

The Democrat.

A HOPELESSLY BANKRUPT TREASURY.

All speculation as to an immense treasury deficit at the close of the present fiscal year is ended by Senator Allison's official explanation of the appropriations passed and necessary to be passed this session. It shows that under no possible circumstances can the absolute bankruptcy of the treasury now be avoided, and that the deficit is likely to be \$94,000,000, and may be as much as \$144,000,000.

The statement given in the *Ledger* yesterday from Major Carson, of Washington, correspondent, at once settles all doubts as to the utter and hopeless bankruptcy of the treasury. Major Carson is clerk of the house committee of ways and means; he is in the very best position to be thoroughly advised as to the revenues and appropriations; he is known as one of the most conservative and reliable of members of the treasury committee, and his statement is the only one that can be relied upon.

The reliable statement of the revenues and the now necessary appropriations—assuming that the new tariff bill will pass with its more than \$50,000,000 of reduction of sugar taxes—will leave only \$30,000,000 estimated to be paid for dependent pensions this year, the deficit must be about \$144,000,000. Even the postponement of the nearly \$30,000,000 in the River and Harbor bill—which would be only charging \$30,000,000 of this year's expenditures to next year—would not reduce the deficit materially, as the steamship subsidy appropriations are not included in the estimate given, nor is the \$12,000,000 or more needed to execute the Force election bill, and the amount for dependent pensions is likely to be nearer \$40,000,000 than \$20,000,000 in the first year.

The people of the country who for eight years past have been forcing all parties to declare in favor of reducing the treasury surplus by reducing taxes, must now face the fearful truth that the profligacy of the present congress has already destroyed the surplus and bankrupted the treasury nearly \$100,000,000 independent of the proposed reduction of \$50,000,000 of revenue by the new tariff bill, and if the tariff bill shall pass, the deficit will be increased fully \$50,000,000 more with increased taxes upon very many of the common necessities of life.

Never in all the history of partisan folly has such midsummer madness been exhibited by any party in power; and if there is any wisdom and patriotism left in republican leadership in Washington, sudden and pernicious hostility will be called upon republican suicide. Nero's fiddling over burning Rome has never had so bold a counterpart as is presented by party leaders seeking to force an increased tax tariff bill that reduces the revenues over \$50,000,000, and a Force election bill to cost \$12,000,000 more, when sheer profligacy has already bankrupted the treasury nearly \$100,000,000. If George W. Delaney can face such an issue in Pennsylvania, he must possess the heroism of the Spartan of Thermopylae.—Philadelphia Times.

SMALL, NARROW MIND.

We are sorry to have to say it, but the man who follows the following is a small, narrow-minded, bitter-spirited partisan.

The sober fact, on the contrary, is that the alleged democrats of the period are pretty good Frenchmen; they are capable Englishmen; they are good Germans and Scandinavians. But they are not Americans at all. They are in line with foreign nations against the United States, and are laboring to benefit foreign countries at the expense of their own. They are engaged in a grand national conspiracy to ruin the United States.

The editor of the *Washington* may not know it, (and if he does not he is doubly ignorant,) nevertheless the above extract from the *Washington* is a very good specimen of the kind of "democratic" talk that is being put out by the "democratic" party in this country.

There are ten deer forests in Scotland, covering an area of 200 square miles of land. Most of this is useless for agricultural purposes. This rent for half a million dollars in American money. Some of the deer forests are let by themselves and admissibly to this income, but in many cases the fishing goes with the rent of the deer forest or grouse moor through which the fishing stream runs.

Senator John H. Mitchell, of Oregon, has written a newspaper article in which he strongly favors the election of United States Senators by general ballot. If this system is adopted a new Force bill will be required under which only rich people and corporations will be permitted to vote. Otherwise some actual representatives of the people may rise to favor and thereby destroy the plutocratic character of the United States Senate.

M. C. Hinkle was arrested in Little Rock, Ark., on the charge of passing counterfeit money. He was taken before the United States Commission and although identified as the man who had been passing counterfeit money none was found on him and he was ordered to take his money home.

