.

The State Assessment.

SALEM, Jan. 1.—Since Multnomah's assessment has been completed the tax levy will be made as soon as the abstract of multnomah's assessment arrives. Including multnomah, the total taxable property of the State is 114,277,788. The levy of taxes for state purposes will be made in a day or so.

A Printer in Trouble.

WALLA WALLA, Dec. 31.—A gentleman arrived this morning from Dayton and reported great excitement there. A young man, a printer, named Burriss, was arrested there last week charged with participation in the burglaries so prevalent there lately. He was tried Monday in the superior court and discharged on account of lack of evidence. Last night a band of vigilantes was organized and took Burriss outside the city and demanded a confession, and on refusal strung him up till he was unconscious. This was done three times. Burriss claiming all the time he was innocent, and begging them to let him go or kill him. He was given a coat of tar and feathers and warned to leave the city in twenty four hours. He is still there and defies them.

Salem Figures.

SALEM, Dec. 31.—The New Year's edition of the Evening Capital Journal shows the total recorded real estate sales of Marion county for 1890 to be $3,250,000. The total improvements of 1890 in the city of Salem were $967,000 The output of manufactories was $950,000. The average rainfall per year for the past twenty years was 39.35 inches. The average annual mean temperature for the same period was 51.9 degrees.

Monopoly Work.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—A special from St. Louis says: It was learned here today that the first official act of the American Harvester Company of Illinois, a consolidation of eighteen harvester companies of the United States, with headquarters in Chicago, will discharge about 10,000 employes, whose services are rendered unnecessary by the consolidation of eighteen seperate and distinct companies into one monopoly. The new monopoly, which controls the output of harvesting machinery of the United States, has a capital of $35,000,000.

The Indian Trouble.

OMAHA, Dec. 31.—A blinding snowstorm, which is fast assuming the proportions of a blizzard, is raging here and at the agency since 9 o'clock this morning. Advices are that a desultory fight was kept up nearly all night at the battle ground within a few miles of the agency, until by reason of the suspicious actions of alleged friendly Indians in camp near the agency the troops were called in from the field.

Wants to be a Territory.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Captain James Carroll, who is in Washington for the purpose of securing a territorial government for that great country, Alaska, promises to require a unique figure in the short session of congress, and especially if he should succeed in being allowed the privileges of the floor as a delegate.

In his efforts to secure a territorial government, Captain Carroll is assisted by the

A DIARY OF 1845.

During the last two or three years there has been a great deal said as to the locality of the "Blue Bucket Mines." This is a place where a train of emigrants coming to Oregon in 1845 is said to have found an abundance of gold, though at the time they did not know what the mineral was. The train of emigrants had arrived at the mouth of Malheur river where they were met by Stephen Meek, a trapper, and brother to Jo Meek, who claimed to know a shorter route to the Willamette Valley than by The Dalles. He persuaded them to follow his lead and he would lead them direct to the head of the valley by the McKinsey route. After traveling with him some distance they concluded he was a blk and threatened to hang him. He left them. They became lost, many of their number died and they lost a good deal of stock. It was on the lost trip that they were said to have found gold. The following is an extract from a diary kept by Mr Herron, father of W J Herron, of Salem, and of J R Herron, a former Sheriff of Linn county. The diary was obtained by Jason Wheeler, of this city, from J R Herron and copied. Mr Herron afterwards lost the original. The following were captains in the trains that crossed on this route: Sol Tetherow, Owensby, Sinclair and McNary. Among those in the trains were Samuel Parker, Mr Herron, Anderson Cox, Hiram Smead, John Butt, Judge Stewart, Matt Scott, Mr Terwilliger, Haman Lewis, Henry Marlin, (the man who found the gold,) Capt King, H J Peterson and Wm A Peterson, now of this city. The diary runs from August 23rd to September 8th, 1845:

August 23rd.

This morning our company was called together, for the purpose of hiring a pilot to conduct us across the bend in Boise River and over the Blue Mountains, down to the Dalles, on the Columbia River. This route will cut off the bend of the road that leads down Burnt River, and is said to be one hundred and fifty (150) miles nearer than the old route. Price agreed on with Mr Meek to take us through the new route was fifty dollars. So we got up our oxen and started about 9 o'clock, and traveled a northwest course to a beautiful stream of water called Malheur, about twelve miles from where we crossed the river, found plenty of grass and small willows to build a fire to get supper with, so there was no grumbling.

August 24th.