In a cavity of the limb was found a large quantity of spurious money, among the bills being a one dollar greenback raised to \$50. His bill was fixed at \$100, but strange to say he couldn't even give leg bail.

Salem by counting the convicts in the penitentiary, the insane and idiotic, the blind, the institutions generally, has a population of a little more than 8000. But there is no reason in including these in Salem's count, they belong to the State and under the state's charge. The only reason they are gathered in one body at Salem is that the state wanted some outside-the-way, quiet place to keep them, hence Salem's selection.

A protection organ has the hardihood to say that the McKinley bill is drawn with special reference to the agricultural interest. It is Mr. Blaine who says that "there is not a line in the entire bill that will make a market for another bushel of wheat or another barrel of pork." But it does make a market for everything sugar, sugar which the farmer buys.

Salem wasn't understood that President Harrison hadn't bought any real estate here as yet. Only the life estate in Oregon's capital—Capital Journal.

Well, we have been thinking for some time that Harrison was a "dead duck," and now comes one of his best friends and admits it.

HONEST VOTE, INDEED.

The election bill, now before congress, is an attempt to get an honest vote where members of congress are to be elected. For many years the elective franchise in the south has been controlled by democrats, and republicans have been intimidated and completely debared from exercising the privilege. This condition of affairs should not exist in a free country, where government is, in all its departments, supposed to be subservient to the wishes of the people. The bill now under consideration, and which is severely criticized by the democratic press of the country, simply aims to protect the purity of the ballot at general elections of government officials. This will cause no hardship to any patriotic citizen, and no one has a right to complain except he is of that class who attempts to control the ballot by unfair means.

Elective franchise in the south controlled by the democrats. Now that is perfectly correct. Republicans have been intimidated and completely debared from exercising the privilege. Now this life has been told over and over again so often that people of sense never listen to it any more. "Democrats control the elective franchise." Of course they do, they are the majority and own nineteen-twentieths of the property in that section. They include about all the intelligence of that region. They are the very salt of the earth in that section, then why should they not control the elective franchise? Have not republicans in Rhode Island, New Hampshire, and Maine controlled the elective franchise in those states for the last twenty-five years, and in no state has more corruption appeared in elections than in those states? This kind of a law is just as much needed as the Lodge force bill.

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Murat Halstead, the great republican editor of Ohio has declared his views of the force bill, or federal elections bill. He says:

Well, I am not in favor of it, and will try to say why without wasting words. I say to you the word; victories may be won without it. The victory has been won—that of the year 1888—which witnessed the election of a republican president and congress. The victory was won—that of the year 1888—which witnessed the election of a republican president and congress.

Early Rose and other potatoes, Cookies and crackers, Dried fruits, Fresh garden products, All large family groceries, Oatmeal, corn meal, flour, etc., Pickles, relishes, etc., Everything found anywhere.

THE BEST MEAT IN THE CITY. The best meat is to be found in Albany at Price & Robson's, who have just received a carload of the finest hocks and hams to be found. Their prices, considering quality, are remarkably low. It pays to ride in a good buggy or hack. Keep this fact in your head, and when getting one call on Price & Robson, who have the largest variety to select from.

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OUR POPULATION.—Business is often an indication of the population of a city. Judging from the number who rush into Albany and Henderson's for groceries Albany is the largest city in the valley. This keeps a first-class stock of groceries and fresh produce, a fact generally appreciated by a large trade. For berries, fruits, vegetables, canned goods, and all the things that are needed, call on them and get bargains.

WALL PAPER.—I have just received from this city a large lot of wall paper, borders, decorations, etc., including the plain ingrains which are becoming very popular. These goods are better styles and cheaper than ever before.

WANTED.—200 cords of body red fir wood at the Albany Woolen Mills. Call at the Mills for particulars.