More oxen missing this morning. 11 o'clock before all the wagons were out of camp, traveled about 12 miles, 6 first miles northwest, then changed our course to southwest until we came to same stream of water that we encamped on last night, and found plenty of water and grass and dry willows to make fire with. The route to-day has been dry and uncommonly dusty, and entirely destitute of timber or vegetation of any kind, except wild sage, and it is dying very fast for want of rain; country tolerably level but not fit for cultivation. The Indians stole one horse last night within thirty yards of our encampment.

August 25th.

Started about 8 o'clock and encamped about 4. Traveled over some very rough road to-day, the fords of the creek very rough and rocky, the country very poor and broken, no timber only along the water courses. There are some willows and grass is very good on the low bottoms near the creek. Course to-day generally southwest, distance about ten miles.

August 26th.

Started half past seven. Still keeping up Malheur Creek and crossed it the second time, then we left it and turned into a gap into the Blue Mountains, over some tolerably rough road near our encampment and on the east of it was a boiling spring that afforded water enough where we found first-rate water and grass and willows, and a kind of soft wood called Balm. Distance, eighteen miles.

August 27th.

Late start this morning; nine oxen missing. 11 o'clock before all of the wagons were out of camp, then we moved off a southwest course about ten miles to the head of the same branch that we camped on last night; had some very rough road to-day, passed down one very rocky ravine, the valley of the little stream where we are to-night, and had it very dusty down the branch, found plenty of water and some willows, grass not good, very much dried up, mountains entirely barren, no soil here.

August 28th.

Made an early start this morning. Our pilot told us we had 18 miles to go to grass and water. So we traveled off at a quick pace but found no water, only a small spring that did not afford water enough to drink, so our poor oxen, cattle and horses had to suffer for water another night after a hard day's travel over some of the worst roads that they have traveled over yet, for it was uncommonly rocky and hilly. We passed up one mountain to-day that was about three miles high, besides several that were from ½ to ¾ of a mile high, and down some that were very near a mile slope. Passed some cedar, though they were small; grass good; course to-day southwest.

80 miles from Boise River.

August 29th.

This morning we left our dry encampment and traveled about ¾ of a mile a northwest course, then turning a northeast course one mile, then north ¾ of a mile, then we turned northwest about 3 miles and passed up a mountain about one mile high; here we changed our course to west about one mile to the top of another mountain, here we discovered water and grass sufficient about 3½ miles off, so we turned a southwest course over some as rocky road as ever I want to travel, for our wagons were off one rock on to another all of the way down the slope of the mountain, which occasioned a mighty jolting and rumbling with old wagons, for both men and cattle were in a hurry to get to water. We found a beautiful little stream of excellent water and plenty of grass, and willows that were dry and some cedar to make a fire with. We passed considerable cedar timber, but it was low and scrubby. We had considerable rain this evening. Distance nine miles.

August 30th.

This morning very wet and rainy, late breakfast. 9 o'clock before we collected our oxen together, 10 o'clock all of the wagons on the roll again. Traveled about 5 miles a west course to the stream that we left the 26th. Here we encamped for there are mountains all around us, and we have the Blue Mountains to climb over again to-morrow that are said to be 25 miles across. Grass very good and plenty of Willow, Alder and Balm on the mountains. Some cedar, but they are small and low; the mountains where we are now are covered with grass; it grows up under the snow in winter and dries up with the heat of summer, but does not rot like it would farther east where it rains through summer, for it seldom ever rains here in the summer. The cattle and horses eat it as well as they would well cured hay. Wild sage growing Scarce 100 miles from Boise river.

August 31st.

Started about 8 o'clock with the expectation of crossing the mountains today. 7 oxen were missing, so we had to leave 5 wagons that did not come up with us until 2 o'clock and would not have overtaken us then if we had not laid by for them, so we traveled only 5 miles to-day and encamped south of a peak of the mountain that is about 2 miles high. We could see it five days before we came to it. There is on its summit a rock that is about one hundred feet high, and has on its top some beautiful young pine. Our course to-day was about west over some very steep hills and some rocks. Grass good and plenty of dry willows and Alder.

September 1st.

Made an early start. 7 o'clock all on the move again, about a southwest course. Soon crossed the little stream called Malheur for the last time I expect that I shall ever see it and unless it was better traveling on its banks than it is, I hope that no other emigrants will ever be gulled as we have been. On leaving this stream we traveled up a hollow or gulch that was I expect as rough a way as ever a wagon traveled. We had to remove some ten thousand stones before we could pass near the head of this ravine. We changed our course to south and turned down a dry hollow about 2 miles to where we found first-rate water. Some took dinner here, and then continued our course south down the branch about 1 mile, then we began to climb the mountains again, passed over some very high small stream running southwest, and encamped about half past six; found plenty of grass and some dry willow. Distance to-day 15 miles.

September 2nd.

Started about 8 o'clock and traveled about a south course 7 miles to the south branch of Malheur, and waited for one wagon that had the tongue broken out of it. 2 o'clock wagon up with the company. Here we turned a southwest course to a branch of the same stream we left at noon. It had nearly dried up. Grass very good on its banks, and a few willows. Our road in the forenoon was very good, but in the afternoon the route was very hilly and some stone. The mountains still continue covered with grass and some scrubby cedar, but a tree three feet in diameter will not be over twenty-five feet high. The country appears to be getting more level. Distance to-day about 12 miles.

September 3rd.

We started this morning about 8 o'clock, and traveled a southwest course over some very rough mountains and rocky roads to another branch of the Malheur that afforded us good water and some grass, though not sufficient, and plenty of dry willows for fire wood, and some small cedar. We passed some pine timber to-day. Weather very warm and dry. There is nothing here to cheer our drooping spirits. We are making slow headway, the country here is so broken and rocky that we cannot get along fast, and we are rather doubtful that our pilot is lost for he has been seven days longer getting to the waters of Jay's river than he told us he would be. Some talk of stoning and others say hang him. I can not tell how the affair will terminate yet, but I will inform you in its proper place; 8 miles to-day southwest and 5 miles west. Total to-day, 10 miles. There is considerable cedar on the mountains here, but it is low and has limbs to the ground.

September 4th.

We started about 8 o'clock and traveled a south course about 4 miles, then turned southwest about 2 miles and passed down a very rocky hill or mountain into the valley of Jay's River, here we turned a west course about 8 miles to a beautiful little rivulet of water but no wood except small willows. Grass is very good. This valley is on the river that we have been looking for the last seven days. I hope the grumbling will cease now as our course appears to be west and the peak at the mouth of Jay's river, near the Columbia, is visible, and our pilot says it is about one hundred miles distance. To-day 14 miles.

September 5th.

We started at 8 o'clock and traveled a southwest course across the valley of Crooked or Jay's river, about 15 miles to a branch of Crooked river, which afforded plenty of grass and some fine dry willows for firewood; the water very bad, hardly fit for use. We passed over some very rich looking soil to-day but no timber. This valley is covered with wild sage. The country looks level as far as we can see to the west. We have been in sight of the Cascade mountains for the last twenty miles. The nights are very cold, days pleasant, looks like autumn had set in.

September 6th.

We started about 7 o'clock and traveled about south 15 miles. Here we came to a lake which caused us to turn to the west about 10 miles; trying to get water we traveled until about 8 o'clock at night, and encamped without wood, water, fire or supper, or anything to console us, so we laid down and took a good night's sleep, which revived us considerably. 176 miles from Boise river.

September 7th.

We started at 7 o'clock and traveled through a poor, sandy valley 14 miles to a small stream of water about ten feet wide and nearly as many feet deep; water good and grass first-rate; no wood only sage. Course to-day west. Distance 15 miles.

September 8th.

We started at 8 o'clock and traveled west about 10 miles over some of the best road that we have had since we passed the Rocky Mountains, but in the evening we had some rocky road for a few miles; here we turned about two degrees north of west for about 5 miles and found no grass and had to encamp in a patch of wild sage, where it was as high as our wagons. About one mile south of where we are we found a little water, enough to cook supper with. The stream of water that we stayed on last night runs out of the side of a mountain through a hole about six feet in diameter; there is water enough within six feet of where it runs out to drown a horse. Passed some plains to-day that were covered.

N. B.—Here the diary was torn and mutilated so that I could not proceed with it any farther.

No. of miles traveled, 210. 226 miles from Boise river. 40 miles west of Harney Lake.
BEN WALKER.

MISSITS.

What will the millionaires do with us, will be one of the questions of the day in a few years

The DEMOCRAT resolves mildly all the year round, without much "fuss and feathers."

Jan. 1, and no P M appointed for Albany yet. The agony is intense. The great moguls at Washington have no idea what a suspense they are causing.