A BIRD VARIETY.—It is always a privilege to have a big stock to select from. J. F. Powell & Co. always have on hand the largest variety of fruits and vegetables of any establishment in the city, a fact easily learned by inspection.

ONE YEAR.—Call at J. P. Douglas' confectionery store for choice ice cream, 10 cents a dish, milk chocolate, and everything else equally cheap. First Street, opposite Ross House.

CALL AND SETTLE.—Those knowing themselves indebted to the old firm of Krause & Klein, will please call and settle at once.

WILL LEAVE THE STREET.—Delivery wagons will leave the street in the forenoon on first trip at 9 o'clock, and on trip at 10 o'clock; third trip at 11 o'clock. ALBANY DELIVERY CO.

WARM WEATHER.—A fine stock of refrigerators and ice cream freezers may be seen at Stewart & Sox's. Nothing like them for the house.

ARGAND, GRILAND, SUPERIOR and MONARCH RANGES, cheap, Smith & Senders.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.—In great variety of styles at lowest prices. Samuel E. Young.

LOOK AT THIS.—I am now prepared to administer either Gas or Vitalized Air for the purpose of painless extraction of teeth. I also use the latest methods for replacing lost teeth. Artificial crowns, bridges, etc. O. C. AWBRY.

Office in Odd Fellows Temple.

CENSUS NOTES.

The District of Columbia has 229,795 inhabitants; gain, 52,000. Fall River's population is 74,918; gain, 18,000. WATERBURY, Conn., contains 32,200 inhabitants; gain, 12,000. New York's estimate is 181,200; gain, 44,700. Jersey City's population is 161,517. New York contains 1,627,227 inhabitants; gain, 420,637.

Brooklyn leaped from 566,000 to 810,000. Philadelphia started from the 847,000 mark and reached the 1,049,000. Milwaukee grew from 115,000 to 235,000. Minneapolis was 46,000 strong, and now is 185,000.

St. Paul expanded from 41,000 to 130,000. Kansas City boomed 55,000 to 160,000. Omaha has risen from 35,000 to 120,000. Denver has 134,742 citizens. Lincoln, Neb., has become a city with 55,000 people in its limits.

San Francisco is disheartened with a showing of only 300,000. Boston's gain is 47,720; gain, 50,000. Buffalo, N. Y., failed to reach 250,000, to which it aspired. Indianapolis added 50,000 to her population which is now 125,000.

Columbus, Ohio, has 117,707 inhabitants; gain, 61,118. Louisville reached 180,000, having gained 57,000. Detroit shelters 109,000 inhabitants, but her citizens think that 41,000 of them have teen misused. Pittsburgh jumped from 150,000 to 240,000.

Cleveland, Ohio, grew from 160,000 to 248,000. Baltimore piled up 432,500, a gain of 100,000. Only one qualification is demanded of a candidate by the Republicans of Delaware—that he have plenty of money. The party is divided into two factions, but they have agreed to sink all other considerations for the present and inaugurate a campaign on the Dudley plan. It is curious how the party of moral ideas has gone to bat.

Mr. Blaine has a fine, big, bushy head, and it will be worth while for the country to keep an eye on it during the next two years.

AT JAS. F. POWELL & CO. Fine oranges, Early Rose and other potatoes, Cookies and crackers, Dried fruits, Fresh garden products, All large family groceries, Oatmeal, corn meal, flour, etc., Pickles, relishes, etc., Everything found anywhere.

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Neatness, N. V.

MINTHORN.

SEE MINTHORN SPRINGS.

In the selection of a residence location no element is so important as that of healthfulness, and an element contributes so much to the healthfulness of a locality as water supply. In this respect Minthorn Springs is easily superior to any residence localities in the city of Portland. It is high, and drainage is complete. The water supply is from a spring capable of abundantly supplying 25,000 people with water. A distance from the river of one-half mile places it out of reach of malaria. A system of water works will at once be constructed, so that parties building will have an abundant supply of pure soft water direct from the spring.

Some Facts in Regard to Its Location in Reference to the Business and Employment Centers.