In face of the fact that the revised census only shows about 7,000 population for Salem and 10,500 for the precincts, 8x15 miles the Statesman says Salem has 13,000 population.

Weather

Summary of Meteorology for Dec, 1890, from observations taken at Albany, Linn Co, Oregon, by John Briggs, vol. observer for the Signal Service, U S. Army.

Highest barometer on the 7, 30.04.
Lowest barometer, on the 4, 29.62.
Mean barometer for the month, 29.88.
Highest daily average of bar. 30.01.
Lowest daily average of bar. 29.63.
Highest temperature on the 1, 56.
Lowest temperature on the 17, 27.
Mean for the month 43.16.
Highest daily range of ther. on the 17, 21.
Lowest daily range of ther. on the 7, 1.
Mean temperature at 7 a. m. daily 40.
Mean temperature at 2 p. m. daily 48.3
Mean temperature at 9 p. m. daily 42
Prevailing directions of wind, S. & N.
Max Velocity or force, 3.
Total rainfall or melted snow, 4.92.
Depth of snow at end of month, 0.
Number of days on which .01 inch or more rain fell, 6.
Number of days of cloudiness average 8 scale of 10, 18.
Of 31 days observations 1 were clear, 18 cloudy, 7 hair, 5 foggy mornings, 16 rain, 0 hazy, 0 overcast, 0 smoke.
Light frost on the mornings of 3 days.
Temp. + 3 05 on average of 12 years.
Rainfall.—2.59 on average of 11 years.
Average rainfall for Dec., 11 years, 7.51.
Greatest rainfall for Dec. in 1887, 14 21.
Least rainfall for Dec. in 1888, 4.28.
Mean temp for Dec. for 11 years. 40-11.
Highest temp. for Dec. in 1884, 49.46.
Lowest temp. for Dec. in 1886, 31.00.
Farmers cut this out and preserve for reference

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—G W Willis has just completed his blacksmith shop at the corner of Second and Railroad streets where all kinds of iron and wood work can be had and done in first class order Bring on your plows, wagons, etc., etc. for repairs.

A sure cure for the whisky habit: Dr Livingston's Antidote for intemperance will cure any case of the liquor habit in from ten to thirty days, from the moderate drinker to the drunkard. The Antidote can be given in a cup of coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. The antidote will not injure the health in any way. Manufactured by the Livingston Chemical Co, Portland, Oregon. For sale by J A Cumming, sole agent, Albany.

Buckler's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Foshay and Mason

HOME AND ABROAD

THURSDAY.

Mr Grant will preach this evening and tomorrow evening in the Y M C A hall. Saturday evening he will preach in the W C T U hall. Subjects: "Coming Events," or what we may look for between now and the coming of Christ, and what he will do at his coming.

The Harrisburg Grange has elected the following officers: D S Busey, master; B A Stafford, overseer; Sam Daugh, lecturer; Mrs D S Busey, chaplain; Geo Alford Steward; Dave Isom, assistant steward; E E Upmeyer, treasurer; Walter McMeeken, secretary; Wallace Hawk, gatekeeper; Miss Florence Busey, ceres; Mrs Alice Grimes, pomona, Miss Maggie McMeekin, flora; Mrs D Isom, lady steward.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE.—Dr. R. C. Hill died at the residence of his son Dr. J. L. Hill, in this city, on the evening of December 31st 1890 at the the advanced age of 83 years. Dr. Hill came to Oregon in an early day and has been fully identified with the progress and growth of Albany and surrounding country. He was born in Tennessee and moved with his family to Oregon in 1853. He entered the ministry early and thereafter was a devoted Baptist. His aged wife died only a few months ago. He was the father of W. Lair Hill and G. S. Hill of Seattle, Taylor Hill of Crook county, Dr. J. L. Hill of this city, Mrs. A. K. Marks of McMinnville and Mrs Rufus Thompson of this city. A more extended obituary notice will be published later.

The funeral services of Dr R C Hill will be held to-morrow at 1:30 at the Baptist church.

FRIDAY.

The firm of Wilcox & Conn, photographers, has been dissolved. Mr Conn retiring.

About Nov 15th, Hon B F Bonham became associated with the law firm of Holmes & Hayden, of Salem.

The total business of the Salem postoffice during 1890 was $15,060.24. Seven miles of street railway are in operation.

Merchants clerks are busy today washing the soap off their windows and carding the boys who wrote 1891 in such poor handwriting.

Mr S N Steele the real estate man, has moved his office two doors east. Miss Ida