PORTLAND is the great manufacturing center of the Northwest. Portland's source of power for manufacturing purposes is at the falls of the Willamette river at Oregon City. Already the manufacturing interests of Portland, mostly conducted at Oregon City, produce an income of \$20,000,000 annually. They are constantly growing and increasing. This great manufacturing center is located at Oregon City, from Minthorn Springs, while Portland, the great commercial metropolis and business center of the Northwest coast, is 54 miles distant in the opposite direction. It requires no stretch of imagination to see that the country intervening between Portland and Oregon City (its base of power supply) is the natural residence location of the business men, and busy workers and wage earners who keep in motion the various enterprises of the commercial and manufacturing interests of the Northwest coast.

The Oregon Land Co., Home office, Salem, Hotel Portland, Portland

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WEATHER. The week has been marked by continued high temperature ranging from 50 to 70 degrees above zero, with a few degrees in interior valleys, and from 50 to 110 degrees east of the Cascades. There has been entire absence of clouds, except along the coast, where fog was usual, but frequent; no rain is reported to have fallen within the state.

CROPS. The weather has been very favorable to harvesting operations, which are in full swing throughout the state, the weather was favorable to late spring grain, hops, fruit, etc.

The fall wheat is reported to have a fine large and plump berry. As little threshing has been done so far, the yields cannot be given. One report from Washington county says, "one yield of 60 bushels has been cut and threshed which yielded 43 bushels per acre."

At Gervais on the 24th the first wheat was received at warehouse from Mt. Auburn. On the same date the first wheat was received at the same place. It is estimated that the entire section of country within 25 miles radius of Gervais, in Washington county, will yield an average from 35 to 50 bushels of wheat per acre. In the French prairie, Marion county, the wheat is generally better and larger yield than ever before. Crook county has an increased acreage of wheat and they expect to realize a good crop for local demand. In section south of Union county will have the best prospects. Morrow county will have the best grain crop ever produced. Sherman, Gilliam and Wasco counties will have more than average crops. The entire Willamette Valley sends in the most excellent crops to wheat prospects, and Northwest Oregon will have a very average crop. Hops are good yields and prices are expected. Large quantities of fruit are being shipped. Apples, plums and pears are especially plentiful. The section crop will be unusually large. The flatter prospects for a bountiful harvest, indicated the past few weeks, are now about to be realized.

Observer U. S. Signal Service, Assistant Director Oregon Weather Bureau.

OSHTILLE. Prof J. E. Love, of Albany, was in Oakville the fore part of last week, making a farewell visit before going East. He is to attend college this winter.

Charles Brown's team got mixed while working on the binder, and piled themselves up in a heap, doing no damage more than breaking the tongue.

The young couple who have been married last Saturday and report the nut crop very large.

Mellie Bamford and A. Y. Smith went to Seaside and Waterville last Friday, and returned Saturday. They had a fine time during the day, but Smith did not rest well at night. He always sleeps with his head to the north, but he forgot to take his compass with him and in consequence he didn't get stretched out right, and did not sleep as well as he managed his position. Mr. S. tells this for a fact.

Mr. S. says he is visiting here. Rev. G. Irvine preached here last Sabbath.

There will be a change in the departure of the mail from this place soon, perhaps leaving here at 8:30 a. m. instead of 10:30 as heretofore. AMUCS.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR. BUENOS AIRES, July 25.—The revolutionary movement continues to spread. Fighting between government troops and the revolutionaries has been desperate. The government forces were defeated and a thousand killed or wounded. The navy has joined the revolutionary movement. Insurgent artillery bombarded the government barracks and a battle was fought. A twenty-four hours truce has been arranged.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR. CITY OF MEXICO, July 25.—There is great enthusiasm among the Salvadorians. General Rivera, with 4000 men, has captured the city of San Salvador. The revolutionaries are advancing rapidly. The government forces are retreating. The revolutionaries are advancing rapidly. The government forces are retreating.

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